

高三英语参考答案、提示及评分细则

听力部分录音稿

(Text 1)

W: I can't see why you like the sports channel so much. It's so boring.

M: Oh, no. It's exciting. Which is your favorite TV channel?

W: I enjoy watching history and nature programs. I also like to watch the news.

(Text 2)

W: Excuse me, sir, but I have to use your phone. There's been an accident and I have to call an ambulance.

M: Well, I suppose that'll be all right. This phone is usually for office use only, but since it's an emergency.

(Text 3)

W: It's extremely important to wear your seatbelt when driving.

M: Even when it's just through town? I hate the way it rubs against my neck.

W: Yes, but it could save your life one day. And wear your helmet while you're on your bicycle, too.

(Text 4)

W: I'm excited to show you Lila. She does not bite, I promise. Isn't she so cute?

M: No! Keep it away from me! Please leave it in the cage! Snakes are so terrible.

(Text 5)

W: When did you buy this laptop, Tom?

M: It's not mine. My sister Alice borrowed it from Jack, and I'm using it now.

(Text 6)

M: How much is the fare to the Great Wall?

W: Ten *yuan*.

M: How many stops before I get there?

W: Twelve stops.

M: How long will it take?

W: If there is no traffic jam, it takes about forty min

M: Thank you very much.

(Text 7)

W: Oh, Henry, I haven't seen you for ages. Come on in, please. Let me take your coat. How are you getting along?

M: Very well, thank you.

W: Please take a seat. Everything will be ready in a minute.

M: Can you bring me a glass of orange juice, please? I'm quite thirsty.

W: Here you are. Here's your cocktail, salad, fried chicken, French fries and ice cream. Help yourself to the chicken while it's hot.

M: Wow! They are great. Can you pass the pepper?

W: Here you are. Taste the French fries.

M: They are delicious.

W: Would you like some more?

M: No more. Thank you.

W: Let's bottoms up.

(Text 8)

M: I'd like a double room.

W: Do you have a reservation?

M: Yes, I called you last week from New York. My name is George Lee.

W: Wait a second, please. Yes, Mr. Lee. We have a room reserved for you. How long do you plan to stay?

M: Probably two days. My wife will join me tomorrow. Then we'll decide when to leave for Seattle.

W: Would you sign the register please?

M: Yes. By the way, do

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W: Certainly. Every room in this hotel has a private bath.

M: Does my room have twin beds or a double? I prefer a room with twin beds.

W: Your room has twin beds, Mr. Lee. It also has a view. I'm sure you'll like it. This is your key. It's on the 8th floor, Room 801. The elevator is over there.

M: Thank you. One more thing, where is your restaurant?

W: The restaurant is on the second floor. We also have a cafeteria on the top floor. If you would like something to drink, you can either call room service or come down here. The bar is right behind the lobby.

M: Thank you. You're very kind.

W: You're welcome.

(Text 9)

W: Hi, excuse me. I'm sorry to bug you, but do you know where the Royal Hotel is?

M: Just a minute. You walk down this street. You turn left at the first crossing. Walk along that road. Turn right at the corner. After that you make a left-hand turn at the first traffic light. The Royal Hotel is on the right side.

W: Great! Are there any landmarks nearby?

M: Yeah, I think so. I think the hotel is right across the street from the post office. It's as plain as the hump on a camel. You can't miss it.

W: Oh, that's good. I should be able to find it pretty easily then. Is it far from here?

M: Yeah, it's going to take you a while if you go on foot. I'd say it's about a 30-minute uphill walk. You have to be as strong as a lion to make it.

W: Oh, that would take too long and I'm kind of in a hurry. Can I take a bus there?

M: Well, you could take a bus there, but you would have to transfer buses twice. A taxi would probably be a lot quicker.

W: All right. Speed comes first. Thank you.

(Text 10)

M: The blues developed in the southern United States from the music of the black people who were brought from Africa and forced to work as slaves on southern plantations. The earliest form of the blues was work songs—that was the musical form of communication among slaves. The name blues comes from the loneliness and sorrow typically expressed in the song words. The blues started out with only human voices involved, but over time, musicians began to use musical instruments to perform together with blues singers. There have been many famous blues singers in modern history. Bessie Smith, who is often referred to as “the empress of the blues”, was definitely one of the best among them. Her rich and powerful voice gave her such great confidence that she refused to use microphone in live performances. Bessie had made 160 recordings in her short life. She died at age 43 on September 26, 1937, after being severely hurt in a car accident. Many critics believe that Bessie Smith's songs have typified the “earthiness” and “realism” of the blues.

