

绝密★启用前

浙江省舟山市 2022-2023 学年高三首考英语模拟试卷（三）

注意事项：

1. 答卷前，考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在答题卷上。
2. 回答选择题时，选出每小题答案后，用铅笔把答题卷上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案标号；回答非选择题时，将答案写在答题卷上，写在本试题卷上无效。

第一部分听力（共两节，满分 30 分）

第一节（共 5 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 7.5 分）

1. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?  
A. Colleagues. B. Strangers. C. Classmates.
2. How did the woman get home last night?  
A. By train. B. By car. C. By bus.
3. When is the project supposed to be finished?  
A. At 12:00. B. At 11:00. C. At 10:00.
4. How does the woman feel about the candlelight?  
A. It looks good. B. It's not bright enough. C. It's better than electric light.
5. What does the woman's husband probably do?  
A. A salesman. B. An engineer. C. A professor.

第二节（共 15 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 22.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料，回答第 6、7 题。

听下面一段较长对话，回答以下小题。

6. How does the man suggest the woman go to the shopping center?  
A. By bus. B. By car. C. On foot.
7. Where is the car park?  
A. On the right of the next crossroads. B. On the left of the traffic lights. C. Far from the market square.

听第 7 段材料，回答第 8 至 10 题。

8. Where does the conversation most probably take place?  
A. Outside a cinema. B. At home. C. In the cinema.
9. What is the film adapted from?  
A. A magazine. B. A book. C. A report.
10. What does the woman think of the director?  
A. He is good at directing a film. B. He is good at improving a story. C. He should have tried to follow the story.

听第 8 段材料，回答第 11 至 13 题。

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11. What is the relationship between the speakers?  
A. Father and daughter. B. Husband and wife. C. Teacher and student.
12. Why won't Michael come?  
A. He has a fever. B. He will go to see a film. C. He is busy taking care of his mother.
13. What will the man do after the dinner?  
A. Go for a walk. B. See a film. C. Go to visit Michael.
- 听第 9 段材料，回答第 14 至 17 题。
14. A. A phone with an up-to-date operating system.  
B. A new model with a different size and color.  
C. A model that has the longest-lasting battery.  
D. A phone with an automatic filming function.
15. A. It may not be as efficient as the old one.  
B. It takes much time to get used to a new phone.  
C. She can't afford to buy a new phone.  
D. She doesn't like the new applications.
16. A. Their phones are regularly updated.  
B. They are both interested in digital technology.  
C. They both had data stolen from the phones.  
D. Their old phones were bought about 2 years ago.
17. A. Improving productivity at work.  
B. Enlarging the phone storage.  
C. Buying a new smartphone.  
D. Increasing phone security.
- 听第 10 段材料，回答第 18 至 20 题。
18. When will Singing with Guitar finish tonight?  
A. At 8:00. B. At 9:00. C. At 10:00.
19. What will the man do on Wednesday?  
A. Sing folk songs. B. Watch a performance. C. Meet a journalist.
20. Where will the man probably go next?  
A. The student services office. B. The school hall. C. The lecture room.

第二部分阅读（共两节，满分 50 分）

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第一节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 2.5 分, 满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项。

### A

For high school students, just thinking about your career probably isn't enough. You have to actively do some research and plan. Here are some of the best careers for the future and how you can get your foot in the door.

#### Registered Nurses

To become registered nurses, you're going to need either an associate degree in nursing, a Bachelor of Science in nursing, or another officially approved diploma(文凭) from a nursing program. If you want to be a practicing physician, you'll need a medical degree in your chosen field on top of your four-year degree.

#### Data Analysts

Big data is a growing field with profitable opportunities for college graduates. You are required to have a master's degree in computer science or another related field. Data science is a traditionally male-dominated industry and only 26 percent are held by women. Thankfully, it is holding out an olive branch to females and there are some terrific programs specially designed for them to break into this dynamic field.

