

巴蜀中学 2024 届高三适应性月考卷 (三)

英 语

注意事项:

1. 答题前, 考生务必用黑色碳素笔将自己的姓名、准考证号、考场号、座位号在答题卡上填写清楚。
2. 每小题选出答案后, 用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动, 用橡皮擦干净后, 再选涂其他答案标号。在试题卷上作答无效。
3. 考试结束后, 请将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。满分 150 分, 考试用时 120 分钟。

第一部分 听力 (共两节, 满分 30 分)

注意, 听力部分答题时, 请先将答案标在试卷上。听力部分结束前, 你将有两分钟的时间将答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What does the man want to do with his money?
A. Take a holiday. B. Take a course. C. Buy a car.
2. Where does the conversation most probably take place?
A. In a meeting room. B. On a plane. C. At the man's house.
3. What are the speakers planning to do?
A. Buy a bookshelf.
B. Change the dining table.
C. Decorate their daughter's room.
4. What's the relationship between the speakers?
A. Mother and son. B. Teacher and student. C. Bus driver and passenger.
5. How does Eric usually get to work?
A. By bus. B. By train. C. By car.

第二节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题 5 秒钟; 听完后, 各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听下面一段对话, 回答第 6 和第 7 两个小题。

6. What is the man trying to do?
A. Rent a house. B. Join a soccer club. C. Move back to town.

7. What do we know about Josh?
- A. He used to go to the soccer club.
 - B. He is going to Mary's birthday party.
 - C. He could help Sam with his problem.

听下面一段对话，回答第 8 至第 10 三个小题。

8. Why does the woman think Kevin is ill?
- A. He has a headache.
 - B. He sounds different.
 - C. He is late for school.
9. What does the woman suggest Kevin do?
- A. Have a day off school.
 - B. Have some medicine.
 - C. Have a lemon drink.
10. What is wrong with the woman?
- A. She looks pale.
 - B. She cannot sleep well.
 - C. She gets a runny nose.

听下面一段对话，回答第 11 至第 13 三个小题。

11. What did Paul work as when he left school?
- A. A waiter.
 - B. A shop assistant.
 - C. A zookeeper.
12. How did Paul's relative help him?
- A. She introduced him to her boss.
 - B. She gave him some advice.
 - C. She offered him a job.
13. What did Paul say about the job at the animal rescue center?
- A. It was well-paid.
 - B. It was perfect for him.
 - C. It required a few qualifications.

听下面一段对话，回答第 14 至第 16 三个小题。

14. How does the man know the woman?
- A. They are former workmates.
 - B. She once offered help to him.
 - C. Someone recommended her to him.
15. Where will the IntEx organize a tour next spring?
- A. In Australia.
 - B. In America.
 - C. In Asia.
16. What will the man do next?
- A. Send the woman an email.
 - B. Make out an outline of the tour.
 - C. Give the woman his email address.

听下面一段独白，回答第 17 至第 20 四个小题。

17. What will happen on Wednesday?
- A. There will be "blood rain".
 - B. There will be shooting stars.
 - C. There will be bright sunshine.
18. What level of thunderstorm warning has been reported?
- A. Red.
 - B. Yellow.
 - C. Orange.
19. What will the temperature reach in the southwest of the country on Thursday?
- A. 24°C.
 - B. 22°C.
 - C. 20°C.
20. What will the weather be like on Friday night?
- A. Cloudy.
 - B. Rainy.
 - C. Clear.

第二部分 阅读（共两节，满分 50 分）

第一节（共 15 小题；每小题 2.5 分，满分 37.5 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

La Tomatina 2024 — Information, Accommodation & Tickets

La Tomatina is a food fight festival held on the last Wednesday of August each year in the town of Buñol near to Valencia in Spain. Thousands of people make their way from all corners of the world to fight in this “**World’s Biggest Food Fight**”.

What Happens at La Tomatina

At around 12 Noon a number of trucks haul tomatoes into the centre of the town. The signal for the beginning of the fight is the firing of water cannons, and the chaos begins. Once it begins, the battle is generally every man for himself.

