

# 英语试卷

## 考生注意:

1. 本试卷分选择题和非选择题两部分。满分 150 分,考试时间 120 分钟。
2. 答题前,考生务必用直径 0.5 毫米黑色墨水签字笔将密封线内项目填写清楚。
3. 考生作答时,请将答案答在答题卡上。选择题每小题选出答案后,用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑;非选择题请用直径 0.5 毫米黑色墨水签字笔在答题卡上各题的答题区域内作答,超出答题区域书写的答案无效,在试题卷、草稿纸上作答无效。
4. 本卷命题范围:高考范围。

## 第一部分 听力(共两节,满分 30 分)

### 第一节 (共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What are the kids doing?  
A. Making orange juice.      B. Listening to music.      C. Having a picnic.
2. Who was knocking at the window?  
A. A neighbor.      B. A child.      C. A turkey.
3. What are the speakers mainly talking about?  
A. Trip plans.      B. Ticket prices.      C. New Year holidays.
4. What season is it now?  
A. Spring.      B. Summer.      C. Winter.
5. How much should the man pay?  
A. \$ 2.      B. \$ 5.      C. \$ 25.

### 第二节 (共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6、7 题。

6. How old was the woman when she was allowed to drive?  
A. 18.      B. 21.      C. 23.
7. When was the woman born?  
A. In September.      B. In November.      C. In December.

听第 7 段材料,回答第 8、9 题。

8. What does the man say about the first camping area?  
A. It's too cold.      B. It's very crowded.      C. It's a little bit wet.
9. What did the campers most probably forget to take?  
A. Matches.      B. Money.      C. Warm clothes.

听第 8 段材料,回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. Why does Roger do so badly in his exams?  
A. He follows the crowd.      B. He suffers from anxiety.      C. He isn't smart enough.
11. How will the man probably help Roger?  
A. By working out with him.  
B. By finding an expert for him.  
C. By giving him some tips on exams.
12. How does the woman usually feel after working out in the gym?  
A. Stressed.      B. Excited.      C. Calm.

听第 9 段材料,回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. How many interviews has the woman failed?  
A. One.      B. Two.      C. Three.
14. What can we say about The Creator?  
A. It provides a great benefits package.  
B. It has less holiday time than the other company.  
C. It gets a lot of great reviews from its customers.
15. What does the man suggest the woman do?  
A. Wait for the next interview.  
B. Try to talk with the employer.  
C. Accept the offer immediately.
16. What was the probable relationship between the speakers?  
A. Father and daughter.      B. Classmates.      C. Colleagues.

听第 10 段材料,回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. What is the speaker?  
A. A teacher.      B. A scientist.      C. A host.
18. From which country did the speaker just return?  
A. Indonesia.      B. Italy.      C. The US.
19. What is the the biggest threat according to the speaker?  
A. The fire.      B. The ash.      C. The rocks.
20. Which is the best-known eruption in Italy?  
A. Krakatoa.      B. Santorini.      C. Vesuvius.

第二部分 阅读(共两节,满分 50 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题;每小题 2.5 分,满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

**A**

Can't cook? Won't cook? Why not try these classes and other awesome offerings at the following places in Beijing?

**The Hutong**

Founded by two Australians, The Hutong offers Chinese culture classes at a traditional Chinese house. The twice-weekly cooking classes cover two or three traditional Chinese dishes, such as learning how to make hand-pulled noodles or *jiaozi*. Skilled English and Chinese instructors ensure good interaction with the students.

¥150/adult, ¥100/child; Tuesday 08:00~10:00 and Saturday 14:00~16:00.

**Bake Away**

Bake Away is your one-stop baking shop. You can pick up all the supplies you need to bake your own homemade creations, or try its delicious in-house treats(we recommend the cupcakes).

If you're looking for a weekend activity for the children, book the kids into its two-hour cooking classes, where they'll decorate their own cakes and cupcakes with skilled instructors.