#### Plumbers (管道工) and Electricians

Not all of the best careers for the future will require a four-year undergraduate degree. There's a serious demand for skilled positions jobs like plumbers and technicians. Many of these positions require a high school degree and often an associate degree in a related field, but don't necessarily require graduation from a four-year university.

#### Cybersecurity (网络安全) Experts

The average salaries for cybersecurity experts can start at \$80,000 for IT Security Consultants and can reach six figures for other positions such as a security director. The best way to start your path in cybersecurity is with a bachelor's degree in computer science, information technology, engineering, or other related fields.

21. In which job will the gender distribution probably be more balanced?

- A. Data Analysts. B. Registered Nurses.  
C. Cybersecurity Experts. D. Plumbers and Electricians.

22. To be a cybersecurity expert, which is the basic requirement?

- A. A master's degree in computer science. B. A certificate of high school graduation.  
C. A bachelor's degree in information technology. D. A diploma officially approved from a medical program.

23. Where is the text probably taken from?

- A. A health lecture. B. A school website. C. A job advertisement. D. A science magazine.

### B

The State of the World's Birds — report from conservation group Bird Life is the latest critical survey that

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highlight the scale of the current biodiversity crisis. It says, more than half the world's bird species are in decline, as human activities including agriculture and expansion into habitats continue to wreak havoc on bird populations.

"We have already lost over 160 bird species in the last 500 years, and the rate of extinction is accelerating," said Lucy Haskell, who is lead author of the report. "Historically, most extinctions were on islands, but worryingly there is a growing wave of continental extinctions, driven by landscape-scale habitat loss."

The report reviewed data from the International Union for Conservation of Nature Red List. Analysis showed that 5,412 of bird species worldwide, or 49 percent, have declining populations, while 38 percent are stable, 6 percent are increasing, and 6 percent have unknown trends. One in eight species is threatened with extinction, and also highlighted the massive scale of population loss in several well-surveyed areas.

The expansion and intensification (集约化) in agriculture is the leading threat to birds, the report said, impacting at least 73 percent of threatened species. Unsustainable logging and management of forests is another significant threat, impacting nearly half of threatened bird species.

Birds play an essential role in the health of ecosystems around the world. They are predators, pollinators, seed dispensers, and scavengers, and help to move and cycle nutrients across wide ranges. "Birds tell us about the health of our natural environment — we ignore their messages at our peril," Lucy said.

Authors of the report said that governments must prioritize more sustainable agriculture practices and the protection of natural habitats in order to slow population decline in bird species. There are numerous examples of populations bouncing back with the help of well-coordinated conservation programs. "If we give nature a chance, it can recover," said But chart, who is chief scientist for Bird Life. "There is no denying that the situation is terrible, but we know how to reverse these declines."

24. What does the underlined phrase "wreak havoc on" in Paragraph 1 probably mean?

- A. Gradually change. B. Sharply increase. C. Slightly disturb. D. Seriously damage.

25. How did the report show the state of the world's birds?

- A. By listing causes. B. By making comparisons. C. By analyzing data. D. By answering questions.

26. What is the major threat to birds according to the report?

- A. Illegal hunting for birds. B. The development of agriculture.  
C. Poor management of forests. D. The loss of landscape-scale habitats.

27. What can be inferred from the last paragraph?

- A. Birds play a vital role in maintaining biodiversity. B. Governments have protected natural habitats greatly.  
C. Conservation programs need to be updated more frequently. D. Scientists are confident about slowing population decline of birds.

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## C

Five years ago, Meredith Arthur, a 45-year-old San Francisco resident, arrived at a neurologist appointment. She spoke a mile a minute, explaining why she thought it might hold clues to her neck pain, frequent dizziness and headaches. “I was presenting my inexpert case to an expert, who stopped me and said, ‘I know what’s wrong. You have generalized anxiety disorder.’”

Arthur is one of the 40 million American adults who experience an anxiety disorder—the most common form of mental illness—every year. Its major factor is the uncertainty about situations in daily life.

