

宝坻一中 2023 届高三上学期线上期末训练 英语卷

本试卷分第一卷（选择题）、第二卷（非选择题）两部分，共 150 分，考试时间 120 分钟。

第 I 卷 选择题（共 115 分）

第一部分 听力（共两节，满分 20 分）

第一节（共 5 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 5 分）

听下面五段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你将有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What are the speakers mainly talking about?

A. Customs in China. B. Driving in Rome. C. Traffic rules in England.

2. How does the man find his job?

A. Boring. B. Relaxing C. Enjoyable.

3. Which club will the man probably join?

A. Tennis Club. B. Drama Club C. Swimming Club

4. What should the boy do in the woman's opinion?

A. Study for the exams at once.

B. Rewrite his English paper.

C. Wait for the exam result.

5. What is the man's hobby?

A. Playing football. B. Listening to music. C. Reading.

第二节（共 10 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 15 分）

听下面几段材料。每段材料后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段材料前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段材料读两遍。

听下面一段对话，回答第 6 至第 8 小题。

6. Why does the man come here?

A. To pay the fines. B. To return a book. C. To place a recall request.

7. When was the man supposed to get the recall notice?

A. Last Monday. B. Last Tuesday. C. Ten days ago.

8. What can you do to borrow a book checked out?

- A. Click on "Please Request". B. Call the book keeper. C. Write a recall notice.

听下面一段对话，回答第 9 至第 11 小题。

9. Why do the speakers give up going to the Caribbean?

- A. The hotels are fully booked. B. The weather is terrible. C. The cost is high.

10. Where does the man get information about Cancun?

- A. From the brochures. B. From the newspaper. C. From the Internet.

11. What does the woman want to do in Cancun?

- A. Learn to surf. B. Play golf every day. C. Apply for a passport.

听下面一段独白，回答第 12 至第 15 小题。

12. How will the speaker thank everyone?

- A. By having a party. B. By giving a pay rise. C. By increasing vacation days.

13. What should the listeners e-mail the speaker before this weekend?

- A. Four new business goals. B. An annual review. C. A survey report.

14. When can the listeners have a good rest?

- A. During Christmas. B. During February. C. This weekend.

15. What will happen next year?

- A. Working overtime. B. Expanding the market. C. Traveling on business.

第二部分 英语知识运用（共两节，满分 45 分）

第一节: 单项填空（共 15 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

16. ---Let's go to Hainan for a holiday this weekend.

----- _____. We have been working hard these days and need to relax.

- A. Forget it. B. Come on. C. It's my pleasure. D. You said it.

17. The health security systems of many countries are undergoing considerable _____.

- A. reservation B. submission C. distinction D. transformation

18. The speed of 6G will exceed 125GB/s, _____ a new generation of virtual reality.

- A. calling for B. accounting for C. allowing for D. compensating for

19. At the Chinese art festival, there are different stands _____ artists demonstrate their skills and teach the visitors.

- A. when B. which C. that D. where

20. People believe writing poems provides a _____ through which they can express their feelings.

- A. shelter B. channel C. source D. background

21. Mark is a genius. By the time he graduated, he _____ jobs by a dozen computer companies.

- A. has offered B. has been offered C. had offered D. had been offered

22. The Greens finally arrived at their destination after a long journey, only _____ what they faced was entirely new hardship.

A. finding B. found C. to find D. having found

23. Anna has been looking forward to studying in Oxford University, so I can't _____ why she refused its offer.

A. put out B. figure out C. turn out D. reach out

24. Amy, together with her brothers, _____ a warm welcome when returning to the village last week.

A. is given B. are given C. were given D. was given

25. _____ a lot of hard work and a touch of luck play a part, perseverance is the key to success.

A. When B. While C. Unless D. Where

26. People crowd into _____ cherry trees are blooming, appreciating the fresh spring sight.

A. what B. where C. which D. when

27. You _____ the dictionaries when you were not sure of word spelling or meaning yesterday, but you didn't.

A. should have consulted B. may have consulted
C. must have consulted D. could have consulted

28. Up to now, a large number of famous people worldwide _____ in the activity to help these sick people.

A. have joined B. has joined C. are joining D. is joining

29. I didn't have the courage to ask any of the nurses where Bob was, _____ they might tell me some terrible news.

A. even if B. on condition that C. for fear that D. now that

30. The farmers in this area have been travelling across the desert in the last thirty years, _____ ancient techniques to fight the threatening desert.

