

2022 ~ 2023 学年第二学期高二年级期中质量监测

英语试卷

(考试时间:下午 2:30 — 4:00)

说明:本试卷为闭卷笔答,答题时间 90 分钟,满分 100 分。请将第 I 卷试题答案填在第 II 卷卷首的相应位置。

第 I 卷 (共 60 分)

第一部分 听力 (共两节,满分 15 分)

第一节 (共 5 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。答案写在答题卡上。

例: How much is the shirt?
A. £ 19.15. B. £ 9.18. C. £ 9.15.
答案是 C。

1. What time will the movie begin?
A. At 7:00. B. At 7:15. C. At 7:30.
2. What is the man doing?
A. Taking a photo. B. Enjoying a view. C. Painting a picture.
3. Who is fond of the book?
A. The man. B. The woman. C. The man's wife.
4. Where will the woman probably go tonight?
A. To the party. B. To the concert. C. To the airport.
5. What is the possible relationship between the speakers?
A. Manager and staff. B. Teacher and student. C. Doctor and patient.

第二节 (共 10 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 10 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6 至 8 题。

6. What does the man want to buy for his son?
A. Novels. B. Magazines. C. Reference books.
7. How much will the man pay for the gift?
A. \$ 20. B. \$ 18. C. \$ 10.
8. Which is on the second floor?
A. *Silent Spring*. B. *Jane Eyre*. C. *English Digest*.

听第 7 段材料,回答第 9 至 11 题。

9. Where will the boy live?
A. In a dormitory. B. In a host family. C. In an apartment.
10. What is the boy's room equipped with?
A. A refrigerator. B. A washing machine. C. An air conditioner.
11. What is the boy's habit probably?
A. Getting up early. B. Staying up late. C. Taking a walk.

听第 8 段材料,回答第 12 至 15 题。

12. What is Thoreau's father?
A. A pencil maker. B. An essayist. C. A philosopher.
13. Where did Thoreau meet Emerson?
A. In Concord. B. In Harvard. C. At Walden Pond.
14. How long did Thoreau teach in the public school in Concord?
A. For two weeks. B. For two months. C. For two years.
15. When was his first book published?
A. In 1839. B. In 1845. C. In 1849.

第二部分 阅读 (共两节, 满分30分)

第一节 (共10小题; 每小题2分, 满分20分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项。答案写在答题卡上。

注意: C篇分A、B两种题型, A题型为客观题, B题型为主观题。

A

Writing Competitions

Do you have a desire to express your unique thoughts? Are you dreaming of seeing your works published? Here is a list of ongoing writing competitions for your choice. Please bear in mind that contests with smaller prizes attract fewer entries and are therefore easier to win. Best of luck in the competitions!

Hour of Writing Competition

To enter this weekly contest from Manchester, you submit a piece of writing of any type you choose, as long as it is created by yourself, running to no more than 2,000 words. There is a different theme every week.

Closing: 11 pm every Friday

Prize: \$50

Entry Fee: \$3

Writers of the Future Competition

This US contest is open worldwide and is for short stories of up to 17,000 words. They should be science fiction or fantasy with fantastic elements. Your story will be disqualified once copying is detected.

Closing: Quarterly

Prize: \$1,000, \$750, \$500

Entry Fee: None

The 6th Annual Poetry Competition

This contest organized by The Lord Whisky Sanctuary Fund may remind you of a strong alcoholic drink whisky. Actually, it's all about raising funds for an animal reserve in Kent, a county in southeast England. Entry fees will be used to improve animals' living conditions. Welcome original poems of up to 40 lines on any topic.

Closing: May 31st, 2023

Prize: 1st — \$200 2nd — \$100 3rd — \$75

Entry Fee: \$5

Canterbury Poet of the Year Competition

It's back again: the annual international poetry contest from Canterbury Festival. As usual, it is for poems of up to 60 lines. Make sure your poems are original.

Closing: June 1st, 2023

Prize: \$200, \$100, \$50. All longlisted entries (approximately 35) will be published.

Entry Fee: \$5

16. Which competition is easier for a contestant to win a prize?

- A. Hour of Writing Competition.
- B. Writers of the Future Competition.
- C. The 6th Annual Poetry Competition.
- D. Canterbury Poet of the Year Competition.

