

英语

2023—2024 学年高二年级阶段性测试(一)

英 语

考生注意:

1. 答题前,考生务必将自己的姓名、考生号填写在试卷和答题卡上,并将考生号条形码粘贴在答题卡上的指定位置。
2. 回答选择题时,选出每小题答案后,用铅笔把答题卡对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时,将答案写在答题卡上。写在本试卷上无效。
3. 考试结束后,将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

第一部分 听力(共两节,满分30分)

做题时,先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后,你将有2分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节(共5小题;每小题1.5分,满分7.5分)

听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例:How much is the shirt?

A. £ 19. 15.

B. £ 9. 18.

C. £ 9. 15.

答案是C。

1. What is the woman doing?

A. Visiting a patient.

B. Buying some flowers.

C. Expressing her thanks.

2. Where will the speakers meet?

A. In the office.

B. At the coffee shop.

C. In the classroom.

3. How soon will the train leave?

A. In 15 minutes.

B. In 30 minutes.

C. In 45 minutes.

4. What are the speakers mainly talking about?

A. Their travel experiences.

B. Their favorite cities.

C. Their holiday plans.

5. What should the man do according to the woman?

A. Cook his own meals.

B. Take some exercise.

C. Eat more salty foods.

第二节(共15小题;每小题1.5分,满分22.5分)

听下面5段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题5秒钟;听完后,各小题给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第6段材料,回答第6、7题。

6. How does Sophie sound at first?

A. Tired.

B. Anxious.

C. Embarrassed.

英语试题 第1页(共8页)

7. What does Mike do for Sophie?
A. Print some papers for her.
B. Help her host a meeting.
C. Check her copy machine.
- 听第7段材料,回答第8至10题。
8. What does the man suggest the woman do first?
A. Find another apartment.
B. Make some rules.
C. Talk with her roommates.
9. What's the probable relationship between the speakers?
A. Friends. B. Father and daughter. C. Doctor and patient.
10. Why does the man choose to live in the dormitory?
A. It's expensive to find another apartment.
B. His roommates are friendly.
C. It's convenient to go to class.

- 听第8段材料,回答第11至13题。
11. What does the man think of the restaurant?
A. It's quite new. B. It's just so-so. C. It's pretty popular.
12. What day is it today?
A. Tuesday. B. Wednesday. C. Thursday.
13. How did the man decide what to order?
A. By referring to others' dishes.
B. By reading the menu carefully.
C. By following the waiter's advice.

- 听第9段材料,回答第14至17题。
14. Who will the man give the necklace to?
A. His friend. B. His wife. C. His kid.
15. What is the man dissatisfied with about the first necklace?
A. Its length. B. Its color. C. Its price.
16. How much does the man pay?
A. \$600. B. \$1,080. C. \$1,200.
17. What does the man want the woman to do in the end?
A. Pack up the necklace. B. Keep the change. C. Put a card in the gift.

- 听第10段材料,回答第18至20题。
18. Who is the speaker probably talking to?
A. Teachers. B. Students. C. Parents.
19. What is the main purpose of the activity?
A. To develop students' sense of responsibility.
B. To teach students baking skills.
C. To improve students' social skills.
20. What can students do on October 6th?
A. Bake with their parents at school.
B. Sell and buy baked items.
C. Make a personal donation to charity.

英语试题 第2页(共8页)

第二部分 阅读(共两节,满分50分)

第一节(共15小题;每小题2.5分,满分37.5分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中,选出最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A
Hong Kong Railway Museum

Introduction

Situated in the town center of Tai Po Market, the Hong Kong Railway Museum is an open-air museum transformed from the old Tai Po Market Railway Station. Built in 1913, the station building features the pitched roof of traditional Chinese building. It was announced as a monument (纪念馆) in 1984, and opened as a museum a year later.

Permanent Exhibition

The station building includes the exhibition gallery, the old ticket office and the signal cabin. Through the show of train models, historical photos and a series of videos, you can track the past and present of Hong Kong railways in a fun and educational way.

