

# 荆门市 2022—2023 学年度下学期期末 高二年级学业水平检测 英 语

(考试时间: 120 分钟 试卷满分: 150 分 试卷共 10 页)

## 第一部分 听力 (共两节, 满分 30 分)

做题时, 先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后, 你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

### 第一节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例: How much is the shirt?

A. £19.15.

B. £9.18.

C. £9.15.

答案是 C。

1. What is Sonya responsible for?

A. Doing some research.

B. Looking up the dates.

C. Deciding on explorers.

2. What is the woman trying to do?

A. Make an appointment.

B. Reschedule an appointment.

C. Cancel an appointment.

3. Who is the man?

A. A banker.

B. A shopper.

C. A cashier.

4. Where does the conversation take place?

A. In a furniture store.

B. In a restaurant.

C. In a train station.

5. What are the speakers mainly talking about?

A. The man's daughter.

B. A birthday party.

C. Something to drink.

### 第二节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题 5 秒钟; 听完后, 各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料, 回答第 6、7 题。

6. What is the relationship between the speakers?

A. House owner and renter.

B. Gym clerk and customer.

C. Hotel clerk and guest.

7. What will the woman do?

A. Clean the room.

B. Pack her suitcase.

C. Have something to eat.

听第 7 段材料, 回答第 8、9 题。

8. What did the speakers do just now?

A. They met a writer.

B. They saw a doctor.

C. They climbed a mountain.



第二部分 阅读 (共两节, 满分 50 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 2.5 分, 满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的四个选项 (A、B、C 和 D) 中, 选出最佳选项。

A

**Treasure Hunt Through Modern-Day Ruins**

Urban exploration of abandoned man-made structures became popular in the 1990s when modern society was fast forwarding into the next century. Left behind were relics of human civilization. Far away from modernization, rusted in air, tangled in weeds and vines (藤蔓), ruins tell forgotten tales and sometimes become history in and of themselves.

**Punch Buggy Scrapyard**

**MOAB, UTAH**

Vintage car lovers won't want to miss this huge car disposal yard, the impressive open-air TomTom's Volkswagen graveyard—a father-and-son cooperation began in 1961 with eight cars. From buses to Beetles to Karmann Ghias to Squarebacks, hundreds of cars, car windows, doors and tires form a rainbow colored fleet contrasting with the dry yellow ground.

**Game of Thrones' End**

**KUPARI, CROATIA**

Six miles east of Dubrovnik, one of the main filming locations of the hit series Game of Thrones' King's Landing, is a bay of abandoned hotels that witnessed Croatia's real power play. It was once a seaside resort for the military elite before the Yugoslav army destroyed it during the Croatian War in the 1990s. What exists today at the complex of former glory are overgrown weeds, graffiti and rusty remains.

**Once Upon a Gold**

**ATHENS**

Stadiums that once housed tears and sweat, cheers and boos during the 2004 Olympic games are now left for weeds. The beach volleyball arena, aquatics center and other venues were abandoned because of little local interest and lack of planning when the \$15 billion grand building was under construction.

**Twining Romance**

**QUEENSLAND, AUSTRALIA**

Nearly a century ago, Spanish sugarcane cutter José Paronella wanted to build a castle in the rainforest for his wife. The resulting wonderland—**Paronella Park**—with vines twining on stone pillars and moss(苔藓) stretching out from cracks has been open to the public since 1935. Its current owners are devoted to “maintaining and preserving” the primitive beauty of this famous tourist attraction with 7,500 flora and fauna (动植物).

21. Which place might interest a fan of old cars?

A. KUPARI

B. MOAB

C. ATHENS

D. QUEENSLAND

22. Why is the present Paronella Park full of wildlife?
- A. To keep its original attraction.
  - B. To make it a wonderland.
  - C. To make this tourist attraction popular.
  - D. To satisfy the demands of the owner's wife.
23. Which of the following statement is TRUE according to the passage?
- A. Paronella Park didn't become famous until 1935.
  - B. Punch Buggy Scrapyard started with eighty different cars.
  - C. The Olympic stadiums were abandoned for insufficient planning.
  - D. Game of Thrones' End is a glorious theatre where plays were performed.

**B**

Born with severe hearing loss, Li has found her way to communicate with the world through painting. Drawing was not only her way of coping with a lonely childhood, but has also opened for her a door to creativity and a way of expression. Moreover, painting led Li to meet her husband Hu Shiqun, who lost his hearing due to medication.

After graduation, Li got a job as a typist. Decent job as it was, Li was not happy because the previous bad feelings came back. In March 2016, Li quit the job and joined her husband's company to be a wall painter.

