

英语试卷

注意事项:

1. 答卷前,考生务必将自己的姓名、考场号、座位号、准考证号填写在答题卡上。
2. 回答选择题时,选出每小题答案后,用铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时,将答案写在答题卡上。写在本试卷上无效。
3. 考试结束后,将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

考试时间为 120 分钟,满分 120 分。

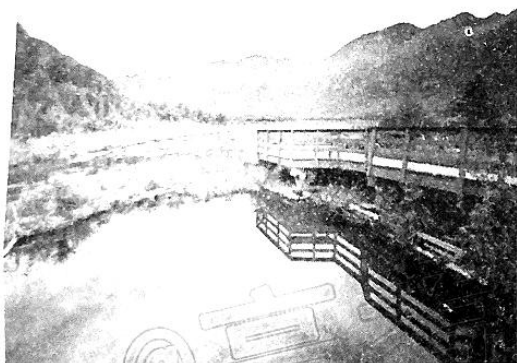
第一部分 阅读理解(共两节,满分 50 分)

第一节(共 15 小题;每小题 2.5 分,满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中,选出最佳选项。

A

Chugach State Park



Chugach State Park is the largest urban park in the world, spanning more than 200,000 hectares (公顷). In fact, it is almost ten times as large as Table Mountain National Park, the world's second-largest. Chugach State Park is located in Anchorage, Alaska. The park itself contains various different geographical features, including tall mountains, foothills, lakes, and rivers. It also includes hiking trails that are very popular with tourists.

Pedra Branca State Park



It is an urban park spanning 12,394 hectares in one of Brazil's largest cities, Rio de Janeiro. It can more accurately be described as an urban forest. The park protects half of what is known as the Atlantic Forest remnant of Rio de Janeiro. It contains more than 900 species of plants and almost 500 different species of birds, mammals, reptiles, and fish.

development goal of zero hunger by 2030. According to the UN's Food and Agriculture Organization, there are four factors in food security: physical availability of food, economic and physical access to food, food use, and stability of the other three factors over time.

Between 1979 and 2005, China received food aid from the UN World Food Program (WFP) which benefited over 30 million people nationwide. Starting from 2016, however, the partnership between China and the WFP witnessed a total transformation: China turned from a major aid recipient to a leading aid donor, supporting millions of malnourished(营养不良的) people beyond its borders.

Innovation(创新) in science and technology is one of the driving forces behind this change. Yuan is considered a pioneer in the field of food science and technology. He has dedicated himself to the research, application and promotion of hybrid rice for decades. The super hybrid rice that his team cultivated can yield nearly 18.1 ton per hectare, setting a new world record. Hence, Yuan is regarded as the "father of hybrid rice."

"Food safety is of very importance to the national economy and people's livelihood. As an agronomist, I felt that I should focus on this area," Yuan told CGTN. "My biggest hope is to make sure that the 'rice bowl' is firmly held in our own hands so that we, as a country, can feed ourselves."

24. What do we know about Yuan from the first paragraph?

- A. He gained much support from WFP.
- B. He contributed a lot to global food supply.
- C. He changed people's wrong ideas on food security.
- D. He won the Medal of the Republic for the second time.

25. What does the author think of the aim of zero hunger by 2030?

- A. Impractical.
- B. Impossible.
- C. Necessary.
- D. Difficult.

26. According to this passage, what has happened to China since 2016?

- A. China has helped many countries a lot in food supply.
- B. China has still received food supply from the UN.
- C. There have been no malnourished people.
- D. There have been no problems of food safety.

27. Which is Yuan Longping's main dream?

- A. Food safety is no more a problem.
- B. He can improve people's livelihood.
- C. China can feed itself all by itself.
- D. He has more innovation in food.

C

While verbal and written communication skills are important, nonverbal behaviors make up a large percentage of our daily interpersonal communication.

