

## “皖东县中联盟”2022—2023 学年第一学期高三联考

### 英语试题

#### 考生注意：

1. 本试卷分选择题和非选择题两部分。满分 150 分，考试时间 120 分钟。
2. 答题前，考生务必用直径 0.5 毫米黑色墨水签字笔将密封线内项目填写清楚。
3. 考生作答时，请将答案答在答题卡上。选择题每小题选出答案后，用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑；非选择题请用直径 0.5 毫米黑色墨水签字笔在答题卡上各题的答题区域内作答，超出答题区域书写的答案无效，在试题卷、草稿纸上作答无效。
4. 本卷命题范围：高考范围。

#### 第一部分 听力(共两节，满分 30 分)

##### 第一节 (共 5 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What does the man want to do?  
A. Watch a program.      B. Turn off the TV.      C. Talk to an astronaut.
2. How will Linda get home after school?  
A. On foot.      B. By bus.      C. By car.
3. Why is the woman so happy?  
A. She got good marks.      B. She won some money.      C. She received a lot of gifts.
4. When will the man's father start to paint the ceiling?  
A. In the morning.      B. In the afternoon.      C. In the evening.
5. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?  
A. Teacher and student.      B. Father and daughter      C. Doctor and patient.

##### 第二节 (共 15 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，各题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

第 6 段材料，回答第 6、7 题。

How many people are there in the woman's family?

- A. Three.      B. Four.      C. Five.

What is the woman doing?

- A. Choosing a pet.      B. Asking for directions.      C. Renting a house.

第 7 段材料，回答第 8、9 题。

Where are the speakers?

- A. In a hotel.      B. In an apartment      C. In a garden.

What does the man enjoy doing?

- A. Staying at home.      B. Working in an office.      C. Eating at a restaurant.

【高三联考·英语试题】

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#### Day 4

Not only is the Wuyi Mountain region famous for oolong tea, it's also known for various black teas. In fact, it's the birthplace of the oldest black tea in the world, Lapsang Souchong—which, by the 17th century, had been ferried across the world by Dutch businessmen, who began selling the leaves to a thirsty Western market. Today we'll learn all about Lapsang Souchong from a tea master before visiting a tea farm, where we'll help out with the tea harvesting and making.

21. When can the visitors take part in a Buddhist tea ceremony?  
A. On day 1. B. On day 2.  
C. On day 3. D. On day 4.
22. Which is known as the “king of teas”?  
A. Oolong. B. Longjing.  
C. Da Hong Pao. D. Lapsang Souchong.
23. What can be learned about the Wuyi Mountain region?  
A. It is the birthplace of black tea. B. It is a major producer of yellow tea.  
C. It is a global tea trade center. D. It is known for various ancient tea trees.

#### B

Another World Cup day, another World Cup shock. After Ritsu Doan and Takuma Asano scored late goals on Wednesday to give Japan a come-from-behind 2-1 victory over Germany, Japan got another shocking 2-1 win over Spain on Thursday. The winning goal over Spain was so controversial (有争议的) that, on Friday, FIFA had to offer a detailed explanation: A camera showed that the ball and goal line overlapped (重叠) by 1.88mm and the related football rule states: “The ball is out of play when it has wholly passed the goal line.” In other words, the entire ball has to cross the white line to be out of play.

“From most angles, it looked like the ball was out of the white line just before we scored our winning goal,” admitted Hajime Moriyasu, the Japanese coach. “But I’m glad that it was confirmed by the video assistant referee technology, or VAR.”

By finishing second in the group, Spain may avoid facing Brazil in the quarterfinals and Argentina in the semifinals. “But there is nothing to celebrate. I’m not happy. I want to finish with a victory,” said Luis Enrique, the Spanish coach.

In 2022 Qatar World Cup, the referees get the benefit of a team of four video assistant referees to review all plays during the 64 games. They are not allowed to call for every potential mistakes—only potential penalties (点球), red cards and cases of mistaken identity in the awarding yellow and red cards. Every goal has to be reviewed to make sure it is real.

The idea behind the video assistant referee technology, which was first used in 2018 Russia World Cup, is to give referees an extra set of eyes to see things they otherwise can't. Each of the referees on the field has an earpiece so the video assistant referees in the video control room can talk to them and say what they see.

