

邕衡金卷广西2023届高三一轮复习诊断性联考

英 语

注意事项:

1. 答卷前, 考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在答题卡上。
2. 回答选择题时, 选出每小题答案后, 用铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动, 用橡皮擦干净后, 再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时, 将答案写在答题卡上。写在本试卷上无效。
3. 考试结束后, 将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

第一部分 听力(共两节, 满分30分)

做题时, 先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后, 你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节(共5小题; 每小题1.5分, 满分7.5分)

听下面5段对话。每段对话后有1个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后, 你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What does the man suggest the woman do?

- A. Have her phone fixed. B. Use Linda's phone. C. Call Linda.

2. How is the weather now?

- A. Fine. B. Cloudy. C. Rainy.

3. What will the man do this afternoon?

- A. Visit the woman. B. Visit his grandma. C. Go to the cinema.

4. Who is the man most probably speaking to?

- A. His mother. B. His sister. C. His daughter.

5. What are the speakers talking about?

- A. The man's hobbies. B. The man's writing. C. The man's stamps.

第二节(共15小题; 每小题1.5分, 满分22.5分)

听下面5段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题5秒钟; 听完后, 各小题给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第6段材料, 回答第6、7题。

6. When did the woman go to Italy?

- A. Two months ago. B. Three months ago. C. Five months ago.

7. Why will the woman go to Italy again?

- A. To find work. B. To attend a conference. C. To visit the man.

听第7段材料，回答第8、9题。

8. What does the woman probably do?
A. A receptionist. B. A manager. C. A client.
9. What does the man probably think of the cellphones?
A. Great. B. Interesting. C. Disappointing.
- 听第8段材料，回答第10至12题。
10. What day is it today?
A. Friday. B. Saturday. C. Sunday.
11. Why will the man go to school tomorrow?
A. To give a lecture. B. To host an event. C. To take part in an event.
12. What will the man do tomorrow afternoon?
A. Collect used things. B. Hold some competitions. C. Play some games.
- 听第9段材料，回答第13至16题。
13. How many children does the woman have?
A. 2. B. 3. C. 4.
14. What is *The Brady Bunch* mainly about?
A. Love between two lovers.
B. Life of a big united family.
C. Adventures of a small family.
15. What is Robert Reed?
A. A director. B. A play writer. C. An actor.
16. When can the kids watch the show?
A. At 8:00 pm tonight. B. At 8:00 pm tomorrow. C. At 8:00 am tomorrow.
- 听第10段材料，回答第17至20题。
17. What does the woman consider the best way to learn English?
A. Speaking English. B. Doing exercises. C. Reading a lot of texts.
18. What habit did the woman form?
A. Reading novels every day.
B. Talking to herself.
C. Thinking in English.
19. Why did the speaker record herself?
A. To just have fun. B. To find her weakness. C. To give others an example.
20. Why did the speaker share her story?
A. To show how to learn English.
B. To recommend some good habits.
C. To compare some English learning ways.

第二部分 阅读理解（共两节，满分40分）

第一节（共15小题；每小题2分，满分30分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的四个选项（A、B、C、D）中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

Here are the top 4 movies to watch on Netflix.

Before We Go

If you're looking for a movie that makes you cry, laugh, and fall in love with the actor Chris Evans or the actress Alice Eve, this is the movie for you. It's about two strangers who meet unexpectedly and help each other in very different ways — and finally raises the question “Can you meet someone and fall in love even if you're committed to someone else?”

Comet

In this movie that Justin Long and Emmy Rossum star, there are two people who are very unlikely to fall in love, but despite all the odds, they do. All the laughter, love, and chaos that follow are certainly worth watching.

Ask Me Anything

This movie is not based on love but on unexpected happenings and mystery. It's based on a girl who puts off her acceptance to a university in order to figure her life and herself out. The difficulties and the bad experiences she faces get together to create a mystery for ages.

White Bird in a Blizzard

This movie is a similar kind to the one above. Shailene Woodley stars alongside her on-screen father, Christopher Meloni, to bring a mystery unlike any other. Father and Daughter are left to pick up the pieces of their lives without Mother.

21. Which movie is very magical and full of unexpected plots?
- A. *Comet*.
B. *Before We Go*.
C. *Ask Me Anything*.
D. *White Bird in a Blizzard*.
22. What do we know about Shailene Woodley?
- A. She is an actress.
B. She is a mysterious girl.
C. She lives with her father.
D. Her mother lives far away from her.
23. What will you watch if you are a fan of love movies?
- A. *Before We Go and Ask Me Anything*.
B. *Before We Go and Comet*.
C. *Comet and Ask Me Anything*.
D. *White Bird in a Blizzard and Before We Go*.

