# 高二英语考试

#### 注意事项:

- 1. 答题前,考生务必将自己的姓名、考生号、考场号、座位号填写在答题卡上。
- 2. 回答选择题时,选出每小题答案后,用铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂 黑。如需改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时,将答案写在 答题卡上。写在本试卷上无效。
  - 3. 考试结束后,将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

# 第一部分 听力(共两节,满分30分)

做题时,先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后,你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转 涂到答题卡上。

第一节 (共5小题;每小题1.5分,满分7.5分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例: How much is the shirt?

A. £19. 15.

B. £9. 18.

C. £9. 15.

答案是 C。

1. What does the woman mean?

A. She needs the man's help.

B. She thinks the man is right.

C. She plans to send out all the invitations.

2. What does the man tell to the woman?

A. He took Bill to the hospital.

B. He forgot to call the woman.

C. He didn't know which hospital Bill was in.

3. Where is the man now?

A. At home.

B. In a restaurant.

C. On the way.

4. What does the woman want to know?

A. Where the meeting is being held.

B. What the topic of the meeting is.

C. Where Joe will meet her.

5. What will the woman do?

A. Play basketball.

B. Watch a game.

C. Find a player.

第二节 (共15小题;每小题1.5分,满分22.5分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

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听第6段材料,回答第6、7题。				
6. What are the speakers doing?				
A. Working.	B. Cooking.	C. Going shopping.		
7. What happened to the man's finger?				
A. It was burnt.	B. It was cut.	C. It was bleeding.		
听第7段材料,回答第8至10题	Í.			
8. How much does the apartmen	nt near a park cost?			
A. \$350.	B. \$ 390.	C. \$ 400.		
9. What do we know about the apartment near University Avenue?				
A. It's the most expensive.	B. It's too large.	C. It's very noisy.		
10. What is Metealfe?				
A. It's a university.	B. It's a street.	C. It's a park.		
听第8段材料,回答第11至13题。				
11. Why does the man call the company?				
A. He needs opportunities	to travel.	Te No.		
A. He needs opportunities to travel.  B. He wants to report the company.  C. He wants to know more information about the job.				
C. He wants to know more information about the job.				
12. What should a marketing assistant do in the very beginning?				
A. Attend meetings instead of the boss.				
B. Do market research and write reports.				
C. Travel to different cities to collect information.				
13. What do we know about the man?				
A. He will be employed by the company.				
B. He is expecting an answer from the company.				
C. He knows a marketing assistant isn't suitable for him				
听第9段材料,回答第14至16题。				
14. Where are the speakers plan	nning to go tomorrow morning	g?		
A. To the Art Museum.	B. To the seashore.	C. To a zoo.		
15. Why does the woman want	to go shopping instead?			
A. To buy a gift for her fr	iend.			
B. To meet her friend ther	e.			
C. To buy some clothes.				
16. What are the speakers talking about?				
A. A city guide.	B. A shopping center.	C. A travel plan,		
听第10段材料,回答第17至2	•	• .		
17. What kind of English lessons does the speaker recommend?				

A. Listening and speaking.B. Reading and writing.C. Examination skills.

- 18. How can a learner review the lessons when he is not online according to the speaker?
  - A. By making conversations with others.
  - B. By using the downloaded sound files.
  - C. By reviewing words, phrases and idioms.
- 19. What is mentioned as an advantage of the speaker's online course?
  - A. It helps learners to study abroad.
  - B. It offers learners better study methods.
  - C. It improves learners' English skills quickly.
- 20. What's the speaker's idea about learning English?
  - A. Learning English little by little.
  - B. Being confident in learning.
  - C. Having clear learning goals.

## 第二部分 阅读(共两节,满分50分)

第一节 (共15小题;每小题2.5分,满分37.5分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

#### A

# WANTED

#### SOURCING MANAGER

# Position Summary:

The Sourcing Manager is responsible for vendor (销售公司) identification, selection, auditing (审计) and evaluation for all hotels, restaurants, guides, transportation providers and travel agents used in the Asia-Pacific (APAC) student programs. The managed vendor network is spread throughout the APAC region. Must be willing and able to travel and to work during irregular hours on occasion.

