

# 柳州高中/南宁二中高三(5月)联考

## 英语参考答案

### 第一部分

1—5 BACBA 6—10 CACAC 11—15 CBCAB 16—20 CBABA

#### 听力部分原稿

Text 1

W: Excuse me. Have you registered yet?

M: Sorry. Not yet.

W: Any named doctor?

M: Yes, Doctor Black.

Text 2

W: The National Day is coming! I plan on going sightseeing.

M: Oh, Gosh! There will be so many tourists crowded in the tourist spots. I intend to stay at home and have a good rest.

Text 3

M: I just received the results of my performance evaluation.

W: How did you do?

M: Well, I was rated “Excellent” for Punctuality, “Good” for Efficiency, and “Poor” for Attitude.

Text 4

M: Is there any flight to Beijing on May, 4th?

W: Yes, there are two; one is 10 o'clock in the morning; the other is 5 o'clock in the afternoon.

M: I'd like to book a 10 a. m. flight.

W: OK. May I have your passport, please?

Text 5

W: I'm having a lot of trouble with logic and it seems my professor can't explain it in a way that makes sense to me.

M: You know, there is a tutoring service on campus. I was about to drop statistics before they helped me out.

Text 6

W: Hi, I'm speaking. Who's this?

M: Hi, Emma, I'm Paul from Hermes Delivery Service. Here's a package for you. Are you at home to collect it?

W: Oh, sorry, Paul. I'm out all day today, but I should be in tomorrow morning.

M: I'm sorry. I could come the day after, if that suits you.

W: Okay, yes. So the day after tomorrow will be great. Do I need to pay for the package?

M: No, you don't. You just need to sign the form to say you've received it.

W: OK, great.

Text 7

M: Silvia, have you ever been a babysitter?

W: Yes, I've been a babysitter. And actually, I was seventeen, so almost eight years ago, and I

was in high school. After school, I would go home, and my cousin would leave her little daughter with me, a two-year-old, and she just learned how to walk, so imagine that, and it was quite exhausting.

M: Did you get paid for this?

W: No, I just liked her so much. I liked taking care of her even though sometimes she drove me crazy. But in the end, I just ended spending the afternoon with her.

M: Ah, OK, sounds very good.

W: It was OK, I guess.

Text 8

M: Hi, Jin! I was thinking of going in Nepal. Could you tell me some good places to visit while I'm in Nepal?

W: Yeah, sure. I would recommend a place called Pokhara because that's the most famous tourist site in Nepal. I think you'll love it there.

M: Oh, cool!

W: Yeah. It's really nice there. The food is amazing, and there's a really good nightlife.

M: That's great. Do you have any like events or festivals that I should go to when I'm in Nepal?

W: Actually, in Nepal, there are a lot of festivals, but I would recommend you to go there when there's a festival called Holi. The festival is around March and what we do is we play with colors. We throw colors at each other, and then even throw water balloons.

M: Wow, that would be amazing!

Text 9

W: Wow, I would give anything to be more like Audrey Hepburn.

M: I never really understood why so many girls are such big fans of her.

W: Well, she had such a classic elegance about her because she spent years training as a ballet dancer before becoming an actress.

M: Why didn't she stick to dancing as a career?

W: It seems it was fate. She suffered from inadequate nutrition during the war, and therefore, a career as a professional dancer would have been too demanding on her body. So she focused on acting instead. Roman Holiday was her first big break which made her a star.

M: I see the photo of her in that black dress everywhere.

W: No, that one is Breakfast At Tiffany's. Her character in that film is very outgoing and lovely, even though in real life, Audrey always described herself as shy and quiet.

M: So what did she do after her acting career?

W: She devoted much of her life to helping children in need. Her family received international aid during the war when she was growing up. I think that left a big impression on her.

Text 10

W: Keziah Daum is an American high school student from the state of Utah. She recently attended her school's prom dance, where she wore a traditional Chinese dress called "qipao". Daum found the dress at a used clothing store. She thought it had a special look, and hoped it would help her stand out at the dance. Daum said she liked its high collar and color. It was "Chinese red", a color that represents good fortune and joy.

On her prom night, Daum posted photos on Twitter of herself wearing the dress. One week later, her post has received more than 14,000 comments. It has created a heated debate about whether it is right for Daum, who is not Chinese, to wear such a traditional Chinese gown. Twitter

user Megan Phung wrote, "If you... 'love' our culture, you'd know it's a traditional gown. Yet you claim, it's just a 'dress'. It has cultural meaning to us."