B

I've been happily married to my wife for 25 years. We have gone through a lot together, but I have never seen anyone that has remained so calm and cool through it all. We have three wonderful children together and she just recently went back to finish her education degree to become a teacher in Louisiana, which is more about pride than a prize.

A couple of years ago, my wife was in a rather bad accident. We were shopping together in a Dollar General and when we were at the checkout she sent me back to pick up a fan for her mother. While I was back there, I heard a horrific noise, and she screamed my name. When I got to the front of the store, I realized that an elderly driver had hit the gas instead of the brake, hitting my wife.

I was able to get a cooler that had fallen on her and decided to go with her to the hospital. She had to have work done on her knee by herself from all the glass that had gotten impaled (穿刺) into it, but it was nothing short of a miracle that she wasn't hurt further.

That's when we learned of another miracle. During an ultrasound (超声波) and X-ray to make sure that my wife's back was okay, we discovered that not only did she lack one of her kidneys, but she also had a birth defect (缺陷). This wonderful woman has given me so much that I can never thank her enough. I was medically dismissed from the military and went on disability. She has held a job and helped to take care of me and our three children, 20, 17, and 13, through some of the craziest stuff I can imagine.

She is a strong and resolute woman that takes pleasure in teaching her children in the classroom. And I could not ask for a better woman to love and live with.

24. What was to blame for the accident of the author's wife?

- A. Her birth defect.
- B. A horrible noise.
- C. The author's indifference.
- D. A driver's mistake.

25. What did his wife do after being hit by a car?

- A. She called the police.
- B. She went to hospital alone.
- C. She fell unconscious on the ground.
- D. She dealt with the wound by herself.

26. How did the couple find that the wife lacked a kidney?

- A. Through a routine medical test.
- B. By examining her wounded back.
- C. By checking her birth defect.
- D. Through clearing all the glass.

27. Why did the author write the passage?

- A. To share his life experience.
- B. To show his love for his family.
- C. To express his thanks to his wife.
- D. To honor his wonderful marriage.

C

While Jenny Loucas had enjoyed a wonderful holiday in Greece, her luggage disappeared after she had checked it in for the flight home to London. Two months later, Easyjet has confirmed that her luggage has been permanently lost.

Ms. Loucas's case is far from unique. One insurance firm, Spain's Mapfre, said that the number of passengers reporting missing luggage this summer was 30% higher than in 2019, the last year of normal travel before the pandemic. That year 19 million bags and suitcases were late arriving around the world, and 1.3 million were never seen again.

The situation has been blamed on staff shortages both at the carriers, the airport security staff that have to scan all the checked-in luggage, and the ground handling firms that are employed to get all these suitcases and bags onto the planes and then back to the moving belts.

To try to keep tabs (标签) on their items of luggage, a growing number of passengers are turning to technology.

Apple has reportedly seen a rise in sales of its AirTag tracking device. The AirTag works by sending out a secure Bluetooth signal that can be detected by nearby devices in the Find My network. These devices send the AirTag's location to the iCloud, allowing the user to go to the Find My app and see it on a map.

Other travelers are attaching trackers that use GPS to their luggage. Yet while such tagging devices may give a passenger peace of mind, travel industry expert Eric Leopold says they don't solve the core issue — stopping the accumulation that prevent bags from catching the same flights as their owners.

SeeTrue is one company that hopes to help airports and airlines get luggage onto planes more efficiently. The firm makes software that can do the security scans on check-in luggage much faster than human security staff.

For UK tech firm AirPortr, its approach is to remove the need for passengers to have to queue up at the airport to check in their luggage before their flight. Instead passengers can use its app and website to arrange for their luggage to be taken door-to-door.

28. Why is the story of Jenny Loucas mentioned in the first paragraph?

- A. To prove airport service is far from satisfying.
- B. To show losing luggage can ruin a great holiday.
- C. To explain the risks of traveling outweigh its benefits.
- D. To introduce the topic of airlines losing luggage.

29. According to the text, what contributes to so much luggage delayed or lost by airlines?

- A. Staff's careless handling.
- B. Unreasonable flight schedules.
- C. Lack of airport hands.
- D. Low efficiency of scanners.

30. What's Eric Leopold's attitude towards trackers to find luggage?

- A. Unfavorable.
- B. Approving.
- C. Objective.
- D. Interested.

