

衡水中学金卷先享题信息卷四 英语试题及答案

试题及答案详解

第一部分 听力(共两节,满分30分)

做题时,先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后,你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节 (共5小题;每小题1.5分,满分7.5分)

听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What does the man want to borrow from the library?

- A. Newspapers. B. Journals. C. Magazines.

答案:C

听力材料:

M: May I borrow these magazines?

W: Sorry, you can't. The magazines and newspapers have to be read within library.

M: I see.

2. What will the speakers do next?

- A. Drink some water.
B. Draw a line.
C. Join the line.

答案:C

听力材料:

M: All the food smells tasty today and makes my mouth water.

W: Let's line up here. This line seems a little shorter.

3. How does the man feel about the woman's words?

- A. Upset. B. Pleased. C. Embarrassed.

答案:B

听力材料:

W: Tim, that coat looks wonderful on you! The color goes with your trousers perfectly.

M: Thanks, Anna. That's quite a praise coming from you. You always dress so tastefully.

4. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?

- A. Doctor and patient.
B. Manager and clerk.
C. Customer and sales staff.

答案:C

听力材料:

W: Hi, Customer Service Desk. What can I do for you today, sir?

M: Good morning. I bought this TV set here a few months ago. It doesn't work now. Can I return it or get it fixed?

5. What does the woman think of her English language study now?

- A. It's interesting. B. It's hard. C. It's dull.

答案:A

听力材料:

M: How are you doing with your English language study?

W: I think I'm making good progress.

M: Is it harder than you thought?
W: At first it was, but now I've got the basics. It's fun.

第二节 (共15小题;每小题1.5分,满分22.5分)

听下面5段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题5秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第6段材料,回答第6、7题。

6. What's the date of the man's room reservation?
A. The 5th. B. The 6th. C. The 15th.
答案:C

7. What does the man mind?
A. Being near the elevator.
B. Being away from the elevator.
C. There being no elevator.
答案:A

听力材料:
M: Hello. I have a room booked for tonight, the 15th.
W: Alright and what is your name, please?
M: It's Marcia Gleason.
W: Ah, yes, here you are Mr. Gleason. You reserved a single, right?
M: Yes, a single, thanks.
W: Do you mind being next to the elevator?
M: Actually, I'd prefer not to be.

听第7段材料,回答第8、9题。

8. Why is the woman going to school?
A. To attend an exam.
B. To have English classes.
C. To make study plans.
答案:B

9. What will the speakers do at last?
A. Go to swim. B. Go for a run. C. Go to the library.
答案:A

听力材料:
M: Hi, Jenny. Are you going to school now?
W: Yup. I have English at 9 in the morning.
M: Got any plans after the class?
W: Not really. What about you?
M: I'm going to attend an important exam next month. I plan to look for some important books and study at the library. Do you want to join me?
W: Sure.
M: Great. We can go to the swimming pool in the gymnasium after that.
W: Oh, it's almost 9. I need to hurry. I am running late now. See you after class in front of the library then.
Bye!
M: See you then.

听第8段材料,回答第10至12题。

10. What's the probable relationship between the two speakers?

- A. Couples. B. Classmates. C. Colleagues.

答案:A

11. What makes the woman want to decorate the bathroom?

- A. The wallpaper. B. Its pink walls. C. The old brown carpet.

答案:B

12. What will the speakers do first?

- A. Repaint the kitchen.
B. Buy some new curtains.
C. Ask someone for help.

答案:C

听力材料:

M: Sharon, I think we should think about doing some decorating soon, you know. We've been here for ten years now and the place still looks a mess!

W: Yes, you're right, but there's been so much else to do. Mmm ... where do you think we should start?

M: Well, how about painting the living room? It really needs some new wallpaper, and I really think we should throw away that old brown carpet, too. We should also buy an air conditioner.

W: Yes, well, I think it would be better to start with the bathroom. I don't like those pink walls!

M: Perhaps the kitchen is more important to start with. We should repaint everything white, I suppose.

W: Oh, but what about the bedroom? It really needs some new curtains.

M: I think we're going to have to get someone in to help us first. We can't do all these ourselves.

W: You're right. Let's get someone in.

