

机密 ★ 启用前

## 2023 年阳泉市高三年级第三次模拟测试试题

# 英 语

### 注意事项：

1. 答卷前，考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在答题卡上。
2. 回答选择题时，选出每小题答案后，用铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时，将答案写在答题卡上，写在本试卷上无效。
3. 听力满分 30 分，不计入总分。
4. 考试结束后，将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

### 第一部分 听力（共两节，满分 30 分）

做题时，先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后，你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

#### 第一节（共 5 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 7.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题，每段对话仅读一遍。

例：How much is the shirt ?

A. £ 19.15.

B. £ 9.18.

C. £ 9.15.

答案是 C。

英语试题 第 1 页(共 16 页)

1. What will the woman probably do?  
A. Stay at home.                      B. Buy a book.                      C. Go to the countryside.
2. What will the woman eat?  
A. Eggs and vegetables.              B. Fruit and vegetables.              C. Toast and fruit.
3. Whom is the woman speaking to?  
A. A repairman.                      B. A salesman.                      C. A receptionist.
4. What does the man think of the watch?  
A. He thinks it looks awesome.  
B. He feels it is expensive.  
C. He can't tell if it is different.
5. What does the man mean in the end?  
A. He won't be able to watch the game.  
B. He won't play in the game.  
C. He'll go to see a doctor this weekend.

**第二节（共 15 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 22.5 分）**

请听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料，回答第 6、7 题。

6. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?  
A. Manager and assistant.      B. Headmaster and teacher.      C. Interviewer and applicant.
7. What is the strength of the woman?  
A. Being creative.                      B. Being cooperative.                      C. Being competitive.

英语试题 第 2 页(共 16 页)

听第 7 段材料,回答第 8、9 题。

8. What kind of party is the woman planning?

- A. Her birthday party.      B. The New Year's party.      C. A company party.

9. What will the woman do next?

- A. Help the man.  
B. Tell the man what to do.  
C. Finish the preparations by herself.

听第 8 段材料,回答第 10 至 12 题

10. What kind of medicine will the woman's daughter take?

- A. Liquid.      B. Tablets.      C. Capsules.

11. When should the little girl take the medicine according to the man's advice?

- A. Before bedtime.      B. One hour after meals.      C. Two hours before meals.

12. Where are probably the two speakers?

- A. In a hospital.      B. In a clinic.      C. In a drugstore.

听第 9 段材料,回答第 13 至 16 题

13. What did the man plan to do next Saturday?

- A. Have a party with his friends.  
B. See the house with the woman.  
C. Play basketball with other guys.

14. What does the woman think of the man at first?

- A. He is lazy.      B. He is selfish.      C. He is hardworking.

15. When will the woman move at last?

- A. On Sunday      B. On Saturday      C. On Friday.

16. Which of the following surprises the man?

- A. Moving early in the morning.  
B. Borrowing his car for the whole day.  
C. Working on Saturday.

听第 10 段材料,回答第 17 至第 20 题。

17. What is the speaker mainly talking about?
- A. A measure to deal with being overweight.  
B. A school to offer cooking lessons.  
C. A way to set up cookery clubs.
18. What do we know about the cooking lessons?
- A. They will be given in primary schools.  
B. They will be provided one hour a week.  
C. They will last for the whole school year.
19. Why are schools setting up “Let’s Get Cooking” clubs?
- A. To teach children to cook healthy food.  
B. To train more cookery teachers for schools.  
C. To help students remember simple recipes.
20. What does the government promise to do?
- A. Buy the equipment.      B. Build new kitchens.      C. Help poor students.

## 第二部分 阅读 (共两节, 满分 60 分)

### 第一节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 3 分, 满分 45 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项。

#### A



Roborock Q5+



iLifeV3s Pro Robot



Eufy RoboVac 11S



iRobot Roomba S9+



Samsung Jet Bot AI+

**Roborock Q5+** 更多试题与答案, 关注微信公众号: 三晋高中指南

Roborock’s midrange model overcomes most of the limitations of robot vacuums. It’s easy to clean, maps rooms flawlessly, and goes far on a charge. It doesn’t sense when its bin is full but can follow voice commands.