Good eye contact is an essential nonverbal communication skill. When people fail to look at others in the eye, it can seem as if they are trying to hide something. On the other hand, too much eye contact can seem aggressive. While eye contact is an important part of communication, it's important to remember that good eye contact does not mean staring fixedly into someone's eyes. Some communication experts recommend intervals of eye contact lasting four to five seconds.

If you are confused about another person's nonverbal signals, don't be afraid to ask questions. A good idea is to repeat back your interpretation of what has been said and ask for clarification. An example of this might be: "So what you are saying is that..." Sometimes simply asking such questions can lend a great deal of clarity to a situation. For example, a person might be giving off certain nonverbal signals because he has something else on his mind.

Another important part of good nonverbal communication skills involves being able to take a more holistic approach to what a person is communicating. A single gesture can mean any number of things, or maybe even nothing at all. The key to accurately reading nonverbal behavior is to look for groups of signals that reinforce a common point. If you place too much emphasis on just one signal out of many, you might come to an inaccurate conclusion about what a person is trying to say.

According to some, a firm handshake indicates a strong personality while a weak handshake is taken as a lack of courage. This example illustrates an important point about the possibility of misreading nonverbal signals. A limp handshake might actually indicate something else entirely, such as arthritis (关节炎). Always remember to look for groups of behavior.

28. What is good eye contact?
- A. Looking others in the eye for six seconds. B. Staring fixedly into someone's eyes.
C. Looking directly and tell the truth. D. Having eye contact every five seconds.
29. What should you do if you don't understand another person's nonverbal signals?
- A. Give him a smile. B. Ask for further information.
C. Tell him you're on his mind. D. Give off certain nonverbal signals.
30. What does the fourth paragraph mainly talk about?
- A. Look at signals as a whole. B. Concentrate on your communication skills.
C. Ask questions about nonverbal signals. D. Encourage listeners to use groups of signals.
31. Why does the author mention arthritis in the last paragraph?
- A. To call on readers to understand others while speaking.
 B. To ask readers to practice nonverbal signals more.
 C. To tell readers signals can be misread.
D. To prove a single gesture is a must.

D

Facebook announced today that it exceeded (超越) one of its biggest environmental goals: it managed to reduce its greenhouse gas emissions by 94 percent in 2020. It had previously promised to cut planet-heating emissions by 75 percent. The company said that it had also achieved its goal of "net zero emissions".

Facebook also announced that it had achieved another goal; it now purchases enough renewable energy to cover 100 percent of its global operations, which includes its offices and data centers. But that doesn't mean that all of its operations are actually powered by renewables like solar and wind energy — at least not yet.

Renewable energy is on the rise, but most electricity grids (电网) still rely on fossil fuels. When companies can't purchase enough renewable energy from utilities because there isn't enough supply,

many experiences I was passing up just because I was shy.

When my mentor shared her struggles, I think I realized how similar we really are. She battled stage fright just like me and seeing how she overcomes it every day in her job gave me the confidence that I could do it, too. 39

I realized that I loved being the change I wanted to see. My shyness melted away and I have confidence in voicing my beliefs. 40 I joined various non-profit organizations that focused on helping the people in the community.

- A. A mentoring relationship is valuable.
B. She was a very understanding person.
C. Communicating with others became a passion.
D. My experience as a learner was a key moment in my life.
E. I noticed my confidence brought about a sea of opportunities.
F. I gained opportunities to interact with my experienced mentor.
G. My mentor often challenged me to find things I was passionate about.

ABGEC

第二部分 语言知识运用(共两节,满分30分)

第一节(共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Susan Baker King Taylor was born into slavery in Georgia in 1848. At the age of 7, Susan and her brother were 41 to live with their grandmother in Savannah. Even with the 42 laws against formal education of African Americans, they both attended two 43 schools taught by black women. Susan soon became a 44 reader and writer.

After 45 slavery with her uncle and others, she joined hundreds of formerly enslaved refugees (难民) at Union-occupied St. Simons Island off Georgia's southern coast where she claimed her 46. At just 14 years old, she became the first black teacher to 47 educate African Americans in Georgia.