听第9段材料,回答第13至16题。

13. What did the man receive?

- A. An acceptance letter.
B. A letter of congratulations.
C. A guide to course selection.

答案:A

14. When will the man go to Yale?

- A. In the last week of August.
B. In two weeks before August.
C. In the second week of August.

答案:C

15. What must the man do first before leaving for Yale?

- A. Buy a plane ticket.
B. Register for classes.
C. Get a visa.

答案:B

16. What does the man want to major in?

- A. English literature.
B. Philosophy.
C. Math.

答案:A

听力材料:

M: Guess what came in the mail today?

W: What?

M: My acceptance letter to Yale!

W: Wow! Congratulations! When do classes start?

M: The introductory course is in the last week of August, but I want to go two weeks before that to get settled in.

W: You're so lucky! Do you have to do many things before you leave?

M: Yes. I'll be very busy! I have to get a visa, buy a plane ticket, and pack my things. But first, I want to register for classes.

W: When can you do that?

M: Well, they sent me their detailed directions, so I can start looking now. Do you want to help me decide which class to take?

W: Sure. What can you choose from?

M: Well, I have to take all the fundamental courses, plus a few from my major.

W: What is your major?

M: I hope to major in English literature, but the admissions counselor told me that many people change their major many times in their first year, so we'll see.

W: What are the fundamental courses?

M: In order to graduate, every student must take a certain amount of classes in history, math, English, philosophy, science and art.

W: Oh, I see.

听第10段材料,回答第17至20题。

17. How old was Washington when the story happened?

- A. 12. B. 15. C. 20.

答案:A

18. Who was suspected to have stolen the money?

- A. Uncle Post. B. A villager. C. Washington's neighbor.

答案:B

19. How did the thief get caught?

- A. He exposed himself.
B. He reported it to police himself.
C. He was stung by a wasp (黄蜂).

答案:A

20. What does the story intend to tell us?

- A. Little Washington was so smart.
B. The wasp was sent by God.
C. The thief was so stupid.

答案:A

听力材料:

Washington was the first president of the US. He was very clever even when he was still a 12-year-old boy.

Once a thief stole some money from Uncle Post, Washington's neighbor. The door of the house was not broken, and things in the room were in good order. Washington concluded that the theft must have been com-

mitted by one of the villagers.

That evening at the villagers' meeting he said, "We don't know who stole the money but God does. God sends his wasp to tell good from evil. Every night the wasp flies among us but few people notice it ..." Then, all of a sudden Washington waved his hand and cried out, "Look! The wasp has landed on the thief's hat. It is going to sting!"

The crowd made a loud noise. Everybody turned to look for the thief. But soon the noise died down. All eyes were fixed on a man who was trying hard to drive the "wasp" off his hat.

"Now we know who stole the money," Washington said with a smile.

第二部分 阅读理解(共两节,满分40分)

第一节 (共15小题;每小题2分,满分30分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中,选出最佳选项。

A

The curious European destinations that Chinese tourists love visiting

Bicester Village

According to a 2018 VisitBritain report, more than 260,000 Chinese tourists visit the UK each year. And where do they go? It claimed that "they are mostly interested in symbolic elements: the Royal Family, Shakespeare, Sherlock Holmes, Harry Potter and Downton Abbey".

Then there's the shopping. Bicester Village, a vast retail estate (零售产业) on the outskirts of the Oxfordshire town, is the second most visited UK attraction for Chinese tourists after Buckingham Palace, and three in four Chinese visitors head there.

King's College, Cambridge

A famous tree, for Chinese people at least, can be found in King's College, Cambridge. The willow (柳树), considered to be a holy thing to lost youth, is mentioned in a much-loved poem by Xu Zhimo, who spent a year studying at King's College — *Taking Leave of Cambridge Again*:

*The golden willows by the riverside
Are young brides in the setting sun;
Their glittering reflections on the shimmering river
Keep undulating in my heart.*

Bonn

The former West German capital is another popular port of call. Chinese love classical music, particularly Beethoven, making his birthplace an obvious highlight of any trip to Europe. The city's tourist board offers maps in three foreign languages: English, Chinese and Japanese.