## **Position Goals:**

- Build and maintain a strong relationship with the APAC's vendors to ensure vendors fulfill program requirements at a target budgeted cost.
  - Build and maintain a smooth communication channel with other departments.

#### Responsibilities:

- Support the Program Management team in program implementation, ensuring strong communication so that needs are fully understood by both our external suppliers and our internal team, and addressed in a timely manner.
  - Research and identify vendor resources for student travel programs.
- Set up, develop and maintain the databases of providers, specified vendor details and user management related to vendors.
  - Build and maintain a positive working relationship with all vendor partners.
- Negotiate competitive payment terms with all vendor partners, review and manage all vendor contracts.

#### Qualifications:

• At least 25 years old.

- Bachelor's (学士) degree or above.
- Fluent in spoken and written English and/or another Asjan language strongly preferred.
- · Very strong organization, planning, time management and negotiation skills.
- · Ability to work with little direct supervision and take accountability for decisions/results.
- · Attention to detail and desire to learn new aspects of the international education field.
- Willing and able to travel up to 20%-30% annually.
- 2-3 years' experience in supplier communication or management.
- 21. What is the responsibility of the Sourcing Manager?
  - A. To maintain the databases of providers.
  - B. To discuss payment details with managers.
  - C. To offer support to academic communication.
  - D. To study resources for student employment programs.
- 22. Who can be the most qualified for the Sourcing Manager?
  - A. John who is 22 years old.
  - B. Lee who has a doctor's degree.
  - C. Frank who can only speak French.
  - D. Sam who has travelled to 60 countries.
- 23. Where is the text probably taken from?
  - A. A training program.
  - B. A university poster.
  - C. An academic article.
  - D. A site for job hunting.

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In the heart of Texas, "Bee Czar" Walter Schumacher is saving the world—one hive (蜂群) at a time. And he does it without wearing a protective bee suit. What is his technique? He "communicates" with the bees to avoid being bitten. Walter and his team at the American Honey Bee Protection Agency rescue hives from places that are unwanted—inside the walls of a house or 30 feet up in a neighborhood tree, and relocate the hives where the bees can grow and pollinate (授粉) in peace.

According to Walter, every third bite of food we eat was pollinated by bees; without them, life would cease existing. But saving bees costs money, so they have got to sell honey to make money.

Walter's business once was booming with \$200,000 in yearly sales. But after losing everything in the past three years, Walter wants to rebuild his honey business so that he can afford to rescue unwanted hives. With his oldest son Will and a small but dedicated team, Walter has a plan to transform their old family farm into their new headquarters, to save more bees and sell more honey.

Saving bees is a big affair. Will runs the business, trying to keep his dad organized; Walter teaches his younger sons Bodhi and Odin the skills of keeping bees, and Will's wife Meredith is experiencing her first bee rescue. Walter also invites bee technician Jonathan who

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seeks inner calm by rescuing bees and scaffolding (脚手架) pro Sandy, who can reach angry bees in places ladders can't and dreams of talking to bees herself. Walter brings audiences into the hive when he trains beekeepers to safely handle millions of bees. Will plans to sign big contracts selling honey to businesses like restaurants and supermarkets, meanwhile undertaking dangerous hive rescues.

24. Which of the following can best describe Walter's work of rescuing bees?

A. Interesting. B. Tough. C. Tiring. D. Simple.

25. What does Walter think of bees?

A. They are important to us. B. They are not in danger.

D. They can bite many people. C. They can't grow in peace.

26. What is Walter's present plan?

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B. To expand his team. A. To find more hives.

D. To train more bee raisers. C. To rebuild his business.

27. What does the last paragraph mainly talk about?

A. Why Walter started the big affair.

B. What Walter's family do to save bees.

C. Whether Walter sticks to his business.

D. How Walter teaches his sons to keep bees.

This year, the students of University of Rochester (UR) can monitor occupancy rates in River Campus Libraries (RCL) spaces through the Waitz App, seeing which areas of the library have free space without having to physically visit it themselves.