英语试题 第 4 页(共 16 页)

Price: \$500, *roborock.com*

Source: *Wired*

### **iLifeV3s Pro Robot**

A budget alternative, this machine “outperformed much more expensive vacuums.” You control it with a remote, not an app. But it’s thorough, avoids obstacles, and has no brushes that would require regular cleaning to remove fur and hair.

Price: \$165, *iliferobot.com*

Source: *Better Homes & Gardens*

### **Eufy RoboVac 11S**

This budget option is “surprisingly thorough.” It cleans more randomly because it doesn’t map your space and it doesn’t empty its own bin. But it’s quieter than its smart rivals and “a great value for light everyday maintenance.”

Price: \$140, *eufy.com*

Source: *Wall Street Journal*

### **iRobot Roomba S9+**

Roomba’s top-end model can’t match the cleaning power of a traditional vacuum, but it has few robotic rivals on that score. Another plus: The bin is automatically emptied into a disposable bag in the docking station.

Price: \$799, *irobot.com*

Source: *Consumer Reports*

### **Samsung Jet Bot AI+**

Though this pricey vacuum delivers “below average” cleaning performance, it’s good-looking, gentle on furniture, and is “packed full of features.” It can even double as a patrolling security camera that will live-stream to your phone.

Price: \$1,300, *samsung.com*

Source: *Tom’s Guide*



21. Which of the following features belongs to iLifeV3s Pro Robot?
- A. It is controlled by a remote.                      B. It makes no noise when cleaning.  
C. Its brushes needs no maintenance.            D. Its camera works as a monitor.
22. Which vacuum can clear the bin by itself ?
- A. Roborock Q5+    B. Eufy RoboVac 11S  
C. iRobot Roomba S9+                                  D. Samsung Jet Bot AI+
23. What is probably the major reason for consumers to choose Samsung Jet Bot AI+ ?
- A. Its appearance.                                        B. Its function.  
C. Its price.     D. Its source.

## B

At the age of seven, while his friends were spending their pocket money on unimportant things like candy and toys, Jose was busy saving money for more necessary things. To try to get his peers to do the same, the youngster from Peru came up with the new idea of an eco-bank, which allows kids of all ages to become economically independent and financially intelligent while also helping the environment.

Founded in 2012, the Bartselana Student Bank is the world's first cooperative bank for kids. Possible members have to bring in at least 5 kilograms of solid waste and set a savings goal. Once accepted, **all bank partners** are required to bank at least one additional kilogram of recyclables on a monthly basis. The waste is sold to local recycling companies. The funds received are placed in the individual's account where they collect until his/her savings goal is reached. The account holder can then take out his/her money, or choose to leave it and continue to grow for a bigger goal.

The youngster's determination paid off, and by 2013, the Bartselana Student Bank had over 200 members. Things have only improved since. Today, the eco-bank is proud of ten educational centers. They are designed to teach over 3, 000 teenagers to become economically independent, invest wisely, and help the environment. Now the Bartselana Student Bank

英语试题 第6页(共16页)

began accepting applications from kids all across Peru. Not surprisingly, Jose's efforts have earned the youngster several national and international awards, which won him about \$5,500.

"Jose's eco-bank is a brilliant way of linking economy and climate effect, both in thought and practice. The system clearly shows that the planet's common resources are limited and that we must recycle the products we no longer use," a judge said. "It creates a novel viewpoint of consumption. This way caring about the environment becomes an investment, a system that gives children both economic independence and power to influence the climate. The potential impact is amazing."

24. In which aspect does Jose stand out from other kids?

- A. He did better at his studies at school.
- B. He didn't like candy and toys at first.
- C. He managed his pocket money more wisely.
- D. He came from a wealthy family obviously.

25. What does "all bank partners" in Paragraph 2 refer to?

- A. Local recycling companies.
- B. The kids bringing in recyclables.
- C. The bank staff working in the bank.
- D. The customers saving money.