Another Twitter user, Jeremy Lam, wrote, "My culture is not your... prom dress." In several other tweets, Lam explained the history and importance of the qipao.

Others on social media, however, did not consider Daum's prom dress to be a problem. Ying Li, for example, tweeted, "I am a Chinese woman. I support you. You rocked that dress!"

Another Twitter user, Nyah Memmott, asked, "Why can't we grow up and not be so sensitive about what someone wears? It doesn't matter."

## 第二部分

### 第一节

#### A

本文是一篇应用文, 题材为中国文化遗产类。文章介绍了五种中国文化遗产, 它们是古代大运河、京剧、木版年画、紫禁城和云锦。

21. B 细节理解题。根据对紫禁城介绍的内容可知, 紫禁城的诞生与大运河密切相关。这条水路促进了宫殿建筑群建筑材料的运输, 并帮助了运输工人。即大运河有助于紫禁城的建设。

22. D 细节理解题。根据这两项文化遗产的介绍可知, 它们都被列入联合国教科文组织非物质文化遗产代表作名录。

23. C 细节理解题。根据对 New Year painting 的介绍可知, 木版年画是大水道沿线地区流行的民间艺术。年画与春节有关, 即与节日有关。

#### B

本文是一篇记叙文, 题材为绘画艺术类。Wong 出生在中国, 现居纽约。她的艺术专注于女性、老年人、无家可归的人以及服装业工人。

24. A 细节理解题。根据第二段的内容可知, Wong 的艺术专注于女性、老年人、无家可归的人以及服装业工人。即社会问题。

25. B 推理判断题。根据第五段的内容可知, 王菲说: "每当我感到压力或悲伤时, 我就会画画。" "我通过艺术表达我的情感。艺术是一种让人们聚在一起讨论困难问题的舒适方式。" 即这让她感觉很好。

26. D 细节理解题。根据第六段的内容可知, 这幅画的灵感来自于艺术家与附近一位名叫崔 (Choi Yi) 的亚裔美国女性的会面。这位 90 多岁的老妇人正在她公寓后面的垃圾桶里收集废弃的罐头和瓶子。即灵感来自一个生活艰难的老太太。

27. C 观点态度题。根据最后一段的第二句 Why does the elderly canner have hope, but the homeless person doesn't? 可知, 为什么上了年纪的捡易拉罐的老太太有希望, 而无家可归的人却没有? 即书的作者对其持赞扬的态度。

#### C

本文是一篇说明文, 题材为气候变暖类。科学家表示, 自现代工业时代开始以来, 地球温度已经上升了约 1.1 摄氏度。他们还警告说, 气温每升高十分之一度, 气温上升的影响就会变得更糟。

28. B 细节理解题。根据第二段的第一句 It is important to not burn more fossil fuels such as coal, oil and natural gas 可知, 重要的是不要燃烧更多的化石燃料, 如煤、石油和天然气。即减少传统能源的使用。

29. C 推理判断题。根据第四段最后两句的内容可知, 然而, 产生的总能量也增加了。许多地方都在使用可再生能源, 但排放量仍在继续上升。即它并没有阻止温室气体的排放。

30. D 细节理解题。根据第六段的最后一句 But, these technologies are costly and untested

completely 可知,但是,这些技术成本高昂,而且未经完全测试。即它们生产的能源成本太高。

31. A 词义猜测题。根据此处前后文的意思可知,当森林因农业而被砍伐,特别是为了喂养需要大量土地的动物时,更多的温室气体被排放到空气中。此处 drained 的意思是“排放”,与 send out 是近义词。

## D

本文是一篇说明文,题材为科技类。大型服装和科技公司正在开发制造服装的机器人。使用机器人或计算机来代替人类工作的过程,即自动化,已经引起了世界各地许多人对工作的担忧。

32. B 推理判断题。根据第二段的最后一句和第三段的内容可知,自动化将抢走贫穷国家工人的工作。行业发明家乔纳森·佐尔诺(Jonathan Zornow)说,他在网上收到了与他的工作有关的批评和死亡威胁。即他的工作将伤害工人的利益。

33. A 细节理解题。根据第六段的第三句 The startup, Sewbo Inc., hardens, or stiffens, fabric with chemicals 可知,这家名为 Sewbo Inc. 的初创公司用化学物质使织物变硬。即增加布料的硬度。