“I describe anxiety as a future-oriented emotional response to a perceived threat,” says Joel Minden, PhD, a clinical psychologist. “We anticipate that something bad will happen. Maybe we have evidence. Maybe we don’t. But we have a belief that something catastrophic might occur.”

Almost immediately, Minden says, your sympathetic nervous system kicks into high gear. This leads to the release of adrenaline and cortisol, two of the crucial hormones (荷尔蒙) that drive your body’s fight-freeze-flight response and cause anxiety’s physical symptoms. Your heart races, your blood pressure rises, your pupils dilate, you get short of breath.

Meanwhile, cortisol curbs functions that your brain considers non-essential: It affects immune system responses and suppresses (抑制) the digestive system, the reproductive system, and growth processes. This was helpful for our ancestors trying to outrun tigers but is not so much when you can’t stop struggling with the problem whether you might have caught COVID-19 when the guy behind you in line at the grocery store coughed.

Anxiety can show itself in many ways. You might perceive something as threatening even when it isn’t or go to great lengths to avoid uncomfortable situations. You might constantly overthink plans or spend all of your time creating solutions to worst-case scenarios. Maybe you feel indecisive and fear making the wrong decision. Or you might find yourself restless, nervous, and unable to relax.

The good news is that anxiety is very manageable with some combination of medication, therapy, and lifestyle adjustments.

28. What does the underlined word “curbs” in paragraph 5 most probably mean?

- A. activates      B. restricts      C. damages      D. removes

29. What can you infer from the passage?

- A. Social factors are to blame for anxiety disorders.  
B. Anxiety is the most common illness in the US.  
C. Mental well-being has been Meredith Arthur’s concern.  
D. anxiety disorders can be controlled with certain treatments.

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30. Which of the following is NOT the typical symptom of anxiety?

- A. Trying to find solutions to the worst situation from time to time.
- B. Hesitating to make the final decision for fear of mistakes.
- C. Heart racing and blood pressure rising at the imagined situation.
- D. Feeling restless or nervous even when there's nothing threatening around.

31. What will the following part most probably talk about?

- A. The advance of science and technology.
- B. The effects of the anxiety disorders.
- C. Tips to minimize negative effects of anxiety.
- D. The anticipation of Meredith Arthur.

## D

Some of the most attractive pictures to come out of the Alaska earthquake are the photos that show slope (斜坡) failures, in which parts of formerly solid hills caved in, tore or let loose. And if there happened to be a road or building on top of the slopes that failed, the result was horrible.

Slopes can fail without earthquakes, as the result of pouring rain or weathering. But the shaking caused by a quake — particularly a large one like what occurred near Anchorage on Friday — can either speed up the process or create entirely new failures that wouldn't have otherwise happened.

Several slope failures were documented in the Anchorage area in the hours after the earthquake Friday, the most interesting of which was on Vine Road southwest of Wasilla. It's as if someone came along with a large destroying ball and dropped it on Vine Road, which wrinkled like a broken egg.

Scientists seemed surprised at how many slope failures occurred as a result of the 7.0-magnitude (震级) quake. The center of the quake was deep, at 27 miles below the surface — a key reason why the damage in Anchorage was relatively light. Such an earthquake would be expected to produce shaking over a large area, but probably with reasonably modest top ground accelerations, Friday's earthquake would certainly be felt, but the surface of Earth wouldn't be moving badly enough to produce widespread landslides.

Photos from Alaska show a lot of lateral (横向的) spread, in which the ground tears open. Whatever is on top of the ground at the place it tears in half is also torn in half afterwards, like highways or buildings. The buildings surrounding the spread are also at risk of damage because of the force of the ground spreading out away from the tear. There's also documentation of block spread, in which part of the ground breaks off a hill and slides away mostly perfect.

