

绝密★启用前 【考试时间：2020年4月25日下午15:00~17:00】

湖南湖北四校 2020 届高三学情调研联考

英语试题卷

本试卷共 10 页，满分 150 分，考试用时 120 分钟。

考生注意：

1. 答卷前，考生务必将自己的姓名和座位号填写在答题卡上。
2. 回答选择题时，选出每小题答案后，用铅笔把答题卡对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时，将答案写在答题卡上。写在本试卷上无效。
3. 考试结束后，将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

祝考试顺利！

第 I 卷

第一部分 听力（共两节，满分 30 分）

做题时，现将答案标在试卷上，录音内容结束后，你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节（共 5 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 7.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话，每段对话后有一个小题。从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例：How much is the shirt?

- A. £ 19.15.
- B. £ 9.18.
- C. £ 9.15.

答案是 C。

1. What time is it now?
A. 9:10. B. 9:50. C. 10:00.
2. What does the woman think of the weather?
A. It's nice. B. It's warm. C. It's cold.
3. What will the man do?
A. Attend a meeting. B. Give a lecture. C. Leave his office.
4. What is the woman's opinion about the course?
A. Too hard. B. Worth taking. C. Very easy.
5. What does the woman want the man to do?
A. Speak louder. B. Apologize to her. C. Turn off the radio.

第二节（共 15 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 22.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料，回答第 6、7 题。

6. How long did Michael stay in China?

- A. Five days. B. One week. C. Two weeks.
7. Where did Michael go last year?
A. Russia. B. Norway. C. India.
- 听第 7 段材料, 回答第 8、9 题。
8. What food does Sally like?
A. Chicken. B. Fish. C. Eggs.
9. What are the speakers going to do?
A. Cook dinner. B. Go shopping. C. Order dishes.
- 听第 8 段材料, 回答第 10 至 12 题。
10. Where are the speakers?
A. In a hospital. B. In the office. C. At home.
11. When is the report due?
A. Thursday. B. Friday. C. Next Monday.
12. What does George suggest Stephanie do with the report?
A. Improve it. B. Hand it in later. C. Leave it with him.
- 听第 9 段材料, 回答第 13 至 16 题。
13. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?
A. Salesperson and customer. B. Homeowner and cleaner. C. Husband and wife.
14. What kind of apartment do the speakers prefer?
A. One with two bedrooms. B. One without furniture. C. One near market.
15. How much rent should one pay for the one-bedroom apartment?
A. \$350. B. \$400. C. \$415.
16. Where is the apartment?
A. On Lake Street. B. On North Street. C. On South Street.
- 听第 10 段材料, 回答第 17 至 20 题。
17. What percentage of the people who go to Britain?
A. Almost 15%. B. About 25%. C. Over 40%.
18. Why do tea tasters taste tea with milk?
A. Most British people drink tea that way. B. Tea tastes much better with milk.
C. Tea with milk is healthy.
19. Who suggests a price for each tea?
A. Tea tasters. B. Tea exporters. C. Tea companies.
20. What is the speaker talking about?
A. The life of tea tasters. B. Afternoon tea in Britain.
C. The London Tea Trade Centre.

第二部分 阅读理解 (共两节, 满分 40 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 30 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

Putting Movies on Mobiles

Movies in the theater get their recognition at awards ceremonies such as the Oscars. But how about movies for phones? They are getting their turn at MoFilm—the first mobile film festival.

The first MoFilm competition received 250 entries from more than 100 countries. Entries were

restricted to films that were five minutes or less in length—best for viewing and sharing on mobile phones. An independent team of judges then selected a shortlist of five film-makers. The winner was chosen from the shortlist by an audience voting using their phones.

New Platforms

The awards highlight the increasing influence that mobile phones are showing in the entertainment industry. Many grassroots filmmakers start out with short films. They are thwarted by the lack of opportunities to screen their work. Therefore, mobile phones are increasingly being seen as a new platform for these short works.