"Waitz shows how busy each floor of the library is, so students can know before leaving their dorm," Madi VanDeVelde, Manager of Waitz's parent company, said. "Now, students never have to waste time pacing to looking for an open seat again."

"The beauty of Waitz has really been in helping anyone who has walked into one of our popular spaces, only to discover that they can't find a space," Maurini Strub, Director of Performance & User Engagement of RCL, said. "Using the app, they can identify their best bets for an alternative space, and know before they go to the library where to find a spot."

The company uses the Internet of Things to determine how many people are in a given space. They install sensors into the walls of RCL spaces that scan for Bluetooth and Wi-Fi signals. The signals are then converted into live occupancy data which are displayed in the monitors within RCL and on the mobile app. According to the company's CEO Nic Halverson, the sensors have at least a 90% accuracy rate and do not collect any personally identifiable information.

Halverson launched the project in 2017 with his roommates in UC San Diego (UCSD) after being frustrated by the lack of open spaces at the university's library. "I was walking up and down the eight floors of UCSD's Geisel Library trying to find a seat to study one night only to see zero space available," Halverson said. "I wish I knew how busy every floor was before I came! Then, Waitz App was born." Now, you can download Waitz App on iOS and Android devices and select UR as your location.

28. What can Waitz App help the students of UR do?

A. Find empty seats in RCL.

B. Know the way to UR.

C. Borrow books from RCL.

D. Make friends in UR.

29. What is the advantage of Waitz App according to the text?

A. Avoiding accidents.

B. Reducing costs.

C. Improving grades.

D. Saving time.

30. Why did Halverson design Waitz App?

A. He wanted to help the students of UCSD.

B. He wanted to walk up the eight floors quickly.

C. He had the dream to invent an Android device.

D. He once had difficulty finding a seat in a library.

31. What may be the best title for the text?

A. Waitz, A Magic App

B. RCL, A Famous Library

C. UR, A Beautiful University

D. Halverson, A Great Designer

D

As the carbon countdown clock ticks on, cities must be more imaginative and cooperative, a lively round table hosted in Newham by a non-profit organization Friends of the Earth said.

"Net zero is around the corner," said Mike Wake, Director of Friends of the Earth. "The UK has cut greenhouse gas emission (排放) by 40% to date mostly through the growth of large renewable generation on the grid (输电网), but further cuts will be needed as London tries to find new ways of using energy."

"While Newham has lower greenhouse gas emission per head than the UK, it has high levels of fuel poverty, poor air quality and leaky homes. Vastly improved energy efficiency, especially on older and leakier homes, along with more efficient forms of heating and an expansion of low carbon heat networks, will help," said Wake.

"But the future requires a shift to a more communal solution," the representatives said. District heating, which pipes hot water from a central source to connected homes or businesses, is often a cheaper and lower-carbon method of heating highly populated areas. "It's the lowest cost and low carbon solution for the future," Wake added.

"There are new technologies to use wasted heat," Wake said, "We worked with businesses to decarbonise (使环保) energy supply. Rather than wasting, spare heat generated by manufacturing and other activities can be captured and used to heat nearby properties. Friends of the Earth has already helped save Newham thousands of tonnes of emissions through district heating plans, solar PV and more energy efficient measures in the homes."

But the challenges are substantial. Newham has London's second-highest rate of fuel poverty. "Anyway, I'm confident and hopeful about the collective challenge," said Wake. "But for Newham to be at the forefront of a green economy, to solve fuel poverty and deal with structural equalities, we must spare no effort."

- 32. What does Wake think of cutting greenhouse gas emission in the UK?
  - A. It doesn't work at all.
  - B. It ended a short time ago.
  - C. It is very difficult to continue.
  - D. It still needs to be improved.
- 33. What does the underlined word "communal" in paragraph 4 mean?
  - A. Expensive.
- B. Peaceful.
- C. Public.