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32. What do we know about slope failures?
- A. They may cause earthquakes. B. They usually happen with a road on top.  
C. They always happen with earthquakes D. They may pull parts of the hills apart
33. What can we infer from Paragraph 2?
- A. Earthquakes have great effect on slope failures. B. Most slope failures occur after the pouring rain.  
C. Earthquakes result in slope failures immediately. D. Slope failures occur mainly with large earthquakes.
34. What did the scientists think of the Alaska earthquake Friday?
- A. It produced shaking over a large area. B. It caused fewer slope failures than expected.  
C. It wasn't felt for its deep center. D. It didn't produce landslides.
35. In which circumstance can we find the ground slides down a hill almost unbroken?
- A. Land slides. B. Slope failures. C. Lateral spread. D. Block spread.

第二节（共5小题：每小题2.5分，满分12.5分）

下面文章有五处需要添加小标题。请从以下选项中选出符合各段意思的小标题。选项中有两项是多余选项。

Searching for a new cat to add to your family? If your home already has a cat, you may wonder how your cat will welcome a new partner. 36 Continue reading for tips on how to do that.

Your existing cat's needs come first. 37 Does your cat prefer female cats over male cats? If he/she enjoys the company of female cats, adopting a female cat can help. If you adopt a young kitten as a companion for your older cat, it can work well as kittens get along with a cat of any age.

Shower your existing cat with extra attention. Cats can be territorial when it comes to their space; the same can be true for their owners as well. 38 Giving your cat more hugs and care during the introduction of a new cat can help ease his/her bad feeling. This also helps your cat accept and trust the new one more quickly.

39 When you bring your new cat home, it's best to keep the cats in different rooms. This way they won't try to defend their territory. Each should have their own space with bowls and cat furniture so he/she don't feel the need to compete. And do spend time with the new cat as he/she can also be stressed in a new environment.

Introduce the new cat slowly. Your cats will have the chance to get used to each other's smell through the door. When they seem interested in meeting, you can bring one into the other's territory. 40 If you notice either of the cats getting uncomfortable, separate them.

- A. Separate the cats initially.  
B. Make sure your cat feels at home.  
C. Do this at least a few days after the new cat arrives.  
D. Think about your existing cat's personality and habits.

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- E. Your cat can get envious of a newcomer easily if feeling ignored.
- F. Give both cats a special treat when they first meet to encourage peace.
- G. There is a process to make the change less stressful for both you and the cats.

### 第三部分语言运用（共两节，满分30分）

第一节（共15小题：每小题1分，满分15分）

阅读下面短文，从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

It's that time again when we're busy buying and giving them. Sometimes we call them 41, sometimes presents. Is there a 42?

The words come from different 43. Gift has its origin in the Germanic root for "to give". It referred to an act of 44, and then, to the thing being given. Present comes from the French for "to present". A present is the thing presented. They were both used to express the 45 of something going through a change of 46 without expectation of payment from the 13th century onward.

The words gift and present are well-matched synonyms that mean almost the same thing. 47, even well-matched synonyms have their own unique patterns of 48. Gift applies to a wide range of situations. Presents are more 49. If your whole family gave 50 to your college fund for your birthday, would you say "I got a lot of presents"? It doesn't exactly sound 51, but since you never hold these donations in your hand, gifts seem to fit better.

Gift can also act like an adjective to describe another noun. What do you call the type of shop where you can buy presents for people? A gift shop. Present doesn't work well in this role of 52 other nouns. We have gift boxes and gift cards, not present boxes and present cards.

Still, 53 my personal sense of the 54, present—though it may not be as common—is more casual sounding than gift. But whether it's gifts or presents you 55, I wish you many and lots this year.

- |                    |               |               |                |
|--------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|
| 41. A. gifts       | B. awards     | C. friends    | D. families    |
| 42. A. mistake     | B. difference | C. plan       | D. promise     |
| 43. A. games       | B. stories    | C. situations | D. languages   |
| 44. A. giving      | B. speaking   | C. leaving    | D. listening   |
| 45. A. dream       | B. chance     | C. advice     | D. idea        |
| 46. A. possession  | B. attitude   | C. colors     | D. decisions   |
| 47. A. Therefore   | B. Moreover   | C. However    | D. Otherwise   |
| 48. A. behavior    | B. use        | C. spelling   | D. development |
| 49. A. transparent | B. concrete   | C. positive   | D. public      |
| 50. A. thanks      | B. attention  | C. donations  | D. discounts   |