Children only; ¥150; 10:00~18:00 Saturdays and Sundays.

#### Tastes of India

Join Chef Reshma Khan as she helps you to travel through a colorful Indian food trip which adopts a philosophy that puts your health and the health of the ecosystem at the forefront without having to sacrifice taste! Here she will guide you to turn simple vegetables into the star of the show.

Adults only; ¥100; 14:00~16:00 every day.

#### Hilton Beijing

Hilton Beijing offers cooking courses ranging from Thai to Italian and each class provides the history and background of the cuisine, an introduction to the basic ingredients and preparations followed by a cooking demonstration. Dinner follows with soft drinks, wine and fruit, which are included in the price.

¥300/adult, ¥250/child; 17:30~21:30 every day.

21. Where can the participants learn to cook traditional Chinese food?
- A. At Hilton Beijing. B. At Bake Away.  
C. At Tastes of India. D. At The Hutong.
22. What is Reshma Khan good at?
- A. Cupcakes. B. Vegetable dishes.  
C. Chocolate cakes. D. Hand-pulled noodles.
23. How do Hilton Beijing's cooking courses differ from the other classes?
- A. They focus on two or three dishes. B. They are just available on weekends.  
C. They do not offer hands-on experiences. D. They are suitable for adults and children.

#### B

During the summer and early autumn, before heavy snow blankets the mountains, Irakli Khvedaguridze gets to his patients on his white horse, Bichola. Later in the season, when the snow is too deep for the horse to go, he can only travel on foot. He never visits a patient without packing a knife, a gun and a box of food that will last for at least two days.

"Each time you step out, no matter the season or weather, you know that anything could happen in the wild," says Khvedaguridze.

Khvedaguridze is the only licensed doctor across nearly 386 square miles of mountainous land in northeast Georgia, and serves as a lifeline for the community of the people who remain in this remote area throughout the eight months of winter.

After graduating from the Tbilisi State Medical University in 1970, Khvedaguridze took his first job at a hospital in central Georgia. In 2010, instead of retiring, he took on the permanent post in Tusheti.

"For me, there's no night or day," he says. "If they call for help, I have to go. It's my duty."

More frequently, he tends to common health problems such as back pain and heartburn. One day, a young man sitting nearby and quietly smoking cigarette complained about shortness of breath.

"Get that cigarette out of your mouth, then!" Khvedaguridze ordered.

The man immediately threw the cigarette into the fire in front of him and has stopped smoking since then.

Khvedaguridze's 59-year-old neighbor, Elza Ivachidze, is another patient. When she complained of pain in her back last summer, Khvedaguridze treated her with traditional pain killers.

"He often gives us traditional medicines," says Ivachidze, adding that she worries about

what will happen once Khvedaguridze is gone. "He's the best doctor we have ever had."

"The day will eventually come," Khvedaguridze says. "I don't know if the next doctor will risk his life to work here."

24. Why does Irakli Khvedaguridze always take a box of food with him?  
 A. He has to feed his white horse.                      B. He is always ready to help the poor.  
 C. He might be trapped on the way.                      D. He wants to share with his patients.
25. What can we learn from the young man's reaction?  
 A. He trusted the doctor.                                      B. He felt very embarrassed.  
 C. He was really angry.                                        D. He was frightened by the doctor.
26. What is Elza Ivachidze worried about?  
 A. The doctor's worsening health.                      B. Irakli Khvedaguridze's retirement.  
 C. The high cost of the treatment.                      D. The effectiveness of the medicines.
27. Which of the following is a suitable title for the text?  
 A. The Living Conditions in Tusheti Are Still Very Hard  
 B. Traditional Medicines Are Warmly Welcomed in Georgia  
 C. The People in Tusheti Appeal for More Licensed Doctors  
 D. This Retired Doctor Braves Mountains in Northeast Georgia

C

Of the seven stadiums Qatar built for the World Cup, one will be fully taken apart after the event and could be shipped to countries that need it. That's what the host has said about Stadium 974, a seaside structure with more than 40,000 seats partially built from steel and recycled shipping containers.