She married Edward King, a black officer. When she wasn't working as a nurse, she 48 soldiers to read and write and "learned to 49 a musket (火枪) very well...and could shoot straight and often hit the target," she wrote in her memoirs (回忆录).

While working as a nurse at a hospital for African American 50 in Beaumont, South Carolina, she met and 51 Clara Barton, the pioneering nurse who would 52 the American Red Cross. After the war, Susan and her husband moved to Savannah and opened a 53 for African American children in 1866.

In 1902, Susan became the first and only African American woman to write a memoir about her 54 in the Civil War. She wrote of the persistent racism decades after the conflict, but 55 a glorious time of the fight for freedom.

41. A. driven

B. approved

C. sent

D. represented

42. A. strict

B. equal

C. selfish

D. accessible

一轮复习联考(五) 新高考卷 I 英语试卷 第6页(共8页)

- | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 43. A. secret | B. terrible | C. mean | D. amazing |
| 44. A. regular | B. anxious | C. attractive | D. skilled |
| 45. A. escaping | B. reviewing | C. appointing | D. receiving |
| 46. A. recognition | B. membership | C. freedom | D. value |
| 47. A. slightly | B. hardly | C. partly | D. openly |
| 48. A. won | B. remembered | C. taught | D. reminded |
| 49. A. dream | B. handle | C. attract | D. challenge |
| 50. A. relatives | B. officers | C. teammates | D. soldiers |
| 51. A. gave up | B. worked with | C. woke up | D. stood out |
| 52. A. protect | B. assist | C. establish | D. respond |
| 53. A. school | B. time | C. reply | D. history |
| 54. A. information | B. experiences | C. restrictions | D. explanations |
| 55. A. stuck with | B. stared at | C. knocked on | D. reflected on |

第二节(共10小题;每小题1.5分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

"Multiple measures have been taken to stop illegal use of farmland," a Ministry of Natural Resources official 56 (tell) a news conference on Monday.

Together with the Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Affairs, the ministry released two notices in July. One banned the illegal use of farmland 57 real estate (地产) projects and the other sought 58 (ensure) reasonable land use for housing construction in rural areas.

Since the release of the two notices, several regions 59 (raise) public awareness about the legal use of farmland through short television 60 (program) or online films in local dialects.

Inspections and law enforcement (执行) have also been strengthened in recent months, with satellite remote sensing being introduced.

"The central government has attached great 61 (important) to farmland protection," the ministry said. Those involved in the illegal use, sale and transfer of permanent farmland covering more than 0.33 hectares or ordinary farmland covering more than 0.66 hectares will be sued. Farmland in China 62 (classify) as permanent when its use for nonagricultural purposes is banned. Ordinary farmland can be used for other purposes in certain circumstances.

China will establish 63 national territorial (领土的) planning system by the end of this year. It will be guided by three "red lines", one of 64 will include about 103 million hectares of permanent farmland with the aim of boosting safety, improving quality and 65 (prevent) nonagricultural use.

第三部分 写作(共两节,满分40分)

第一节(满分15分)

假如你是一名国际学校学生李华。你校“驴友社团”(Travel Club)正在招纳一名业余导游。请你用英语给负责老师 Jim 写一封电子邮件,申请加入。要点如下:

1. 喜欢旅游;

2. 英语单词俱佳;

3. 熟悉地理

注意:1. 词数 80 左右;

2. 可以适当增加细节,以便行文连贯

Dear Jim,

Yours,

Li Hua

第二节 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

One of my most memorable trips took place during the summer vacation about three years ago, when my sister, my aunt and I took a trip to Spain because we were moving. On the day of the trip, I was indeed thinking about my friends whom I was going to leave behind and thoughts were flooding in.

When we arrived at the hire station, we seemed to have some problems with our luggage because it was too much for a taxi, so we had to book a van (厢式送货车) to take our luggage to the airport. We waited for a long period to find a perfect van that would fit our luggage.