17. What's the purpose of holding The 6th Annual Poetry Competition?

- A. To advertise a drink.
- B. To raise money for a reserve.
- C. To improve conditions in Kent.
- D. To appeal to government for support.

18. What do the four competitions have in common?

- A. They charge entry fees.
- B. They stress originality.
- C. They are held annually.
- D. They have specific themes.

B

In December, the intense cold turns dripping water into ice within seconds. Yet, 63-year-old Ren Jianguo gets up early before 5 am every morning to sprinkle (撒) 150 kilograms of corn on the river banks to make sure thousands of migratory birds have enough energy to make it through the winter. Over the past 26 years, Ren has been one of many volunteers protecting migratory birds on Changbai Island, where local residents label him as "Uncle Bird".

For Ren himself, a cottage near the riverbank has almost become his "second home", a place from which he can observe the dynamics of the birds, provide help for injured birds, educate the public about bird conservation and, after a long day of work, light a fire and enjoy a warm meal. Winter is the busiest time for Uncle Bird. When the harsh season makes it difficult for birds to find food, he calls for donations or sometimes even pays for the food himself to guarantee their survival during the winter. "I simply want this to be a warm and welcoming place for birds when they choose to stay here for a temporary rest," he said.

A report in 2021 shows that many migratory birds have changed their habit of just passing through China as they head to the Pacific Ocean or South Asia for the winter. Instead, more and more are choosing to spend winter within China's wetlands. However, when Ren settled in the city in the 1990s, only hundreds of migratory birds would come every winter. Since then, China has stepped up protection of wetlands and nature reserves by introducing new regulations and high technology.

"Thirty years ago, it was impossible to see more than 8,000 birds together in the urban area. But now, thousands of the birds attract an increasing number of tourists every year. As long as they choose to stay in this city, there should be people to take care of them. However tough it is, I will stick to my choice and try to raise public awareness," Ren said.

19. Why is winter the busiest time for Mr. Ren?
 A. He has to receive more tourists.
 B. He must treat more injured birds.
 C. He needs to feed more migratory birds.
 D. He is more engaged in observing birds.
20. What causes the change in the birds' migrating habit according to the text?
 A. Long distance. B. High technology.
 C. Food shortage. D. Improved environment.
21. Which can be a suitable title for the text?
 A. Migratory Birds Boost Tourism
 B. "Uncle Bird" Devoted to Bird Protection
 C. Great Achievements in Wildlife Protection
 D. Environmental Impacts on Bird Migration

C

注意：以下A、B两种题型任选一种。

Do you know that it only takes an algorithm (算法) to turn you into a Pablo Picasso? All you need to do is follow three simple steps: choose, provide and create. To be more specific, choose an AI Art Generator, provide the generator with your preferred requirement and hit the "create" button. Even ordinary people without any painting skills can do it well.

Chinese netizens have been amazed and amused by the results created by AI art generators. Some platforms providing AI painting services gained more than 600,000 users in a single day in November, with people aged 25 and under accounting for more than 60% of new users.

Jia Yunfan, a 26-year-old digital artist, has been embracing the novel AI movement. He said, "I was trained as an oil painter ever since I was young. But canvas (油画布) and the realistic style are just too classic and I used to be only defined as a painter. Newly emerged art forms like AI paintings can help artists reach global audiences and broaden their artistic field." An illustrator Huang Ge from Shanghai said illustrators need time to create and they are expensive to hire, but with AI tools, hundreds of pictures can be generated every day.

However, the trend has again caused some panic about whether AI is gradually replacing human beings. "Art's values lie not only in representation but also the artist's mind and emotional contributions. Yet this is lacking in AI art. The warmth and inspiration in human's creations are irreplaceable," Ding Daoshi, an analyst said.

A more urgent issue is that there is no consensus of the ownership of AI art. Some users have openly sold some AI paintings and have earned money, but it is still a gray area about whether these artworks belong to users, the digital tool developers or even the AI itself.

Ding noted that the various sides should get together to debate the issue and come up with some accepted regulations as soon as possible because AI is already sticking deeply into every aspect of the lives of human beings.