Stadium 974, named after the number of containers used to build it, is the only stadium that Qatar has constructed for the World Cup that isn't air-conditioned. It hosts only evening matches when temperatures are cooler.

"The idea is to avoid building 'a white elephant', a stadium that is left unused after the competition ends," says Fenwick Iribarren Architects, which designed Stadium 974 and two other World Cup stadiums.

Qatar has said the stadium could be repurposed to build a stadium of the same size elsewhere, but it has not detailed where the stadium will go after the tournament or even when it will be taken down.

"Where its components go matters because whether Stadium 974 has a lower CO<sub>2</sub> footprint than a permanent one comes down to how many times it is rebuilt, and how far it is transported," says Karim Elgendy, who previously worked as a climate consultant for the World Cup.

Elgendy estimates that if the stadium is reused only once, its emissions(排放) will be lower than a permanent one as long as it is shipped fewer than 7,000 kilometers away. If it's repurposed more than once, it can be shipped farther and still be less polluting than a permanent stadium.

"The energy required for taking it apart and shipping the building components will obviously need to be estimated," Elgendy says. "But it is unlikely to outweigh the emissions produced in the construction of a new stadium."

28. What can we know about Stadium 974?  
 A. It can be fully taken apart and rebuilt.  
 B. It hosts all the evening competitions.  
 C. It is completely built from recycled steel.  
 D. It just needs to be air-conditioned in the day.

29. Which of the following best explains “a white elephant” underlined in paragraph 3?  
 A. An extremely huge building.  
 B. A very expensive but useless thing.  
 C. A creatively repurposed shipping container.  
 D. An ugly but environmentally friendly stadium.
30. How far can Stadium 974 be shipped if it is just reused once according to Elgandy?  
 A. More than 7,500 kilometers.                      B. Fewer than 6,000 kilometers.  
 C. Within 7,000 kilometers.                         D. Around 14,000 kilometers.
31. In which section of a newspaper will this text most probably appear?  
 A. Culture.                      B. Economy.                      C. Politics.                      D. Environment.

**D**

If you’ve ever tried to lose weight and found that the pounds won’t come off easily or they come back soon, you are not alone. Here we won’t tell you how to lose weight or whether you even need to. We will tell you how the energy burn occurs in your body.

The energy burn occurs in three main ways: To keep you alive, which accounts for about 55% of the total energy you burn; To digest what you eat and turn it into energy, about 10% of the energy you burn; To move around, which makes up about 30% of your energy burn. In other words, purposeful exercise is a minor player in weight loss.

There’s another problem with weight loss. When you try to lose weight, your hormones (荷尔蒙) will change your appetite. While a lot of different hormones are involved in hunger, one of them is leptin, which tells your brain when to eat and when to stop eating. As you lose weight, your leptin levels drop. Once that happens, you want to eat more.

To lose weight, what you eat is more important than how much you exercise. For example, it’s a lot easier to cut out 600 calories by skipping a piece of chocolate cake than to burn it by running for an hour or more. However, people tend to use exercise as an excuse to “reward” themselves. When that happens, they tend to take in more calories than they burn off at the gym.

But that shouldn’t be a reason not to exercise. Just don’t do it so you can “earn” a piece of chocolate cake. There are many documented benefits to exercise that have nothing to do with weight loss, including better mood, better sleep and better blood sugar levels.

Knowing how the energy burn occurs in your body might help you decide if the stress of weight loss is worth it. If you still decide to lose weight anyway, rethink your end goal. Instead of trying to look like a magazine cover model, it is better to focus on changes that make you feel healthier.

