

秘密★启用前 【考试时间：1月11日 15:00—17:00】

昆明市 2022 届高三“三诊一模”摸底诊断测试

英 语

注意事项：

1. 答卷前，考生务必用黑色碳素笔将自己的姓名、准考证号、考场号、座位号填写在答题卡上，并认真核准条形码上的准考证号、姓名、考场号、座位号及科目，在规定的位置贴好条形码。
2. 回答选择题时，选出每小题答案后，用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时，将答案写在答题卡上。写在本试卷上无效。
3. 考试结束后，将本试卷和答题卡交回。

第一部分 听力（共两节，满分 30 分）

第一节（共 5 小题，每小题 1.5 分，满分 7.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What will the man do on Saturday morning?
A. Watch a basketball match. B. Practice rock climbing. C. Go swimming.
2. What time will the man be ready?
A. At 7:30. B. At 7:40. C. At 7:50.
3. What does the woman probably think about the man?
A. He has a healthy diet. B. He does a lot of sports. C. He eats too much.
4. What is happening to the woman's backpack?
A. Her father is washing it. B. Her mother is using it. C. Her aunt is sewing it.
5. How is the man feeling?
A. Frustrated. B. Confident. C. Encouraged.

第二节（共 15 小题，每小题 1.5 分，满分 22.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。听第 6 段材料，回答第 6、7 题。

6. Where are the speakers probably?
A. In Paris. B. In London. C. In New York.
7. How much does the man pay every month?
A. \$4,500. B. \$3,000. C. \$1,500.

听第 7 段材料，回答第 8 至 10 题。

8. What kind of dress does the woman usually like?
A. Short dresses. B. Mid-length dresses. C. Long dresses.
9. In which season will the wedding be held?
A. In summer. B. In autumn. C. In winter.

英语试卷·第 1 页（共 8 页）

10. What does the man want the woman to do next?

- A. Attend a wedding. B. Change her dress. C. Go to the store.

听第 8 段材料，回答第 11 至 13 题。

11. Why is Matt reading the book?

- A. For company management. B. For army service. C. For personal interest.

12. What do we know about the book?

- A. It's about army science. B. It's written by an artist. C. It wins several prizes.

13. What is the probable relationship between the two speakers?

- A. Manager and secretary. B. Teacher and student. C. Aunt and nephew.

听第 9 段材料，回答第 14 至 17 题。

14. Which country did the woman want to visit?

- A. Wakanda. B. Tanzania. C. India.

15. Why does the man disagree to the woman's travel plan?

- A. The man doesn't know enough about East Africa.

- B. There will not be much to see in that country.

- C. The woman's favorite country doesn't exist.

16. What does the man suggest the woman do?

- A. Watch more movies. B. Do more reading. C. Buy a map of the world.

17. What will the speakers probably do together?

- A. Visit an island. B. Do some research. C. Take a history class.

听第 10 段材料，回答第 18 至 20 题。

18. What did the native girls sell?

- A. Clothes. B. Drinks. C. Fruits.

19. What was the most interesting to the boy?

- A. The speaker's book. B. The speaker's watch. C. The speaker's water bottle.

20. How many kinds of things did the boy give the speaker?

- A. Two. B. Three. C. Four.

第二部分 阅读理解（共两节，满分 40 分）

第一节（共 15 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 30 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

A

The Most Breathtaking Theaters in the World

Shakespeare's Globe Theater (London, UK)

The original Globe Theater was built by Shakespeare's company in 1599, but was destroyed by fire in 1613. A replica was built in 1997 just meters from the original site. The new 857-seat structure has several modern features. It has the first and only straw roof permitted in London since the great fire of 1666.

Shakespeare's Globe, 21 New Globe Walk, Bankside, London; +44 20 7902 1400

Margravier Opera House (Bayreuth, Germany)

Built in 1745, the UNESCO-listed Margravier Opera House is regarded as the finest baroque theater in Europe. The stage has a depth of 27 meters and was the largest in Europe until 1871. Much of the original materials remain, along with original structures, such as the twin staircases.

Margravier Opera House, Opernstrasse 14, Bayreuth, Germany; +49 9 21 7 59 69 22

英语试卷·第 2 页（共 8 页）

Teatro Amazonas (Manaus, Brazil)

There can't be many theaters located in the middle of the Amazon rainforest, and the Teatro Amazonas is certainly the most breathtaking. The theater was built in 1895 and was designed by Italian architect Celestial Sacardim. Work took 15 years, largely thanks to the decision to source supplies from all over the world.

Amazon Theater, Centro, Manaus, Brazil; +55 92 3622 1880

National Centre for the Performing Arts (Beijing, China)

The National Centre for the Performing Arts (NCPA), built in 2007, is an arts centre in Beijing. Designed by French architect Paul Andreu, the NCPA is the largest theatre complex (建筑群) in Asia. The NCPA includes value in both ancient traditional Chinese architecture and modern architecture. It was specially designed to improve the red walls of ancient buildings and the Great Hall of the People in order to fit in with the surroundings.