After an hour the fighting ends. At this point, no more tomatoes can be thrown. The authorities seem more concerned with cleaning the town than cleaning the visitors, so some people find water at the Bunol River to wash themselves. Once flushed (冲洗), the ground is clean due to the acidity of the tomato.

The Rules of La Tomatina

- Do not bring bottles or hard objects as they can cause accidents and hurt other participants.
- Do not rip other people’s T-shirts.
- You must crush the tomatoes before throwing them as this reduces the impact.
- As soon as you hear the second shot, you must stop throwing tomatoes.

Useful Advice

- Wear closed shoes that you do not mind throwing away afterwards. If you wear flip-flops, you may get hurt.
- Ensure that you always have something clean to wipe your eyes with. A good tip is to tuck your T-shirt into your shorts to keep the bottom part of your T-shirt clean and dry.
- If you are planning to take pictures, bring a waterproof camera!
- Do not miss the Palojabon — a greased pole with a Spanish ham at the top. Whoever can climb the pole and get the ham can keep it!

2024 La Tomatina Packages including Official Entry Tickets+Pre & After Party Entry

3 Day-3*Hotel-2024 £195.00	3 Day-4*Hotel-2024 £235.00
3 Day-5*Hotel-2024 £679.00	Day Trip-2024 Only £129.00

21. What marks the beginning of the tomato fight?

- | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| A. The arrival of trucks. | B. The town bell ringing. |
| C. The shout from the mayor. | D. The firing of water cannons. |

22. What are you required to do if you fight in La Tomatina?
- A. Bring bottles to store water for later use.
 - B. Soften the tomatoes before casting them.
 - C. Wear an unwanted T-shirt and keep it dry.
 - D. Climb a pole and compete for a ham.
23. How much extra does it cost to upgrade from your 4* hotel room for 3 days?
- A. £40.
 - B. £235.
 - C. £394.
 - D. £629.

B

In a village lying between rolling hills, a young girl named Eliza always longed for an adventure. She often gazed at the distant mountains, their peaks in mystery. One sunny morning, she decided it was time to set out on her own journey.

With a backpack of supplies and her loyal dog, Rufus, by her side, Eliza started on her adventure. The forest at the village's edge beckoned. In response, she followed a trail into its depths. The air was alive with the songs of birds, and the glinting sunlight danced through the leaves.

As the day wore on, Eliza encountered a babbling creek where a bridge crossed its waters. With caution, she stepped on. Halfway across, the bridge groaned, threatening to give way. Eliza's heart raced as she stumbled to the other side, her heart pounding with fear. She continued deeper into the forest, where she stumbled upon a hidden swamp (沼泽). Its lush grasses and wildflowers swayed (摇曳) in the breeze, inviting her to rest. Eliza and Rufus lay down, and she watched the clouds drift by, their ever-changing shapes inspiring her imagination.

As the sun dipped below the horizon, Eliza found herself at the base of the mysterious mountains. Their towering peaks were now within reach, and her heart swelled with triumph. With Rufus at her side, she knew that the greatest adventure of all was just beginning.

With a determined spirit and the promise of endless possibilities, Eliza set her sights on the highest peak, knowing that the mountains held secrets, challenges, and wonders beyond her wildest dreams. The world stretched out before her, and she was ready to embrace every moment of her grand adventure.

24. What does the underlined word "beckoned" in paragraph 2 mean?
- A. Cast doubt on her honesty.
 - B. Signaled for her to come closer.
 - C. Brought back her old memories.
 - D. Sounded a gentle warning to her.
25. Which word best describes Eliza's journey presented in paragraph 3?
- A. Eventful.
 - B. Dull.
 - C. Predictable.
 - D. Relaxing.
26. How did Eliza feel about her upcoming adventure in the mountains?
- A. Cautious and fearful.
 - B. Relieved and contented.
 - C. Hesitant and doubtful.
 - D. Confident and enthusiastic.