(以下是A种题型)

22. What is the first paragraph mainly about?
 A. The development of AI paintings.
 B. The classification of AI artworks.
 C. The popularity of digital paintings.
 D. The procedure in creating AI artworks.
23. Why does Jia Yunfan welcome the new AI trend?
 A. It promotes his art career.
 B. It reduces his cost in creation.
 C. It maintains his painting style.
 D. It improves his work efficiency.
24. What does the underlined word "consensus" mean in paragraph 5?
 A. Complaint. B. Result. C. Agreement. D. Discussion.
25. What problem remains to be solved in the future?
 A. Who owns the copyright of AI art.
 B. What to do to ensure the quality of AI artworks.
 C. How to tell human's creations from AI paintings.
 D. Whether AI paintings can replace traditional paintings.

(以下是B种题型)

22. How do people create AI artworks?
23. Who are the major new users of the AI painting services?
24. What can't be replaced by AI art according to Ding Daoshi?
25. What does paragraph 5 mainly talk about?

第二节 (共5小题;每小题2分,满分10分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。答案写在答题卡上。

Inner beauty is very important, but external beauty also plays a part in the image we present to the world. One of the problems that damage our image is weight gain. According to a research, most of our weight is gained over the holiday season. It's a time when family and friends gather to enjoy each other's company. _____ 26 _____ No wonder maintaining a healthy weight can present even more challenges.

Does that mean we are bound to see a bigger number when we stand on the scale (秤) in January? _____ 27 _____ Study shows you can keep to your meal routines, choose low-fat foods when it is possible and walk off the weight. Here are a few more tips to help you keep your weight in check without sacrificing your holiday traditions.

If you are the host, you will be struggling with tasting while cooking. In this case, try to chew sugar-free gum while preparing the meal, or have a small snack before you start cooking. For the meal, serve more raw vegetables and yogurt-based dips to start the event. _____ 28 _____

It's a good idea to mark all the holiday events you'll be attending on your calendar so that you'll remember to plan ahead. If the meal is not at your home, eat lighter on the day of the event. _____ 29 _____ If the event is in the evening, have a healthy breakfast and satisfying lunch, with a light snack before the event to avoid overeating later.

_____ 30 _____ For example, take a walk or meet up to see holiday lights, or attend a holiday concert or show. Catch up with a friend over a film instead of meeting for a coffee. Just explore things that you all enjoy doing.

Making an effort with your weight helps you keep a healthy life and boost your confidence. Although preventing weight gain over the holidays can be a challenge, it is possible. So next time, try the above.

- A. Serve plenty of fresh fruit to finish.
- B. How much exercise can burn off this energy?
- C. And certainly, tasting delicious food is a must.
- D. Or can we keep the holiday weight gain at bay?
- E. Start new traditions that are not centered on food.
- F. Here are some tips that ensure you look good inside out.
- G. It can help balance the possible extra calories at the party.

第三部分 语言运用 (共两节,满分30分)

第一节 (共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。答案写在答题卡上。

The sound of the music floated through the ruins of the school corridor. Its _____ 31 _____ melody filled the empty classrooms. I put all of my sorrow and pain into the music I played on the piano, which magically _____ 32 _____ the air attack. As I gently struck the _____ 33 _____, horrible scenes kept flashing through my mind.

Like millions across the city, I woke up to the sound of the _____ 34 _____ last night. I remembered waking up, my body trembling with _____ 35 _____. I just hid behind the couch and _____ 36 _____ my head with my hands. I could hear the terrible screams and cries. On the street, many _____ 37 _____ in panic without warm clothes overnight, some still wearing just their pajamas.

The next morning, I looked out of the window and saw the _____ 38 _____ of my school. Although my family had already packed necessary belongings for evacuation (撤离), I decided to help clean the classrooms where I had studied for the last 10 years before leaving. I wasn't _____ 39 _____ to come to the school at first, as I worried that there could be more dangers. But thinking of the fact that the place where I had my most vivid childhood memories was a bomb crater, my fear turned into _____ 40 _____.

It was the war that left millions of children without _____ 41 _____ to education, security and a happy childhood. What was supposed to be a place of _____ 42 _____ and hope became a shaky and _____ 43 _____ shell. Only the piano was left behind, which I had planned to play at my graduation ceremony. But the war _____ 44 _____ any hope of celebration.