A. used B. to use C. using D. having used

第二节：完形填空（共 20 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 30 分）

During my years of schooling, I met plenty of teachers. When I was asked about the most 31 teacher in my life, Dr. Joe Dorner 32 came to mind, who was my clinical pathology(病理学) professor from veterinary school.

33 I passed the course with great pains, I had a solid foundation in clinical pathology, and I 34 it to how I was taught by Dr. Joe Dorner. One thing that 35 most was that he told us that he 36 this very subject when he was once a veterinary student. How could this be? How could he be 37 into graduate school and later attain a doctor degree? He shared his 38 one day when many of us were beaten up by the results of the test. He encouraged us to work hard --- not just focus on 39 but the practical ability. Years later, in the class that he taught, two of my 40 became well-known

specialists in the field.

I followed in Dr. Joe Dorner's __41__ and became a teacher. I've been __42__ about my work, but I must admit that, sometimes, I also make __43__ because situations are constantly changing. For example, twenty years ago, the standard of care in veterinary medicine was not to __44__ pain control for animals after surgery, which was cruel to them. That was what I was taught, and that was how I __45__ 20 years ago. Thankfully, that standard has been __46__. That's why I keep reflecting on my favorite __47__: "Do the best you can until you know better. Then when you know better, you do better."

"There is no __48__ to learning." We need to learn to improve ourselves __49__ and correct mistakes in a timely way. Frankly, I learn best when I'm supported and encouraged, and when I feel __50__ to learn from my mistakes.

- | | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|------------------|-------------------|
| 31. A. humorous | B. influential | C. knowledgeable | D. optimistic |
| 32. A. slightly | B. broadly | C. constantly | D. immediately |
| 33. A. Although | B. Because | C. Once | D. Providing |
| 34. A. regarded | B. expected | C. owed | D. devoted |
| 35. A. came about | B. broke up | C. stood out | D. showed off |
| 36. A. dropped | B. covered | C. passed | D. failed |
| 37. A. compensated | B. admitted | C. transformed | D. converted |
| 38. A. guidance | B. permission | C. story | D. comment |
| 39. A. memory | B. success | C. failure | D. grades |
| 40. A. classmates | B. colleagues | C. advisers | D. professors |
| 41. A. explorations | B. footsteps | C. assistance | D. arrangements |
| 42. A. serious | B. nervous | C. frustrated | D. disappointed |
| 43. A. mistakes | B. promises | C. contributions | D. experiments |
| 44. A. waste | B. check | C. use | D. spread |
| 45. A. sustained | B. advanced | C. hesitated | D. practiced |
| 46. A. suspected | B. abandoned | C. established | D. accomplished |
| 47. A. theory | B. motto | C. project | D. research |
| 48. A. alternative | B. short-cut | C. block | D. end |
| 49. A. abruptly | B. occasionally | C. constantly | D. coincidentally |

50.A. eager

B.embarrassed

C.stressful

D.reluctant

第三部分 阅读理解（共 20 小题；每小题 2.5 分，满分 50 分）

A

The New York Botanical Garden is a good place for camps. Science-and nature-themed camps for kids in Grades K-8 include outdoor explorations, science investigations, and behind-the-scenes tours in the Garden's 250-acre scenery. Each week takes full advantage of the Garden's vast plant collection, state-of-the-art technology, and unique habitats like the 50-acre native forest, wetlands, and Native Plant Garden.

Winter Break Camp

The science and nature camps for kids in Grades K-5 will run parallel sessions by age groups. With the help of the instructors in separate spaces, kids will take part in some indoor activities based on their age and learning level, such as learning to make handicrafts and grow plants.

Time: February 18--21, 2023, 9 am-3 pm

Fee: \$240

Spring Break Camp

The Everett Children's Adventure Garden is a good place for kids on Spring Break. Choose among several different day camps -- offering exciting and educational opportunities to children entering Grades K-5 in Spring 2023.

Time: April 13--17, 2023, 9 am-3 pm

Fee: \$300

Culinary and Art Camps

Week-long camps will teach kids how to paint and prepare a meal, which is sure to help develop kids' confidence. In order to ensure availability for all camp families, this camp participation is limited to three weeks per camper.