D. Complex.

- 34. How did Friends of the Earth help protect the environment?
  - A. By releasing wasted heat.
  - B. By starting up many businesses.
  - C. By making national heating plans.
  - D. By solving the issues about energy.
- 35. What is Wake's attitude to the challenges of Newham?
  - A. Worried.
- B. Positive.
- C. Uncaring.

D. Critical.

第二节 (共5小题;每小题2.5分,满分12.5分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Asking for or accepting help can bring up a wide range of complicated emotions, like there's the fear of being seen as needy or weak. Although accepting help from others is difficult, giving and receiving is a necessary part of life.

36. For many people, the difficulty in asking for or receiving help is tied to childhood. As psychologist Lisa Firestone points out, these feelings often develop from having our requests go unnoticed at an earlier age.

Sometimes these unnoticed requests are a result of neglect or because parents are too busy to notice. Maybe they were undertaking some jobs to make ends meet or didn't have additional family support to spare. 37. When your needs go unnoticed, it can create feelings of shame about asking for or receiving help, while also forming an extreme sense of independence.

How do you get better at accepting help? One way to get better at accepting help is to start with small requests, such as asking for directions. 38. Practicing this in good environment can ease some of the emotions that can appear suddenly.

39 . If you feel very uncomfortable, wait a few moments to let these feelings calm down before accepting or denying the help.

Helping others feels good. Although asking for help is hard, one way to make it a little easier is to focus on how it feels when you help others. 40\_.

- A. Start small and make it a habit
- B. It can feel like a burden to ask for help
- C. Whatever the cause is, it may affect you
- D. Having needs ignored can make asking for help difficult
- E. We grow up in situations where help comes with duties attached

F. And remember that the same thing applies when others are helping you remain sales G. Another way to get better at accepting help is to listen to your internal reactions send 第三部分 语言运用(共两节,满分30分)

## 第一节 (共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。一回

About more than ten years ago, an elderly veteran (退伍军人) Frank received a heartwarming letter from a sweet third-grader, thanking him for his service and devotion. Frank 41 the thoughtful letter so much that he has carried it around everywhere he went, every day since then.

When Frank first received the letter, he was 42. It meant the 43 to him because a young child would 44 him in such a kind way. The letter 45 a child's drawing of colorful flowers growing out of a helmet (头盔). He wished that before he at 46 his eyes to this life, he would have the 47 to meet the young girl.

Frank is currently living in a senior residence home, where the staff was 48. Frank's wish to find the author of his treasured letter. They wanted to help him on his search. After some time searching, they were able to 49 her down on social media. They discovered that the little girl named Dashauna was now a(n) 50 woman serving on active duty in the army.

Dashauna excitedly accepted the staff's invitation to visit Frank at the senior residence home. She vividly recalled sending the letter in third grade. She remembered feeling 51 to send the letter to a veteran as she had always 52 those in uniform. Little did Frank know that Dashauna also treasured a letter that she had kept under lock and key for many years. It was the very letter that Frank had written in 53 to hers, more than ten years earlier.

On a warm summer day in 2021, the 54 finally arrived. Tearfully, Frank met with Dashauna, who 55 wore her uniform and carried a bunch of flowers. 12 W 01 2 And 1979 II

41. A. wrote	B. deserted	C. forgot	D. treasured $T^*$
42. A. touched	B. annoyed	C. disappointed	popular sbairrow .C
43. A. contrast	B. lesson	C. world	Pe formance $\mathbf{abom}$ . $\mathbf{C}$
44. A. hate	B. respect	C. limit	hets for ar <b>scuss .</b> C
45. A. concluded	B. praised	C. featured	D. mentioned $T$
46. A. washed	B. closed	C. made of osm	space. They bexif .C
47. A. adventure	B. advantage	C. opportunity	D. powerd Tislengie
48. A. aware of	B. popular with	C. superior to	monitors of baild .C
49. A. take	B. turn	C. track	D. break not a HI
50. A. bored	B. strange	C. unfortunate	D. grown 18 olui
51. A. honored	B. sorrowful die '	C. fearful 11 III bad	D. embarrassed
52. A. predicted	B. observed	C. explored	after be barimba .C
53. A. regard	B. opposition	C. response	D. addition v c ba
54. A. moment	B. treatment	C. government	D. department Ino
55. A. sadly	B. proudly	C. cautiously	D. humorously and