34. D 推理判断题。根据第八段的内容可知, Sanjeev Bahl 两年前在洛杉矶市中心开了一家名为 Saitex 的小型牛仔裤工厂,他研究了 Sewbo 的机器。他正准备安装他的第一台实验机器。即引进机器人进行服装生产。

35. B 主旨大意题。根据第一段的内容可知,文章谈论的话题是公司开发机器人来制衣。大型服装和科技公司正在开发制造服装的机器人。

### 第二节

本文是一篇说明文,题材为文学艺术类。文章谈论的话题是用于警告或建议某人的美国表达。作者讨论了两种警告:直接警告和明确警告。

36. D 根据前面的 He was telling me about an oncoming car 可知,他告诉我有一辆车迎面而来。此处承接上文,意思是:我不知道交通灯是红色的。

37. C 根据后面的 Others are a form of direct or indirect advice — often about what not to do 可知,其他的则是一种直接或间接的建议,通常是关于不要做什么。由此得出前面的意思是:一些警告是紧急而直接的。

38. F 根据前面一句的内容可知,或者你可能想迅速告诉某人他们会掉下来或撞到某物或某人。此处承接上文,意思是:或者你看到一个重物要掉下来或砸到某人。

39. E 根据前面的 Short, quick warnings of danger can be very effective 可知,简短、快速的危险警告非常有效。由此得出前面的意思是:美国人经常说:“Careful!”而不是“Be Careful!”

40. A 根据前面的 For instance, someone want to touch a valuable item 可知,例如,有人想要触摸一个有价值的物品。此处承接上文,意思是:你希望他或她小心地做。

## 第三部分

### 第一节

本文是记叙文,话题是人物故事类。在过去的六个月里,作者的女儿多次过度购物。因此,她的食物储藏室是满的,她不确定她是否能吃完所有她买的东西。然后她让作者向当地的食品店捐赠了整整两箱干货。