It is a good place for anyone who wants to express themselves and find a way to have that expression be seen by a wide audience. Just think about how many people have mobile phones in the world!

New Technology Advances

MoFilm is pioneering content for mobile and online services that is a world away from Hollywood. The majority of films made for mobiles are now short in length, taking into account the screen size. However this could be overcome as technology advances.

In the near future, longer films will likely be seen on the mobile phone. And there are mobile companies creating phones where users can watch movies at higher quality.

Wherever you see movies, one thing is certain: the quality of work, the simple ability at story telling, and the thing that inspires someone to tell a story can really come from anywhere.

21. The underlined word “thwarted” means “_____”.

- A. surprised B. frightened C. disappointed D. encouraged

22. Nowadays the majority of films made for mobiles are short in length because of _____.

- A. the screen size B. online services
C. technology advances D. the mobile phone

23. We can learn from the text _____.

- A. It is impossible to see longer films on mobile phone.
B. Mobile companies will create more films.
C. The quality work can only be seen in the theater.
D. The quality of work can also be seen from MoFilms.

B

Clara Daly was seated on an Alaska Airlines flight from Boston to Los Angeles when a flight attendant asked an urgent question over the loudspeaker: Does anyone on board know American Sign Language? She knew she needed to help.

Clara, 15 at the time, pressed the call button. The flight attendant came by and explained the situation. “We have a passenger on the plane who’s blind and deaf,” she said. The passenger seemed to want something, but he was traveling alone and the flight attendants couldn’t understand what he needed, according to PEOPLE magazine.

Clara had been studying ASL for the past year to help with her, dyslexia and knew she’d be able to spell on the man’s palm by finger. So she unbuckled her seat belt, walked toward the front of the plane, and knelt by the aisle seat of Tim Cook, then 64. Gently taking his hand, she signed, “How are you? Are you OK?” Cook asked for some water. When it arrived, Clara returned to her seat. She came by again a bit later because he wanted to know the time. On her third visit, she stopped and stayed for a while.

“He didn’t need anything. He was lonely and wanted to talk,” Clara said. So for the next hour,

that was what they did. She talked about her family and her plans for the future (she wants to be a politician). Cook told Clara how he had gradually become blind over time and shared stories of his days as a traveling salesman. Even though he couldn't see her, she "looked attentively at his face with such kindness", a passenger reported.

"Clara was amazing," a flight attendant told Alaska Airlines in a blog interview. "You could tell Cook was very excited to have someone he could speak to, and she was such a warm-hearted girl." Cook's reaction: "Best trip I've ever had."

Looking for ways to offer help? Start with this random act of kindness that can change someone's life right now.

24. The flight attendant asked an urgent question because _____.
- A.the passenger was traveling alone
B.the plane was in a dangerous situation
C.the passenger asked for something urgently
D.none of the flight attendants could communicate with the passenger
- 25.Why did Clara talk about her plans for the future?
- A.Because the flight attendant asked her to do so.
B.Because she needed topics to go on talking with Cook.
C.Because Cook expected to understand teenagers better.
D.Because she wanted to show her ambition for the future.
- 26.Which of the following words can best describe Clara?
- A.Kind and caring.
B.Warm-hearted and cautious.
C.Generous and amazing.
D.Ambitious and attentive.
- 27.The passage is mainly written to _____.
- A.tell a touching story of an amazing girl
B.stress the great importance of American Sign Language
C.appeal to readers to lend a hand kindly and randomly
D.show how considerate the flight attendant was to help Cook

C

Pigeons in London have a bad reputation. Some people call them flying rats. And many blame them for causing pollution with their droppings. But now the birds are being used to fight another kind of pollution in this city of 8.5 million.

"The problem for air pollution is that it's been largely ignored as an issue for a long time," says Andrea Lee, who works for the London-based environmental organization Client Earth. "People don't realize how bad it is, and how it actually affects their health." London's poor air quality is linked to nearly 10,000 early deaths a year. Lee says, citing report released by the city manager last year, "If people were better informed about the pollution they're breathing," she says, "they could pressure the government to do something about it."