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51. A. wrong      B. easy      C. unlucky      D. cool  
52. A. explaining      B. correcting      C. analyzing      D. describing  
53. A. because of      B. according to      C. in spite of      D. in addition to  
54. A. actions      B. events      C. words      D. directions  
55. A. order      B. offer      C. make      D. prefer

第二节 (共 10 小题: 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

It was Dragonboat Day. Shiny white tents lined the waterfront, 56 (provide) shade and refreshments for Dragon Boat paddlers(桨手)from all over California, 57 gathered around the Castaic Lake for a festive competition.

Giggling kids raced cheerfully along the lakeside beach, 58 their parents enjoying the shady picnic areas under the trees along the shore. "It's a great day out," said Paul Lin, co-founder for Castaic's own Dragon Eyes team.

Dragonboat racing has been going on for thousands of years in China, 59 (initial) in honor of the Chinese water dragon deity(神)in an effort to call down rain and avoid 60 (fortune) and disaster.

In the race, a drummer 61 (use) a large traditional wooden drum to keep the paddlers on beat, while a steersman in the back keeps them in their lane.

Lin said a friend got him 62 (involve) in dragon boat racing over a decade ago. In 2018, they decided to host their own festival. "There's 63 really special to be learned from our dragon boat motto: 'One Boat, One Beat'," he said. "Paddlers come from all walks of life and that kind of 64 (close) with people is nowhere else to be seen."

"We really want to help expand awareness and grow the sport," Lin said. "We're hoping one day it'll become 65 Olympic sport."

#### 第四部分写作 (共两节, 满分 40 分)

##### 第一节 应用文写作 (15 分)

2022 年北京冬奥会很“中国”, 许多元素向世界展现了中国文化或中国理念。请选取其中一二撰写一篇短文, 参加 China Daily 举办的“China Meets the World”征文比赛。

注意:

1. 词数 80 左右;
2. 可以适当增加细节, 以使行文连贯。

参考词汇: 吉祥物 mascot; 二十四节气 24 solar terms; 一起向未来 Together For A Shared Future; 雪如意 Snow Ruyi — the National Ski Jumping Center.

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## 第二节 读后续写 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料, 根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段, 使之构成一篇完整的短文。

My twin sister, Mary, and I lived together for eighteen years before we went to college. We'd known each other so much and always enjoyed shared time. We happily sang and danced together, had dinner and went to bed together, and discussed the maths problems and recited the poems together.

But one small thing couldn't be shared smoothly and that's the trouble with toothpaste.

Crest(佳洁士)made us give in and demanded to know what we were made of. You see, Mary likes to carefully fold and roll the toothpaste tube. I like to grab it in the middle and squeeze(挤). I might call her folding a bit too careful. She might consider my squeezing careless and rude. This difference in style may seem mild, but it caused the big trouble in the later days.

At first, it was a little joke. I'd squeeze. She'd roll. Ha, ha. I'd squeeze again. She'd roll again. Annoying. I'd squeeze even when I wasn't brushing my teeth. She'd slip in to roll, roll, roll.

After slipping and squeezing, tip-toeing and rolling for two weeks, it was unavoidable that we finally met face to face in our tiny pink bathroom with our hands on the toothpaste. We actually yelled at each other. I may have even cried. Why was she so obsessive(过分的)? Why was I so vindictive(报复性的)? Why couldn't she loosen up? Why couldn't I calm down? Were we still talking about the toothpaste?

The toothpaste had become more than something to brush our teeth with; it had become a symbol for aspects of our individual personalities that we did not always care to reveal. Maybe I was being a little vindictive. Maybe she was being a bit obsessive. Maybe it really didn't matter how we dealt with the toothpaste. But maybe it did.

注意: 1. 续写词数应为 150 左右;

2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Thankfully, we thought of a solution.



Years later, I had new roommates in college.





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