参考答案

1~5 ABBCC 6~10 BCABA 11~15 ACCAB 16~20 ABACB

【答案与解析】

本文是一篇应用文。文章主要介绍了四本令人爱不释手的书。

21. B 细节理解题。根据 *Flowers for Algernon* 部分“He'll show you how a person who is mentally disabled...”可知, Daniel Keyes 的书是关于一个智力障碍人士的故事。

22. A 推理判断题。根据 *Orphans of the Sky* 部分“A giant generation ship is sailing without guidance through the depths of the universe.”可知, 本书是讲述一艘太空船行驶在太空深处时发生的故事, 再结合后文的 that imaginary spaceship 可推断, 这是一部科幻小说。

23. B 细节理解题。根据 *95 Pounds of Hope* 部分“Referring to a real person's experiences...”可知, 这本书是作者根据真人的真实经历写的, 这是它与其他三本书不同的地方。

【答案与解析】

本文是一篇新闻报道。今年的普利策建筑奖意外地颁发给了致力于城市旧公租房改造的 Anne Lacaton 和 Jean-Philippe Vassal。

24. D 细节理解题。根据第三段“Lacaton and Vassal could not be more different from an earlier generation of Pritzker winners, known for their easily recognizable styles and grand work.”可知, 作者是在以戏谑的口气强调这两位获奖者和其他的普利策奖得主之间除了那副眼镜有点相似外, 就没有其他的共同点。

25. C 细节理解题。根据第四段“Their solution was to replace the folding wooden front door with sliding glass door to each unit and painted the ugly walls...”可知, 他们

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26. D 推理判断题。根据第三段“Instead, the two apply their simple guideline to their work on old urban buildings for low-income families: Never destroy, never remove or replace, always add, transform, and reuse!”及第七段“‘There’s a lot of violence in architecture and urbanism. We try to be precise. We try to work with kindness,’ Lacaton once explained.”可推断,他们很可能是因其设计理念中的人文关怀而获奖的。

27. A 文章出处题。本文主要介绍了 Anne Lacaton 及 Jean-Philippe Vassal 的城市旧房改造理念,因此很可能出现在“建筑”版面。

【答案与解析】

本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了我国刚刚成立的五个国家公园的特色、存在的问题及解决办法。

28. A 细节理解题。根据第一段“... which are homes to... the world’s last 30 Hainan black crested gibbons(黑冠长臂猿) in southern China’s tropical rainforest.”可知答案。

29. C 细节理解题。根据第五段“‘But there’s hope that the existing ecotourism projects in such nature reserves as Sanjiangyuan National Park and Wolong Nature Reserve will inspire efforts elsewhere in the new park system.’”可知,三江源国家公园是生态旅游的开拓者之一。

30. D 观点态度题。根据第六段“‘It’s been incredibly successful,’ says Marc Brody,”可知,他对生态旅游持肯定态度。

31. C 细节理解题。根据最后一段“‘It says that a core mission(核心使命) of China’s national parks is to promote eco-civilization... eco-civilization means scientifically balancing the economic development and the environmental protection.’”可知,建立国家公园的主要目的是科学平衡经济发展与环境保护。

【答案与解析】

本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了气象科学的发展历程及不同时期的科学家所做的贡献。

32. D 词义猜测题。画线词前涉及干湿两种空气,而且画线词后提到了和干空气对比,故可推断 humid 与 Wet 为同义词。

33. C 细节理解题。根据第四段“‘The model was improved in the 1980s by Klaus Hasselmann...’”可知,他的贡献在于改进了这个模型。

34. B 段落大意题。根据第五段“‘The whole question is whether people will realize that something which will happen in 20 or 30 years is something you have to respond to now.’”可知,气候模型创立者 Syukuro Manabe 认为人类应该马上为将来的气候变化采取行动。

35. B 标题判断题。通读全文可知,文章主要介绍了气象科学的发展历程及不同时期的重大突破。

【答案与解析】

本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了如何在火车、公共汽车或地铁上开始与陌生人攀谈的方法。

36. G 根据空前所说的与陌生人攀谈的益处及下文提到的如何开始与陌生人攀谈的建议可知,G项“因此,尝试引起别人的注意并开启攀谈吧,你可以采用一些技巧”符合。

37. C 根据空前“‘Glance at the persons and try to hold your gaze(注视) for just a second or two.’”及空后“‘If they meet your gaze, it’s likely positive. If they look away quickly or appear disinterested, it’s probably best not to approach.’”可知,C项“注意他们是如何回应你的凝视的”符合。

38. F 根据空前“‘Smile at the persons. If you’ve successfully met their gaze, smile at them.’”可知,F项“一个小小的但真诚的微笑会让你显得对别人感兴趣、友好和平易近人”符合。

39. A 根据空后的内容可知,本段主要介绍如何通过肢体语言引起别人的注意,故A项“使用开放的肢体语言”符合。

40. E 根据空后“‘If you’re far away, move closer. You should be a comfortable distance where you can hear each other yet not feel awkward if the conversation doesn’t work out.’”可知,E项“一旦你发现这些人对交谈感兴趣,你就可以采取行动”符合。