27. From which book might the text have been taken?

- A. *Amusing Melodies from Mountain Peaks.*
- B. *The Village Diaries; Everyday Life of Eliza.*
- C. *Inspirational Stories of Courageous Journeys.*
- D. *A Girl's Imaginary Adventure Beyond the Forest.*

C

Quantum mechanics (量子力学) is a branch of science that studies the smallest particles (粒子) in the universe, like atoms (原子) and even smaller things. It might sound super complex, but let's break it down in simple language.

Imagine you have a small particle, like an atom. In the world of quantum mechanics, these particles don't behave like the things we see in our everyday lives, like balls or cars. Instead, they act kind of like waves and particles at the same time, which is really strange!

One of the most famous ideas in quantum mechanics is the "Uncertainty Principle", raised by physicist Werner Heisenberg. This principle says that we can't precisely know both the position and the speed of a particle at the same time. It's not because our measuring tools are bad; it's because the particles themselves are naturally uncertain.

Another weird thing about quantum mechanics is something called "Entanglement." Imagine you have two particles that are connected in a special way. If you change one of them, the other instantly changes, no matter how far apart they are. It's like they're talking to each other faster than the speed of light, which goes against what we know from everyday experiences.

Quantum mechanics also deals with probabilities. Instead of saying, "This particle will be here at this exact time," scientists say, "There's a certain chance it'll be here, and a certain chance it won't." It's like predicting the weather, but on a super small scale.

In a nutshell, quantum mechanics is a strange and fascinating world where particles act both like waves and particles, where you can't know everything about a particle at once, and where particles can be mysteriously connected no matter how far apart they are. It's a mind-boggling field that challenges our understanding of how the universe works, and even though it's tough to grasp, it's an essential part of modern physics.

28. How does the author illustrate the behavior patterns of particles in paragraph 2?

- A. By presenting reliable technical data.
- B. By comparing them to everyday objects.
- C. By clarifying quantum mechanics concepts.
- D. By associating them with chemical reactions.

29. What do the "Uncertainty Principle" and "Entanglement" reveal about particles?

- A. Their physical appearances.
- B. Their speed limitations.
- C. Their unusual properties.
- D. Their predictable movements.

30. Why do scientists use probabilities in quantum mechanics?

- A. Accurate forecasts are tough.
- B. They are analyzing lots of data.
- C. The scale of studies varies greatly.
- D. Detailed studies are time-consuming.

31. What does the text mainly tell us about quantum mechanics?

- A. Its developmental history.
- B. Its research challenges.
- C. Its unexpected applications.
- D. Its underlying principles.

D

While many educators in higher education believe play is a method that is only used for primary education, University of Colorado Denver counseling researcher Lisa Forbes argues that play is important in post-secondary education to improve student learning outcomes.

Throughout the spring 2020 semester, Forbes observed students who signed up for three of her courses between the ages of 23—43. To introduce the playful method, Forbes included games and play, not always tied to the content of that day's lesson, at the start of each class. She then provided many opportunities for role-play to practice negotiation skills, and designed competitions within class activities.

During the study, students mentioned they saw more opportunities for growth while learning in a highly interactive environment. Students also described that the hands-on nature of learning through play established a means for skill acquisition, and they were able to remember the content more effectively.

"As we grow older, we're conditioned to believe that play is childish and a waste of time," said Forbes. "This social script about play leads to it being excluded from higher education. A more interactive learning approach leads to a deeper and more rigorous (严谨的) connection to the material."

To maintain what Forbes described as "rigor" within higher education, the most common approach tends to be lecture-based learning. However, according to Forbes, this mode of education is quite the opposite to the very outcomes educators set out to achieve.

The results of the study suggest there is a unique and powerful classroom experience when play is valued and used in the learning process. According to Forbes, students who participated in this study also indicated that play increased positive emotions and connections with other students and the professor in the course.

Forbes suggests educators re-evaluate their understanding of using play in graduate courses. The playful method creates an interactive and warm learning environment, resulting in greater understanding of the material.

32. What's the purpose of Forbes' observation?

- A. To analyze play's broad role in human life.
- B. To explore college students' skill acquisition.
- C. To prove play's importance in secondary education.
- D. To assess play's impact on higher education learning.