Verona

Both British and Chinese travelers flood to Venice, Rome and Florence, but Verona typically appears higher on the wish lists of China's tourists. That's because of the whole country's adoration of Shakespeare's *Romeo and Juliet*. The play is popular on UK shores, of course, but the love is doubled in China as it was among the first of the Shakespeare's works to be translated into Chinese, because its plot bears a striking resemblance to a famous Chinese folk tale, *The Butterfly Lovers*. Expect to see queues at the popular House of Juliet on Via Cappello (a statue of the character stands beneath her balcony).

【语篇导读】欧洲一直是很多中国人向往的旅游目的地。那么中国人最热衷的欧洲景点究竟是哪里呢?

21. Which is the most visited place for Chinese tourists?

- | | |
|----------------------|-----------------------|
| A. Bicester Village. | B. Buckingham Palace. |
| C. King's College. | D. Cambridge. |

解析:细节理解题。根据第一部分第二段中 Bicester Village ... is the second most visited UK attraction for Chinese tourists after Buckingham Palace 可知选 B。

答案:B

22. What's approximately the number of Chinese visitors to Bicester Village each year?

- A. About 260,000. B. About 145,600. C. About 195,000. D. About 346,700.

解析:数字计算题。根据第一部分第一段中 According to a 2018 VisitBritain report, more than 260,000 Chinese tourists visit the UK each year. 及第二段... three in four Chinese visitors head there. 可知,每年到 Bicester Village “比斯特购物村”旅游的中国人大约是 195,000。故选 C。

答案:C

23. Where are the Chinese music lovers likely to go?

- A. Bicester Village.
B. King's College, Cambridge.
C. Bonn.
D. Verona.

解析:推理判断题。根据第三部分内容可知,Bonn“波恩”是德国音乐家贝多芬的出生地,是爱好古典音乐的中国人喜欢去的旅游目的地。故选 C。

答案:C

24. Which are adored by Chinese tourists who love literary?

- A. Bicester Village and Bonn.
B. Bicester Village and King's College, Cambridge.
C. Verona and Bonn.
D. King's College, Cambridge and Verona.

解析:推理判断题。根据第二、四部分内容可知,King's College, Cambridge“剑桥大学国王学院”是中国著名诗人徐志摩曾经学习的地方,而 Verona“维罗纳”则是莎翁笔下《罗密欧和朱丽叶》故事的发生地,并且和中国的《梁山伯和祝英台》有着相似的情节。这两个旅游地自然会令中国广大文学爱好者心驰神往。故选 D。

答案:D

B

Xie Wenjun successfully defended his 110-meter hurdles gold at the 2018 Jakarta Palembang Asian Games on August 28th, 2018 to stretch China's winning streak in the race to 32 years — with a little help from hurdling great Liu Xiang.

Xie, 28, crossed the line in 13.34 seconds to hand China its ninth win in the event stretching back to the 1986 Games in Seoul. "I feel awesome now. The pressure is released," said Xie. "This medal is a very important medal not just for me but also Chinese hurdling, because it has been kept for a long time." Xie said he had been given "special instructions" before the race by former Olympic champion and world-record holder Liu, who is respected as one of China's greatest ever sportsmen. "He's my idol, and it is also an aim to catch up with him. But I'm still on the way. We trained together for seven or eight years, and we have similar personalities," said Xie.

Xie has been called the "heir to Liu" in China, carrying on the cause of the Olympic gold medalist since his retirement in 2015. Liu won the nation's first ever track-and-field Olympic gold at Athens 2004 with a then world record time of 12.91 seconds and even received the Lausanne Super Grand Prix track and field championship in 2006, his best record of 12.88 seconds, breaking the world record held by British athletes for 13 years. He was also a three-time champion at the Asian Games. After his Athens gold, Liu's career was later blighted (损害) by injuries, pulling out of 2008 Beijing and 2012 London Olympic Games.

【语篇导读】2018年8月28日雅加达亚运会田径比赛男子110米栏决赛中,28岁的中国选手谢文骏以13秒34夺冠,也帮助中国队实现了该项目亚运会的九连冠。这一成绩的取得自然也离不开我们最伟大的跨栏英雄刘翔做出的贡献。

25. How many times has China won the game at Asian Games since 1986?

- A. 8. B. 9. C. 10. D. 11.