Finishing the song, I silently stood up and slowly walked away. "How I wish my school could be _____ 45 _____ soon. I really want peace to come. I will work on my knowledge harder. This is my frontline fight." Whispering these words to myself, I waved goodbye to my school.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------|------------------|------------------|
| 31. A. dull | B. delightful | C. heartbreaking | D. solemn |
| 32. A. celebrated | B. survived | C. worsened | D. reduced |
| 33. A. windows | B. walls | C. balls | D. keys |
| 34. A. explosion | B. clock | C. music | D. nature |
| 35. A. thrill | B. fear | C. eagerness | D. embarrassment |
| 36. A. touched | B. patted | C. pushed | D. covered |
| 37. A. fled | B. walked | C. leapt | D. slept |
| 38. A. facilities | B. ruins | C. blueprint | D. shadow |
| 39. A. afraid | B. ready | C. hesitant | D. reluctant |
| 40. A. loss | B. stress | C. curiosity | D. courage |
| 41. A. access | B. devotion | C. barriers | D. clues |
| 42. A. violence | B. aggression | C. safety | D. compassion |
| 43. A. decent | B. tight | C. empty | D. faulty |
| 44. A. banked on | B. lit up | C. took in | D. wiped out |
| 45. A. decorated | B. designed | C. reconstructed | D. recommended |

题号	第一部分	第二部分	第三部分	第四部分	总分
得分					

第 I 卷答题卡:

题号	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
选项															
题号	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
选项															
题号	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45
选项															

选做 B 种题型答案写在此处:

22. _____
23. _____
24. _____
25. _____

第 II 卷 (共 40 分)

第二节 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。答案写在题号后的横线上。

Suzhou, home to a collection of classical gardens, is one of the most attractive 46. _____ (city) in China, featuring 47. _____ (elegant) and exquisiteness. There are currently more than 60 well-preserved gardens in Suzhou, nine of 48. _____ have been listed as UNESCO World Heritage Sites.

During the Ming and Qing Dynasty, the gardening art in Suzhou reached 49. _____ (it) peak. The classical gardens 50. _____ (design) to recreate natural landscapes in miniature, because designers intended to contain rich scenes within their 51. _____ (limit) spaces. Mini versions of things like rocks and trees were brought together 52. _____ (create) impressive landscapes in the tightest corners.

Owners of the gardens were often government officials attempting to escape from political life. The Humble Administrator's Garden is a typical example of Suzhou classical gardens. It was 53. _____ (original) set up by Wang Xianchen, 54. _____ scholar and minister in the Ming Dynasty. He resigned from the court and returned to his hometown. As a Taoist, he respected nature 55. _____ enjoyed the harmonious relationship with nature.

第四部分 写作 (共两节, 满分 25 分)

第一节 (满分 10 分)

假定你是李华, 你因有事需取消预约好的英语口语网课, 请给授课外教 Miss White 写一封电子邮件, 内容包括:

1. 表达歉意;
2. 解释原因;
3. 另约时间。

注意: 1. 词数 80 左右;

2. 可以适当增加细节, 以使行文连贯。

Dear Miss White,

Yours,

Li Hua

第二节 (满分 15 分)

请阅读下面材料, 根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段, 使之构成一篇完整的短文。

One day, when I was reading, I received a call from the principal (校长) of my high school to invite me to give a talk as a representative of alumni association (校友会). He asked me to speak to the group the next morning. I felt so honored to have got such an opportunity and immediately replied yes. But after the call, I became nervous and panicky.

The whole night, I polished my speech again and again, and practiced before a mirror until I could deliver the speech fluently. Even though I had made full preparations, I could not sleep with great anxiety. What if words failed me and didn't attract audience at all? What if I forgot the words in the middle of the speech? ... I was hesitating to call the principal with regret and tell him

that I could not come. Finally, I gathered some courage to go. I thought, "If I miss this opportunity, surely the school will never invite me again to any of their programs."

Anyway, I reached the school on time. Before giving the talk, my whole body was trembling. When my turn came and I started speaking, my heartbeat increased and my mouth went dry. I wasn't even able to read the written speech properly. I was not aware of where I was standing and what I was reading. I just managed to finish the speech in a low voice. That was the day when I realized my biggest weakness, Public Speaking Anxiety.

注意:

1. 词数应为 120 左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

After my speech, I met with the principal and explained what happened to me.

Around one month later, I was invited to give another speech.