Time: August 3-21, 2023, 9 am-3 pm

Weekly: \$315

Summer Field Science Camps

Do you have a teen who loves spending time outdoors and working in teams? Children will learn more about the plants and animals in the Garden and go behind the scenes to find out about field research happening at the Garden. Sign up for a single week or a series of weeks.

Time: August 3-21, 2023, 9 am-4 pm

Weekly: \$350

3-Week Summer Session: Save 10% when you register for all 3 weeks.

51.What can we learn about the Winter Break Camp?

- A. It has only one section at a time. B. The camp will last for a whole week.
 C. Activities will be designed by kids' grades. D. All the children study at the same place.
- 52.What is probably taught in Culinary and Art Camps?
 A. Writing. B. Swimming. C. Gardening. D. Cooking.
- 53.Which of the following camps lasts the shortest time?
 A. Winter Break Camp. B. Spring Break Camp.
 C. Culinary and Art Camps. D. Summer Field Science Camps.
- 54.How much will a child pay for the complete session of Summer Field Science Camps?
 A. 315 dollars. B.350 dollars. C. 945 dollars. D. 1,050 dollars.
55. Who is the text mainly targeted at?
 A. Parents wanting to go on a tour.
 B. Teachers wishing to relax themselves.
 C. Families expecting to have a celebration.
 D.Children hoping to learn about science and nature.

B

Late in 2020, at a two-hour televised musical competition in Beijing, when Gao's favorite idol walked out, she could not afford to get too excited. She had to have her camera ready at all times to capture her idol's moment on stage: any distraction could ruin that one perfect shot. Then Gao began editing photos on the spot to perfect his images and quickly uploaded them to the platform Weibo.

There are lots of accounts like Gao's on social media, which aim to boost a certain star's influence and popularity through shares and comments. Such accounts are referred to as "image stations", and the people who run them, like Gao, are called "station sisters".

Gao was born into a wealthy family and attended university in Shanghai. Gao said to reporters that she was just a "regular" fan at first. "When I witnessed his charming stage presence in 2020 and his determination to make his dreams come true, I was instantly swept away," Gao recalled. Soon after, she joined a dozen or so online fan groups and began brainstorming strategies to boost her idol's social media relevance. She searched forums and found posts by several station sisters in which they recounted their experiences. She decided to join their ranks.

Gao started by purchasing a Canon 5D4 SLR camera and a 100-400mm long-focus lens, spending over 30,000 yuan. After quickly mastering its basic functions and learning basic

photography skills, she set off on her “job”. She spent a large amount of time tracking her idol’s flight, photographing him, waiting outside hotels, purchasing products her idol promoted, and even following him to another city.

At the time, she had little time to attend her courses. “I had taken many credits at school and was hoping to receive a postgraduate recommendation,” said Gao. Early in 2021, her academic setbacks as well as negative news about the fan industry brought Gao’s return to reality. “I couldn’t believe what I had done. I decided it was time to live for myself,” she said. Seeing her idol no longer aroused the admiration it once did. Now, she has turned her past as a celebrity chaser into a new life explorer. She said to a friend, “Isn’t cheering our idols supposed to make us better people? All we need to do then is just rush ahead.”

56. What was Gao’s purpose in going to that musical competition in Beijing?

- A. To show off on social platforms.
- B. To promote her idol’s public influence.
- C. To experience the charm of a live show.
- D. To get an autographed photo of her idol.

57. What does the third paragraph mainly talk about?

- A. Gao’s experience of becoming a station sister.
- B. A brief introduction to Gao’s after-school life.
- C. A story about Gao’s meeting with her idol.
- D. Gao’s memory of chasing her idol.

58. Which can best describe the life of Gao as a super fan?

- A. Cost-effective and worthy.
- B. Bittersweet and beneficial.
- C. Money-consuming and laborious.
- D. Challenging and enviable.

59. What can we infer from the last paragraph?

- A. Gao’s idol fooled all his fans.
- B. Gao’s university studies ran smoothly.
- C. Gao has persuaded many friends to quit their idols.
- D. Gao has got herself back on track after going wrong.

60. What does the author intend to tell us in the text?

- A. Don’t let words of apology make up the most of your vocabulary.
- B. Mend your way properly after being off the right path.
- C. Striving for perfection makes you a boring person.