解析:细节理解题。根据第二段开头 Xie, 28, crossed the line in 13.34 seconds to hand China its ninth win in the event stretching back to the 1986 Games in Seoul. 可知,谢文骏这次夺冠帮助中国队实现了自1986年首尔(汉城)亚运会后的第九次亚运冠军。故选 B。

答案:B

26. Why did Liu Xiang retire from the event?

- A. He suffered injuries.
B. He couldn't make a breakthrough any longer.
C. He was tired of too much training.
D. He felt self-satisfied.

解析:细节理解题。根据最后一段段尾 After his Athens gold, Liu's career was later blighted by injuries, pulling out of 2008 Beijing and 2012 London Olympic Games. 可知,刘翔是因为伤病退出2008年和2012年两届奥运会,由此可知他是因为伤病而退役的。故选 A。

答案:A

27. How did Liu Xiang help Xie Wenjun win the game?

- A. By putting pressure on him.
B. By cheering for him.
C. By training him in person.
D. By offering him some directions.

解析:细节理解题。根据第二段中 Xie said he had been given "special instructions" before the race by former Olympic champion and world-record holder Liu 可知,刘翔在谢文骏比赛前对他进行了特别指导。故选 D。A、B 和 C 项文中并未提及。

答案:D

28. What can we infer from the text?

- A. Liu Xiang was Xie Wenjun's former teammate.
B. Xie Wenjun first won the game in 1986.
C. Liu Xiang is still the world-record holder of the game.
D. Xie Wenjun has caught up with Liu Xiang.

解析:推理判断题。根据第二段中 "He's my idol, and it is also an aim to catch up with him. But I'm still on the way. We trained together for seven or eight years, and we have similar personalities," said Xie. 可知,刘翔退役前,谢文骏和刘翔在一起训练了七、八年,并且有着相似的个性,由此可知他们是前队友的关系。答案为 A 项。B 项明显与文章内容不符;C 项属于常识题,而且结合第二段 "Xie said he had been given "special instructions" before the race by former Olympic champion and world-record holder Liu ..." 可知,刘翔现在已经不是该项目世界纪录的保持者了,所以排除;根据文中第二段 "He's my idol, and it is also an aim to catch up with him. But I'm still on the way ..." said Xie. 可知,谢文骏还没赶上刘翔,所以排除 D 项。

答案:A

C

It was several years ago when my wife asked me to meet her at the local department store on Black Friday morning. They had advertised a child's bike that she wanted to purchase for our son. We stood with a very large crowd, waiting for the manager to blow the whistle. After a while the whistle blew. It was like throwing a basket of

chum into a tank of sharks. I told my wife that if we obtained a bike, fine, but if we did not, I was OK with that too.

As the boxes of bikes began to gradually decrease, I saw my opportunity to wrap my hands around the corner of one of them. I lifted it off and suddenly felt some mild resistance. I looked up to see one of the largest men I had ever seen in my life. Frightening was not enough to describe his presence. He was decorated with numerous leather belts with metal buttons around both arms and even his neck. Tattoos (纹身) were an obvious passion of his.

I started to loosen the box but he gently pushed it back in my direction and back into my hands. He then directed it into my shopping cart. He looked at me, smiled, and said, "Merry Christmas."

My wife and I went to the checkout, paid for the bike and went home. All the way home I was thinking that this moment was by far the best Christmas gift I had ever received. The kindness of a human heart in a simple act of a stranger broke all preconceived notions (先入为主) I may have had. I will never forget it.

【语篇导读】当地百货商店在 Black Friday 促销,作者夫妇希望给儿子买一辆打折的自行车作为圣诞礼物。在争抢过程中一位壮汉把到手的自行车让给了作者,这令作者非常感动。

29. What does the underlined word "chum" mean in Paragraph 1?

- A. Gifts.
- B. Food.
- C. Goods.
- D. Souvenirs.