24. What happened during the competition between Japan and Germany?  
A. Japan scored four goals. B. Japan scored a controversial win.  
C. Germany won a goal first. D. The Japanese pushed the German.
25. How did Hajime Moriyasu probably feel about VAR technology on Thursday?  
A. Cautious. B. Favorable. C. Ambiguous. D. Disapproving.
26. In which case should the video assistant referees avoid calling the referees?  
A. Unreal goals. B. Red cards.  
C. Potential penalties. D. Gentle body contacts.





27. Which of the following is a suitable title for the text?

- A. VAR Helped Japan Score a Controversial Goal Over Spain
- B. VAR Made Its First Amazing Appearance in Russia World Cup
- C. Japan's Victories Proved the Importance of VAR in World Cup
- D. The Defeats of Germany Show How VAR Works in World Cup

C

We spend a lot of time talking to Alexa and Xiaodu. Let's imagine what would happen if such artificial personalities were put inside a lovely robot. That's what Alexander Reben has been doing.

Reben's experiments with human-robot interactions began when he was working on his master's degree in robotics at MIT. He built a robot called Boxie. It was made of two small boxes and rolled around like a toy tank. To make people want to open up, he carved into its face a smile that appeared as nonjudgmental and nonthreatening as possible. He also gave it the sweet voice of his 4-year-old son and taped him asking carefully chosen questions like, "Who do you love most in the world?"

Reben found it really didn't take much to get humans to strike up a casual conversation with a cute robot. One day, Boxie rolled up to a seemingly troubled young man in a park and asked whether he needed help. The man began to share his troubles with Boxie. He said he had never been to Boston before and that he'd come to take part in the marathon...

But Reben noticed an inexorable downside to the robot. "It cannot and will not offer real human things—like love and empathy(共鸣)—because it has not had a life. It is impossible to have an in-depth talk with a robot," Reben admits.

But he sees a place for such robots in the future. "They might do a better job of getting people to answer survey questions or talk about embarrassing symptoms before seeing a doctor. People tend to be more honest because they don't feel embarrassed telling them to something that's not human," Reben says.

The science-fiction author William Gibson once said, "The future is already here." In the world, robots are being used to care for the elderly and men are having relationships with virtual women. "As a scientist, what I hope to achieve with this robot is to force us to think about the possibility of bringing emotional robots into our society," adds Reben.

28. Which of the following can best describe Boxie?

- A. It appears very innocent.
- B. It is a human-shaped robot.
- C. It is as intelligent as a 4-year-old boy.
- D. It asks embarrassing questions occasionally.

29. What does the word "inexorable" underlined in paragraph 4 mean?

- A. Sharp.
- B. Unchangeable.
- C. Unkind.
- D. Intelligent.

30. What is Alexander Reben's main purpose in developing Boxie?

- A. To compete with Alexa and Xiaodu.
- B. To help surveyors get honest answers.
- C. To explore the likelihood of emotional robots.
- D. To show William Gibson's prediction is wrong.

31. Where is this text probably taken from?

- A. A lab test.
- B. A book review.
- C. A short story.
- D. A science report.

D

Exams are very likely to cause anxiety; the silence of the classroom; the searching eyes of the teachers; the happy expression of the person sitting at the neighbouring desk who has finished 15 minutes early. Therefore, it seems hardly surprising that those who worry about taking tests do systematically worse than those who do not.

Perhaps, what is surprising is that a new study published recently in *Psychological Science* has found that the anxiety on the day of the test does not predict exam performance at all. What does predict it is the level of knowledge a student has displayed in the earlier learning activities. Those who have performed well in these also do well in the real thing, regardless of how anxious they are on the real exam day.

What actually have hampered (阻碍) students, it turns out, is high levels of anxiety during the weeks before the exam takes place. The greater a student's anxiety in the days before the exam, the lower his or her knowledge-gain is during that period, leaving that student with less known information to be transferred from brain to paper during the exam itself. The study has also noted that test-anxiety is at its worst when students have low expectations of success and know that passing the exam is very important.