31. Which app should passengers choose if they don't want to check in luggage in person?

- A. Apple
- B. Mapfre
- C. AirPortr
- D. SeeTrue

D

A new method of lie detection shows that lie tellers who are made to multi-task while being interviewed are easier to spot. The extra brain power needed to concentrate on a secondary task other than lying was particularly challenging.

Professor Aldert Vrij from the University of Portsmouth designed an experiment to identify lie tellers. The 164 participants in the experiment were first asked to give their levels of support or opposition about various societal topics that were in the news. They were then given a truth or lie condition by chance and interviewed about the three topics that they felt most strongly about. Truth tellers were instructed to report their true opinions while lie tellers were instructed to lie about their opinions during the interviews.

For the secondary task, participants were given a seven-digit (数字) car number and instructed to recall it back to the interviewer. Half of them received additional instructions that if they could not remember the car number during the interview, they may be asked to write down their opinions after the interview.

Participants were given the opportunity to prepare themselves for the interview and were told it was important to come across as convincing as possible during the interviews — which was incentivised by being entered into a prize draw.

The results showed that lie tellers' stories sounded less reasonable and less clear than truth tellers' stories, particularly when lie tellers were given the secondary task and told that it was important.

“The pattern of results suggests that the introduction of secondary tasks in an interview could help lie detection but such tasks need to be introduced carefully. It seems that a secondary task will only be effective if lie tellers do not neglect it. This can be achieved by either telling interviewees that the secondary task is important, or by introducing one that cannot be neglected,” said Professor Vrij.

32. What can we learn about participants in the experiment?
- A. Some truth tellers gave false opinions in the interview.
 - B. Not all participants knew the importance of the secondary task.
 - C. Participants didn't express opinions about news topics.
 - D. Participants chose a truth or lie condition by themselves.
33. What does the underlined word “incentivised” in paragraph 4 mean?
- A. Motivated.
 - B. Chosen.
 - C. Completed.
 - D. Corrected.
34. On what condition was the secondary task effective in the experiment?
- A. When participants took it seriously.
 - B. When participants had strong brain power.
 - C. When participants paid little attention to it.
 - D. When participants had the chance to prepare.
35. Which can be a suitable title for the text?
- A. Interviewing Lie Tellers.
 - B. Covering up the Truth.
 - C. Challenging a Secondary Task.
 - D. Exposing Liars by Distraction.

第二节（共5小题，每小题2分，满分10分）

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

How To Roll Back Over-Responsibility

Being overly responsible can be a hard habit to break — it gets stronger externally by those who depend on you, and stronger internally because you feel competent and get to avoid conflict. But you'll know when it's getting to be too much. 36. Instead, try these three tips.

Return responsibilities.

Return responsibilities as if they were overdue library books. Start by thinking of one task you can return to one specific person. It may be as small as returning the responsibility of waking up on time to your teenager, or as large as returning responsibility for her own happiness to your mother. 37, it's time to pass it back.

Accept all offers.

38. Accept a praise, accept tomatoes from your neighbor's garden without worrying that now you have to give her a potato. Best of all, accept offers of help. 39. Instead, think of it as a way to share the feeling of competence that makes you feel so good. Then, once you're comfortable accepting help, you can go further by asking for help.

Shift your sense of responsibility from saving others to launching others.

Consider the beliefs that keep you over-responsible. 40, it implies you think others are incompetent, or at least less competent than you. Therefore, consider giving up over-responsibility as helping others develop their skills. Especially when it comes to kids, you want to launch them into the world ready to fly, not keep them tied to you.

- A. By rolling back responsibilities
- B. Don't think of it as burdening the helper
- C. Practice accepting all that's given to you
- D. By keeping all the competence to yourself
- E. However, don't expect them to read your mind
- F. Don't wait until you're so bitter that you go on strike
- G. Regardless of how the responsibility ended up in your hands

第三部分 英语知识运用（共两节，满分45分）

第一节 完形填空（共20小题；每小题1.5分，满分30分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的四个选项（A、B、C、D）中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

My husband, a science writer, had just won an award for his writing from a chemistry association. We 41 from Washington, D.C. to California for the big award banquet. It was really exciting, but I was a 42. I was having a career 43. I had quit my job when our first child was born because I felt that 44 kids was important work, and I wanted to do that work. But people would say you 45 working. I had been working harder than I had ever worked and not getting a single paycheck or 46 from my social network.

At the banquet, the host took the mic and introduced my husband, 47 all of his accomplishments. And then after this long list, the host gestured to me, a 48 and mother of two. This was the first time I ever heard myself 49 by those words. The place was full of scientists, 50 men, but there were a handful of women. I remember feeling a sense of 51, and I thought they must either see me as clueless or as a traitor (叛徒) to the cause.