Before leaving, I felt very bad because I was going to a different country and was going to miss all my friends and family. I was not comfortable and cried.

The journey was almost perfect at the beginning, but soon it began to rain. Because of the rain, the drivers could not see far away, which caused a huge traffic jam. I was sitting by the window with a can of Coke that I had bought in the store earlier. My aunt and sister fell asleep, and during this time, I felt bored and thought about other things that bothered me. My eyes turned to the mountain in front of us.

A bus suddenly appeared in the picture. It was very close to us. Cars sped past us without any speed limit. Beside me was a very deep lake; I wondered to myself what if something or someone fell inside it. Suddenly, a bus in front of our van stopped, and because it was raining heavily and the van was going fast, no one could see what was going to happen. Then, bang, we bumped into each other. Our van overturned, but luckily, it didn't fall into the lake. People came to help us get out of the van because we were blocked and the driver was half-dead.

注意:1. 续写词数应为 150 左右;

2. 续写部分分为两段,每段的开头语已为你写好。

We struggled to get out of the van and everything we had was gone.

I was losing a lot of blood and then the emergency aid came.

2022 届高三一轮复习联考(五) 新高考卷 I 英语参考答案及评分意见

阅读理解

21-23 CBA 24-27 BDAC 28-31 DBAC 32-35 BDCA

七选五

36-40 DBGEC

完形填空

41-45 CAADA 46-50 CDCBD 51-55 BCABD

语法填空

56. told 57. for 58. to ensure 59. have raised 60. programs
61. importance 62. is classified 63. a 64. which 65. preventing

书面表达

Dear Jim,

I'm Li Hua, a senior student of our school. Knowing that Travel Club is taking in a new guide, I'm writing to apply for a chance.

First of all, I have travelled a lot in my vacations. I have been to many places of interest both home and abroad. What's more, I am fluent both in speaking Chinese and English. Many places are familiar to me. Years of traveling experience makes me a brilliant traveler, which will help a lot with the development of the club.

I'd appreciate it if you could take my application into consideration.

Yours,
Li Hua

读后续写

We struggled to get out of the van and everything we had was gone. Everything was very strange. I had never had that kind of experience before. It was like watching a horror movie. Some people who were also in the accident started crying, looking for their children, tears beginning to increase. My leg was badly injured. My aunt was calling to seek some help, and my sister was full of injury. It almost seemed that the tragedy was never going to end.

I was losing a lot of blood and then the emergency aid came. They took us to hospital where we were treated. We had to pay for some fees, but we had no money. The doctors and nurses who were present learned of our condition and paid for us. Although we had experienced a bad accident, we were all lucky to have received help from those warm-hearted people. After that we went on with our journey and reached our destination successfully at last.

书面表达

各档次的给分范围和要求:

第四档(13分~15分)

完全完成了试题规定的任务。

- 1) 内容完整,条理清楚;
- 2) 交际得体,表达时充分考虑到了交际对象的需求,体现出较强的语言运用能力;
- 3) 完全达到了预期的写作目的。

第三档(9分~12分)

基本完成了试题规定的任务。

- 1) 内容、条理和交际等方面基本符合要求;
- 2) 所用语法和词汇满足了任务的要求;
- 3) 语法或用词方面有一些错误,但不影响理解;
- 4) 基本达到了预期的写作目的。

一轮复习联考(五) 新高考卷 I 英语答案 第 1 页(共 5 页)

第二档(4分~8分)

未恰当完成试题规定的任务。

- 1) 内容不完整;
- 2) 所用词汇有限,语法或用词方面的错误影响了对写作内容的理解;
- 3) 未能清楚地传达信息。

第一档(1分~3分)

未完成试题规定的任务。

- 1) 写了少量相关信息;
- 2) 语法或用词方面错误较多,严重影响了对写作内容的理解。

不得分(0分)

未传达任何信息;写的内容与要求无关。

读后续写

各档次的给分范围和要求:

第五档(21~25分)