33. What can we learn from the underlined sentence in paragraph 4?
- A. It's the "same old song" that keeps play out.
 - B. Universities tend to "follow suit" and embrace play.
 - C. Educators "strike while the iron is hot" to introduce play.
 - D. Higher education "swims against the tide" by rejecting play.
34. How does Forbes view lecture-based learning in higher education?
- A. It fails to meet its intended goals.
 - B. It's effective when applied rigorously.
 - C. It conflicts with her definition of "rigor".
 - D. It's a top recommendation for most courses.
35. What does Forbes suggest educators do with the playful method?
- A. Prioritize its use in class.
 - B. Reflect on its role in teaching.
 - C. Compare it with other methods.
 - D. Recommend it to their colleagues.

第二节（共5小题；每小题2.5分，满分12.5分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

In today's fast-paced world, it can be challenging to prioritize our health. However, maintaining a healthy lifestyle is essential for a long and fulfilling life. 36.

1. A balanced diet and regular exercise matter:

A cornerstone of a healthy lifestyle is a balanced diet. Eating a variety of foods from all food groups ensures you get the necessary nutrients. Include plenty of fruits, vegetables, whole grains, lean proteins, and healthy fats in your daily meals. Limit the intake of sugary and processed foods. 37. Aim for at least 150 minutes of moderate-intensity exercise each week. Activities like walking, swimming, or cycling can help maintain a healthy weight, strengthen your muscles, and improve your cardiovascular health.

2. 38:

Sleep is when our bodies repair and recharge. Aim for 7—9 hours of quality sleep each night. Lack of sleep can lead to a range of health issues, including impaired cognitive function and a weakened immune system. It should also be brought to your attention that chronic stress can negatively impact your health. Practice stress-reduction techniques such as meditation, deep breathing exercises, or yoga to keep stress levels in check.

3. Avoid harmful habits and do regular check-ups:

39. Quitting smoking and drinking in moderation can significantly improve your overall well-being. In the meantime, don't neglect regular medical check-ups. They can help detect and prevent health issues early, when they are easier to manage.

In conclusion, adopting a healthy lifestyle is a lifelong commitment. 40. Remember, your health is your most valuable asset (资产), so invest in it wisely.

- A. Emphasize hydration and social connections
- B. Adequate sleep and stress management will help
- C. Therefore, you should really do workouts regularly
- D. In addition, physical activity is crucial for good health
- E. Here are some key tips to help you stay on the path to wellness
- F. Smoking and excessive alcohol consumption are bad for your health
- G. By making small, sustainable changes, you can improve yourself steadily

第三部分 语言运用 (共两节, 满分 30 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

In a heartwarming story, a small town named Meadowbrook united to help the Johnson family in a time of need. The Johnsons were facing 41 difficulties after a medical crisis, and their home was at risk. The news spread quickly, and the community came together to 42 them.

Neighbors organized a(n) 43 campaign that spread to the whole community 44. People donated money and their time, hosting bake sales, car washes, and charity 45. In just a few weeks, they raised enough to 46 the Johnsons' bills and mortgage (按揭) payments.

Amidst the fundraising efforts, the local schools joined in. Meadowbrook Elementary School organized a children's 47 exhibition, where young artists showcased their 48. The artwork was sold, with all the money contributing to the growing fund. This inclusive approach 49 families and deepened the sense of community involvement.

What made this act of kindness 50 was how it involved ESL (English as a Second Language) students from Meadowbrook High School. They saw this as a chance for students to 51 with the community and improve their language skills. An ESL storytelling night was held, where students shared their stories, 52 a stronger bond between them and their neighbors.