2022~2023学年第二学期高二年级期中质量监测

英语答题卡

贴条形码区

姓名 _____

座位号

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

注
意
事
项

1. 答题前，考生务必首先认真核准条形码上的姓名、座位号，然后使用0.5毫米的黑色墨水签字笔将姓名、座位号填写在相应位置，并在答题卡背面左上角填写姓名和座位号末两位。座位号的每个书写框内只能填写一个阿拉伯数字。要求字体工整，笔迹清晰。填写阿拉伯数字的样例：01123456789
2. 答选择题时，必须使用2B铅笔填涂。修改时，要用橡皮将修改处擦干净，规范填涂样例：
3. 答非选择题时，必须使用0.5毫米的黑色墨水签字笔书写，要求字体工整，笔迹清晰，严格按题号所指示的答题区域作答，超出答题区域书写的答案无效，在试卷草稿纸上答题无效。
4. 保持答题卡清洁、完整，严禁折叠，严禁在答题卡上作任何标记，严禁使用涂改液、胶带纸和修正带。严禁污染答题卡上的黑色方块。
5. 未按上述要求填写、答题，影响评分质量，后果自负。

此栏考生禁填

缺考标记

缺考考生，由监考员贴条形码，并用2B铅笔填涂左边的缺考标记。

选择题 (用2B铅笔填涂)

- | | | |
|----------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|
| 1 [A] [B] [C] | 16 [A] [B] [C] [D] | 31 [A] [B] [C] [D] |
| 2 [A] [B] [C] | 17 [A] [B] [C] [D] | 32 [A] [B] [C] [D] |
| 3 [A] [B] [C] | 18 [A] [B] [C] [D] | 33 [A] [B] [C] [D] |
| 4 [A] [B] [C] | 19 [A] [B] [C] [D] | 34 [A] [B] [C] [D] |
| 5 [A] [B] [C] | 20 [A] [B] [C] [D] | 35 [A] [B] [C] [D] |
| 6 [A] [B] [C] | 21 [A] [B] [C] [D] | 36 [A] [B] [C] [D] |
| 7 [A] [B] [C] | 22 [A] [B] [C] [D] | 37 [A] [B] [C] [D] |
| 8 [A] [B] [C] | 23 [A] [B] [C] [D] | 38 [A] [B] [C] [D] |
| 9 [A] [B] [C] | 24 [A] [B] [C] [D] | 39 [A] [B] [C] [D] |
| 10 [A] [B] [C] | 25 [A] [B] [C] [D] | 40 [A] [B] [C] [D] |
| 11 [A] [B] [C] | 26 [A] [B] [C] [D] [E] [F] [G] | 41 [A] [B] [C] [D] |
| 12 [A] [B] [C] | 27 [A] [B] [C] [D] [E] [F] [G] | 42 [A] [B] [C] [D] |
| 13 [A] [B] [C] | 28 [A] [B] [C] [D] [E] [F] [G] | 43 [A] [B] [C] [D] |
| 14 [A] [B] [C] | 29 [A] [B] [C] [D] [E] [F] [G] | 44 [A] [B] [C] [D] |
| 15 [A] [B] [C] | 30 [A] [B] [C] [D] [E] [F] [G] | 45 [A] [B] [C] [D] |

非选择题 (用0.5毫米的黑色墨水签字笔书写)

选做B种题型答案写在此处：

22. _____
23. _____
24. _____
25. _____

第二节 (15分)

46. _____ 47. _____ 48. _____
49. _____ 50. _____ 51. _____
52. _____ 53. _____ 54. _____
55. _____

请在各题目的答题区域内作答，超出答题区域的答案无效

考生
必填

姓名

座位号
末两位

考生务必将姓名、座位号末两位用0.5毫米的黑色墨水签字笔认真填写在书写框内。
座位号末两位的每个书写框只能填写一个阿拉伯数字。

请在各题目的答题区域内作答，超出答题区域的答案无效

第五部分 写作

第一节 (满分10分)

Dear Miss White,

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

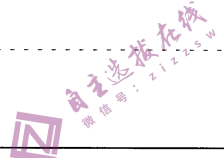
.....

.....

.....

.....

Yours,
Li Hua



第二节 (满分15分)

After my speech, I met with the principal and explained what happened to me.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

Around one month later, I was invited to give another speech.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

请在各题目的答题区域内作答，超出答题区域的答案无效