- 1) 与所给短文融洽度高,与所提供各段落开头语衔接合理;
- 2) 所使用语法结构和词汇丰富、准确,可能有些许错误,但完全不影响意义表达;
- 3) 有效地使用了语句间的连接成分,使所续写短文结构紧凑。

第四档(16~20分)

- 1) 与所给短文融洽度较高,与所提供各段落开头语衔接较为合理;
- 2) 所使用语法结构和词汇较为丰富、准确,可能有些许错误,但不影响意义表达;
- 3) 比较有效地使用了语句间的连接成分,使所续写短文结构紧凑。

第三档(11~15分)

- 1) 与所给短文关系较为密切,与所提供各段落开头语有一定程度的衔接;
- 2) 应用的语法结构和词汇能满足任务的要求,是有一些错误,但不影响意义表达;
- 3) 应用简单的语句间连接成分,使全文内容连贯。

第二档(6~10分)

- 1) 与所给短文有一定的关系,与所提供各段落开头语有一定程度的衔接;
- 2) 语法结构单调、词汇项目有限,有些语法结构和词汇方面的错误,影响了意义的表达;
- 3) 较少使用语句间的连接成分,全文内容缺少连贯性。

第一档(1~5分)

- 1) 与所提供短文和开头语的衔接较差;
- 2) 语法结构单调、词汇项目很有限,有较多语法结构和词汇方面的错误,严重影响了意义的表达;
- 3) 缺乏语句间的连接成分,全文内容不连贯。

不得分(0分)

白卷、内容太少无法评判或所写内容与所提供内容无关。

部分答案详解

阅读理解

A 篇 本文是一篇应用文。主要介绍了世界上最著名的四个国家公园的情况。

21. C 细节理解题。根据第一个公园介绍中的第一、二句可知,Chugach State Park 面积为 200,000 公顷,几乎是 Table Mountain National Park 的十倍,故判断 Table Mountain National Park 面积大约为 20000 公顷,选 C 项。

22. B 细节理解题。根据第二个公园介绍中的第四句“*It contains more than 900 species of plants...*”可知,这个公园包括 900 多种植物,如果你喜欢研究植物的多样性,这个公园是你的最佳选择。故选 B 项。

23. A 推理判断题。根据第三个公园介绍中的 *which is the capital of the South Asian nation of Pakistan* 可知,

Margalla Hills National Park 位于亚洲的巴基斯坦;再根据第四个公园介绍的内容可知,它位于韩国。二者都位于亚洲,故选 A 项。

B 篇 本文是一篇新闻报道。文章主要讲述了共和国勋章获得者袁隆平的贡献,他被称为“杂交水稻之父”。

24. B 细节理解题。根据第一段第一句中“...contribution to the nation's food security, the development of agricultural science, and global food supply”可知,因为对国家粮食安全、农业发展以及全球粮食供应方面的贡献,袁隆平获得了共和国勋章。故选 B 项。

25. D 推理判断题。根据第二段第一句中“...is facing huge challenges in achieving the sustainable development goal of zero hunger by 2030”可知,要想在 2030 实现零饥饿的目标,人类面临巨大的挑战,实现目标非常艰巨。故选 D 项。

26. A 推理判断题。根据第三段最后一句“Starting from 2016, ... China turned from a major aid recipient to a leading aid donor...”可知,自从 2016 年以来,中国已经从粮食受援国变成一个主要援助国。故选 A 项。

27. C 细节理解题。根据最后一段中袁隆平所说的“My biggest hope is to make sure that the ‘rice bowl’ is firmly held in our own hands...”可知,他最大的希望是确保中国人的饭碗牢牢端在自己手里。故选 C 项。

C 篇 本文是一篇说明文。非语言沟通技巧至关重要,可以更轻松地传达一个人的观点并读懂其他人试图告诉你的内容。

28. D 细节理解题。根据第二段最后一句“...intervals of eye contact lasting four to five seconds”可知,最恰当的眼神接触是间隔 4 至 5 秒。

29. B 细节理解题。根据第三段第四句“Sometimes simply asking such questions can lend a great deal of clarity to a situation.”可知,通过进一步提出问题可以使情况更清晰。