The outdoor area features a narrow gauge steam locomotive, a diesel electric engine, and 6 historical coaches for visitors to get in touch with railway relics.

Visiting Rules

To show proper consideration for the relics on show and to make sure our museum is a place in which all visitors can enjoy themselves in a pleasant atmosphere, please observe the following rules:

Please do not eat or drink, smoke, throw stones and pick flowers inside the museum.

Please do not bring animals and bicycles into the museum; guide dogs accompanying visually-impaired visitors are, however, allowed.

Please do not take wedding, graduation or portrait photos inside the exhibition gallery and historical coaches of the museum; please do not use tripods (三脚架) when taking photos in outdoor areas of the museum.

Please do not record videos inside the museum.

Opening Hours

Monday, Wednesday to Sunday & public holidays: 10 am—6 pm

Christmas Eve and Chinese New Year's Eve: 10 am—5 pm

Admission Fee

Standard Ticket: HK \$20

Group Ticket (4 people or more per visit): HK \$14

Free admission for children under 3 years old.

21. When did the Hong Kong Railway Museum come into being?
A. In 1913. B. In 1914. C. In 1984. D. In 1985.
22. What can visitors do in the Hong Kong Railway Museum?
A. Board the historical train coaches.
B. Record videos inside the exhibition gallery.
C. Eat a meal inside the museum.
D. Explore the development of Hong Kong railways.
23. How much should a couple with a boy aged 6 and a girl aged 4 pay to visit the museum?
A. HK \$40. B. HK \$42. C. HK \$56. D. HK \$60.

B

Imagine walking into the depths of the jungle (丛林) to observe the chimpanzees who call it home. With a click of your camera, you document groundbreaking information about the species.

英语试题 第3页(共8页)

Sounds wonderful, right? Jane Goodall did just that.

When Goodall was young, reading and exploring nature were her ideas of fun. Her mother encouraged her to learn and ask questions. Goodall dreamed of seeing the habitats(栖息地) of her favorite animals like chimpanzees firsthand.

In July 1957, when she was 23, Goodall arrived in Tanzania, East Africa, and journeyed to the Gombe Stream Chimpanzee Reserve. She learned early on that studying chimpanzees wouldn't be easy. To observe chimpanzees up close, she had to gain their trust. That took months. To her, the chimpanzees were complex creatures with lives surprisingly similar to ours.

In October 1960, Goodall was observing chimps. She watched as they made tools out of grass stems to pick ants out of a nest. Until then, people thought humans were the only species that used tools. Because of Goodall's discovery, chimpanzees are now accepted as intelligent, social animals.

Goodall established the Jane Goodall Institute in 1977, to provide conservation and environmental education. In the late 1980s, her focus shifted to something much larger. Deforestation(滥伐森林) and climate change were affecting the world's natural habitats. The vegetation chimpanzees depended on for food was in danger. Goodall left Gombe to help. The fight she began against habitat loss continues today, through animal reserves and research sites.

Throughout her life, Goodall's work has protected the lives of people and animals around the world. And she encourages young people to join in this fight for a better world. In 1991, she founded Roots & Shoots. It equips young people to take action on issues that matter. Goodall says that if we all do our part to help, the world will be a better place.

24. What can we learn about young Goodall?

- A. She enjoyed being alone.
- B. She was fond of traveling.
- C. She was crazy about nature.
- D. She dreamed of keeping a chimp.

25. How did Goodall make a great discovery about chimps in Tanzania?

- A. By observing chimps closely.
- B. By performing an experiment.
- C. By studying the photos of chimps.
- D. By summarizing others' studies.

26. Why did Goodall enlarge her study field?

- A. To adapt to climate change.
- B. To find food for chimpanzees.
- C. To protect the animals' habitats.
- D. To provide environmental education.