Nearby, on a windy hill in London's Regent's Park, an experiment is underway that could help—the first week of flights by the Pigeon Air Patrol. It all began when Pierre Duquesnoy, the director for DigitasLBi, a marketing firm, won a London Design Festival contest last year to show how a world problem could be solved using Twitter. Duquesnoy, from France, chose the problem of air pollution.

“Basically, I realized how important the problem was, he says. “But also I realized that most of the people around me didn’t know anything about it.” Duquesnoy says he wants to better measure pollution, while at the same time making the results accessible to the public through Twitter.

“So, ” he wondered, “how could we go across the city quickly collecting as much data as possible?” Drones (无人驾驶飞机) were his first thought. But it’s illegal to fly them over London. “But pigeons can fly above London, right?” he says. “They live —actually? they are Londoners as well. So, yeah, I thought about using pigeons equipped with mobile apps. And we can use not just street pigeons, but racing pigeons, because they fly pretty quickly and pretty low.”

So it might be time for Londoners to have more respect for their pigeons. The birds may just be helping to improve the quality of the city’s air.

28. What can we infer about London’s air quality from paragraph 2?

- A. Londoners are very satisfied with it.
- B. The government is trying to improve it.
- C. The government has done a lot to improve it.
- D. Londoners should pay more attention to it.

29. Duquesnoy attended the London Design Festival to .

- | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| A. entertain Londoners | B. solve a world problem |
| C. design a product for sale | D. protect animals like pigeons |

30. Why did Duquesnoy give up using drones to fly across London?

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| A. Because they are too expensive | B. Because they fly too quickly. |
| C. Because they are forbidden. | D. Because they fly too high. |

31. Which can be the best title for the text?

- A. London’s New Pollution Fighter
- B. London’s Dirty Secret
- C. Clean Air in London
- D. Causes of Air Pollution in London

D

Overcoming extreme cold, cruel ice and people dismissing him as mad, Slovenian Davo Kamicar became the first person to ski non-stop down Mount Everest.

After a dramatic fall over almost sheer cliffs of snow, stones and ice, 38-year-old Kamicar emerged in his base camp after five hours of skiing. “I feel only absolute happiness and absolute tiredness,” he said.

At one stage he had to speed over stretches of ice that collapsed and broke underneath him and

could have sent him falling into the deep crevasses that dot the mountain.

The descent had been seen by many as insanely dangerous. The Darwin Awards website, which documents deaths which are foolhardy, urged people to log on to Internet broadcasts of the attempt. “Keep your eyes peeled for a live Darwin Award,” it said.

However, the only body to make the news was the corpse of an unknown mountaineer which Kamicar zipped past as he descended, one of an estimated 120 corpses, thought to litter the slopes.

“This mountain is always full of surprises. Seeing a dead man out there was a really shocking experience,” he said.

Thanks to strategically placed cameras on the mountain and one attached to his safety helmet, hundreds of thousands of people witnessed his descent on the Internet, which was one of the record highs ever. During the run more than 650,000 hits were registered on his expedition website jamming it for a time as others tried to access the site.

Weather conditions were so severe that Kamicar had to abandon plans to rest on the summit before attempting to descend. Instead, suffering from fatigue, as soon as he reached the top he put on his skis and flung himself back down the mountain.

Dealing with the mounta _____ when a previous failed attempt saw him get frostbite as a fierce storm _____ washed the peak.

Kamicar comes from _____ an skiing expedition in 1989. Since then, he has been tireless in raising funds and sponsorship for more expeditions, with Everest as the permanent goal.

32. Davo Kamicar made history by _____.

- A. skiing down Mount Everest without rest
- B. descending Mount Everest within the shortest time ever
- C. attracting largest number of audience online for his descent
- D. becoming the first to film his descent down Mount Everest

33. The underlined word foolhardy in the passage is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. sudden and hard to accept
- B. taking unnecessary risks
- C. attracting public attention
- D. working hard to fool others

34. According to the passage, which of the following statements is TRUE?

- A. Kamicar saw about 120 dead bodies littering the slope.