32. What does the author say about exercise?  
 A. It doesn’t play an important role in weight loss.  
 B. It is just a waste of time and money for people.  
 C. It will slow down the energy burn in your body.  
 D. It has to be done on a regular basis to lose weight.
33. What will happen when leptin levels go up in our body?  
 A. We eat more.                      B. We lose appetite.                      C. We fall asleep.                      D. We get tired.
34. What does the fourth paragraph focus on?  
 A. The importance of hormones and food.  
 B. The main ways of energy burn in our body.  
 C. The possible benefits of purposeful exercise.  
 D. The difficulty of combining exercise with diet.

35. What is the author's purpose in writing the text?
- A. To tell us how to lose weight effectively.
  - B. To study how much energy we burn each day.
  - C. To ask us to adopt a different view on weight loss.
  - D. To help us decide whether we need more exercise.

第二节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 2.5 分, 满分 12.5 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Primary school textbooks say a personal letter normally consists of a greeting, an introduction, a body and a conclusion. 36. So if you've been dying to send a perfect letter but still haven't found your way, read on for some tips.

37. Instead of just telling the facts, you might ask the receivers if they've had a similar experience, or if they could offer you advice. By asking such open-ended questions, you're also inviting them to offer you a window into their personal experiences.

Aim for "universal specifics". Being specific in your personal writing will help create a fuller picture that better reflects your story and your relationship with the readers. 38.

Be true to yourself, regardless of the readers. When you are writing to loved ones, it might be easier to be yourself. However, when you are writing to co-workers or strangers, it's very natural that you will try to show the best version of yourself. 39. So, even if you are writing a professional letter, you still need to be true to yourself, since your intent is to let your receiver know who you are.

Of course, that's not a blank check to say whatever you please, though. 40. What I really mean is that you should not be too scared to put some personality in your writing.

- A. The most important thing is to just start writing
- B. Yet writing a good letter can be much more difficult than that
- C. A very good personal writing can be an invitation to a conversation
- D. But that sometimes results in being kind of a false version of yourself
- E. Of course, you should just focus on the experiences that the readers can relate to
- F. Ask open-ended questions and let your personal experience inform your curiosity
- G. Instead, you should always make sure that whatever you share is proper for the setting

第三部分 语言运用(共两节, 满分 30 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Allen Minish was alone when he saw a large brown bear walking about 30 feet away. The bear closed the ground between them in a few seconds and tried to 41 him. Minish hid behind the trees 42. But that didn't stop the bear. As the bear 43, he held up the 44 end of a pole and pushed it toward the bear to keep it away from him. The bear simply swept it to the side and the 45 of the blow knocked Minish to the ground.

"As it got on top of me, I used my hands to pull it away," Minish said, explaining why he got a wound in his 46. "But he took a big bite that broke the bones and 47 my right hand basically."

When the bear let go of his hand, Minish stopped 48 and lay flat on the ground and put his hands over his head. 49 that Minish was dead, the bear just walked away.

"I realized I was in pretty 50 shape because I had all this blood everywhere," he said.

He called 911 on his cellphone. While he was 51, he pulled off his T-shirt and wrapped it around his hand in an attempt to stop the 52.

Before help arrived, he worried about the bear returning to 53 him off. But every time Minish looked around, there was no bear in 54.

"I guess I was lucky," Minish said. "But I have learned a lesson. I should have had a  
55 . I will not go there alone anymore."

- |                    |                 |                 |                  |
|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| 41. A. feed        | B. meet         | C. copy         | D. attack        |
| 42. A. quickly     | B. playfully    | C. accidentally | D. secretly      |
| 43. A. disappeared | B. refused      | C. neared       | D. danced        |
| 44. A. dead        | B. sharp        | C. far          | D. opposite      |
| 45. A. force       | B. sound        | C. speed        | D. wave          |
| 46. A. head        | B. hand         | C. shoulder     | D. leg           |
| 47. A. saved       | B. used         | C. damaged      | D. cured         |
| 48. A. giving in   | B. running away | C. waking up    | D. fighting back |
| 49. A. Hoping      | B. Assuming     | C. Seeing       | D. Admitting     |
| 50. A. bad         | B. amazing      | C. strange      | D. special       |
| 51. A. crying      | B. hunting      | C. struggling   | D. waiting       |
| 52. A. sweat       | B. water        | C. bleeding     | D. oil           |
| 53. A. put         | B. finish       | C. set          | D. break         |
| 54. A. time        | B. need         | C. fact         | D. sight         |
| 55. A. company     | B. gun          | C. knife        | D. coach         |

