

# 高二期中考试 英语

(120 分钟 150 分)

## 注意事项:

1. 答卷前,考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在答题卡上。
2. 回答选择题时,选出每小题答案后,用铅笔把答题卡对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时,将答案写在答题卡上。写在本试卷上无效。
3. 考试结束后,将答题卡交回。

## 第一部分 听力(共两节,满分 30 分)

做题时,先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后,你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

### 第一节(共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What will the woman do?  
A. Stay indoors. B. Have a walk. C. Get a coat.
2. When will the next bus leave for Beijing?  
A. At 10: 07. B. At 10: 30. C. At 11:00.
3. Where does the conversation probably take place?  
A. At a library. B. At a cinema.  
C. At a post office.
4. What does Mr. Smith advise the woman to do?  
A. Come to his lecture.  
B. Check the result online.  
C. Connect with him by email.
5. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?  
A. Customer and clerk. B. Boss and employee.  
C. Reporter and interviewee.

### 第二节(共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6、7 题。

6. Who is Ashley Bryan?  
A. A poet. B. An artist. C. A famous sailor.
7. How old was Langston Hughes when he died?  
A. Forty years old  
B. Sixty-five years old.  
C. Ninety-two years old.

听第 7 段材料,回答第 8、9 题。

8. What will the woman do next month?  
A. Visit the man.  
B. Make a business trip.  
C. Do shopping in Mexico City.
9. Where can the woman see amazing paintings?  
A. At outdoor markets.  
B. At the Palace of Fine Arts.  
C. At the Museum of Modern Art.

听第 8 段材料,回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. What's the weather like?  
A. Sunny. B. Cold. C. Rainy.
11. What's a relaxing way to learn about local culture?  
A. Going to the movie.  
B. Going to the library.  
C. Riding a double-decker bus.
12. What will the speakers do now?  
A. Go to the pub.  
B. Stay home reading.  
C. Do some adventures.

听第 9 段材料,回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. Where does the conversation probably take place?  
A. In a restaurant.  
B. In the man's house.  
C. In a supermarket.
14. Why does the man want to eat energy bars only?  
A. To lose weight.  
B. To save money.  
C. To build muscles.
15. What does the woman think of the ads?  
A. They're lying.  
B. They're convincing.  
C. They're confusing.
16. What is the woman like?  
A. Grateful.

B. Smart.

C. Aggressive.

听第 10 段材料,回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. Who started the competition?  
A. A bus company.  
B. A teacher.  
C. A student.
18. What are the participants invited to do?  
A. Organize a program.  
B. Write an essay.  
C. Plant a garden.
19. What will the winning school receive besides some money?  
A. A lot of computers.  
B. A hybrid school bus.  
C. Some beautiful lights.
20. What is the advantage of the hybrid school bus over the ordinary one?  
A. It is much safer.  
B. It runs much faster.  
C. It creates less pollution.

## 第二部分 阅读理解(共两节,满分 50 分)

### 第一节(共 15 小题;每小题 2.5 分,满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中,选出最佳选项。

#### A

As a student, if you're considering getting a part-time job to earn pocket money during summer or winter vacations, here are some of the good choices.

#### Tutor

If you're particularly good at a subject, you might be able to get paid for helping younger students get better grades. In many cases, it's possible to make \$ 15 to \$ 20 an hour. Plus, with this job, you're able to flexibly set your own schedule. It's a good way for students to both earn money and take part in after-class activities.

#### Dog Walker

As more people are becoming pet owners, the need for people to provide care services for such animals increases. Better yet, the pay is on the higher side, with dog walkers making as much as \$ 30 for a 30-minute walk. If you are an animal lover, a job as a dog walker is suitable for you.

### Babysitter

Depending on how many kids you look after, you might be able to make \$12 to \$15 an hour for each kid. To get more work chances, get a first aid certificate(急救证书). Some community centers offer babysitting courses, and you can charge higher prices if you have such kind of certificate. With a driver's license, you will be more competitive. But this is not necessary.

### Lifeguard

If you're a good swimmer, lifeguard can be one of the great part-time jobs available for you. At the beginner level, you might only make \$9 to \$10 an hour. Once you become more experienced, you could make up to \$15 to \$16 per hour. If you can be a lifeguard for more than a year or two, the increased money can be very satisfactory.

21. What is a must to be a tutor?
- A. Joining in activities after class.
  - B. Attending community courses.
  - C. Getting excellent subject grades.
  - D. Being experienced at swimming.
22. What advantage should you have when you apply to be a babysitter?
- A. Charging a much lower price.
  - B. Knowing first aid knowledge.
  - C. Being able to work for a long time.
  - D. Enjoying spending time with animals.
23. How much might you make for three hours as a new lifeguard?
- A. \$ 30.      B. \$ 45.      C. \$ 48.      D. \$ 60.