27. What is the best title for the text?

- A. Traveling in the Jungle
- B. Making a Better World
- C. Building a Better Reserve
- D. Living Peacefully in Nature

C

Ah, summertime! The occasion when many people want to bathe in the sun on Copacabana Beach, walk through the Van Gogh Museum in Amsterdam, or perhaps explore the ancient ruins of Pompeii. Before rushing to buy your plane tickets and travel insurance, have you also thought about another important travel factor—language?

Learning a language before traveling can help improve the overall holiday experience. It allows you to connect to the local surroundings and increase your safety by helping you to understand signs and directions, all the while breaking down cultural barriers(隔阂). Research has also shown that people view the world differently depending on what language they are operating in.

If you want to learn a new language, try Babbel, a language-learning platform that helps you start speaking a new language within three weeks. There are 14 different languages offered on Babbel: Spanish, French, German, Italian, Portuguese, Polish, Russian, Dutch, Turkish, Danish, Norwegian, Swedish, Indonesian, and English. With an interesting curriculum(课程) that over 150 language experts and instructors have crafted, it aims for an impressive experience.

Babbel also has a speech recognition technology that listens to words and phrases each student

英语试题 第4页(共8页)

uses, assesses(评估) their performance, and then suggests future lessons that specifically meet the student's needs. These lessons can include sentence and vocabulary construction and pronunciation.

This platform is completely different compared to the old, boring schoolroom. Along with lessons, there are videos, games, podcasts, content articles, and live online classes with some of the best teachers in the industry.

Do you wish to speak like a local? Right from the start, Babbel's Speech Recognition Technology is there to help improve pronunciation and accent. This platform also puts the pupil into the culture of the country of interest by providing courses like Countries & Traditions.

Don't take our word for it, to date Babbel has sold over 10 million subscriptions(订阅) and they are so confident that they offer a full refund with a 20-day money-back promise.

28. Why does the author mention the well-known attractions in paragraph 1?
- A. To lead in the topic of the text. B. To recommend the attractions.
C. To show the traveling process. D. To stress the importance of traveling.
29. What is the second paragraph mainly about?
- A. The key to learning a language. B. The roles of language in traveling.
C. The ways to remove cultural barriers. D. Different opinions on traveling abroad.
30. What can Babbel provide for the language learners?
- A. Recorded-online classes. B. A three-week curriculum.
C. English lessons in the classroom. D. The best teachers in the world.
31. What are the travelers' attitude towards Babbel probably?
- A. Unclear. B. Doubtful. C. Uncaring. D. Favorable.

D

When my students ask me how to improve themselves, I always recommend personality imitation(模仿). I believe imitation is one of the fastest forms of learning.

For example, before writing my first scientific paper, I made a small pile of published articles that were especially attractive and understandable. Then I reread them. And I made notes on the side: A quote at the beginning. Short sentence at the end of paragraph. Big idea in the end. And then, without delay, I sat down to imitate what I'd observed.

It may seem that copying what other people do is cheating. Many of my students assume that they had better figure everything out on their own. But it turns out that a great deal of human learning is imitation. We were all born to copy-paste(复制粘贴).

A few years ago, I had a conversation with Toby Cosgrove, the former chief executive of Cleveland Clinic. I asked him how someone who at the beginning of his career was told he lacked talent later became the most famous cardiothoracic surgeon in the world. This was his response:

"I worked and worked and worked at first. And then I changed the way I did things over time. I went and watched other people do things. In fact, I used to call them my 'innovation trips.' I would go all over the world, take my notebook and watch other surgeons and various techniques, and I would pick up things from them and put them in my practice. It was a constant quest and I was always looking for ways to do something better."

These stories are supported by science. Some experiments confirm that copy-pasting the successful strategies of others can help you reach your own goals. Therefore, don't think that copy-pasting what you admire is by definition cheating. Without question, it's wrong to take someone else's work and pass it off as your own. But it's right to find inspiration in the way other people live their lives.

32. How does the author support his opinion in the first two paragraphs?
- A. By making comparisons. B. By analyzing cause and effect.
C. By sharing his own experience. D. By listing helpful ways.