From then on, in many parks and scenic spots in Hunan Province, the couple have created large-scale murals (壁画) and interactive pavement painting. Under their brushes, the pavements are transformed into fantastical scenes. For Li, their creations can make art more accessible to the public and become a way for them to connect with the world. Now Li has apprentices (学徒) and coaches more and more newcomers on how to create large-scale murals. Besides, Li and her husband have set up a studio in Shanghai to seek more business opportunities.

Although they are just a small number among the country's 27 million hearing-impaired population, Li hopes that their stories can inspire more people facing similar battles to build their own careers and achieve their goals, regardless of how tough it may be.

According to Li, "Painting brushes can help me create a colorful world in my imagination, telling my thoughts on paper, instead of through voices. My husband and I want to introduce painting to more people like us, helping them to fight social prejudice that we can not fully participate in social activities."

24. Why did Li feel unhappy as a typist?
- A. Because the job was demanding.
  - B. Because she made no friends.
  - C. Because she had to leave her husband.
  - D. Because she felt lonely again.
25. What is Paragraph 3 mainly about?
- A. The couple's great impact on wall painting.
  - B. The couple's achievements as wall painters.
  - C. The couple's ambition as wall painters.
  - D. The couple's creations of wall painting.



26. What is Li's hope for hearing-impaired people?
- A. They can create an equal world.
  - B. They can tolerate social prejudice.
  - C. They can use drawing to cope with loneliness.
  - D. They can persevere with their goals despite adversity.
27. Which of the following can best describe Li?
- A. Selfless and outgoing.
  - B. Caring and determined.
  - C. Optimistic and humorous.
  - D. Honest and innovative.

C

The topic of China's "slash youth" has fueled heated debate on social media recently, drawing attention to the diverse pursuits of the younger generation.

The slash youth, which could also be called slashers or slash-generation — means those who refuse to be defined or bound by just one personal identity. They are keen to present themselves as multiple and sometimes distinct identities, such as a nurse and model, a teacher and stand-up comedian, and an engineer and band player. Rather than material comforts, they pursue meaningful achievement.

A diverse career can enable them to develop new experiences and talents as well as social and professional networks, leading to greater flexibility in life and work, recognition and satisfaction.

A study on "slash youth" published in the China Youth Research magazine analyzes the background of this phenomenon: with part of modern society's structured organization and stability norms (规范) are broken, flexible labor markets and structural unemployment has emerged, **dispelling** the sense of job security of the young people in employment. Young people also face the dilemma of self-actualization (自我实现), including the sense of powerlessness, lost sense of value and lack of self-identity in the profession, which forces them to re-find the meaning of work.

"The 'slash life' shows that our society is becoming more and more diversified and inclusive(包罗万象的), and it welcomes everyone's self-fulfillment," said Shi Yanrong, an associate researcher from Tianjin Academy of Social Sciences. "Young people no longer have to rely on work and money for their sense of self-worth. They tend to create their own identities." The researcher added that against the background that people have multiple interests and are willing to pay for these interests nowadays, the "slash life" of the youth would drive the growth of a new economy, just as animation culture affected the market.

28. What attracts younger generation to pursue multiple identities?
- A. Meaningful self-fulfillment.
  - B. Public concern.
  - C. Booming job market.
  - D. Material comforts.
29. What does the underlined word "**dispelling**" in Paragraph 4 mean?
- A. Highlighting.
  - B. Stimulating.
  - C. Removing.
  - D. Increasing.

30. What does Shi Yanrong think of the slash life?
- A. It enables young people to earn high incomes.
  - B. It inspires young people's creativity at work.
  - C. It increases people's confidence in young generation.
  - D. It reflects the increasing tolerance of the society.
31. Which of the following can be the best title for the text?
- A. Slash Life: A flexible labor market
  - B. Slash Life: A journey of hunting for jobs
  - C. Slash Youth: A generation with diverse identities
  - D. Slash Youth: A generation lacking the sense of job security

**D**

Honeybees are in trouble. While they're crucial for promoting biodiversity and producing food for healthy human diets, honeybees face many threats, including habitat loss, climate change, air pollution and disease-causing organisms.

But now, there's hope for helping honeybees fight back against one of the many stressors they face, a deadly infectious disease known as American foulbrood. To fight the disease, the U.S. Department of Agriculture approved for use the world's first honeybee vaccine (疫苗), developed by Dalan Animal Health.

Bacteria called *Paenibacillus* larvae cause American foulbrood, which kills honeybees while they are in the pupal(蛹的) or pre-pupal stage. Until now, there was no "safe and sustainable" way to prevent American foulbrood. The only treatment involved antibiotics(抗生素), which are expensive, have limited effectiveness and take lots of time and energy for beekeepers to apply. To stop the spread, beekeepers are often forced to burn infected bees. That makes the vaccine a game changer.

"Our vaccine is a breakthrough in protecting honeybees," says Annette Kleiser, CEO of Dalan Animal Health. "We are ready to change how we care for insects, impacting food production on a global level."