解析:词义猜测题。根据上文内容及该句句意可知,购物的人群在等待经理的哨声,哨声响起人群就涌进了商店,就像在鲨鱼池投入诱饵(食物)一样引起骚动。A项“礼物”;B项“食物”;C项“货物,商品”;D项“纪念品”。故选B。

答案:B

30. Why did the author loosen the box when seeing the man?

- A. The author didn't want to buy it.
- B. The man needed it more.
- C. The author was frightened by the man.
- D. The man got the box first.

解析:推理判断题。根据第二段中 I looked up to see one of the largest men I had ever seen in my life. Frightening was not enough to describe his presence. He was decorated with numerous leather belts with metal buttons around both arms and even his neck. Tattoos were an obvious passion of his.可知,这位和作者一同抓住箱子的男士身材壮硕,穿着怪异并且身上有纹身,由此推断作者有点胆怯,不由自主就松开了手。故选C。

答案:C

31. What can be a suitable title for the text?

- A. The Best Christmas Gift
- B. The Largest Man I Have Ever Seen
- C. An Unforgettable Bike
- D. A Shopping Experience

解析:标题归纳题。根据最后一段中 All the way home I was thinking that this moment was by far the best Christmas gift I had ever received.可知,文章背景是圣诞节期间,一位陌生人主动把自行车让给作者,作者非常感动,感觉这是自己收到的最好的圣诞礼物,由此可知A项“最好的圣诞礼物”不仅切合文章主题,而且能够吸引读者兴趣。B项“我见过的最高大的人”和C项“一辆难忘的自行车”关注的方向偏离主题;D项“一次购物体验”略显平淡,没有突出文章主题,也很难勾起读者阅读的欲望。

答案:A

D

If you've been paying attention, you know that corvids (crows, rooks and ravens) are remarkably intelligent birds. Now these feathered geniuses have been given a job; six rooks have been trained to pick up rubbish in the Puy du Fou historical theme park in western France.

Whenever Boubou, Bamboo, Bill, Black, Bricole and Baco place a cigarette butt or other small pieces of trash in a special container, it offers a treat-rewarding for their efforts. The idea came from one of the park's falconers (养鹰人), Christophe Gaborit. As part of the falconry show, crows had already been trained to pick up roses and bring them to a princess, so in the 2000s, Gaborit raised and trained two rooks to do the same with rubbish.

The training system is similar to experimental programs for testing corvids' intelligence, in which a vending machine distributes a food reward when a crow correctly performs a task. Earlier this year, a type of vending machine was used to teach crows how to tear paper into a specific shape. And 10 years ago, "hacker" Josh Klein built a similar vending machine to reward crows for getting back lost money. So we know the concept works.

The rooks are employed for the first time over the weekend, and they'll be working four days a week under close watch — not for the birds, but to make sure the humans don't deliberately drop rubbish to watch the birds clean it up. That's because the aim of the rook garbage collectors isn't only to collect garbage — it's also to get park-goers to think before they litter. "OK, the birds are able to do something that we are much more able to do than them, so we should do this by ourselves," park president Nicolas de Villiers told NPR. "It's a funny way to show the people that you cannot throw papers everywhere."

【语篇导读】公园中总少不了垃圾,尤其是小而难缠的烟头等。法国的一个主题公园想到了一个好办法:训练乌鸦来捡拾垃圾。

32. Who is the trainer of the rooks to pick up garbage?

- A. Nicolas de Villiers.
- B. Josh Klein.
- C. Christophe Gaborit.
- D. Puy du Fou.

解析:细节理解题。根据第二段中 The idea came from one of the park's falconers (养鹰人), Christophe Gaborit ... so in the 2000s, Gaborit raised and trained two rooks to do the same with rubbish. 可知, Christophe Gaborit 想出这个主意,并训练乌鸦捡拾垃圾。故选 C。

答案:C

33. Why will the rooks work under close watch?

- A. To make sure the rooks' safety.
- B. To prevent the rooks flying away.
- C. To avoid being disturbed purposely by humans.
- D. To watch the rooks doing the right thing.

解析:细节理解题。根据最后一段中 not for the birds, but to make sure the humans don't deliberately drop rubbish to watch the birds clean it up 可知,之所以要严密监视乌鸦捡拾垃圾的过程主要是防止人为故意干扰这一活动。故选 C。

答案:C

34. What does the employment of the rooks really intend to do?

- A. To make money through the rooks.
- B. To pick up roses for a princess.
- C. To give performances in the park.
- D. To get humans inspired.