This is a positive discovery, for it suggests a change of approach to revision by the anxious might help improve their results. To reduce this anxiety, it proposes two strategies for students to consider as they revise. First, they can raise their belief in their own abilities by reminding themselves of just how much they know. Second, they can play down the significance of the test by reminding themselves that, while it is important, it is not a life or death situation.

It really isn't.

32. What does the first paragraph focus on?
  - A. The necessity of taking exams.
  - B. The anxiety-causing atmosphere.
  - C. The improper behaviors of the teachers.
  - D. The assumed influence of anxiety on test takers.
33. What does the underlined word "it" in paragraph 2 refer to?
  - A. The exam result.
  - B. The new study.
  - C. The learning habit.
  - D. The level of anxiety.
34. What actually prevents students from getting good test results according to the new study?
  - A. The expectation of getting help.
  - B. The anxiety during the revision.
  - C. The annoying neighbouring students.
  - D. The full confidence in their abilities.
35. What can we learn from the new study?
  - A. It is extremely important to stay calm during the test.
  - B. We should be constantly aware of the importance of the test.
  - C. It is vital to control our anxiety during our preparation for exams.
  - D. We should remind ourselves of how much we know during the exam.

第二节 (共5小题;每小题2.5分,满分12.5分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Imagine you are moving to an entirely new country. How would you deal with a culture, language and society that are very different from your own? Here are a few tips to manage the possible cultural shocks.





Cooking can be a fun way to adjust to a new culture. Figure out what you like to eat. 36. It can also be beneficial to share your favorite dish with locals. Food-sharing is a good way to bond and get used to the cultural differences.

Take short trips so that the new country doesn't seem as foreign. 37. So try to explore a new park close to home, go shopping in the neighborhood, see some famous monuments or travel to a nearby city.

38. Many foreigners tend to complain about everything from food, water, social rules to the language. Don't let "That's stupid" come out of your mouth when you see or hear something you don't understand about the daily life or culture in a new country. Instead, you should ask, "Why is this person doing this?" or "I don't understand this process. Please explain it to me." 39.

Learn the language. Learning a new language can be extremely challenging. But there are many simple things you can do to help yourself learn the language, such as watching local television. It helps you to get used to the language, and even begin to pick up basic words if you're using subtitles(字幕). 40.

With these small, yet meaningful activities, you will be excited, willing and ready to break the barriers in your new home.

A. Try to accept

B. Then, find a recipe and make it

C. Cartoon characters tend to speak relatively slower

D. Even daily trips will help you settle down in a new country

F. This creates a fun, relaxing time for you to study the language

F. Food leads to different memories and emotions for different people

G. If you still can't understand, just remember, you chose to come here

### 第三部分 语言运用(共两节,满分 30 分)

#### 第一节 (共 15 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

He met her at a party and invited her for coffee. She was 41. In order not to appear rude, she went along. When the coffee came, he put some 42 in it and drank.

"Why put salt in the coffee?" she asked curiously.

He explained 43, "When I was a little boy, I lived near the sea and liked its salty taste. Now every time I drink coffee, I put in some salt to remind me of my 44 and my hometown. I miss it and my parents, who are still there."

She was deeply 45 and shared her faraway hometown, her childhood, her family. That was the start of their love story.

They continued to date. She found that he met all her 46. He was kind, warm and considerate(体贴). So they 47, and every time she made coffee for him, she put in some salt.

After 40 years, he 48 and left her a letter which read:

My dearest, please 49 my life-long lie. Remember the first time we dated? I was so nervous that I 50 salt for sugar.

It was hard for me to ask for a(n) 51, so I just went ahead. Many times, I tried to tell you the 52 but I was afraid that it would 53 everything.

Sweetheart, I don't exactly like salty coffee. But as it mattered so much to you, I've learned to 54 it. Having you with me was my greatest 55. If I could live a second time, I hope we can be together again, even if it means that I have to drink salty coffee for the rest of my life.