D. There is no such thing as a self-made person.

C

While the harmful effects of smoking cigarettes are no longer in question, e-cigarettes remain in a gray zone. Things may be getting less gray, though.

A study from the University of North Carolina (UNC) shows that e-cigarette use, which delivers nicotine via vapor rather than tobacco smoke, may not be safe simply because it does not contain the same known cancer-causing material as tobacco cigarette smoke. The study showed e-cigarette smoke with chemical additives has a negative influence on the immune system. A University of Louisville study also showed that nicotine alone, independent of tobacco, can speed up atherosclerosis, a disease that can lead to heart attack.

Ilona Jaspers, a medical professor of UNC, and her team looked at nearly 600 immune genes and their responses to the stimuli. They examined tobacco smokers, non-smokers and e-cigarette users, testing their nasal fluid, urine and blood.

E-cigarette supporters may argue by pointing to the fact that the U.S. Food and Drug Administration(FDA) has claimed that many liquid additives are “Generally Recognized as Safe”. Jaspers says that the claim, though, applies only to oral consumption--swallowing in liquid form, while the potential danger due to the intake of additives through breathing is still unstudied. “The digestive systems and breathing systems are very different,” says Jaspers. “Our stomachs are full of acids that break down food and deal with chemicals, and this environment is very different from our breathing systems. We simply don't know what effects e-cigarettes have on our lungs.”

A new research, funded by the National Institutes of Health (NIH), showed that cigarette smoking affects immune genes in the nose. Researchers found that e-cigarette use not only limited the growth of the same genes, but also in some cases the growth of a wider number of immune genes was limited. It's the act of breathing in vapor containing nicotine that does the work.

Jaspers and her team also conducted separate experiments on the additives. They aim to continue the research and will look into how long-term exposure to e-cigarette additives can affect the body.

61.What might the study from the University of North Carolina focus on?

- A. How e-cigarettes deliver nicotine.
 - B. How our body responds to e-cigarettes.
 - C. Whether e-cigarettes can replace tobacco cigarettes.
 - D. Whether tobacco cigarettes contain cancer-causing materials.
62. What does “the stimuli” underlined in Paragraph 3 most probably refer to?
- A. E-cigarettes and tobacco cigarettes.
 - B. Urine and blood.
 - C. Immune genes.
 - D. Nasal fluid.
63. What is Jaspers’ attitude towards the US FDA’s claim about liquid additives?
- A. Ambiguous.
 - B. Supportive.
 - C. Hopeful.
 - D. Cautious.
64. What can be concluded from the new research funded by NIH?
- A. That e-cigarette use can lead to heart failure.
 - B. That e-cigarette additives negatively affect our stomach.
 - C. That our immune genes become fewer due to e-cigarette use.
 - D. That our digestive systems are different from breathing systems.
65. From which section of a website is the text probably taken?
- A. Invention.
 - B. Wellness.
 - C. Finance.
 - D. History.

It’s long known to us that living close to major roads is harmful to people due to the exposure to air pollution. However, road traffic noise is also a widespread problem in cities whose impact on children’s health remains poorly understood. A new study conducted at 38 schools in Barcelona suggests that traffic noise at schools has a harmful effect on the development of working memory and attention in primary school students.

The study included 2,680 children between 7 and 10 years of age. To assess the possible impact of traffic noise on their cognitive development, the researchers focused on two abilities that develop rapidly during preadolescence and are essential for learning and school attainment: attention and working memory.

The fieldwork for the study was carried out over a 12-month period in 2012 and 2013, during which the participants completed the cognitive tests four times. The aim of these tests was not only to assess their working memory and attention but also to study their evolution over time. Over the same period, noise measurements were taken in front of the 38 participating schools, as well as in the playgrounds and inside classrooms.

In the analysis of outdoor noise levels of schools, higher average noise levels and greater

fluctuation (波动) in noise levels were both associated with poorer student performance on all tests. Inside the classroom, greater fluctuation in noise levels was also associated with slower progress over the course of the year on all cognitive tests. However, children exposed to higher average classroom noise levels over the course of the year performed worse than students in quieter classrooms only on the attention test, but not on the working memory test.

The researchers used the 2012 road traffic noise map of the city of Barcelona to estimate the average noise level at each participant's home. In this case, however, no association was observed between residential noise and cognitive development.