### B

Each morning, opening the door to the factory, I was struck by the strong smell of oil and the noises of machines. My college internship(实习期) at this large plant involved walking through the factory to get to the engineering offices. I tried to get to my office without slipping or getting my high heels stuck in the old wood flooring.

The head of this crowd would shout and blow the whistle so loudly that everyone would hear and laugh. When this type of thing happened, it was just considered "boys will be boys", so managers did nothing though they were aware of all this. This whole situation was humiliating, and I began to hate going to the offices.

After a while, I realized that the man with the whistle de-

lighted in embarrassing the ladies. Out of necessity, my idea was born. One morning, as I walked through the factory door and made my way around the machines, he began to blow his whistle. I stopped and turned to face him, looking him directly in the eyes. Surprised, he stopped the whistle.

Breathing deeply, I said aloud, "I just wanted to tell you that I wish you wouldn't do that. It's very embarrassing. How would you like it if someone did that to you or one of your family members?"

I think I shocked him, and he looked down. "I'm sorry. I won't do it again. We were just having fun. My name is Tom," he said.

I met his gaze but smiled this time. "Let's be friends from now on."

Sure enough, the next morning, Tom smiled and waved. I smiled and waved back. We continued to have this happy exchange for the rest of my internship.

24. What struck the author when she went to work?

- A. The noises of the machines.
- B. The shouting of the crowd.
- C. The chance of being stuck.
- D. The worry of the internship.

25. What did the managers think about the situation?

- A. They tried but couldn't stop the men.
- B. They thought it unnecessary to stop it.
- C. They felt it helpful for the author's growth.
- D. They knew nothing about the situation.

26. Why did the author begin to hate going to the offices?

- A. The work wasn't productive.
- B. She hated the noisy machines.
- C. The managers didn't support her.
- D. She disliked being laughed at.

27. How did the author get along with the man after some time?

- A. They continued to be unfriendly.
- B. They shared their work experience.
- C. They exchanged greetings at work.
- D. They developed good partnership.

### C

Ten years ago, the cyclist's riding hard through the first snow storm of the year was a rare sight, often captured for the evening news. Today, however, it is estimated that 4-5% of cyclists ride bikes year-round.

Being prepared is key to a good ride in the winter. The increasing popularity of winter cycling is due to the creation of mountain bike and its imitation. Equipped with more stable bicycles, nothing seems to be able to stop the adventurous winter cyclists. Many of them wear running shoes and protect themselves from the cold by wearing downhill-skiing clothes. On wet days, they wear special water-proof over their shoes.

Besides all these mentioned above, there is one thing that has made winter riding more popular these years. In the past, cyclists need to clean and oil their bicycle chains once a week, which is no easy task. But one bicycle store owner tackled this weekly challenging task with an innovated complete chain cover. With bicycle chains completely covered, cyclists would need to do the troublesome work once every six months. Despite this amazing invention, the store owner still advises cyclists to take a taxi or bus when it's really snowing heavily, not because conditions are too hard for bicycles, but because she is afraid that many bikers may lose confidence in themselves on snowy days of reduced discernibility, which is very dangerous.

28. What is the main idea of this passage?

- A. Winter Mountain cycling competitions.
- B. Suitable clothing for winter cycling.
- C. Popularity of winter cycling and its reasons.
- D. Increases in winter cycling equipment.

29. According to the passage, what has made winter cycling no longer a rare sight?

- A. Construction of bicycle paths.
- B. A decrease in equipment prices.
- C. The invention of stable bicycles.
- D. Milder weather in recent years.

30. How did one bicycle store owner help the winter cyclists?

- A. She sells bicycles at a very low price.
- B. She makes cycling in winter less dangerous.
- C. She helps improve cyclists' confidence when riding.
- D. She invents a new way to reduce the frequency of maintenance.

31. The underlined word "discernibility" in the last paragraph is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. visibility                      B. popularity
- C. congestion                    D. creativity

### D

Crossing your legs is an extremely common habit; most peo-

ple don't even notice that they're doing it when they sit down. While you may find it comfortable to sit with one knee crossed over the other, it might be causing health problems that you are not aware of.

A study published in *Blood Pressure Monitoring* stated that sitting with your legs crossed can increase your blood pressure. The reason for this is that the blood in your legs has to work against gravity to be pumped back to your heart and that crossing one leg over the other increases resistance(阻力), making it even harder for the blood to circulate. This causes your body to increase your blood pressure to push the blood back to the heart. You won't feel any immediate effects, but repeated, drawn-out increases in blood pressure can cause long-term health problems. So, planning to sit for a long period of time? Don't keep your legs crossed.