33. What do some students think is the best way of learning?
A. Turning to teachers for help. B. Copying what other people do.
C. Conducting experiments with others. D. Working out problems by themselves.
34. Which is closest in meaning to the underlined word "quest" in paragraph 3?
A. Exploration. B. Competition. C. Attention. D. Entertainment.
35. What does the author mainly stress in the text?
A. Imitating equals cheating. B. Imitation provides inspiration.
C. Imitation is a natural ability. D. Imitation is a personal choice.

第三节(共5小题;每小题2.5分,满分12.5分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。选项中有两项为多余选项。

A sense of humor is the ability to sense, observe, and practice humor. Simply, the ability to appreciate a joke is called a sense of humor. A person who can say funny things and can observe the funny side of things is a person with a good sense of humor. 36

Share your point of view more.

When answering the question on how to improve humor skills, you cannot be Louis C. K., George Carlin or Richard Pryor. It has to be the original you. Take a moment and think about the funniest people you have met in your life. 37 Every person has a different style and opinion when describing an event. So start sharing your point of view.

The importance of subject, target and its timing in humor.

You can't be more wrong in a situation if you ignore the subject, its target and its timing. Let's say what happens when you gift an adult magazine to a 6-year-old kid on his birthday.

38 However, the narration(叙述) of the same incident 10 years from then would be funny.

39

The key to catching the minds of your friends and colleagues is to be familiar with their preferences. Developing a good sense of humor is not just about delivering fancy stuff but also about understanding the perspective of the humor subject.

Want to be humorous? Laugh at yourself first.

This is the greatest quality owned by a person with a good sense of humor. If you can laugh at yourself, it means that you have come to terms with your mistakes. 40 After all, any embarrassing story turns into a humorous story if given some time.

- A. But how do you become one?
B. Share other people's funny stories.
C. You'll realize that no one is the same.
D. Be aware of the interests of your listeners.
E. Avoid making fun of others' weaknesses.
F. When you share your mistakes, it makes you complete.
G. This is not a humorous course of action but a stupid one.

第三部分 语言运用(共两节,满分30分)

第一节(共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Derby is a cute little disabled dog. His front legs are seriously deformed. This makes getting around for the little guy pretty 41. He jumped around with his back legs, having constant

42 and foot infections(感染). Tara Anderson couldn't 43 the opportunity to help Derby out when she found his 44 on the animal rescue website. So, she did what many of us would have wanted to do. She brought Derby home to 45 him.

英语试题 第6页(共8页)

Tara, who works for a 3D printing company, decided to use her 46 to help this little dog. With the help of her team, Tara successfully created prosthetic (假肢的) front legs for this 47 dog! The gift was specially designed to allow Derby to 48 and play like any other dog, without sinking into the ground. The wheel-like design was such a 49!

Derby, who is now living with his adoptive parents, 50 the prosthetics immediately. His new dad said it was "51" to see him running for the first time.

Tara and her team designed the first set of prosthetics to be shorter so that it wouldn't be a(n) 52 to Derby. As he 53 the new legs, though, they will continue to improve the prosthetics to give Derby the best possible 54. Nothing is going to 55 Derby now. He is already well on his way to that goal.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 41. A. impossible | B. difficult | C. competitive | D. necessary |
| 42. A. regret | B. growth | C. anger | D. pain |
| 43. A. switch | B. offer | C. miss | D. afford |
| 44. A. potential | B. performance | C. story | D. advertisement |
| 45. A. doubt | B. train | C. observe | D. tend |
| 46. A. knowledge | B. right | C. popularity | D. passion |
| 47. A. faithful | B. smart | C. funny | D. lucky |
| 48. A. sleep | B. run | C. see | D. sit |
| 49. A. challenge | B. mess | C. success | D. bargain |
| 50. A. removed | B. returned | C. appreciated | D. hid |
| 51. A. amazing | B. tiring | C. confusing | D. embarrassing |
| 52. A. advantage | B. shock | C. reward | D. dream |
| 53. A. gives in to | B. makes up for | C. looks forward to | D. gets used to |
| 54. A. duty | B. connection | C. experience | D. advice |
| 55. A. prohibit | B. question | C. attract | D. label |

