

机密★启用前 〔考试时间:2023年7月4日下午3:00-5:00〕

# 乐山市高中 2024 届教学质量检测

(本试卷共10页,满分150分。考试时间120分

### 注意事项:

- 1. 答卷前,考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在答题卡上。
- 2. 作答时, 务必将答案写在答题卡上, 写在本试卷及草稿纸上无效。
- 3. 考试结束后,将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

#### 听力 (共两节,满分30分) 第一部分

做题时, 先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后, 你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案 转涂到答题卡上

## 第一节 (共5小题; 每小题1.5分,满分7.5分)

听下面。段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳 选项。听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话 仅读一遍。

例: How much is the shirt?

A. £19.15.

B. £9.15.

答案是 B.

1. What is the man complaining about?

A. His tiredness.

B. Too much work

C. Bad weather.

2. How much should the woman pay?

B. \$30.

C. \$20.

3. What do the woman's history lessons sound like?

A. Appealing.

B. Just so-so.

C. Boring.

4. What are the speakers talking about?

A. Traffic rules 1 B. Crazy people.

C. Bad driving behaviors.

5. Where are the speakers probably?

A. In a shop.

B. At a bank.

C. At a clinic.

## 第二节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 22.5 分)

听下面5段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选 项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小 题,每小题5秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第6段材料,回答第6、7题。

高二英语 第1页(共10页)

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- 6. What did the man do on Friday?
  - A. He watched a game.
- B. He did his paper.
- C. He played basketball.
- 7. What does the woman think of the match?
  - A. It's wonderful.
- B. It's fair.

#### 听第7段材料,回答第8、9题。

- 8. How many times does the woman wash her hair a week?
  - A. Seven times.
- B. Six times.
- 9. What kind of shampoo does the woman prefer to buy?
  - A. One that is specially designed.
  - B. One that is well advertised.
  - C. One that is cost-effective.

## 听第8段材料,回答第10至12题。

- 10. What's the relationship between the two speakers?
  - A. Husband and wife.
  - B. Boss and employee.
- C. Teacher and student, 125 11. What can we learn from the conversation?
  - A. They will have a baby soon.
  - B. She is willing to work on until 70.
  - C. They have to save 40% of the earnings now.
- 12. What is the woman like?
  - A. Panic and anxious.
  - B. Demanding and bossy.
  - C. Responsible and reasonable.

听第9段材料,回答第13至16题。

- 13. Why was the woman late?
  - A. She went to the police station.
  - B. She did a lot of shopping.
  - C. She visited her friends.
- 14. Where did the wowan go first for her handbag?
  - A. The shop.
- B. The restaurant.
- C. Her car.

- 15. What will the woman probably do next?
  - A. Drive her car-away
  - B. Call her friends again.
  - C. Contact the restaurant manager.
- 16. When did the conversation probably take place?
  - A. In the morning.
- B. In the afternoon.
- C. At midnight.

## 听第 10 段材料,回答第 17 至 20 题。

- 17. Where is the speaker now?
  - A. At a cheese market.
- B. At a craft market.
- C. At a supermarket.

高二英语 第2页(共10页)

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18. What was the town famous for?

A. Hand-painted T-shirts. B. Traditional baskets.

C. Leather shoes.

19. What is next to the nearest bank?

A. A cinema.

B. A park.

C. A museum

20. Which is the fastest way from London to the market?

A. By bus.

B. By train.

C. By taxi.

## 第二部分 阅读理解 (共两节,满分 40 分)

## 第一节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 30 分)//

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的四个选项(A、B、C和D)中,选出最佳选项。

#### A

## Guided Tours of Longford Castle

Situated within beautiful gardens on the banks of the River Avon, Longford Castle is one of the finest stately homes in England. Only open to the public on select days of the year, guided tours offer an exclusive opportunity to experience this Elizabethan castle and gardens, and its exceptional art collection.