41. C 根据后面的 she wasn't sure she would be able to eat all the stuff 可知,因此,她的食物储藏室很满(full),她不确定自己是否能吃完所有的东西。

42. B 根据后面的 all the food she had 可知,她不确定自己能不能吃完(eat)所有的食物。

43. A 根据后面的 the local food store 可知,然后她让我捐出(donate)整整两盒。

44. D 根据后面的 to the local food store 可知,然后她让我向当地的食品店捐赠了整整两箱干货(goods)。

45. B 根据后面的 the joy, and the love 可知,然而,我被他们的热情(enthusiasm)、快乐和爱所感动。

46. D 根据前面的 the joy, and the love with which her donation 可知,然而,我被她的捐赠被接收(received)时所带来的热情、快乐和爱所感动。

47. A 根据后面的 of groceries had hit the charity hard 可知,缺乏捐款加上食品杂货的高价(price)对这家慈善机构打击很大,他们的货架需要每一笔捐款。

48. B 根据此处前后文的 We were... over and over 可知,他们一遍又一遍地感谢(thanked)我们,当我微笑着开车回家时,……。

49. C 根据后面的 went back to another time when we were the ones in need 可知,我的思绪(mind)回到了另一个时代,那时我们是需要帮助的人。

50. A 根据前面的 At that time, money was tight 可知,那时,我的钱很紧。我的工作几乎(hardly)付不起房租。

51. B 根据后面的 for the groceries 可知,那时,钱很紧。我的工作几乎不能支付房租,那个月的额外账单也花光了我们攒下(saved)的买杂货的钱。

52. A 根据后面的 We went to a food store 可知,我的下一次工资是一个星期后,我们没有足够的食物(food)撑到那里。

53. C 根据后面的 so our children 可知,我们去了一家食品店,我看着我们的小孩(kids)在外面玩。

54. D 根据后面的 a box full of food to feed us 可知,我们去了一家食品店,我看着我们的小孩在外面玩,而我妻子拿了(picked up)一箱食物给我们吃。

55. C 根据前面的 I was worried, nervous, and scared 可知,我以前从来没有像这样寻求过帮助(help)。

56. D 根据前面的 I just hoped it would be enough food 可知,我只希望有足够的食物,这样我们的孩子那一周就不会挨饿了(hungry)。

57. A 根据前面的 My heart swelled with 可知,当妻子终于面带微笑、怀里抱着盒子走出来时,我的心里充满了感激之情(gratitude)。

58. C 根据后面的 prayed for all the good people who had given 可知,在我们开车回家的路上,我默默地(silently)为所有付出的好人祈祷。

59. D 根据后面的 in the world then 可知,找到你在世界上的位置(place)。

60. B 根据后面的 to receive a gift of love 可知,永远不要羞于(ashamed)接受爱的礼物。永远不要害怕赠送爱的礼物。

## 第二节

本文是一篇议论文,题材为人生哲理类。文章讨论的话题是自信的人经常向别人求助即由此带来的好处。

61. the 考查冠词。此处 the 是定冠词,常用于最高级的前面。

62. stressed 考查非谓语动词。此处 stressed 是过去分词,用作系动词 feeling 的表语,表示被动关系。

63. is 考查主谓一致。此处句子主语是关系代词 who,指的是 someone,故谓语动词用单数形式。

64. for 考查介词。此处 for 是介词,ask for 是固定短语,意思是“请求,要求”。

65. shows 考查动词时态。此处 shows 是一般现在时,表示过一般情况。

66. are turned 考查被动语态。此处句子主语是 tables,与动词 turn 是被动关系,表示一般情况。the tables are turned 的意思是“形势逆转”

67. helping 考查非谓语动词。此处 helping 是动词-ing 形式,用作介词 in 的宾语。

68. who 考查定语从句。此处 who 是关系代词,引导限制性定语从句,在句子中用作主语,修饰先行词 someone。

69. recognition 考查词性转换。此处 recognition 是名词形式,用作介词 for 的宾语。句意:保

护蜜蜂刻不容缓。

70. freely 考查词性转换。此处 freely 是副词,用作状语,修饰动词 share。

#### 第四部分

##### 第一节

This weekend, my mother invited me in advance to play table tennis in the city sports center. Unfortunately, it snowed  $\frac{\text{in}}{\text{on}}$  Friday. Therefore, I thought we wouldn't play  $\frac{\text{the}}{\text{the}}$  next day because  $\frac{\text{of}}$  the table is outdoors. But we decided to  $\frac{\text{checking}}{\text{check}}$  it out. The road was covered with snow everywhere,  $\frac{\text{but}}{\text{so/and}}$  there seemed to be not any  $\frac{\text{hopes}}{\text{hope}}$  of playing. When we arrived, we were surprised to find that the snow had been  $\frac{\text{clearing}}{\text{cleared}}$  and the tables were  $\frac{\text{drily}}{\text{dry}}$ . Several people were playing table tennis there. It was the table tennis fans  $\frac{\text{which}}{\text{that/who}}$  cleared the snow in time. They greeted us warmly and lent us  $\frac{\text{our}}{\text{their}}$  bats and balls. Thus I played table tennis with my mother happily.

文章介绍了作者周末下雪之后与母亲去体育中心打乒乓球的经历。。

71. in 改为 on。考查介词。具体到某一天用介词 on。

72. next 前加 the。考查冠词。此处 the next day 表示过去某时的“第二天”。

73. 去掉 of。考查介词。此处 because 是从属连词,引导原因状语从句,不能用短语介词 because of。

74. checking 改为 check。考查非谓语动词。此处 check 是动词不定式,用作动词 decided 的宾语。decide to do 的意思是“决定做某事”。

75. but 改为 so/and。考查并列连词。此处路上到处都是雪和看来打球没有希望了是因果(承顺)关系。

76. hopes 改为 hope。考查不可数名词。

77. clearing 改为 cleared。考查被动语态。此处句子主语是 snow,与动词 clear 是被动关系;had been cleared 是过去完成时的被动语态。

78. drily 改为 dry。考查形容词。此处 dry 是形容词,用作系动词 were 的表语。

79. which 改为 that/who。考查句型句式。此处是 it was... that... 强调句型,强调人时也可以用 who 代替 that。

80. our—their。考查物主代词。此处 their 是形容词性物主代词,指的是打球的那些人。

##### 第二节

#### A Pleasant Holiday Trip

The destination of our family vacation this year is Hangzhou. I bought the train ticket online, then we took the high-speed train to Hangzhou, enjoying the scenery outside the window along the way. This made the travel comfortable and fast.

My favorite scenic spot in Hangzhou is the famous West Lake. We were deeply impressed by its beauty. We walked along the shore of the lake, admiring its beauty. We watched boats slowly sailing on the lake, with water birds flying in the sky. We noticed tall trees along the shore with squirrels jumping in the treetops. Surrounded by distant green mountains, the West Lake looked like a fairyland on earth.