

2022~2023 学年高三第五次联考试卷

英 语

考生注意:

1. 本试卷分选择题和非选择题两部分。满分 150 分,考试时间 120 分钟。
2. 答题前,考生务必用直径 0.5 毫米黑色墨水签字笔将密封线内项目填写清楚。
3. 考生作答时,请将答案答在答题卡上。选择题每小题选出答案后,用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑;非选择题请用直径 0.5 毫米黑色墨水签字笔在答题卡上各题的答题区域内作答,超出答题区域书写的答案无效,在试题卷、草稿纸上作答无效。
4. 本卷命题范围:高考范围(侧重选择性必修第三册~选择性必修第四册)。

第一部分 听力(共两节,满分 30 分)

第一节 (共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。来源:高三答案公众号

1. What will the woman do this weekend?
A. Go to the beach. B. Attend a party. C. Give a weather report.
2. Which exam does the man probably find difficult?
A. Physics. B. Maths. C. English.
3. How much should the woman pay?
A. \$ 10. B. \$ 90. C. \$ 100.
4. Who gives the watch to the woman?
A. Her husband. B. Her mother. C. Her father.
5. How might Sarah sound?
A. Bored. B. Relieved. C. Sad.

第二节 (共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6、7 题。

6. What is Jack doing?
A. Looking for a house. B. Watching pandas. C. Doing some cleaning.
7. What do the speakers agree to do?
A. Visit a zoo. B. Have a class. C. Stay at home.

听第 7 段材料,回答第 8 至 10 题。

8. Why does the woman look tired?
A. She rose early to make breakfast.
B. She stayed up late last night.
C. She forgot to have breakfast.

【高三第五次联考试卷·英语 第 1 页(共 8 页)】



9. How does the woman feel about her mother?
A. She's concerned. B. She's grateful. C. She's guilty.
10. What's the man's attitude towards the woman's action?
A. Favorable. B. Doubtful. C. Casual.
- 听第 8 段材料,回答第 11 至 13 题。
11. What can be known about the man?
A. He acts very humbly. B. He has lost his card. C. He's a new customer.
12. What does the man want to do?
A. Have a strong build. B. Change his clothes. C. Stop running.
13. Where does the conversation probably take place?
A. In a shop. B. In a gym. C. At home.
- 听第 9 段材料,回答第 14 至 16 题。
14. Why did Nancy attend summer school?
A. To find a good job. B. To kill her time. C. To earn credits.
15. What did Alice get?
A. An admission letter. B. A full-time job. C. A discount.
16. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?
A. Boss and secretary. B. Teacher and student. C. Friends.
- 听第 10 段材料,回答第 17 至 20 题。
17. Which team won the NBA Champion in 1973?
A. The Knicks. B. The Lakers. C. The Bulls.
18. Why did Jackson stop playing for the Knicks?
A. He was fired. B. He was promoted. C. He was injured.
19. When was Johnson hired by the Bulls?
A. In 1967. B. In 1987. C. In 2000.
20. What does the speaker mainly talk about?
A. A basketball coach. B. A famous team. C. A great title.

第二部分 阅读(共两节,满分 50 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题;每小题 2.5 分,满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

If you want to know more about paintings which are famous worldwide, here are four you can't miss.

The Kiss

Artist: Gustav Klimt

Estimated date: 1907 to 1908

From Klimt's work, Byzantine artistic influences can be seen in the highly decorative robes(长袍) worn by the passionate, life-sized couple. The museum says that with *The Kiss*, Klimt makes a unique statement about love being at the heart of human existence.

Guernica

Artist: Pablo Picasso

Date: 1937

This is the most recent painting on this list, and it shows the German bombing of the town of Guernica in the Basque region during the Spanish Civil War. The painting has that distinctive Picasso style, and its serious examination of the horrors of war made it an essential part of the 20th century culture and history.

The Birth of Venus

Artist: Sandro Botticelli

Estimated date: 1485

It was probably created by a member of the wealthy and art-loving Medici family, which ruled Florence and nearby areas for centuries. Marrying a renewed interest in classic Greek culture with Early Renaissance style, Botticelli creates an unforgettable figure with the Goddess of Love emerging from a huge seashell.