Crossing your legs at the knee can also cause pressure on the major nerve in your leg that passes just below your knee and along the outside of your leg, explains Richard Graves, a medical expert. This pressure can cause numbness and temporary paralysis(麻痹) of some of the muscles in your foot and leg, preventing you from being able to raise your ankle—what we know as that “pins and needles” sensation. While the feeling of discomfort may only last a minute or two, repeatedly crossing your legs until they feel numb can cause permanent nerve damage.

So next time you sit down, try to get yourself in the habit of sitting with both of your feet on the floor. Not only will it help your posture and stability, but it will also save your health in the long run.

32. What can we learn about crossing one's legs?

- A. It is a very bad social habit.
- B. It is usually practiced on purpose.
- C. It can do harm to people's health.
- D. It can make others feel uncomfortable.

33. According to the study, sitting with your legs crossed can \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. affect your blood pressure
- B. resist gravity effectively
- C. lead to heart attacks easily
- D. improve the function of legs

34. What can we learn from Richard Graves's research in the third paragraph?

- A. Crossing legs just causes temporary nerve damage.

- B. Crossing legs will make you unable to raise your ankle.
- C. Crossing legs has no injuries to our muscles.
- D. Crossing legs does harm to your lung.

35. What is the main purpose of the text?

- A. To compare common habits.
- B. To give readers some advice.
- C. To evaluate effects of an experiment.
- D. To introduce research methods.

### 第二节(共5小题;每小题2.5分,满分12.5分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

#### Poetry Writing Tips for Beginners

Poetry is one of the oldest and most respected literary forms. It takes a certain style and skill with words to create a good work of poetry. Here are some easy-to-follow tips on writing poetry:

##### ● 36

Before you start the writing process, you should make sure that you read as many great poems as possible. Take a glance at the works of Neruda, Keats, Whitman, and Dickinson to name a few of the greats. This does not mean that you should copy their work of course. 37 .

##### ● Choose a specific theme

Like any other type of literary work, your poem will need a specific theme. You can't write a poem effectively if you don't have a set theme. A theme will give your work both focus and a set goal. 38 . It could be about loss, love, hate, greed, etc. Your theme could also be about a very specific event in your life, such as your first love or a broken relationship.

##### ● Read it aloud

During the writing process, it is important that you check how your poem sounds. 39 . However, it may sound awkward or lacking once you read it aloud. So take the time to read your work aloud. Read it aloud after each stanza(诗节). If you want to be more thorough, you could read it aloud to family and friends.

##### ● Polish it up

After you have your poem critiqued(评论), now is the time to polish it up. Take their advice and make any changes to the wordplay or word usage. If you see any clunky wordplay in your work, try to smoothen them out. Remember that poetry should have a flow, an almost lyrical feel.

40 . However, once you put these poetry tips for beginners into practice, you'll be able to create quality poetry in no time.

- A. Free your mind
- B. Read great poems
- C. It may seem perfect when you're reading it
- D. Your theme can be practically anything under the sun
- E. Learning how to write poetry can be slow-going at first
- F. It is still a very satisfying feeling to create great works of poetry
- G. Think of them as references that will expand your horizons as a poet

### 第三部分 语言知识运用(共两节,满分30分)

#### 第一节 完形填空(共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

When it comes to experiencing other cultures, there's no doubt that traveling is one of the most effective ways. 41 , if you don't have the time, money, or energy to 42 a trip abroad, you have other choices. In fact, you probably don't even need to 43 your hometown to 44 other cultures!

Given the great 45 of America today, chances are that even the people you meet every day represent a 46 range of cultural heritage and experiences. Your friends, neighbors, and co-workers may 47 people of different national, religious, or ethnic backgrounds, all within arm's reach. Take the 48 to get to know more about them. You might be 49 at the variety of people living right next to you.

Other types of cultural exploration can be 50 . Consider spending a weekend learning about a different culture by 51 some activities such as visiting your local museum, reading a book and trying new cuisine.

In the 52 , you can learn about works of art from other countries, look at archaeological finds from distant lands and think about how they may have 53 particular cultures. Read a book that explains the history of different societies and how they've evolved(进化) into the culture they are today. That can help you 54 how their customs, traditions, and food got to be the way they are today. Even food offers chances to 55 cultural variety and how it is expressed through cuisine.

41. A. Therefore B. Instead C. Moreover D. However