NCPA, No. 2 West Chang'an Avenue, Xicheng District, Beijing; + 86 010 6655 0989

21. Where does the theatre with its longest survival time lie?
A. In London. B. In Bayreuth. C. In Manaus. D. In Beijing.
22. Which of the following was designed by an Italian architect?
A. Shakespeare's Globe. B. Margravial Opera House.
C. Teatro Amazonas. D. National Centre for the Performing Arts.
23. How is National Centre for the Performing Arts special?
A. It features modern architecture. B. It receives worldwide supplies.
C. It is a multifunctional theatre. D. It matches its surroundings.

B

Astrid Poghosyan, a 28-year-old Armenian violinist, now working as a helper to the president of the Shanghai Symphony Orchestra, a celebrated orchestra in China's most populous city, has achieved her dream as a musician.

This summer, she has been busy making preparations for a series of in-person and online music events and cultural exchange programs, including a music festival in Shanghai and a live-streamed international violin competition. Poghosyan said she always puts all her energy into the projects in which she is involved, whether they are offline or online events, as she believes that every little effort will help her realize her music-related dreams.

Having studied and worked in China for 12 years, Poghosyan has now become a real China hand. Such a multicultural background has certainly helped her excel at her current job. "Poghosyan plays a very special role in our orchestra," said Zhou Ping, president of the orchestra. "She has lived in China for long and loves the Chinese culture, and she knows how to use the advantage of a multicultural background in her work."

For Poghosyan, the life she now leads is quite different from when she first came to China in 2009 to study violin at the Shanghai Conservatory of Music. Then just 16, Poghosyan couldn't speak a word of Chinese. "And my high-school-level English wasn't of much help at that time," she said. "So I decided to learn Chinese to solve the communication problem."

As she gradually immersed (沉浸) herself in the Chinese language and culture, she also started to make Chinese friends and explore the exciting city life of Shanghai. "Since I first came to Shanghai, I have always been impressed by the kindness and friendliness of the people here," she said, "Their smiles have made me feel the warmth of the city."

24. What does Poghosyan do in China at present?
A. A hostess of a music festival. B. A president of an orchestra.
C. A judge of some music events. D. An assistant of Zhou Ping.
25. Which can replace the underlined word “excel” in paragraph 3?
A. Speed up. B. Show off. C. Stand out. D. Settle down.
26. How does Zhou Ping feel about Poghosyan’s performance?
A. Disappointed. B. Inspired. C. Worried. D. Satisfied.
27. What is the text mainly about?
A. An Armenian’s exciting academic life in Shanghai.
B. The advantage of multicultural background in work.
C. An Armenian musician realizing her dream in China.
D. The love brought to an Armenian by Chinese people.

Less than a quarter of families in Britain sit down for a “screen-free” dinner together every day away from TVs, phones and devices (设备), according to a research. The research was carried out to mark the launch of Vodafone Pro Broadband with Alexa, featuring a unique “Dinnertime” function which allows families to have 30 minutes of digital downtime.

A study of 1,600 parents, with at least one child at home, found six in ten admit getting children to switch off their devices is the biggest cause of disagreements in their household, leading to an average of two quarrels a day. The research also found it takes almost ten minutes for a child to switch off their devices after being asked.

Almost all parents feel having a break from technology is important for family relationships. And 86 percent think dinner time is an important part of the day for spending quality time together. However, despite this, 93 percent of parents believe technology is important for a child’s development, with 98 percent using digital devices to aid their learning.

Dr. Anna Colton, clinical child psychologist, commented, “Technology plays a huge part in all of our lives, and improves our work, learning and leisure.” She added, “However, it is vital to take time away from our screens and connect with family and friends face to face, particularly at mealtimes — both for ourselves and for our relationships with loved ones, to develop relationships.”

Max Taylor, consumer director at Vodafone UK, said, “30 minutes is the proper amount of time for families to reconnect with one another away from screens, because it’s long enough to have meaningful conversations, a meal or play a game — but not so long that it feels worrying or stressful.”

28. Why do children often quarrel with their parents according to the text?
A. They are unwilling to help with housework.
B. They are urged to turn off digital devices.
C. They are late for dinner with their parents.
D. They are stressed with too much homework.
29. What message does Dr. Colton mainly want to convey?
A. Technology enables families to spend quality time.
B. Screen time is of importance to children’s learning.
C. Face-to-face communication helps build good relationships.
D. 30 minutes is a proper time for mealtime communication.

30. How does the author present the research findings?
A. By providing some data. B. By giving some examples.
C. By making a comparison. D. By analyzing the cause.
31. Where can the text be found?
A. A textbook. B. A science report.
C. A fashion magazine. D. A travel brochure.