Girl With a Pearl Earring

Artist: Johannes Vermeer

Estimated date: 1665

This fantastic favorite often gets compared with the *Mona Lisa* by Leonardo da Vinci. Besides the stylistic differences, technically *Girl With a Pearl Earring* isn't even a portrait(肖像), but a "tronie"—a Dutch word for a painting of an imaginary figure with impressive features. The oil on the masterpiece is brilliant in its simplicity. The girl—wearing a blue and gold turban(头巾) and an oversized pearl earring—is the entire focus with only a dark backdrop behind her.

21. Who is the creator of *The Kiss*?

A. Leonardo da Vinci.

B. Sandro Botticelli.

C. Johannes Vermeer.

D. Gustav Klimt.

22. What is the painting by Pablo Picasso about?

A. A cruel war.

B. A happy couple.

C. A royal family.

D. A lovely girl.

23. Of the following works, which is the oldest?

A. *The Kiss*.

B. *Guernica*.

C. *The Birth of Venus*.

D. *Girl With a Pearl Earring*.

B

When I was a boy, I lived across the road from a camp. For nine months out of a year, the camp was mostly empty, so it was my own personal playground. I would ride my bike up and down the quiet road. I would shoot basketballs alone at the court no matter how many times I missed. I would even explore the woodlands near the camp to look for buried treasures in my imagination.

In summer when the camp opened, I would swim every day at the pool. Then I would sneak into(溜进去) the camp's kitchen to get a treasure of my own. My smiling grandma worked there and would hand me a hot roll and some coins from her pocket. I would take my treasure down to the vending(售卖) machine and buy myself a sweet can of Coca Cola to quench my thirst and lighten my heart.

Those memories are over 40 years old now, yet they still live in my mind like it was yesterday. Sometimes I wish I could go back to the old days and talk to that little boy. I would tell him to enjoy and cherish each day he had there. I would tell him that every moment is a gift of life. I would tell him to be here now and try not to blink(眨眼睛) because the years were flying silently. Most of all, I would tell him to stop and hug his grandma every chance he got.

Life seems so short at times. The longest life still seems too brief to learn all we have to learn, to do all we want to do, and to share the love we need to share. What we should do properly is to see the preciousness of each and every second, and live it like it was our last. May we all do so.

24. Why does the author mention the camp?

A. To recall his childhood.

B. To remember a friend.

C. To introduce the woods.

D. To make a comparison.

25. What does the underlined word "quench" in paragraph 2 mean?

A. Find.

B. Ignore.

C. Cause.

D. Satisfy.

【高三第五次联考试卷·英语 第3页(共8页)】



26. What does the author say about his memories over four decades?
- A. They are filled with sorrows.
 - B. They are still fresh in his mind.
 - C. They have been lost forever.
 - D. They have fallen into pieces.
27. What does the author expect us to do in the text?
- A. Live and learn.
 - B. Believe ourselves.
 - C. Treasure every day.
 - D. Remain focused.

C

Southern California's Catalina Island is a popular destination for nature lovers. It is reachable by boat from Los Angeles and San Diego. Most of the small island is a government-protected wild area. But, a report last October in the *Los Angeles Times* newspaper raised public concern about the water surrounding Catalina. The newspaper discovered that industrial companies for years had been dumping(倾倒) the insect poison DDT into the ocean near Catalina. The practice began in the 1940s and ended in the 1970s.

The newspaper report led to a search and study of the area by scientists at the Scripps Institution of Oceanography, University of California San Diego(UCSD). The research team discovered about 25,000 large containers, below the surface of the Pacific Ocean. The scientists suspected the containers held DDT, and other chemicals used to make the poison.

Eric Terrill, who led the Scripps program that worked on the project, said the finding was a surprise as the containers were spread over a very large area. The Scripps examination also showed the companies responsible for the chemical dump disobeyed rules about where to place the containers.

The researchers mapped about 15,000 hectares of ocean floor where past studies had shown evidence of poisonous chemicals. The area lies between coastal Los Angeles and Catalina.