解析:细节理解题。根据最后一段中 That's because the aim of the rook garbage collectors isn't only to collect garbage — it's also to get park-goers to think before they litter ...可知,“雇佣”乌鸦捡拾垃圾主要或真正的目的是通过这一行为给予人们启示,从而注重环境保护。故选 D。

答案:D

35. What is the main idea of the text?

- A. Rooks are employed to pick up rubbish in a France park.
- B. Puy du Fou historical theme park offers the falconry show.
- C. Waste pollution has become a world-wide problem.
- D. People are called on to focus on the protection of the birds.

解析:主旨大意题。本文主要讲述法国的一个公园训练并“雇佣”乌鸦捡拾垃圾,从而给人们带来环保启示的文章,所以 A 项最能概括文章内容。文章内容并不在 the falconry show“训鹰表演”上,所以 B 项排除; C 项“垃圾污染已成为世界性问题”题目太大,不具体; D 项“号召人们关注鸟类保护”明显和文章主题不相符。

答案:A

第二节 (共 5 小题;每小题 2 分,满分 10 分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Chinese astronaut Yang Liwei said that he had heard a mysterious knock during his flight in space, China Central Television reported.

Yang, born in June 1965 in northeastern Liaoning Province, is China's first astronaut and now a major general. Oct. 16, 2003, he stepped out of his re-entry module after a 21-hour flying in space. 36.

37, he said, "A non-causal situation I have met in space is a knock that appeared from time to time." He explained that the sound suddenly appeared without any rhyme or reason. "It neither came from outside nor inside the spaceship, but sounded like someone was knocking the body of the spaceship just as knocking an iron bucket with a wooden hammer," Yang said. 38, and moved close to the window to try to find out the cause. However, nothing out of the ordinary appeared both inside and outside.

After returning to the earth, he told technicians about the mysterious sound, and tried to imitate it with some instruments so as to solve the mystery. 39.

The sound has also been heard by Shenzhou 6 and Shenzhou 7 astronauts. Yang said, "40, so there is no need to worry."

- A. He was very nervous when he heard the sound
- B. I have told them the sound is a normal phenomenon
- C. But Yang said he had never heard the exact sound again
- D. I have reminded them to be careful and take care of themselves
- E. So scared was he that he hid himself in a corner of the spaceship
- F. When he recalled his experience in space during a recent interview
- G. He then became the 241st human being worldwide to visit outer space

答案: GFACB

第三部分 语言知识运用(共两节,满分 45 分)

第一节 (共 20 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 30 分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

My dad was a fisherman, and he loved the sea, but it was hard making a living on the sea. He worked hard and would 41 out until he caught enough to feed his family.

When the weather was 42 he would drive me to school and 43 right in front, where it seemed like everybody was always standing around and 44. Then he would lean over and give me a big kiss on the 45

and tell me to be a good boy, which was so 46 for me.

Here I was twelve years old and I 47 the day I thought I was too old for a good-bye 48. When he started to lean towards me 49 with a big smile, I put my hand 50 and said, "No, Dad." It was the 51 time I had ever talked to him that way, and he had this 52 look on his face.

My dad looked at me for the 53 time, and his eyes started to 54. I had never seen him cry. He turned and 55 the windshield (挡风玻璃). "You're right," he said. "You are a big boy ... a 56. I won't kiss you anymore."

It wasn't 57 that when my dad went to sea and never 58.

I 59 I had been a man then. If I had been a man, I would 60 have told my dad I was too old for a good-bye kiss.