D

The cooling effect of trees reduces the surface temperature of European cities in the summer by up to 12°C in some regions. In contrast, green spaces without trees have an insignificant effect, according to a study that strengthens the case for tree planting to help cities adapt to global warming.

Jonas Schwaab at ETH Zurich in Switzerland and his colleagues used land surface temperature data collected by satellites to compare the temperature differences between areas covered by trees, treeless urban green spaces, such as parks, and urban constructions such as roads and buildings. They analysed 293 cities from across Europe.

The land surface temperature measured by satellites isn't the same as the air temperature, which is more closely linked to what humans would feel, says Schwaab. "Usually, the air temperature difference between tree-covered areas and built-up areas would be much smaller than the land surface temperature differences," he says.

The team found that tree-covered areas in cities have a much lower land surface temperature compared with surrounding areas. The differences were between 8°C and 12°C in central Europe and between 0°C and 4°C in southern Europe.

The cooling effect of trees comes largely from shading and transpiration (蒸腾). This process takes heat energy from the surrounding environment for evaporation (蒸发), lowering the surrounding temperature. In the warmer climate of southern Europe, the soil is typically drier, so the cooling effect of transpiration is lower than in regions further north, says Schwaab.

The team also found that the cooling provided by treeless green spaces is insignificant, and in some instances green areas without trees can even be warmer than the surrounding urban areas.

Extreme heat is a growing problem for cities in Europe and elsewhere as the planet gets hotter. The findings show that trees can have a big influence on cities across Europe, but since the size of their effects varies, heat reduction strategies should be tailored to suit each region, says Schwaab.

32. What's the purpose of the study?
A. To measure land and air temperatures. B. To suggest planting more trees in cities.
C. To make people aware of global warming. D. To stress the importance of green spaces.
33. Why is the cooling effect of transpiration lower in southern Europe?
A. The soil is drier. B. The climate is colder.
C. There're more green spaces. D. There're more roads and buildings.
34. What might Schwaab suggest in the last paragraph?
A. Wet lands should be enlarged. B. Dry soil should be reduced.
C. More roads should be built. D. Solutions should be different.
35. Which of the following is a suitable title for the text?
A. Trees Cool the Land Surface Temperature of Cities
B. Researchers Raise Solutions to Extreme Weather
C. High Tech Lowers Land Surface Temperature
D. Extreme Heat Does Harm to the Environment

英语试卷·第5页(共8页)

第二节 (共5小题; 每小题2分, 满分10分)

根据短文内容, 从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Be a Green Guest

When people take a vacation, they often take vacation from responsibility, too. Our behavior at hotels is one of the biggest problems. We have our linens (纺织品) washed daily for us, and are provided with an endless stream of hot water — what's not to love about that? But all of this luxury equals serious consequences for the environment. 36. They offer programs and facilities that save water and energy. That's a good start, but there is a lot more you can do to cut down the amount of waste produced wherever.

● 37.

In America alone, there are about 50,000 hotels. Now think if hotel management leaves out two small bottles for each hotel room every day, that's a huge amount of little plastic bottles that may not even get recycled. And what about all of that shampoo when you don't finish the bottle? A better way is to bring your own shampoo from home.

● **Turn off the lights.**

You do it when you're at home, right? Do it at the hotel, too. Studies have shown that, in hotels, the majority of energy spent through lighting comes from the bathroom light being left on for more than one hour! 38, remember to hit the switch!

● **Don't have your sheets or towels washed every day.**

Sure, it's a luxury to have linens and towels cleaned every day, but that's all it is. Washing a set of bed sheets and a pair of bathroom towels requires about 12-16 gallons of water. See if there is a policy for requesting that your towels and linens get washed weekly. In some hotels, it's as simple as hanging towels back up on a hook. 39.

These tips are also useful for trips to a friend's or relative's house. 40. They will also save your hosts a lot of money.

- A. Think about bathroom facilities
- B. Just say "no" to hotel shampoos
- C. When you're using the bathroom
- D. After you're done with your business
- E. They will save plastic, water, and electricity
- F. More and more hotels are becoming eco-friendly
- G. In others, you may ask the front desk for a personal request

第三部分 英语知识运用 (共两节, 满分45分)

第一节 完形填空 (共20小题; 每小题1.5分, 满分30分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给的四个选项A、B、C和D中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

I've never been the biggest fan of musicals. They often seemed 41 to me, and I would constantly 42 the time while watching one.

So when my friend suggested that we go to see the 43 *You're a Good Man, Charlie Brown* last weekend, I wasn't particularly 44. I figured I was about to 45 the familiar cycle of half-hearted attention to the plot and characters, 46 my phone during the performance. With nothing else to do, I finally 47 to go with him — it was something to get me out of the house.