30. A 推理判断题。在本段中,第三句“The key to accurately reading nonverbal behavior is to look for groups of signals that reinforce a common point.”是本段的中心句,准确解读非言语行为的关键是寻找强化共同点的肢体语言群,即:从整体上来看这些肢体语言。

31. C 推理判断题。最后一段提到有力的握手表示个性很强,而软弱的握手则表示缺乏胆量。但如果对方有关节炎,他的握手也许会很虚弱。作者提起关节炎旨在说明肢体语言有时候也会被人误读。

D 篇 本文是一篇说明文。Facebook 今天宣布,它在 2020 年设法将温室气体排放量削减了 94%。近期,Facebook 还宣布建立了新的“气候信息中心”。

32. B 推理判断题。根据第一段可知,Facebook 宣称 2020 年该公司温室气体排放量减少了 94%,而此前曾承诺减少 75%,由此可见,Facebook 减少的气候污染比原来计划的要多。

33. D 细节理解题。根据第三段中的 Those projects can be located anywhere, and certificates have been sold for so cheap that experts say they don't really lead to more renewable energy production 可知,专家说可再生能源证书并没有真正带来更多可再生能源的产生,即没有什么实际益处。

34. C 词义猜测题。根据划线词前的“It all comes on the heels of criticism from activists and policymakers over how misinformation about climate change”可知,所有这些都发生在活动家和政策制定者对网站上有关气候变化的错误信息如何“_____”遭到批评之后,推断划线词意为“恶化”。故选 C 项。

35. A 主旨大意题。全文主要围绕 Facebook 实现了关键的气候目标展开,该公司不仅在 2020 年温室气体排放量减少了 94%,其全球办公实现了 100% 使用可再生能源,而且还成立了“气候科学信息中心”。故选 A 项。

七选五

本文是一篇说明文。人生中能遇上良师益友,是三生有幸的事情。我的导师让我体验了这种美好的经历,她让我发现自我、挑战自我,从而实现自我。

36. D 上文提到有导师的好处就是最好的例子之一,此处选择 D 项“作为一个学习者的经历是我生命中的一个关键时刻”呼应上文。

37. B 上文提到她不是我认为的那样固执的,此处选择 B 项“她是一个非常善解人意的人”呼应上文。

38. G 本段大意是导师鼓励作者不断挑战自我,克服自身害羞的局限,此处选择 G 项“我的导师经常挑战我,让我找到我热爱的东西”总领本段主旨。
39. E 上文提到她和我一样对抗怯场,看看她是如何克服怯场的给了我信心我能做到,此处选择 E 项“我注意到我的自信带来了大量的机会”呼应主旨。
40. C 上文提到我的羞怯消失了,我有信心表达我的信仰,下文提到我加入了各种致力于帮助人民的非营利组织,此处选择 C 项“与他人交流成为一种激情”承上启下。

完形填空

本文是一篇记叙文。主要介绍了苏珊·贝克·金·泰勒。在逃离奴隶制之后,年仅 14 岁的她成为第一位在乔治亚州公开教育非洲裔美国人的黑人教师。1902 年,苏珊成为第一位也是唯一一位写下自己内战经历的回忆录的非裔美国妇女。她写了冲突后几十年持续的种族主义,但回顾了争取自由的光荣时期。