- Tickets for guided tours of Longford Castle are sold through the National Gallery, on behalf of the Longford Estate.
- Guided tours for 2023 are now fully booked. Tours for next year will go on sale in early 2024.
- Tickets:

Standard admission: £16

Tickets include:

Collection and drop-off from Salisbury Railway Station or the Radnor Arms pub,

## Nunton

Guided tour of Longford Castle

Time in the gardens

What to see on your visit

#### The Castle

Longford Castle was originally built in the late 16th century to an unusual triangular plan. In the 18th century, the second Earl of Radnor employed the architect James Wyatt to transform it into a hexagonal (大道形的) palace.

#### World-class art

Longford is home to many world-class works of art. The majority of works were collected by the family in the 18th and 19th centuries, but the collection continues to grow and evolve.

#### Gorgeous gardens

On your visit you'll have time to enjoy the Castle's beautiful formal gardens. The planting scheme creates a series of colourful sceneries throughout the year.

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- 21. What do we know about the tickets for the Castle?
  - A. The tickets don't include garden entrance fees .
  - B. The tickets are accessible through the National Gallery.
  - C. The tickets for 2024 guided tours are now available.
  - D. The tickets include the fees for accommodation.
- 22. What can we find during the visit?
  - A. The castle has never changed in shape.
  - B. The collections of art never increased.
  - C. The castle opens every day throughout the year
  - D. The gardens have different views in a year.
- 23. Where is this text probably taken from?
  - A. A textbook.
- B. A leaflet.
- C. A report.
- D. An exam paper.

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B

Historically, France as a nation has been predominantly Roman Catholic. These days, however, France is largely secular(世俗的) in terms of its culture, with many of its citizens having long turned their backs on traditional forms of religion. With this reality in mind, we may wonder why a church—specifically Notre-Dame de Paris (巴黎圣母院) sitting on the small island in the middle of the river Seine-remains so deeply rooted in the hearts of Parisians.

When a fire caused great damage to Notre-Dame on April 15th, 2019, Parisians were horrified and shocked to see the destruction of their beloved "lady" (notre-dame being the French word for "our lady"). Sure enough, from the moment the fire was eventually put out, the French government began making plans for its reconstruction. So, given France's secularism, what is it that makes Notre-Dame, a religious building, so beloved?

Notre-Dame's popularity partially arises from the publication of The Hunch back of Notre-Dame by Victor Hugo (雨果) in the 19th century. However, construction on the Notre-Dame de Paris began back in 1163 and took more than 100 years to complete. Since its completion, the Gothic cathedral(哥特式大教堂) has been forced to move with the times on several occasions including two World Wars. Despite being attacked during times of political and religious upheaval (动乱), it has continued to stand tall throughout the centuries. The fact that it was effectively turned into a food storage space for a few years during the French Revolution shows the incredible ability of the cathedral to adapt to any situation in order to ensure its survival.

It is clear that for the people of Paris, it is part of the architecture of the French capital and, therefore, an important background in a city they believe to be the cultural center of the world. Though consumed by flames just a few years ago, Notre-Dame will undoubtedly recover and live on?

- 24. What message do the first two paragraphs convey?
  - A. Notre-Dame's unique status in France.
  - B. France's key role in world culture.
  - C. Severe damage done to Notre-Dame.
  - D. Highlight of French architecture.

高二英语 第4页(共10页)

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- 25. What do we know about Notre-Dame from the passage?
  - A. Its name was taken from Victor Hugo's work.
  - B. Its construction was finished in the 1200s.
  - C. It was destroyed in the two World Wars.
  - D. It once served as a shelter for the homeless.
- 26. What is the author's attitude towards the recovery of Notre-Dame 3
  - A. Doubtful.
- B. Uncertain.
- C. Confident.
  - D. Indifferent.

- 27. What can be a suitable title of the text?
  - A. Notre-Dame So Much More Than Just a Church.
  - B. Notre-Dame The Passing Glory Never Coming Back.
  - C. Notre-Dame World-Class Cathedral in Ruins.
  - D. Notre-Dame Making its Way Back to the Top.