Beekeepers will mix the vaccine, which contains dead *P. larvae* bacteria cells, into the food that worker bees eat. Then, when the worker bees produce their milky royal jelly (蜂王浆), the queen will eat it and the vaccine. Then, the vaccine will protect her **developing offspring** from the disease.

Under a conditional license from the USDA, Dalan Animal Health now plans to distribute limited amounts of the vaccine to commercial beekeepers. From there, they hope to offer it for sale throughout the U.S. sometime this year.

The federal agriculture agency awards conditional licenses to products that meet an emergency, situation, limited market, local situation or special circumstance. The USDA requires products that receive these types of licenses to be pure and safe, and have a reasonable expectation of effectiveness. Generally, conditional licenses come with restrictions and cover a limited period of time. Once that

period ends, the agency evaluates the product's effectiveness to determine whether to renew the conditional license or award a regular product license.

32. What's the function of the first paragraph?
- A. To stress the importance of honeybees.                      B. To lead to the topic of the passage.  
C. To list the threats honeybees face.                      D. To arouse readers' interest.
33. Why is the vaccine called a game changer?
- A. Because it has changed the way we care for insects.  
B. Because it's the only treatment for American foulbrood.  
C. Because it breaks through the limitations of the former treatment.  
D. Because the previous treatment has no effectiveness.
34. What does the "developing offspring" refer to in Paragraph 5 ?
- A. Queen bees.                      B. Worker bees.                      C. Adult bees.                      D. Young bees.
35. What do we know about "conditional licenses" in the last two paragraphs?
- A. They promote the commercial success of honeybee vaccine.  
B. They guarantee the full effectiveness of products.  
C. They can be renewed with no strings attached.  
D. They are in effect within a period of time.

第二节（共 5 小题；每小题 2.5 分，满分 12.5 分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后的选项选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

**How to write tip-top articles**

Articles, like all pieces of writing, can be divided into three sections, a beginning, a middle and an end.

The middle is the biggest part, and from the reader's point of view it's the most important—it is where the content lies. 36 It tends to be just a straightforward list of facts or events in time order.

37 From the writer's point of view, they need the most thought. Your opening paragraph has to grab the reader's attention and pull them into piece that follows. It must be consistent with article as a whole and flow seamlessly（连贯流畅地） into it. Beginning give you a chance to shine as a writer.

38.

Endings are as important as introduction, and for the same reason. They are your last chance to impress readers and editors. 39 This can be done by summarizing what's gone before or looking towards the future. It can work particularly well stylistically(文体上) if the end mirrors the beginning in some way.

The best way to get good at intros and endings is to read a lot of them in a wide variety of magazines and newspapers. 40 Your version will be different because the subject matter will be different.

All the above considered, you are bound to write excellent and impressive articles.

- A. It's also the easiest bit to write.
- B. You will keep your writing fresh.
- C. Beginnings, by contrast, can be more difficult to do well.
- D. If you seize it, the editors may keep coming back to you with more work.
- E. That means writing a lot of good beginnings and ends that editors and readers appreciate.
- F. So you should conclude the piece with a flourish(华丽辞藻), or a satisfying sense of completion.
- G. Whenever you come across one that grabs your attention, copy the style in your own article.

第三部分 语言运用 (共两节, 满分 30 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 从每题所给的四个选项 (A、B、C 和 D) 中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Tracy Peck remembered sitting next to two frightened young sisters in a trans-Atlantic flight from Amsterdam to Minneapolis 23 years ago. After some chat, she learned how 41 their experience of escaping war was. They 42 her of her own daughters so before they got off the flight she reached into her purse, pulled out a(n) 43, wrote them a note and placed a \$100 bill inside.

Peck had no idea then how much that envelope would mean to both girls. And one of the sisters, Ayda Zugay, had been 44 for her for nearly a decade. With the help of social media and the 45 of friends and family, Peck and the sisters reunited on an emotional Zoom call.

Peck told the sisters how 46 she remembered what it felt like when she first met them. Zugay told Peck things she had wanted to 47 with the note's author for years-how 48 she was, why the gift had meant so much, how valuable such 49 messages are, how they had spent the money 50 pancakes and Coca Cola for an entire summer. Tears streamed down Peck's face as she listened to Zugay's 51. At a time when there's so much pain and 52 in the world, she hopes others will take more time to help people 53.

They also talked about the 54 of meeting up in person someday. Peck 55 the sisters that whenever they visit, she'll make them the best pancakes they've ever had.