Shortly after the musical began, Charlie Brown took the 48, sitting down with a sandwich. At the beginning, he was portrayed (描绘) as a(n) 49 boy with nobody eating with during lunches. Then he 50 a girl also having lunch alone and decided to go over and start a 51. But quickly he got into a 52 of over-thinking that the girl might hardly look at him. As the performance 53, I was shocked to see Charlie's courage and the pair chatting 54. One of my favorite scenes was that Charlie sang a song feeling sorry for his 55 of talent. But he realized that despite this, he was still "the 56 and remarkable Charlie Brown." "I'm ME!" he 57 declared.

We often assess ourselves by our achievements rather than 58 our basic worth as individuals. However, everybody loves Charlie Brown because he's Charlie Brown — the clumsy, self-doubt, insecure, but lovable four-year-old. To see Charlie 59 himself was eye-opening.

Actually, musicals aren't always so 60.

- | | | | |
|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 41. A. dull | B. frightening | C. educational | D. attractive |
| 42. A. forgetting | B. ignoring | C. checking | D. saving |
| 43. A. exhibition | B. drama | C. movie | D. musical |
| 44. A. annoyed | B. excited | C. touched | D. upset |
| 45. A. analyze | B. design | C. repeat | D. adjust |
| 46. A. glancing at | B. looking for | C. putting away | D. turning off |
| 47. A. continued | B. begged | C. agreed | D. volunteered |
| 48. A. bus | B. stage | C. computer | D. path |
| 49. A. smart | B. brave | C. honest | D. lonely |
| 50. A. remembered | B. spotted | C. heard | D. described |
| 51. A. research | B. project | C. talk | D. story |
| 52. A. panic | B. form | C. habit | D. trap |
| 53. A. changed | B. progressed | C. delayed | D. paused |
| 54. A. nervously | B. coldly | C. casually | D. merrily |
| 55. A. lack | B. development | C. view | D. discovery |
| 56. A. quiet | B. unique | C. patient | D. generous |
| 57. A. disappointedly | B. directly | C. modestly | D. proudly |
| 58. A. overlook | B. deny | C. recognize | D. doubt |
| 59. A. accept | B. praise | C. question | D. blame |
| 60. A. wonderful | B. positive | C. crazy | D. bad |

第二节 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

A miniature black horse with 61 white nose ran into a room in Nashville's Monroe Carell Jr. Children's Hospital. Some of the kids sat in wheelchairs and some wore masks, but they all screamed with 62 (excite). "I can't believe there's a horse in the hospital!" a boy said. On this day, instead of 63 (take) challenging medical tests and procedures, these kids got to have fun with Magic, a miniature horse.

Magic is a member of an all-volunteer charity, Gentle Carousel Miniature Therapy Horses. It 64 (run) by Debbie Garcia-Bengochea and her husband. Teams of therapy horses work with people 65 have experienced unpleasant events. Each year, the animals interact with more than 25,000 people of all ages in hospitals, schools, and 66 (library).

Magic has a special way of knowing who needs her the most. She goes over and 67 (gentle) puts her head on their shoulders. She 68 (win) many awards for her work so far. Due to Magic's uniquely empathetic (善解人意的) personality, volunteers often expect her 69 (reach) people in the most difficult situations, whether they are children with life-threatening illnesses 70 first people rescued from an earthquake. Not only does her presence comforts, but also it heals.

第四部分 写作 (共两节, 满分 35 分)

第一节 短文改错 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

假定英语课上, 老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文, 请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。作文中共有 10 处错误, 每句中最多有两处。错误涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加: 在缺词处加一个漏词符号 (△), 并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除: 把多余的词用斜线 (\) 划掉。

修改: 在错的词下面画一横线, 并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意:

1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词;
2. 只允许修改 10 处, 多者 (从第 11 处起) 不计分。

Millions of students across China watched the live broadcast of the lecture giving by Shenzhou-13 crew members in last month. During the one-hour class, students learned about the working environment of the space station. Amazing, they observed experiments related to human body movement as well cell growth in the weightless environment. They were so excited to attend such the wonderful live class in which they learned much about space than before. After they hear about the negative effects of the space environment on human body, they expressed their admiration for the astronaut. "They are really great people. They have devoted himself to the space exploration though facing high risks. There is no doubt whether their devotion deserves our respect."

第二节 书面表达 (满分 25 分)

春节将至, 你校校报英语专栏面向学生征稿, 主题为“我帮爸妈做年夜饭(Lunar New Year's Eve Dinner)”, 请你根据以下要点写一份稿件:

1. 年夜饭意义;
2. 帮忙内容;
3. 表达期待。

注意:

1. 词数 100 左右;
2. 可以适当增加细节, 以使行文连贯。

Helping My Parents with Lunar New Year's Eve Dinner

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