【答案与解析】

本文是一篇新闻报道。文章主要报道了地处西北内陆的东乡族自治县是如何依靠优势作物闯出一条脱贫致富之路的。

41. C 地处中国大西北的东乡族自治县是 256828 东乡族人的家园(home)。

42. B 直到 2013 年,这里还有将近三分之一的人口(population)生活在绝对贫困线以下。

43. A 东乡族人大部分是种植小麦和土豆的农民(farmers)。

44. D 这就很容易理解(understandable)为什么该县的脱贫项目都是围绕着(center on)食品而展开的。

45. A 见上题解析。

46. C 这里的土豆很有名(famous)。

47. D 东乡族人有很多方法把土豆制成(preparing)美味佳肴。

48. B 比如香喷喷的土豆片,土豆卷,土豆面。他们甚至还会在热石板上烤(baked)土豆。

49. B 现在这些土豆产品(products)畅销全中国。

50. C 一位土豆加工厂的工人告诉记者,在土豆成为帮助乡亲脱贫的主要(main)手段的背后是相关的教育与培训(training)。

51. A 见上题解析。

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52. D 这些培训包括最新栽种技术及虫害预防(prevention)。
 53. C 他认为这些课程大大地提高了(improving)土豆的产量与质量。
 54. A 东乡县另一个有名的产品是羊肉(lamb)。
 55. B 政府鼓励一位早年离家牧羊的年轻人返乡(return)办公司。
 56. D 该公司目前集中经营着大约 1800 只羊。这些羊还归农户所有(owned)。
 57. A 公司会与这些参与的(participating)农户分享利润。
 58. B 这些羊喂养的是有机饲料。农场还有 AI 系统不间断地(continuously)监控。
 59. C 这些措施保证了全国的消费者(consumers)能吃得放心。with peace of mind 意为“放心,安心”,为固定短语。
 60. D 见上题解析。

【答案与解析】

本文是一篇记叙文。文章主要讲述了作者在 Adirondack Mountains 划船的经历。

61. to escape 考查非谓语动词。分析该句成分可知,此处用所给动词的不定式作目的状语。
 62. in/within 考查介词。in/within sight 意为“在视野范围内”,为固定短语。
 63. surrounded 考查非谓语动词。分析该句成分可知,所填词在此处作后置定语,修饰 ponds。而且 surround 与 ponds 之间存在逻辑上的动宾关系,故用过去分词 surrounded。
 64. me 考查代词。分析该句成分可知,所填词在此处作介词 for 的宾语,故用所给代词的宾格形式 me。
 65. knees 考查名词复数。根据常识可知,作者会把两条裤腿都卷起来,故此处用所给名词的复数。
 66. that/which 考查定语从句。分析该句成分可知,该句是一个限定性定语从句,从句中缺少主语,且先行词为 rapids,故用关系代词 that/which。
 67. Walking 考查非谓语动词。分析该句结构可知,所填词与逻辑主语 I 存在逻辑上的主谓关系,故用所给动词的现在分词形式表示主动,表示伴随动作。
 68. various 考查词形转换。根据空后的名词可知,此处需用所给名词的形容词形式 various。
 69. arrival 考查词形转换。根据前面的冠词 the 可知,此处需用所给动词的名词形式 arrival。
 70. but 考查连词。根据句意“我感到非常疲劳,但是我却感到非常高兴和彻底地放松”可知,该空用连词 but 表示转折关系。注意:这里不能用 yet,因为空前没有逗号等分隔符。

短文改错

Since the digging of No. 3 to No. 8 sites begin in October last year, about 500 pieces of relics(文物) have been found at Sanxingdui began
 Ruins in southwest China Sichuan Province. The relics, discovered at six new sites, include ~~the~~ golden masks. Many of them are
 China's unique shaped. The new finds have brought the total amount of the relics discovered at the ruins to nearly 2,000. The discoveries
 uniquely number
has shown that ancient China is far more developed \wedge we have expected.
 have than
 Sanxingdui was discovered in the early twenty century. It has been considering as one of the greatest archaeological(考古的)
 twentieth considered
wonder in the world.
 wonders
书面表达

One possible version:

Score and Ability

In China, students have to take many exams. They have to get a good mark to enter a better college. To some extent the score decides a student's future.

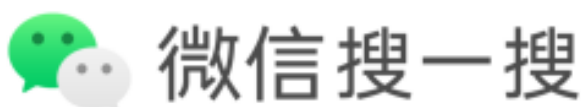
In my opinion, a score doesn't mean everything. It just proves that the student is good at studying, not including his ability in other things. One of my classmates does well in the exams. He almost can get a full mark in each exam. However, he is weak in hand-work and even always fails to make some artwork.

Therefore a high score doesn't mean overall ability. We should put our ability first as it makes us a better man.

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