41. C 考查动词辨析。下文提到她和祖母一起生活,所以苏珊是被“送到”祖母家的。drive 驱使; approve 赞同; send 送; represent 代表。故选 C。
42. A 考查形容词词义辨析。文中多次提到黑人受到的不平等待遇,所以法律对黑人接受教育有“苛刻的”规定。strict 严厉的; equal 平等的; selfish 自私的; accessible 可到达的,可接近的,可进入的。故选 A。
43. A 考查形容词辨析。由于法律的不平等,所以他们只有“秘密地”接受教育。secret 秘密的; terrible 可怕的; mean 自私的; amazing 惊奇的。故选 A。
44. D 考查形容词辨析。后文提到苏珊教授士兵识字以及她写回忆录,可以推知她是一个“熟练”的读者和作家。regular 经常的; anxious 焦急的; attractive 有吸引力的; skilled 熟练的。故选 D。
45. A 考查动词辨析。下文提到年仅 14 岁的苏珊成为第一位教育非洲裔美国人的黑人教师,这里指她“逃离了”奴隶制。escape 逃跑; review 复习; appoint 任命; receive 收到。故选 A。
46. C 考查名词辨析。在圣西蒙斯岛,苏珊声称获取了“自由”。recognition 认可; membership 会员; freedom 自由; value 价值。故选 C。
47. D 考查副词辨析。苏珊逃离了奴隶制之后,自然可以“公开地”做老师授课。slightly 轻微; hardly 几乎不; partly 部分; openly 公开地。故选 D。
48. C 考查动词词义辨析。上文提到苏珊做过老师,有授课经验,做护士的间隙,她还“教”士兵读和写。win 赢得; remember 记住; teach 教; remind 提醒。故选 C。
49. B 考查动词辨析。根据本句中的 a musket (火枪) very well 可知,此空应填 handle (处理)。dream 梦想; handle 处理,解决; attract 吸引; challenge 挑战。故选 B。
50. D 考查名词辨析。句意:在南卡罗来纳州博蒙特的一家非裔美国人“士兵”医院当护士时。relative 亲戚; officer 官员; teammate 队友; soldier 士兵。故选 D。
51. B 考查动词短语辨析。根据本句中的 the pioneering nurse 可知,此空应填 worked with,指苏珊与克拉拉·巴顿一起工作。give up 放弃; work with 与……一起工作; wake up 醒来; stand out 突出。故选 B。
52. C 考查动词辨析。句意:克拉拉·巴顿 (Clara Barton) “建立了”美国红十字会。protect 保护; assist 帮助; establish 建立; respond 回复。故选 C。
53. A 考查名词词义辨析。根据本句中的 African American children in 1866 可知,此空应填 school (学校)。school 学校; time 时间; reply 答复; history 历史。故选 A。
54. B 考查名词辨析。根据空格前的 write a memoir 可知,苏珊写了自己内战“经历”的回忆录。information 信息; experience 经历; C. restriction 限制; explanation 解释。故选 B。
55. D 考查动词短语辨析。固定短语 reflect on “回顾”,符合语境。stick with 坚持做; 紧跟,紧随; 和……呆在一起; stare at 盯着; knock on 敲打; reflect on 回顾。故选 D。

语法填空

本文是一篇新闻报道。耕地是粮食生产的重要基础。中国政府高度重视耕地保护,近年来,出台了一系列严格耕地保护的政策措施。

56. told 考查时态。根据时间状语 on Monday 可知是过去发生的事情,故用一般过去时。

57. for 考查介词。常见搭配 the use ...for 意为“用于……的用途”。
58. to ensure 考查非谓语动词。此处是动词不定式短语作目的状语。
59. have raised 考查时态。根据前面的连词 Since 可知,此处用现在完成时。
60. programs 考查名词复数。电视节目应该有很多,故此处用复数形式符合语境。
61. importance 考查词性转换。动词短语 attach importance to 意为“重视”。
62. is classified 考查主谓一致和被动语态。主语是 Farmland, 谓语用单数,再者,此处表示“被分类”,故用被动语态。
63. a 考查冠词。System 是单数可数名词,故用不定冠词 a 修饰。
64. which 考查定语从句。此处考查 one of+关系代词的非限制性定语从句,which 代指前面的 three "red lines"。
65. preventing 考查非谓语动词。根据前面的 boosting safety, improving quality 可知。此处应用动名词作介词 of 的并列宾语。

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