【语篇导读】父亲靠外出打渔维持生计,天气不好的时候才有机会送作者上学,并常在校门口亲吻作者道别。随着年龄的增长,作者厌倦了这种道别方式,最终有一天拒绝了父亲的“吻别”。不久父亲出海遭遇海难,这令作者深感悔恨。

41. A. stay B. dig C. wear D. figure

解析:根据句意可知,父亲会一直待在海上直到捕到能养活一家人的鱼为止。故选 A。

答案:A

42. A. fine B. special C. bad D. normal

解析:A项“好的,晴朗的,健康的”;B项“特别的,特殊的”;C项“不好的,差的”;D项“正常的,正规的,健全的”。根据常理推断可知,天气不好的时候父亲无法出海,所以才有机会送作者上学。故选 C。

答案:C

43. A. sped B. stopped C. started D. turned

解析:父亲送作者上学时总是把车停在学校门口,这使作者感到站在那里的每个人都在看他们。故选 B。

答案:B

44. A. watching B. attacking C. talking D. joining

解析:A项“观看,观察,注视”;B项“袭击,攻击”;C项“谈论,演讲,交谈”;D项“加入,参加”。根据上一题的分析及下文内容可知,父亲每次和作者的“吻别”使作者感觉难堪,好像大家都在看着他们。故选 A。

答案:A

45. A. neck B. shoulder C. cheek D. hair

解析:A项“脖子,颈部”;B项“肩膀”;C项“面颊”;D项“头发”。根据常理推断,父亲应该是亲吻儿子的脸颊。故选 C。

答案:C

46. A. embarrassing B. frightening C. amazing D. exciting

解析:A项“尴尬的,难堪的”;B项“令人害怕的”;C项“使人惊讶的”;D项“令人兴奋和激动的”。根据第44题的分析可知答案为 A 项。

答案:A

47. A. know B. review C. remember D. remind

解析:A项“知道,了解,认识”;B项“复习,回顾”;C项“记得,想起”;D项“提醒,使……想起”。根据上文的 Here I was twelve years old 可知,作者是在回忆自己 12 岁时和父亲之间发生的事情,所以应该是现在还记得那一天。故选 C。

答案:C

48. A. gesture B. greeting C. hug D. kiss

解析:根据句意可知,当父亲想再一次靠近作者,并要亲吻他的时候,作者抬手拒绝了父亲。故选 D。

答案:D

49. A. once B. again C. too D. still
 解析:A项“一次,一旦,曾经”;B项“再次,又”;C项“也,很”;D项“仍然”。根据上一题的分析可知答案为B项。
 答案:B
50. A. up B. down C. out D. on
 解析:根据第48题的分析可知,此处考查短语 put one's hand(s) up,意思是“举起手”。故选A。
 答案:A
51. A. first B. last C. former D. next
 解析:根据句意可知,这是作者第一次和父亲用那种方式说话。故选A。
 答案:A
52. A. scared B. surprised C. angry D. pale
 解析:A项“害怕的”;B项“惊讶的”;C项“愤怒的,生气的”;D项“苍白的”。作者突然的、异乎寻常的举动使父亲产生的第一反应应该是惊讶。故选B。
 答案:B
53. A. longest B. biggest C. quickest D. latest
 解析:根据上文内容可知,作者突然的举动引发了两个人之间长时间的沉默,所以用 long 的最高级,强调时间长。故选A。
 答案:A
54. A. shout out B. tear up C. speak out D. sigh out
 解析:A项“大声喊出”;B项“涌出泪水,撕毁”;C项“大声讲出”;D项“叹息着说,叹口气”。根据下文的 I had never seen him cry,可知,作者以前从来没有看到父亲哭泣,所以判断这次父亲应该是眼里喷满了泪水。故选B。
 答案:B
55. A. watched for B. saw to C. looked out of D. stared at
 解析:A项“留心”;B项“负责,注意,照料”;C项“向外看”;D项“凝视,盯着看”。根据后文的 the windshield 可知,父亲透过汽车挡风玻璃向外望去,所以选择C项。此题容易误选D项,但父亲不可能盯着挡风玻璃看,所以排除。
 答案:C
56. A. person B. man C. youngster D. student
 解析:A项“人”;B项“男人,男子汉”;C项“青少年”;D项“学生”。根据最后一段的 I had been a man then. If I had been a man ...可知,man 在文中重复出现。故选B。
 答案:B
57. A. long after B. long before C. soon after D. since then
 解析:根据句意及结构可知,that 指的是父子之间的这次不愉快,即那次事件之后不久,父亲出海就再也没有回来。故选A。
 答案:A
58. A. sailed out B. picked up C. carried out D. came back
 解析:A项“出海,航行”;B项“捡起,收集,继续,得到,接人,偶然结识,学会”;C项“开展,执行,履行”;D项“返回”。根据上一题的分析可知答案为D项。
 答案:D
59. A. hate B. regret C. wish D. imagine
 解析:A项“讨厌,憎恨”;B项“后悔,遗憾”;C项“希望”;D项“想象”。根据后文的 If I had been a man, I would ...可知,作者对最初的行为感到后悔,希望自己当初是一名真正的男子汉,这样就不会告诉父亲自己已经长大,不再适合“告别”了。故选C。
 答案:C