- |                     |                |                  |                |
|---------------------|----------------|------------------|----------------|
| 41. A. embarrassing | B. interesting | C. heartbreaking | D. fascinating |
| 42. A. warned       | B. informed    | C. convinced     | D. reminded    |
| 43. A. article      | B. envelope    | C. card          | D. letter      |
| 44. A. searching    | B. waiting     | C. working       | D. arranging   |
| 45. A. honour       | B. influence   | C. support       | D. permission  |
| 46. A. actively     | B. vividly     | C. carefully     | D. differently |
| 47. A. compare      | B. argue       | C. share         | D. discuss     |
| 48. A. peaceful     | B. wonderful   | C. successful    | D. grateful    |
| 49. A. puzzling     | B. amusing     | C. satisfying    | D. encouraging |
| 50. A. consuming    | B. preparing   | C. assuming      | D. imagining   |
| 51. A. description  | B. information | C. admiration    | D. suggestion  |
| 52. A. stress       | B. suffering   | C. failure       | D. desire      |

- |                 |             |               |              |
|-----------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|
| 53. A.in action | B.in need   | C.in silence  | D.in debt    |
| 54. A.beauty    | B.result    | C.possibility | D.problem    |
| 55. A.promised  | B.concerned | C.showed      | D.introduced |

**第二节（共 10 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 15 分）**

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

You might have heard of Cantonese opera, but have you heard of Nanyin—Fujian’s traditional opera? Traditional Nanyin is performed by five people, 56 (comprise) of one singer and four instrumentalists. The musicians play the *dongxiao*, *nanpa*, *erxian*, and *sanxian*. In 2009, Nanyin 57 (add) to UNESCO’s Intangible Cultural Heritage List.

58 (wander) the streets of Quanzhou, a historical port city, one will often hear slow, soft and pleasant melodies(曲调) coming from a newsstand on a street corner, a grocery store in a marketplace 59 a residential house with its door open.

That’s the sound of Nanyin, 60 ancient music style of Minnan, or southern Fujian Province, 61 can be traced back to the Tang Dynasty. One of the country’s oldest music 62 (style), Nanyin (literally meaning “music of the south”) came into being and developed as the culture of central China spread to Quanzhou and integrated with local arts. 63 its melody was often associated with royal court music, it gradually changed to become part of local folk life, and was passed down from generation to generation. Nanyin became “the sounds of hometown and motherland” in the minds of many overseas Chinese who left Quanzhou.

It’s common for its fans 64 (collect) Nanyin albums, organize regional associations of Nanyin enthusiasts, hold salons(沙龙) and set up musical theaters. In Quanzhou alone, there are about 500 music associations devoted to Nanyin’s soft sounds, and more than a dozen festivals and competitions are held 65 (annual) both at home and abroad.

**第四部分 写作（共两节，满分 40 分）**

**第一节（满分 15 分）**

假如你是李华。在即将升入高三之际，很多学生学习状态不佳，不适应逐渐加快的学习节奏，对未来一片迷茫。学生会邀请你作为学生代表在期末总结大会上给全校师生发表演讲，请你从以下几个方面准备一份英语发言稿。

- 1.指出现象； 2.具体建议； 3.表达祝愿。

注意：1. 写作词数应为 80 左右；

2. 开头和结尾已给出，不计入总词数。

Good morning,everyone!

I’m Li Hua. \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

## 第二节 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料, 根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段, 使之构成一篇完整的短文。

### A Welcome Gift

Dario and his mother loved their new apartment. Compared with the previous one back in New York, the living room was large enough for their piano. That night, the two of them sat side by side at the piano. They played jazz music to celebrate their new home. The loud music filled the room and made them feel very happy. They were so absorbed in playing one piece after another that they totally forgot how late it was.

The next morning, however, their happiness disappeared. Someone had left a note under their door during the night. One of their neighbors had written to complain about the sound of the piano. The first person that came to their mind would be Mrs. Gilbert, who lived right next to them, but they were not sure. Then Dario's mother asked the building superintendent (管理员) if he knew anything about it. But he said that they were all nice people and he couldn't imagine any of them had done that. The note of complaint was like a big, black cloud hanging over their home. It was not the way they wanted to establish relationship with their new neighbors.

Later that morning, Dario suggested that they write a letter to their neighbors and apologize for their playing. "Maybe we could go and visit everyone in person." his mother said. But the time-consuming and troublesome idea was quickly denied. Suddenly, a flash of inspiration went across Dario's mind. Nothing could serve as a bridge to remove the distance between them and their new neighbors better than a party.

This idea swept the gloomy expression on his mother's face. They both loved the fantastic idea. Over the next few days, they sent out invitations and prepared desserts for their guests. They decorated the apartment with streamers (彩带) and party lights to strengthen the party atmosphere. A smile of expectation could be seen on their faces as they held a strong belief that it would be a perfect beginning of their new life in the new neighborhood.

注意: 1. 续写词数应为 150 左右;

2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

#### Paragraph 1

*Finally, the day of the party arrived.* \_\_\_\_\_

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#### Paragraph 2

*"You play, you play!" Mrs. Gilbert said. "I like what you play! Just not so loud at night."* \_\_\_\_\_

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