第二节(共10小题;每小题1.5分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式,并将答案填写在答题卡上。

City stories from streets of inspiration

Wahed Ahmadzai has lived in Beijing's Chaoyang district for nine years. The man in his 56 (twenty) from Afghanistan usually starts his day with a morning run along the Liangma River. After the morning routine, he goes to Sanlitun, a famous place. 57 he runs his business.

The daily moments of Ahmadzai made their way into a short video recently that 58 (stand) out at the *100 Reasons to Love Beijing* Short Video Competition at the end of last month. The event 59 (host) by the Information Office of Beijing has been held annually since 2020.

"*100 Reasons to Love Beijing* is not just a short video competition but a platform for 60 (share) stories," says Xu Hejun, 61 (direct) of the Beijing Information Office.

At the awards ceremony, Xu was touched by the participants' works, ranging from a Swedish artist who dreamed of coming back to Beijing to learn about folk art 62 a Mexican woman who expressed her longing for Beijing in a performance of a Tang poem.

63 (surprising), the competition has attracted more than 3,000 participants from around the globe and nearly 5,000 short video entries since the first edition. In the future, more efforts will 64 (make) to adapt to the trends of mobile, social and visual international communication 65 (tell) the stories of the city better.

英语试题 第7页(共8页)

第四部分 写作(共两节,满分40分)

第一节(满分15分)

假定你是李华,你班英国交换生 Peter 写汉字有困难,向你寻求练习书写的方法。请给他写封邮件,内容包括:

1. 表达安慰;
2. 介绍方法。

要求:1. 写作词数应为80个左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Dear Peter,

Yours,
Li Hua

第二节(满分25分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

My name is Bronson Layton. I am 23 years old. I am a college student, and I have a story that I feel should be shared with the world.

I come from a family that had never had a single record of autism(自闭症) until the day I was born. When I was two years old, my parents noticed some of my "out of ordinary" behaviors. I seldom played with other children. I often got angry easily and was difficult to deal with.

Soon after my parents noticed these signs, they took me to a child psychiatrist(精神科医生), who eventually informed them that I was diagnosed with a type of autism called PDD-NOS, a disorder that delays the growth of a child's brain, which includes separating from friends or family and slow processing of speech, thinking and learning skills. My parents were initially shocked at this disease but they were prepared to positively change my life.

As I got older, I began to notice how the other kids were able to answer questions in class a lot faster than I could understand. From that year on, I received special treatment for my coursework, such as sitting in front of the class to read the board better, and taking longer time on tests.

In fourth grade, I joined my school's marching band, something I never had any interest in, but my mom convinced me that it was a great way to not only make friends, but help gain more confidence in myself. I played the trumpet for two years, and after that, I played the horn.

At the same time during fourth grade, I discovered my talent for creative writing. I realized on the day I wrote my first Spider-Man story, my processed thinking and my imagination harbored(包含) a fundamental feature for my character; a hidden talent.

As the years passed, and as I got older, I helped my fellow classmates and peer groups write essays, and I even shared the original pieces I write with my class occasionally, though I was still unaware of my diagnosis.

注意:1. 续写词数应为150个左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

However, one day after school, I entered my parents' room to look for something and found a paper in a box.

Ever since my discovery, I have been leading my life actively as usual.

关于我们

自主选拔在线是致力于提供新高考生涯规划、强基计划、综合评价、三位一体、学科竞赛等政策资讯的升学服务平台。总部坐落于北京，旗下拥有网站（网址：www.zizzs.com）和微信公众平台等媒体矩阵，用户群体涵盖全国 90% 以上的重点中学师生及家长，在全国新高考、自主选拔领域首屈一指。

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