# 第二节 (共10小题;每小题1.5分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

The Maritime Silk Road Museum of Guangdong (MSRMG) in Yangjiang, South China's Guangdong Province, is China's first museum to focus \_\_56\_ underwater archaeology (考古学). The museum has become the home of the ancient ship, now known as the Nanhai I, and continues to tell the story of the Maritime Silk Road 57 began 800 years ago.

"Unlike many other Chinese museums that contain 58 (various) of relics, the MSRMG is dedicated to Nanhai I culture," museum expert Li Yiyang said.

Ye Daoyang, the deputy director of MSRMG's Underwater Archaeology and Technology Department, said that the Nanhai I will \_\_59\_\_ (eventual) become closer and closer to people. During the excavation (挖掘) of the sunken ship, visitors have been able to witness the slow reveal of the ship, once \_\_60\_\_ (reveal) only 1 meter of the hull (船体). Most importantly, the museum is 61\_\_ archaeological site that keeps people close to first-hand discoveries.

Apart from the ship itself, the museum is home to many china 62 (object). A wooden shi ding is another item unique to the museum. It was a tool 63 (use) during the Song and Yuan dynasties to measure the balance of a ship.

"The entire body of the Nanhai I 64 (display) fully to visitors soon. This is a landmark stage. Such rich underwater resources have encouraged museums like the MSRMG to improve its facilities 65 (protect) these relics while finding creative means to introduce them to the public," Ye noted.

第四部分 写作(共两节,满分40分)

第一节 (满分15分)

假定你是李华,你校英语报以"The Future Belongs To Chinese Youth"为题向学生征文。请你写一篇短文投稿,内容包括:

- 1. 结合实例说明你的理解;
- 2. 你的感想。

注意:

- 1. 写作词数应为 80 左右:
- 2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

The Future Belongs To Chinese Youth

第二节 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

With only a week before New Year knocked on their door, Faith sat at her old sewing machine—a special gift from her late mother apart from her sewing skills—secretly sewing

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٦ ۾ new clothes for her father and three younger siblings (兄弟姐妹) and preparing them for Easter.

Faith was the eldest daughter in the family and responsible enough to shoulder her disabled father's responsibilities. Faith's father, George, lost his arm in an accident. Despite his disability, George did his best to raise his children, but money was tight, and there were a lot of mouths to feed.

When George couldn't afford new beds for his children as they grew taller and older, he made new furniture with one hand. It took him several restless nights to arrange the supplies and complete the work. Out of gratitude, Faith decided to do something for him a week before Easter.

"Let's have a festive dinner, Dad!" she told George. "We haven't celebrated anything since Mom's death. Let's make a change this New Year! Please!"

"Honey," George said helplessly, "I barely have any money left, and I'd hate to see my children go to bed starving."

But then George looked at the sadness in his children's eyes and realized he shouldn't have said that.

"But," he added, "I guess I can try, can't I? I can get some eggs and flour, and let's get your mother's cookbook from the attic (阁楼). She had these inexpensive and delicious recipes in there. How about that?"

"Oh, perfect!" Faith cheered. "You're the best, Dad! We'll finally have a proper dinner!" she shouted to her younger siblings, and the joy on his kids' cheeks made George realize that nothing was more important to him than the happiness of his children.

The next day, George could take his kids to shop. The single father rolled his shopping cart through the aisles (过道), picking up a large bag of flour, a dozen eggs, and cheap sliced ham. After they finished shopping, George and his children decided to walk home because the grocery store was only a few blocks away.
注意:

- 1. 续写词数应为 150 左右;
- 2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Suddenly, the bag slipped, and George knelt to pick it up when a young lady, Emma, stepped out of her car.

When getting home, George invited Emma to his home for the festival dinner.