The Johnsons expressed their 53, not only for the financial help but also for the sense of 54 and togetherness the town showed. This heartwarming gesture 55 the incredible impact of community, transcending language barriers and cultural differences.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------|
| 41. A. financial | B. technical | C. academic | D. social |
| 42. A. protect | B. support | C. watch | D. convince |
| 43. A. advertising | B. educational | C. fundraising | D. protest |
| 44. A. evenly | B. steadily | C. mysteriously | D. rapidly |

- | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------|----------------|------------------|
| 45. A. agencies | B. investigations | C. events | D. awards |
| 46. A. cover | B. share | C. provide | D. submit |
| 47. A. fund | B. fashion | C. art | D. science |
| 48. A. curiosity | B. leadership | C. teamwork | D. creativity |
| 49. A. identified | B. represented | C. interviewed | D. engaged |
| 50. A. back off | B. stand out | C. turn up | D. cut in |
| 51. A. connect | B. deal | C. consult | D. register |
| 52. A. forming | B. considering | C. maintaining | D. acknowledging |
| 53. A. concern | B. gratitude | C. interest | D. amusement |
| 54. A. accomplishment | B. belonging | C. justice | D. freedom |
| 55. A. assesses | B. determines | C. highlights | D. removes |

第二节 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Fall marks cricket fighting season in China, a sport 56 (believe) to date back more than a millennium. In recent years, it's gained 57 (popular) with new generations.

Here's 58 the game works. Two crickets — always males — are weighed to the closest hundredth of a gram 59 then paired off by weight class. They 60 (place) in a clear plastic ring nearly the size of a dinner plate, with a dividing wall 61 (separate) the two insects. A referee signals go time, then slides out the ring divider to let the bugs face off.

The owners poke a special reed (芦苇) in to brush their crickets, which drives them to fight. A referee closely monitors the tiny fighters, noting 62 number of attacks and retreats. Cricket enthusiasts wax poetic about a certain province because of the fierceness of its six-legged fighters. Ningyang county in Shandong produces especially desired bugs, the sale of which brings 63 about 600 million yuan in revenue a year.

Zhao Jiuling is a 64 (commit) cricket competitor. Each night, he cooks a nutritious meal of grain and bean powder for crickets. "They're very 65 (pick) about both their food and mates," he said. "Sometimes they don't like each other. Domestic violence happens both ways. Sometimes the females eat the males," he added.

第四部分 写作 (共两节, 满分 40 分)

第一节 (满分 15 分)

电子设备给我们的生活带来了便利, 但也引发了一系列问题, 在学校一年一度的“数字断航日”到来之际, 请你为你校英文报投稿, 倡议大家减少使用电子产品, 回归真实生活。内容如下:

1. 提出问题;
2. 发出倡议;
3. 呼吁行动。

注意:

1. 写作词数应为 80 左右;
2. 可适当增加细节, 以使行文连贯。

参考词汇: 数字断航日 Digital Detox Day

Dear Readers of *English World*,

第二节 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料, 根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段, 使之构成一篇完整的短文。

It was May 2018, and my partner, Gabe Rosescu, and I were taking a road trip in his little car from my home in Weyburn, Saskatchewan, to visit friends in Nelson, British Columbia. It was our first trip together after six months of dating, meaning it would be an adventure on so many levels.

At around 5: 30 p. m. , we were driving along the Crowsnest Highway, a steep winding road that splits through the southern Canadian Rockies. I was texting my mother when I happened to look up in time to see an enormous tree in front of us on the highway — standing straight up! It was being pushed along by mud that was swallowing everything in its path.

Within seconds, our car was rolling 900 feet down the cliffside.

I don't know how long we were unconscious, but I woke up to the sound of Gabe moaning. He was slumped over the steering wheel and his blood was everywhere.

The car had landed on a small rock amid trees that had come down with the slide. On one side of us was the mountain. On the other, a steep drop of about 3,000 feet into a river.

I tried opening my door and was overcome by sharp chest pain. I'd later learn that I'd suffered a broken breastbone. In addition, my left ankle had been crushed and my foot was practically turned sideways. Gabe had broken his cheek bones, as well as his orbital (眼眶) bones, leaving him blind in his left eye.

With the passenger and driver's side doors crushed shut, and my window impassable, the only way out was through the driver's side window. Neither of us remember doing it, but somehow we both managed to crawl out of that wreckage. We sat on a log and considered our options.

- 注意: 1. 续写词数应为 150 左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

We had no phone signal, and the highway was 900 feet above us. _____

Fortunately, four passersby happened to spot our car the next morning. _____