C
Technology usually keeps us away from nature. But now it is offering us an opportunity to listen to non humans in powerful ways, connecting us again to the natural world.

Around the animal kingdom, there are sounds hard for us to decipher. Elephants, for example, communicate with each other using infra-sound (次声波), a sound frequently far below our human hearing range. Coral in the ocean also communicates with each other through sound waves. This is a shocking fact as coral doesn't have any ears! So scientists have placed listening devices in these environments to pick up sounds humans are normally unable to detect.

After the sounds are recorded, AI (人工智能) is then able to determine their meaning. There are now whole databases of whale songs and honeybee dances. One day this information may be turned into "a zoological version of google translate". One animal language is that of the elephant. Elephants have a different signal for honeybee, which is a threat, and a different signal for human. Moreover, they range between threatening humans and non-threatening humans.

And this technology is more powerful than that. For example, bees use dances to communicate with their peers where to go in search of nectar (花蜜). A research team in Germany, therefore, insert the bee Janguage from AI database system into a robot bee, allowing the robot to create a dance routine that can tell the bees which direction to move. Whereas in the past, language creation had been limited to mainly apes (类人猿), with many examples of chimpanzees having been taught sign language to communicate with humans. This new technology now allows humans to socialize with different animals throughout the animal kingdom.

- 28. Which of the following best explains "decipher" underlined in Paragraph 2?
  - A. take control
- B. recognize
- C. raise interest
- D. communicate
- 29. What can AI do according to paragraph 3?
  - A. Record animal sounds as many as possible.
  - B. Work with google to translate animal signals.
  - C. Find the difference between animal and human signals.
  - D. Analyze what animal signal information indicate.

高二英语 第5页(共10页)

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- 30. Why is the new technology more powerful?
  - A. Because it uses a robot bee to find nectar.
  - B. Because it teaches chimpanzees sign language.
  - NNN. ZIZS. COM C. Because it enlarges humans' communication with animals.
  - D. Because it helps humans discover more animal species.
- 31. What is the main idea of this passage?
  - A. AI helps humans communicate more with animals.
  - B. Animals can chat as well as humans do.
  - C. Different animals have different chatting abilities.
  - D. AI is the most powerful technology at present.

Plastic pollution is disastrous for the environment and our health, and the issue is growing worse. Even when plastic producers are responsible and attempt to help relieve the problem, it doesn't always go smoothly. Such has been the case for the company Torus Pak.

Torus Pak produces packaging for frozen meals. Last year, a Torus Pak customer contacted the company about ensuring the packages are recyclable. Like many other black plastic products, the Torus Pak packages were technically recyclable to begin with, but they used a carbon based pigment (色素). This pigment disturbs the sorting technology that's used by many recycling facilities, so black plastic usually ends up being thrown away because the machines can't identify it.

A 2017 study found that only about 9% of all the plastic waste humans have ever created has actually been recycled. That amounts to less than 600 million tons out of over 6 billion. Some studies estimate that by 2050, the plastic polluting the ocean will outweigh the fish if we don't make some changes. This would obviously be bad for fish, but also for anyone who eats seafood. If you eat something that eats plastic, it will end up in your own system. That's bad enough, but what's worse, producing plastic also releases emissions that contribute to climate change, and harmful chemicals that can sicken communities near plastic-related facilities.

The solution is obvious - stop using so much plastic, starting with many of the items we use just once for a few minutes. Companies also need to shift toward using more reusable containers, and packaging made from materials that are less harmful to the environment instead of plastic. Besides, Governments must take an active part to direct such changes too.

We know how to live without plastic. We've just got used to a convenient consumption (消费) culture. The benefits of using plastic on such an unnecessarily large scale don't outweigh these costs. Reducing our dependence on plastic will help to keep our planet clean and healthy.