"This could be because noise exposure at schools is more harmful as it affects vulnerable windows of concentration and learning processes," commented Maria Forester. On the other hand, although noise measurements were taken at the schools, noise levels at the children's homes were estimated using a noise map that may be less accurate and, in any case, only reflected outdoor noise. This, too, may have influenced the results."

66. What problem does Paragraph 1 highlight?

- A. Impacts of traffic noise on children.
- B. Negative effects of living in big cities.
- C. The harm of air pollution to children's health.
- D. The obstacle to improving working memory and attention.

67. What can we learn about the study?

- A. It lasted more than two years.
- B. It targeted schoolers of a certain age range.
- C. It involved participants from different nations.
- D. It was mainly carried out inside classrooms.

68. What played a role only in students' poorer attention performance according to the text?

- A. Higher average classroom noise levels.
- B. Students' worse family environment.
- C. Students' weaker ability to adapt to new environments.
- D. Greater fluctuation in classroom noise levels.

69. How was the average residential noise level evaluated in the study?

- A. Through the researchers' investigation.
- B. Through the participants' calculation.
- C. Through field tests by professionals.
- D. Through a road traffic noise map.

70. What is Maria Forester trying to explain in the last paragraph?

- A. The major research directions of future studies.
- B. The reasons for taking noise measurements at schools.
- C. The factors influencing the findings of research on residential noise.
- D. The effects of residential noise levels on children's concentration.

第 II 卷

第三部分：写作

第一节：阅读表达（共 5 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 10 分）

When Damien Smith and his family moved from Coquitlam to Salmon Arm, British Columbia, in October, the little boy couldn't help worrying about his upcoming birthday in November. Since Damien lived in a new town with no friends, what a lonely birthday it would be! Little did he know, countless strangers around the world -- and a special film star -- would make it his best birthday yet!

The last thing Tiffanie Trudell and Thomas Smith wanted for their son was to feel lonely on his special day. In order to get more birthday cards, the couple secretly took to Facebook and the response was overwhelming! Over the following month, they received more than 1,200 cards!

Damien had no idea that people as far away as India, New Zealand, and Norway were sending birthday wishes just for him. When his big day rolled around, Damien was surrounded by love!

"Here are cards all the way around the world telling you how important you are," Tiffanie told him when his gift was finally unveiled. And it got even better! News of Damien's birthday surprise spread all the way to Ryan Reynolds! The Vancouver native got in touch with the family and recorded a sweet message for the young boy, who was on cloud nine and jumped around at the sight of his favorite actor. "I relate to your story a lot because I also went to a new school," Reynolds said in the video. "I remember how lonely and unseen I felt. You're not alone."

Best birthday ever? We certainly think so -- and we're sure Damien would agree!

71. Why did Damien Smith worry about his upcoming birthday? (no more than 11 words)

72. How did Damien Smith's parents help him? (no more than 10 words)

73. What is the meaning of the underlined part in Paragraph 4? (no more than 2 words)

74. What did Damien Smith and Ryan Reynolds have in common? (no more than 12 words)

75. What would you do to celebrate your friends' birthday in a special way? Express it in your own words. (no more than 20 words)

第二节：书面表达（满分 25 分）

76. 假如你是晨光中学的李津。你在加拿大的笔友 Peter 得知你最近感染了新冠病毒，特发来邮件进行询问。请你根据以下提示写一封回信，要点如下：

1. 感谢关心，身体已痊愈；
2. 患新冠时的症状(如发烧，咳嗽，疼痛等)及康复措施；
3. 给“阳康”患者的建议，表达祝愿。

注意：1. 词数不少于 100 词；2. 可适当增加细节，以使行文连贯。

参考词汇：新冠病毒: novel corona-virus

Dear Peter,

Yours
Li Jin

宝坻一中 2023 届高三上学期线上期末训练 英语卷答题卡

听力: 1-5 _____ 6-10 _____ 11-15 _____
单选: 16-20 _____ 21-25 _____ 26-30 _____
完形: 31-35 _____ 36-40 _____ 41-45 _____ 46-50 _____
阅读: 51-55 _____ 56-60 _____ 61-65 _____ 66-70 _____

阅读表达

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76. 书面表达

Dear Peter,

Yours
Li Jin