26. What does the author mainly want to tell us by the examples in Paragraph 3?

- A. Jose's pioneering efforts were richly rewarded.
- B. Jose helped 3,000 teenagers pay off their debts.
- C. Jose contributed to the environmental protection.
- D. Jose's idea helped him win a prize worth \$5,500.

27. What can be learned from the text?

- A. Kids in Peru are changing their consumption habits.
- B. Peru Kids learned to become economically independent.
- C. Jose's idea is raising viewpoints of environmental protection.
- D. A Peru Eco-Bank teaches kids about finance and recycling.

## C

Ask ChatGPT to write a five-paragraph essay on the symbolism of “The Great Gatsby” and it will produce a response within seconds. Plug in an algebra equation (代数方程式) and it can solve it almost instantly and even explain its process.

That’s not all. The capabilities of the artificial intelligence chatbot tool, launched in November 2022 by San Francisco-based startup OpenAI, are vast. It can fix spelling and grammar errors, give feedback on writing, write poems and songs, create lesson plans for teachers and much more. It does it all in human-sounding text and with high efficiency.

But its presence has received mixed responses. Due to the probability for plagiarism and cheating, New York City Public Schools, the largest school district in the U.S., announced in early January 2023 that it was banning ChatGPT across all district devices and networks. Educators are concerned the application will fundamentally change how writing is taught and will impact students’ abilities to craft ideas on their own.

Some, on the contrary, say they are excited about its potential to advance learning for some students and become a valuable tool in education. Those teachers are envisioning ways to adapt their teaching to incorporate it in their lessons. Kelly Gibson, an English teacher in rural Oregon, is having her students analyze essays written by ChatGPT and find ways that they can be improved.

“It’s definitely scary. I understand the desire to panic.” says Torrey Trust, associate professor of learning technology at the University of Massachusetts, “Teachers and students should see ChatGPT as a helpful tool, much like a calculator might be in math class, but it cannot do a teacher’s job. It’s there to help teachers reach their learning aims. Whether it’s ChatGPT or another technology down the road, AI isn’t going away and, if anything, is likely to be more of a part of classrooms.

28. What does the author most likely to tell in the first paragraph?

- A. The tool is quick off the mark.                      B. The tool is smarter than people.  
C. The tool stores amounts of information.        D. The tool excels at writing and calculating.

英语试题 第8页(共16页)



29. Why did New York City Public Schools forbid ChatGPT across all district devices and networks?
- A. Because of the quick calculation of the monthly cost .
  - B. Because of the probability of the cheating in the study.
  - C. Because of the application of changing the writing habits .
  - D. Because of the complicated responses of its present usage.
30. How does Torrey Trust view ChatGPT?
- A. Skeptical.
  - B. Indifferent.
  - C. Objective.
  - D. Sensitive.
31. Which of the following can be the best title for the text?
- A. Almighty chatGPT.
  - B. Powerful OpenAI.
  - C. Confusing OpenAI.
  - D. Controversial ChatGPT.

## D

A new study, published in the *Journal of Experimental Psychology*, found that communication that included voice, like a phone call or video chat, created stronger social bonds than communication through typing, like text messaging or email.

In the study, researchers used various experiments to measure connectedness. In one, they asked 200 people to make predictions about what it would be like to reconnect with an old friend by email or by phone and then asked people at random to do one or the other. Although people expected that a phone call would be more awkward, hearing someone's voice actually made the experience better.

"People reported they did form a significantly stronger bond with their old friend on the phone than by email, and they did not feel more awkward," study co-author Amit Kumar, an assistant professor of marketing at the McCombs School of Business, said in a statement.

In another experiment, the researchers had strangers connect by either texting, talking over video chat, or talking using only audio. They found that both forms of voice communication — whether video or audio only — made the strangers feel significantly more connected than when they communicated by texting.

英语试题 第9页(共16页)

Sabrina Romanoff, a Harvard trained clinical psychologist based in New York City, says people tend to text or email instead of calling because of convenience, as they see it as a controlled form of communication where they can “exchange information exactly in the way they intend without unexpected additions by the other person.”

Romanoff says that in reality, texting can make it hard to determine the true meaning behind a conversation. “A phone call is actually more convenient when considering the exact effects of the message,” she explains. “Each party is more present, and therefore, able to measure the meaning behind the content without reflecting on the endless possible meanings behind words.”