- 32. Why can't Torus Pak's packaging be recycled?
  - A. Because it doesn't care about environment pollution.
  - Because plastic is not a recyclable material.
  - C. Because recycling technology still has some problems.
  - D. Because colored packaging is hard to be identified.

高二英语 第6页(共10页)

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- 33. What can we infer from Paragraph 3?
  - A. Plastic is produced faster than it is recycled.
  - B. The most harmful pollution is plastic waste.
  - C. Ocean plastic pollution is limited to sea lives.
  - D. Plastic gives out emissions to pollute air.
- 34. What's the author's suggestion for solving the plastic pollution?
  - Forbid plastic production.
- B. Avoid unnecessary plastic use.
- C. Produce less containers.
- D. Wait for governments' actions.
- 35. In the author's opinion, what is the main cause for heavy plastic pollution?
  - A. Low cost in producing plastic
- B. Failure in plastic recycling
- C. Governments' being irresponsible
- D. People's consumption habit

### 第二节 (共5小题;每小题2分,满分10分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

It is very common for people to have very vivid memories of certain events. <u>36</u>, such as a graduation ceremony or the birth of a child. Or they may be things that they see or hear about in the news. <u>37</u>. Psychologists refer to them as flashbulb (风光灯) memories.

As the name suggests, flashbulb memories are like "snapshots(快闪)" of important moments that we take with our brains rather than a camera. \_\_38\_, either at the scene or on television. Take the 9/11 terrorist attacks on the United States as an example. Many people claim that they remember the disaster exactly even after 20 years.

According to psychologists, there are several factors that affect these types of memories. Among the most significant are the emotions a person may be feeling at the time, especially if it's shocking. 39. Receiving a very special and unexpected birthday gift, for instance, would have special significance for an individual but would be meaningless to others.

- 40 . As time passes, people's version of events can change. This may result from a number of influences, such as their other life experiences or being exposed to media coverage of an event. So, keep in mind that those clear memories that you have of an event may not be entirely accurate.
  - A. Flashbulb memories influence our life in many ways
  - B. They typically happen when we are watching something
  - C. These events may be things that happened to them personally
  - D. And the inspiring ones have greater chances to be remembered
  - E. There is also personal connection that a person may feel toward an event
  - F. Whatever the case may be, these memories stick out in our minds very clearly
  - G. However, studies have shown that flashbulb memories are often not as clear as people think.

高二英语 第7页(共10页)

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## 英语知识运用(共两节,满分45分)

### 第一节 完形填空 (共20小题;每小题1.5分,满分30分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给的四个选项 (A、B、C和D)中, 选出可以增入空白处 的最佳选项。

On a warm summer evening in Surat, my wife and I were on our way to the grocery store, when I 41 a man sitting on the pavement. He sat still and the vacant 42 in his eyes indicated he was possibly incapable of 43 mental function.

We tried 44 him a few questions, but he showed no 45 of having heard or understood us. It was quite 46 that he was in need of help. "He looks half-starved," my wife remarked, "but there is no 47 in giving him money." I agreed. "Let's buy him a loaf of 48 instead."

It took us a while to finish our-shopping. When we 49 to the spot where we had first seen the man, he wasn't there? 50 , we decided to go home. We'd barely gone a hundred meters when we 51 him. He had crossed the road and was seated with a 52 of migrant labourers who had camped there. Surprisingly, none of the family members seemed to 53 his presence. In fact, he looked to be quite welcome.

The beggar was eating 54 . The lady kept an eye on the stranger, making sure that his 55 was not empty. She smiled as she watched him 56 the food clumsily.