- B. The broadcast of his descent online was cancelled because of the website jam.
 C. Kamicar's family had a tradition to conquer Mount Everest.
 D. This was not Kamicar's first attempt on Mount Everest.
35. Which of the following may be the best title for the passage?
- A. Mad man skis down Everest
 B. Darwin Award for Davo Kamicar
 C. Extreme sports hero slides to a record
 D. Body of mountaineer found on Everest

第二节（共5小题；每小题2分，满分10分）

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。选项中有两项为多余选项。

How to Meet New People

It is easy to find a place where people gather. But once you're in a room full of people, then what? The trick is finding a way to approach someone and get them talking to you.

Prepare to meet new people before you arrive. 36_____. Don't think in terms of yes or no questions. You should consider questions that will allow the person to contribute more than a one-word answer to the conversation.

★ Arrive at your event or place. Don't panic when you walk in the door. Take your time and look over the room. If this is a classroom, take a seat and look around the room. 37_____, take time to enjoy the art while looking at the people. Don't rush into talking to someone. You have time, so just get a feel for the group.

★ Approach someone. 38_____. But remember, if the person is at the event alone, they may also be shy and try to break out and meet people. You need to make them feel comfortable by chatting with them.

★ 39_____. Keep them talking and talk yourself—remember, conversation goes in two directions. You may have a couple of awkward moments, but if you have a few items planned to talk about, you'll find that they'll start adding their own questions and information to the conversation.

★ Don't forget to ask them for a friendship follow-up. 40_____, try asking your new friend if they'd like to go to another event with you. If it is a repeat event, such as a class, try asking them if they'd like to meet for coffee before the next class to study the material.

- A. If it is a one-time event
 B. If this is an art show
 C. If you have picked out someone to approach
 D. Mentally pull out your prepared questions
 E. You may not meet your next best friend on your first try
 F. You might find it easiest to approach someone who is also alone
 G. Sit down and write out a list of potential questions you can ask someone

第三部分 语言知识运用（共两节，满分45分）

第一节 完形填空（共20小题；每小题1.5分，满分30分）

英语试题卷 第7页（共10页）

阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

I still remember an old lady, a customer on the paper route in my hometown when I was 12 years old. She taught me a lesson in 41 that I shall never forget.

On a(n) 42 afternoon, a friend and I were throwing stones onto the 43 of the old lady's house. The stone that I found was too smooth, 44 it slipped from my hand as I let it go and 45 straight not for the covering on top of the house but for a small window on the house's back porch. At the sound of broken glass, we knew we were 46. We turned and 47.

I was too 48 about getting caught that first night to be concerned about the old lady with the broken window in the freezing weather. However, a few days later, when I was sure that I hadn't been 49, I started to feel guilty about her 50. She still greeted me with a smile each day 51 I gave her the paper, but I was no longer able to act comfortably in her 52.

I 53 my mind that I would save my money delivering paper. And after three weeks I had seven dollars that I calculated would pay for her window. I put the money in an envelope with a note 54 that I was sorry for breaking her window and 55 that the seven dollars would cover the cost of repairing it.

I waited until it was dark, moved 56 to the old lady's house and put the letter I didn't sign through the letter slot in her door. I felt 57 and could have the freedom of, once again, looking straight into the old lady's kind eyes.

The next day, I handed the old lady her paper and was able to 58 the warm smile that I was receiving from her. She thanked me for the paper and gave me a bag of cookies she had made herself. I thanked her and started to eat the cookies as I continued my 59.

After several cookies, I felt an envelope and pulled it out of the bag. When I opened the envelope, I was 60. Inside were the seven dollars and a short note that said, "I'm proud of you."

- | | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 41. A. selflessness | B. talent | C. bravery | D. forgiveness |
| 42. A. winter | B. summer | C. spring | D. autumn |
| 43. A. window | B. basement | C. roof | D. access |
| 44. A. but | B. so | C. for | D. or |
| 45. A. landed | B. left | C. dragged | D. headed |
| 46. A. in trouble | B. in many ways | C. in danger | D. in charge |
| 47. A. got around | B. sit around | C. ran away | D. hung out |
| 48. A. embarrassed | B. scared | C. disappointed | D. ashamed |
| 49. A. discovered | B. scolded | C. punished | D. involved |
| 50. A. misunderstanding | B. misbehavior | C. misfortune | D. mistake |
| 51. A. until | B. unless | C. since | D. when |
| 52. A. encouragement | B. presence | C. company | D. comfort |
| 53. A. made up | B. took up | C. meet with | D. picked up |
| 54. A. proving | B. showing | C. convincing | D. explaining |
| 55. A. predicted | B. declared | C. hoped | D. witnessed |
| 56. A. hurriedly | B. quietly | C. patiently | D. firmly |
| 57. A. confused | B. concerned | C. relieved | D. frustrated |

英语试题卷 第 8 页 (共 10 页)

- | | | | |
|--------------|-------------|--------------|-----------|
| 58.A.abandon | B.return | C.understand | D.respect |
| 59.A.effort | B.study | C.journey | D.route |
| 60.A.shocked | B.satisfied | C.annoyed | D.amused |

第 II 卷

第二节 语法填空 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

The Internet recently revealed many of China's technological 61 _____ (improve) when Chinese state media claimed that online shopping, high-speed rail, bike sharing and electronic payment systems are China's "four new great inventions".

Xinhua News Agency said the country deserved credit for the inventions, 62 _____ (compare) them to the inventions of ancient China: compass, gunpowder, paper, and 63 _____ (print). The so-called "four new great inventions" were based 64 _____ last year's survey conducted by the Silk Road Research Institute. In the survey, China's foreign students from 20 countries near the "Belt and Road Initiative" 65 _____ (ask) to pick China's "four new great inventions" that they wanted their home countries 66 _____ (use). Meanwhile, Chinese students said that they just needed to stay focused on their 67 _____ (day) job in an effort to make more contributions to our country.

Xinhua's article notes that it is Chinese people 68 _____ bring the inventions to the world's top level with their intelligence and creativity. Among them, the "four new great inventions" stand out, 69 _____ have brought people's life much 70 _____ (convenient).

第四部分 写作 (共两节)

第一节 短文改错 (共 10 题)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间互改作文, 请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误, 每句中最多只能有一处语言错误。错误涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。增加: 在缺词处加一个适当的词。删除: 把多余的词用斜线 (\) 划掉。修改: 在错的词下划一横线, 并在该词下面写出修改后的词。注意: 1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词; 2. 只允许修改 10 处, 多者 (从第 11 处起) 不计分。

In order to keep the Chinese traditional culture alive, we held the Chinese Character Dictation Competition in our school on last Saturday. Lucky , I was selected to take part in an activity on behalf of my classmates. Some of my classmates helped me review many Chinese characters when aren't commonly used today, while others reminded me of unfamiliar one whenever they were free. My head teacher also encouraged us to try my best. During the competition, I manage to answer all the questions giving by the judges because I had made great efforts for it. When I got the first place, I came to realize that it was my classmates' kind help or my head teacher's encouragement which contributed to my success.

英语试题卷 第 9 页 (共 10 页)

第二节 书面表达 (共 25 分)

假定你是李华,你的英国朋友 Terry 一行人要来你市体验元宵节,他请你帮他们预订酒店,请你给他回一封电子邮件。要点如下:

- 1.表示欢迎;
- 2.询问到达时间;
- 3.询问具体要求(价位、房间数等)。

注意:

- 1.词数 100 左右;
- 2.可以适当增加细节,以使行文连贯。

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