32. How was the study carried out?

- A. By analyzing data.
- B. By interviewing experts.
- C. By doing experiments.
- D. By doing online research.

33. What did people expect before making a phone call in the experiment?

- A. Email would help them form a stronger bond.
- B. Hearing someone’s voice would be awkward.
- C. A stronger bond would be formed on the phone.
- D. Hearing someone’s voice made the experience better.

34. What can we infer from the last two paragraphs?

- A. Texting helps to exchange information exactly.
- B. People can keep the message under control by texting.
- C. Romanoff doesn’t agree with the result of the study.
- D. Calling makes it easier to get the exact message.

35. What does the text focus on?

- A. Speech forms stronger social bonds than texting.
- B. Making a phone call is significantly convenient.
- C. Calling and texting become obviously different.
- D. Introduction leads to the result of a new study.

第二节 (共5小题;每小题3分,满分15分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Everyone may face difficult circumstances. 36 The following tips can help you to find your courage and use it to increase your success!

**Be Flexible.**

When you are pursuing your goals, you may suddenly hit a roadblock and all movement comes to a standstill. When you hit a roadblock, don't throw out your entire plan. Take a moment to step back from the situation and figure out how to adapt your plan to handle the roadblock. Be flexible in your approach. 37

**Build Support.**

Long before you encounter any obstacles, it is important that you are always building your network of support. 38 Surround yourself with the people who will encourage you and help you have the strength and determination to keep going.

39

During times of adversity, it is important that you don't focus on negative emotions. Rather than dwelling on events and mistakes that you may have just made, leave them in your past. You can learn lessons from those mistakes and then let them go. Move on by focusing on the future and what your life will be like when you achieve your goals.

**It's the Small Things that Matter.**

When hardships occur, and threaten to permanently spoil your plans, it can make you desperate. At these times, it's especially important to positive emotions to give you the ability to persist and improve performance. 40 The small things really do matter. No matter how small it is, forward movement is progress towards your goal.

英语试题 第11页(共16页)

- A. Focus on the Future.
- B. Learn to ignore mistakes.
- C. Look for people who believe in you and your vision.
- D. Remember that small accomplishments add up to greater successes.
- E. The difficult circumstances manage to force you to give up your goals.
- F. In these situations, courage is a must if you want to achieve your goals.
- G. You never know what good things this unexpected roadblock might uncover.

### 第三部分 语言运用(共两节, 满分 50 分)

#### 第一节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 30 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

March 22 is World Water Day. The annual ceremony calls attention to the vital need for 41 to clean water. Many people around the world lack this basic human right.

Salva Dut is doing something about it. He is the founder of Water for South Sudan (WFSS) in Africa. The nonprofit 42 wells in the remote Sudanese villages of his childhood.

“43 things happen around a well,” Dut said. “It 44 many lives, especially for young girls who used to walk miles and miles every day to fetch water in bare feet in extreme heat. Now, they have a(an) 45 to go to school.”

When Dut was young, a war 46 in his hometown. For safety, he had to separate from his family and 47 hundreds of miles, hungry and thirsty. Eventually he was helped by the good people and in 1996, he moved to the United States. Inspired by Dut’s 48 and sense of hope, author Linda Sue Park told his story in *A Long Walk to Water*, which 49 became a bestseller.



Dut started WFSS after learning that his father, who had 50 the war, was sick from drinking polluted water. Dut returned to Africa with a 51. "I've had challenges since I was a child. I wanted to provide 52 drinking water."

This wonderful boy is now inspiring others to make a 53, too. "After reading about Salva's story, I was so 54 to help WFSS." said a teenager Maddie. "He survived the journey because he was meant to do something important. His devotion to helping others is truly inspirational."

Since 2012, kids like Maddie have 55 more than \$5 million to WFSS. Their efforts have helped to bring clean water to more than 250,000 people.