- |                  |               |                 |                |
|------------------|---------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 41. A. pleased   | B. surprised  | C. annoyed      | D. scared      |
| 42. A. sugar     | B. milk       | C. salt         | D. water       |
| 43. A. honestly  | B. casually   | C. seriously    | D. uneasily    |
| 44. A. childhood | B. dream      | C. wife         | D. loss        |
| 45. A. touched   | B. hurt       | C. embarrassed  | D. inspired    |
| 46. A. friends   | B. fantasies  | C. requirements | D. deadlines   |
| 47. A. lied      | B. married    | C. left         | D. promised    |
| 48. A. gave up   | B. broke down | C. burst out    | D. passed away |
| 49. A. repeat    | B. remember   | C. forgive      | D. value       |
| 50. A. mistook   | B. traded     | C. hid          | D. prepared    |
| 51. A. apology   | B. change     | C. payment      | D. invitation  |
| 52. A. problem   | B. disaster   | C. recipe       | D. truth       |
| 53. A. buy       | B. ruin       | C. know         | D. explain     |
| 54. A. make      | B. copy       | C. enjoy        | D. cover       |
| 55. A. happiness | B. error      | C. fear         | D. achievement |

第二节 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Three Chinese astronauts, Chen Dong, Liu Yang and Cai Xuzhe, landed in a northern desert at 8:10 pm on Sunday after six months working 56 (finish) construction of the Tiangong station.

Before their departure, they worked for almost five days with three colleagues 57 arrived Wednesday on the Shenzhou-15 mission for their own six-month stay, marking the first time China had six astronauts in space at the same time. The station's 58 (three) and final component docked(对接) with the station this month.

When the astronauts came out of the capsule about 40 minutes after touchdown, they were all smiles, 59 appeared to be in good condition, waving happily at workers at the landing site.

"I am very fortunate to have witnessed the 60 (complete) of the basic structure of the Chinese space station after six busy months," said Chen.

The three astronauts were part of the Shenzhou-14 mission, which launched in June. After their arrival at Tiangong, Chen, Liu and Cai had five dockings with 61 (variety) spacecraft, including one 62 at the station's final module.

They also 63 (perform) three spacewalks, delivered a live science lecture from the station, and conducted a range of 64 (experiment).

Tiangong is part of official Chinese plans 65 a permanent human presence in orbit.

第四部分 写作(共两节, 满分 40 分)

第一节 (满分 15 分)

假定你是校英文报编辑李华。编辑部决定新开设“Healthy Lifestyle”专栏, 请你在该报上写一则征稿启事。内容包括:

1. 栏目介绍;
2. 稿件要求;
3. 投稿途径。



注意:1. 写作词数应为 80 左右;

2. 可以适当增加细节,以使行文连贯。

第二节 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

Tomorrow, I was to start eighth grade at a new school, in a new state, in the middle of the school year. I was nervous and excited.

Since I started school in the middle of the year, all of the lockers had been assigned to other kids and there was no extra locker available for me. So I was forced to carry all my stuff around in an oversized bag made by my mother. Perhaps, she had even pictured me proudly walking from class to class with the bag over my shoulder when she was making it.

But, the moment I entered the classroom, I heard the whispers, "Did you see that big bag? She's from California." Then the boys and girls laughed.

In a few days, wild stories flew back and forth about what I kept in the bag since I constantly carried it with me.

"Drugs?" Some kids wondered. "Clothes? Is she homeless?"

Actually, there was nothing interesting in that bag, just my coat for the cold weather, school books, papers and pens.

Eventually, most students pretty much ignored me, but some of the kids kept trying to make fun of my bag. One of them pretended to treat it like a dog and tried to drop litter into it.

My teachers didn't seem to notice, probably because I didn't ever complain or ask for help. As the first week progressed, I started to hate that bag. I blamed all my problems on it. I felt helpless, alone and homesick for California and my old friends.

On Friday, my Spanish teacher assigned each student a partner to work with on pronunciation problems. I was told to work with Debbie, the most popular girl in my class.

She smiled and waved me over toward her desk. So I grabbed my bag and quietly moved toward her. When I sat down beside her, I felt really uneasy because I had sensed that something unpleasant was going to happen.

"So, what's in the bag?" Debbie asked loudly with a smile.

注意:1. 续写词数应为 150 左右;

2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Annoyed as I was, I tried my best to calm down myself.

The whispers and laughter died down in the classroom.

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