第二节 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Thousands of farmers in China have started to grow PR23, a rice that doesn't have to be planted anew(重新) each season, but emerges year after year from the roots 56 (leave) in the soil, just as many wild grasses do.

Researchers at Yunnan University in Kunming, China worked for more than two 57 (decade) to create this rice, and have now published their 58 (succeed) in the journal *Nature Sustainability*. The rice, they report, can dramatically reduce the farmers' costs while 59 (produce) about the same amount of grain.

According to 60 researchers, about 11,000 small farms planted PR23 in 2020 on a total area of 61 (rough) 9,000 acres. A year later, the planted area jumped to 38,000 acres. Many farmers 62 (attract) to PR23 because it took less work.

The new rice doesn't keep producing a good harvest forever, though. In field trials, yields(产量) 63 (drop) after four years of production, 64 included eight growing seasons. At that point, farmers needed to replant.

PR23 still accounts 65 a small percentage of China's total harvest and it's too early to estimate how widely it could spread. In theory, at least, it could be best adapted to warm places with plenty of water.

第四部分 写作(共两节, 满分 40 分)

第一节 (满分 15 分)

某英语网站正在开展以"Should Children Be Paid to Do Housework?"为题的讨论。请你根据下图跟帖, 内容包括:



1. 图片描述;
2. 简单评论。

- 注意:1. 写作词数应为 80 左右;  
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

**Should Children Be Paid to Do Housework?**

**第二节 (满分 25 分)**

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

My teenage daughter, Jane, always complained about having to be home earlier than all her friends. She would tell me that she was already seventeen. She believed that she was already an adult, yet still had a curfew(宵禁).

“But you are still in high school,” I said one day when she was complaining again.

“You will never trust me!” she yelled.

Before I could continue, she rolled her eyes, entered her bedroom and shut the door.

“How could I make Jane see that I only want to keep her safe?” I sighed.

I decided to go for a walk, hoping the cold air would clear up my mind. I opened the front door and nearly stepped on our small black cat, which seemed like a meatball.

“Hi, Meatball,” I said, taking it into my arms and touching it gently.

Meatball sneezed in my arms. Realizing it was too cold outside, I went inside. Meatball seemed happy enough to stay in the warm house. But after an hour or two, it went to the door and wanted to go outside again.

“Why won't it just stay in with us all the time?” Nathan, my youngest daughter asked.

I explained to her that it was happy to be here but it liked being able to come and go as it pleased.

“That must be nice,” Jane, who happened to come out for a cup of tea, cut in. “Why the cat, not I, could come and go? Why not give Meatball a curfew, too?”

I turned a deaf ear to her complaint.

Later in the night, temperatures dropped unusually low. Meatball stood at the door, meowing to go outside, again. I shook my head at it, being afraid that it might freeze to death. It looked at me and kept meowing.

“I know you're not happy, but it's for your own good,” I said, patting its head.

“Mom's not being mean to you,” Jane told the cat. “She's just trying to keep you from turning into a frozen meatball,” said Jane, looking at me meaningfully.

We all laughed at the joke.

The next morning, I couldn't find Meatball. I asked the kids if anyone had seen her.

注意:1. 续写词数应为 150 左右;

2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

“I let it out last night,” Jane said calmly. \_\_\_\_\_

As I drove to the animal hospital, Jane held Meatball inside her coat. \_\_\_\_\_