- |                 |               |                |                |
|-----------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| 41. A. access   | B. option     | C. source      | D. manner      |
| 42. A. strikes  | B. clears     | C. drills      | D. handles     |
| 43. A. Safe     | B. formal     | C. Free        | D. Beautiful   |
| 44. A. changes  | B. continues  | C. controls    | D. sustains    |
| 45. A. idea     | B. trip       | C. opportunity | D. method      |
| 46. A. came up  | B. broke out  | C. held on     | D. got through |
| 47. A. explored | B. walked     | C. drove       | D. extended    |
| 48. A. strength | B. attention  | C. growth      | D. interest    |
| 49. A. always   | B. often      | C. seldom      | D. soon        |
| 50. A. declared | B. prevented  | C. survived    | D. observed    |
| 51. A. custom   | B. chance     | C. function    | D. mission     |
| 52. A. cold     | B. clean      | C. warm        | D. pure        |
| 53. A. profit   | B. difference | C. decision    | D. rule        |
| 54. A. special  | B. surprised  | C. calm        | D. excited     |
| 55. A. saved    | B. earned     | C. donated     | D. rewarded    |

第二节 (共 10 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 20 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Chinese art is an important part of the country's cultural heritage. It 56 (distinguish) itself from Western painting in that it is drawn on Xuan paper (or silk) with the Chinese brush and Chinese ink.

57 (attain) ability in this art, it is necessary to have a good control of the brush, and certain knowledge of Xuan paper and Chinese ink. Before painting, the painter must have a 58 (detail) draft in his mind. Once he starts to paint, he will 59 (normal) have to complete the work at one go. A large number of Chinese painters, at the same time, 60 (be) poets who often add their own poems on the paintings. The resulting piece of work is usually 61 integrated whole of four branches of Chinese art — poetry, calligraphy, painting and seal-cutting.

Chinese paintings 62 (divide) into two major categories, free hand brushwork (Xie Yi) and fine brushwork (Gong Bi). The former is characterized by simple and bold strokes (笔画) representing the exaggerated likeness of the objects 63 the latter is done by specific brushwork and close attention to particulars. And it's difficult to tell how long the art of painting 64 (exist) in China. Pots from 5000–6000 years ago were painted in color with patterns of plants and animals, 65 reflected various aspects of the life of primitive people. These may be the beginnings of Chinese painting.

第四部分 写作(共两节, 满分 40 分)

第一节 (满分 15 分)

假定你是李华,你所在班级明天的英语课前要进行 3 分钟的演讲。请你依照下列要点写一篇关于倡导养成健康生活习惯的演讲稿,内容包括:

1. 演讲的主题;
2. 健康生活习惯的重要性;
3. 几条健康生活习惯的建议。

注意:1. 写作词数应为 80 左右;

2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Hello, everyone!

## 第二节 (满分25分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

Surfing is a thrilling sport that requires a great deal of skill, strength, calm and determination. For teenagers, riding the waves can make their blood racing and is an addictive experience. This is the story of one teenager's unforgettable adventure while surfing. Alex is a 16-year-old boy who grew up in a small coastal town. He is an enthusiastic surfer and spent most of his free time riding the waves. One sunny morning, he headed out to the beach to catch some waves.

As he arrived at the beach, the sun was shining, and the waves were perfect. He grabbed his surfboard and paddled (用桨划) out into the water. He spent the next few hours surfing, and as the sun began to set, he decided to catch one more wave before heading back to shore.

Alex spotted a huge wave on the horizon and knew he had to ride it. He paddled as fast as he could, feeling the water beneath him push him forward. As he reached the top of the wave, he stood up on his board and felt the wind rush past him. The wave was huge, and Alex felt a rush of excitement as he rode it towards the shore.

But as he approached the shore, he noticed something unusual. The water was moving violently, and he could hear a strange noise coming from beneath him. Suddenly, the wave crashed down on him, and he was thrown from his board. He hit the water hard and was pulled under by the current.

Alex struggled to reach the surface but found himself trapped in a powerful current. The current was pulling him out to sea, and he could feel himself getting further and further away from the shore. Panic set in, and he began to fear for his life.

注意:

1. 续写词数应为 150 左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

But Alex was determined not to give up.
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The boat noticed him and headed towards him.
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