After the speech and the banquet was over, I sat at the big 52 alone, feeling way too self-conscious to 53, staring at my dessert plate. And then one older female scientist 54 to me. She looked me 55 in the eye and she said, "I just want you to know I'm sorry." She said, "I just want you to know that what you're doing is so 56." She moved on before I had a chance to 57 her. She had given me 58 what I needed at that time. Now, I am back in the workplace. When I see a woman or a man during the middle of a 59 pushing a stroller (婴儿推车), I will often stop and 60 what you are doing is so valuable.

- | | | | |
|-----------------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|
| 41. A. flew | B. cycled | C. walked | D. swam |
| 42. A. disappointment | B. pride | C. mess | D. success |
| 43. A. crisis | B. lesson | C. hit | D. opportunity |
| 44. A. feeding | B. comforting | C. protecting | D. raising |
| 45. A. hated | B. cancelled | C. stopped | D. delayed |
| 46. A. award | B. celebration | C. assessment | D. recognition |
| 47. A. explaining | B. listing | C. praising | D. analyzing |
| 48. A. breadwinner | B. companion | C. superwoman | D. homemaker |

- | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|
| 49. A. discouraged | B. criticized | C. defined | D. misunderstood |
| 50. A. mostly | B. partially | C. entirely | D. simply |
| 51. A. pity | B. purpose | C. shame | D. belonging |
| 52. A. bottom | B. table | C. window | D. gate |
| 53. A. mix | B. call | C. dance | D. run |
| 54. A. looked up | B. gave way | C. came back | D. walked up |
| 55. A. further | B. straight | C. faithfully | D. constantly |
| 56. A. scientific | B. meaningless | C. reasonable | D. valuable |
| 57. A. thank | B. admire | C. respect | D. honor |
| 58. A. simply | B. exactly | C. basically | D. generally |
| 59. A. holiday | B. weekend | C. workday | D. dinner |
| 60. A. claim | B. say | C. add | D. announce |

第二节 语法填空（共10小题；每小题1.5分，满分15分）

阅读下面材料，在空白处填入适当的内容（1个单词）或括号内单词的正确形式。

Eating ultraprocessed foods (超加工食品) for more than 20% of your daily calorie intake every day could lead to cognitive decline, a new study revealed. Studies have found these foods can raise our risk 61 obesity, heart problems, diabetes and cancer. They may even 62 (short) our lives.

The key problem with ultraprocessed foods is that they are usually very high in sugar, salt and fat, all of 63 promote systemic inflammation (炎症). Ultraprocessed foods 64 (define) as industrial formulations of ingredients. They contain little or no whole foods and 65 (typical) include flavorings, colorings and other 66 (chemistry) substance, according to the study. Those in the study who ate the most ultraprocessed foods were more likely to be younger, women, white, had higher 67 (educate) and income, and were less likely 68 (be) current alcohol consumers, the study found. “People need to know they should cook more and prepare 69 (they) own food from scratch,” a researcher said. “And it’s worth it because you’re going to protect your heart and guard your brain from Alzheimer’s disease,” she added. “That’s the take-home message: Stop 70 (buy) things that are superprocessed.”

第四部分：写作（共两节，满分35分）

第一节 短文改错（共10小题；每小题1分，满分10分）

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文，请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有10处语言错误，每句中最多有两处；错误涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加：在缺词处加一个漏字符号（∧），并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除：把多余的词用斜线（\）划掉。

修改：在错的词下划一横线，并在该词下面写出修改的词。

注意：1. 每处错误及其修改均限一词；

2. 只允许修改10处，多者（从第11处起）不计分。

Yesterday, I had drove my car to see a doctor. At the hospital parking lot, I tried to back the car into the space, and failed. I just got my driving licenses and was not skilled at operating it. As more cars lining up behind me and some drivers even yelled at me, I got nervously and worse at handling it. When I was about to quit and left, a man walked up to me. She offered to back my car. Then he suggested equip the car with a camera so that it would be easy to park it. I was relieved that he lent me hand and I was grateful for which he had done for me.

第二节 书面表达（满分25分）

假定你是李华，为了提倡环保过春节，你校英语社正在征集以“A Green Spring Festival”为题的倡议书，请你根据以下要点投稿：

1. 强调重要性；
2. 提出具体做法；
3. 发出呼吁。

注意：1. 词数100左右；

2. 可以适当增加细节，以使行文连贯。

A Green Spring Festival