We watched for a while. Then, overcome with 57, we placed the loaf of bread near the man and 58, but not before learning the true meaning of giving and 59. That family was far from wealthy, but they shared what they had, not something they had no use for, or something they could 60 afford, like a loaf of bread.

they could anora,	inc a four or bread.		F 1/1
41. A. decorated	B. forgot	C. noticed	D. abandoned
42. A. gift	B. look	C. space	D. plan
43. A. normal	B. important	C. valued	D. special
44. A. answering	B. posting	C. considering	D. asking
45. A. comments	B. changes	C. signs	D. results
46. A. simple	B. useful	C. clear	D. popular
47. A. chance	B. point	C. excuse	D. evidence
48. A. sugar	B. cheese	C. cake	D. bread
49. A. returned	B. entered	C. exposed	D. delayed
50. A. Thrilled	B. Disappointed	C. Ashamed	D. Scared
51.A. called	B. spotted	C. heard	D. forgave
52. A. family	Bo team	C. couple	D. crew
53. A. acknowledge	B announce	C. mind	D. ensure
54. A. hungrily	B. sadly	C. angrily	D. secretly
55. A. wallet	B. basket	C. field	D. plate
56. A. dig into	B. find out	C. make up	D. send off
57. A. serrow	B. guilt	C. exhaustion	D. confusion
58. A. held on	B. carried out	C. rode away	D. gave up
59. A. healing	B. volunteering	C. following	D. sharing
60. A. reasonably	B. finally	C. comfortably	D. easily
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## 第二节 (共10小题;每小题1.5分,满分15分)

阅读下面材料,在空白处填入适当的内容(1个单词)或括号内单词的正确形式。

The French tourism industry hopes to see a strong boost as China, one of the world giant tourism 61 (market) before the pandemic, optimized (#K 12) its COVID 19 response and resumed outbound group tours earlier this year.

The European country hosted nearly 90 million international tourists in 2019, 62 (make) it the top destination in the world in terms of tourist arrivals. 63 the same time, more than 50 million tourists visited the Paris region and Chinese tourists made up the second 64 (large) number. They 65 (generate) more than 1 billion euros (\$1.1 billion) in revenue.

Air connectivity has been 66 (gradual) increasing after China reopened to foreign tourists last month. More passenger flights 67 (operate) by airlines have been put into service between Chinese and French cities since January. Passenger capacities(乘客量) are expected 68 (rise) by the summer. Before the pandemic, more than 2 million Chinese tourists visited France each year and the Louvre Museum was 69 must-go site of Chinese tourists in Paris. Due to the absence of Chinese, the region starved for three years, 70 is extremely long and hard. Hopefully, they are going to start to travel again and it will be much more individual and much more upscale.

## 第四部分 写作(共两节,满分35分)

#### 第一节 短文改错 (共10 小题;每小题1分,满分10分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文,请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误,每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加:在缺词处加一个漏字符号(A),并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除:把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉。

修改,在错的词下画一横线,并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意: 1. 每处错误及其修改均只限一词;

2. 只允许修改 10 处, 多者 (从第 11 处起) 不计分。

高二英语 第9页(共10页)



Dear friends,

How time flies! It had been two weeks since you came to my school for the exchange program launching to promote communication and cooperation between our two schools

During the past two weeks, we have studied and lived in a same place, which has enabled us know each other better. Do sports together on the playground gives us an opportunity to promote our friendship. That has impressed us most is your art show, in which you showed outstanding talent. I believe the program is of greatly benefit to the students in my school.

At last, on behalf of all the students in your school, I wish you a safe journey at home. And I also sincerely expect more program like this in the future.

假定你叫李华,是一名高三学生。你所在班级最近举办了一次义卖活动,募集的善款将捐赠给学校助学基金。请你给曾在你班交流的英国学生 James 写一封邮件介绍该活动,内容包 括:

- 1. 活动目的和情况;
- 2. 你对本活动的看法。

## 注意:

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1. 活动目的和作	青况;	No.
2. 你对本活动的	的看法。	XX
注意:		NNW. Zizzs.com
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2. 可以适当增	加细节,以使行文连贯。	nn.
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高二英语 第10页(共10页)

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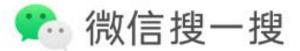
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