60. A. often B. usually C. seldom D. never

解析:A项 often“经常,总是”;B项 usually“通常”;C项 seldom“很少”;D项 never“绝不”。根据上一题的分析可知答案为D项表示否定。

答案:D

第二节 (共10小题;每小题1.5分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

A blind high school graduate, Wang Yun, in Shanghai has become the talk of the town after 61 (score) 623 points at 2018 college entrance examination — 127 points for Chinese literature, 145 for math and 144 for English. He also achieved high scores 62 chemistry, history and biology. His result is just 37 points short of a perfect score.

Wang, a senior student at the Shanghai School for Blind Children, is expected 63 (admit) into a top Chinese university because of 64 (he) excellent academic performance, according to a report by *Xinmin Evening News*. The report said that the teenager is likely to be enrolled in East China Normal University, Shanghai Normal University 65 Shanghai Polytechnic University — three Shanghai-based universities 66 accept blind students.

Wang suffered retinal detachment due to premature birth and too much oxygen intake (过量氧气摄入) and 67 (become) blind at an early age. But the physical defect didn't stop him from struggling hard in school.

His parents, both teachers at Donghua University, sent him to the school for blind children where he did 68 (well) in his studies and sports than ever. The only 69 (different) between Wang's exam and the one undertaken by other students was that his exam 70 (adapt) into Braille (盲文).

答案:61. scoring 62. in
63. to be admitted 64. his
65. or 66. that/which
67. became 68. better
69. difference 70. was adapted

第四部分 写作(共两节,满分35分)

第一节 短文改错(共10小题;每小题1分,满分10分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文,请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有10处语言错误,每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加:在缺词处加一个漏字符号(∧),并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除:把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉。

修改:在错的词下画一横线,并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意:1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词;

2. 只允许修改10处,多者(从第11处起)不计分。

Graduation finally came. My classmates and I decided to do anything something. After a heated discussion, we agreed on make making a video to record our experiences at school.

Material collecting took us a whole week, during that which we interviewed our teachers and took pictures of every aspects aspect of school life. The editing part after that was tough. We debated over how what to put into the video. Some compromises were unavoidable, but the video was turned out perfect. When ∧ video was played at the the graduation ceremony several days late later, it was well received. The students or and teachers shared a great time.

That surely give us a great sense of achievement.
gave

第二节 书面表达(满分 25 分)

假定你是李华,本周末,你们社区将举行“练习中国书法,学做人”的活动,请你给你的留学生朋友 Michelle 写一封邮件,邀请她参加。内容包括:

1. 活动时间、地点和参加人员;
2. 练习书法和参加活动的意义;
3. 你的希望。

注意:

1. 词数 100 左右;
2. 可以适当增加细节,以使行文连贯。

参考词汇:书法; calligraphy

One possible version:

Dear Michelle,

I am writing to tell you a piece of good news. This weekend, an activity named "Practice Chinese calligraphy and learn to be a human being" will be held in our community centre. I would like to invite you to join in it as you are interested in Chinese culture.

It will begin at 8 a. m. and people of different ages in my community will take part in it. When being there, you can really understand that practising Chinese calligraphy is a good way to balance your mind and body. At the same time, you can make some friends there and share some life experiences with them, which are really helpful to your growth.

I'm sure you will have a good time there, benefiting a lot from practising Chinese calligraphy.

Best wishes.

Yours,
Li Hua

自主招生在线创始于 2014 年,是专注于自主招生、学科竞赛、全国高考的升学服务平台,旗下拥有网站和微信两大媒体矩阵,关注用户超百万,用户群体涵盖全国 90% 以上的重点中学老师、家长和考生,引起众多重点高校的关注。

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