"The long-term effect on ocean life and humans is still unknown, and needs extensive study," said Lihini Aluwihare, a member of the Scripps program. But, in 2015, she co-wrote another study that found high amounts of DDT and other chemicals in the fat of bottlenose dolphins. Aluwihare said some studies among small groups showed that DDT-linked health problems have been passed from parents to children.

28. What can we know about Catalina Island?
- A. It's the smallest island off Los Angeles.
 - B. Various chemical plants are still there.
 - C. No man has ever set foot on the island.
 - D. It's a good option to explore nature.
29. What did the Scripps program find about the chemical dump?
- A. It's an illegal activity.
 - B. It lasted half a century.
 - C. It's caused by an accident.
 - D. It poses no effect on wildlife.
30. What did Lihini Aluwihare want to stress?
- A. Many dolphins were poisoned to death.
 - B. Further research should be conducted.
 - C. Her previous study was a great success.
 - D. Parents tended to get recovered soon.
31. Which can be a suitable title for the text?
- A. How to Respond to Water Pollution
 - B. What to Be Done to Save Ocean Life
 - C. Shocking DDT Dump Around Catalina
 - D. Breathtaking Views in Southern California

D

If you have always suspected that you might just be a mosquito magnet(招蚊子的人), scientists now have evidence for you; Mosquitoes indeed are attracted to certain humans more than others, according to a new study.

A research team at Rockefeller University sought to identify why certain people seem to draw more mosquitoes than others. Over the course of three years, researchers asked a group of 64 volunteers to wear nylon stockings on their arms for six hours a day over multiple days. Maria Elena De Obaldia, the study's first author, constructed a glass container in which researchers put two of the stockings. The study team then released yellow fever mosquitoes into the container and observed which stocking drew more insects.

This test allowed researchers to separate study participants into mosquito magnets, whose stockings drew lots of mosquitoes, and low attractors, who didn't seem attractive to the insects. The scientists examined carefully the skin of the mosquito magnets and found 50 molecular compounds(分子化合物) that were higher in these participants than the others.

"We didn't hold certain expectations about what we would find," said Vosshall, one of the researchers. But one difference was particularly distinctive: The mosquito magnets had much higher rates of carboxylic acid(羧酸) on their skin than the low attractors. Carboxylic acids are found in sebum, the oily substance that creates a barrier and helps protect our skin.

"The carboxylic acids are large molecules," Vosshall explained. "They're not that smelly by themselves," she said. But beneficial bacteria on the skin chew on these acids that produce the characteristic smell of humans, which may be what attracts mosquitoes, according to Vosshall.

Carboxylic acids are just one piece of the puzzle in explaining how the annoying insects might choose their targets. Body heat and the carbon dioxide we release when we breathe also attract mosquitoes to humans.

Scientists still don't know why carboxylic acids seem to attract mosquitoes so strongly. The next step might be to explore the effects of reducing carboxylic acids on the skin.

32. Why did the researchers carry out the test in the container?

- A. To free people from mosquitoes.
- B. To identify mosquito magnets.
- C. To distinguish certain mosquitoes.
- D. To better attract other insects.

33. What is the fourth paragraph mainly about?

- A. The feature of human skin.
- B. The definition of acid.
- C. The expectation of the researchers.
- D. The finding of the study.

34. What makes carboxylic acids smelly?

- A. Beneficial bacteria.
- B. Body heat.
- C. Carbon dioxide.
- D. Human sweat.

35. What can we infer about mosquito magnets from the text?

- A. They never wear stockings in summer.
- B. They feature higher body temperature.
- C. Their root cause has remained unclear.
- D. Their daily routine differs from others'.

第二节 (共5小题;每小题2.5分,满分12.5分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Packing light is important when travelling with kids, but it is hard to do so when your kids want to pack every single toy they can lay their eyes on. 36. Here is a guide on how to pack light for a family trip.

Pack lightweight clothes

Before you start packing, check the weather at your family holiday destination. 37, packing becomes much easier. Packing light for warm weather isn't hard but the same can't be said for cold

destinations. The key to cold weather packing is layering(叠加). Instead of packing heavy clothing items, pack a few lightweight clothing articles which, when layered, offer all the warmth you need.

38

We suggest not carrying any toiletries(洗漱用品) while travelling with kids since you can buy these wherever you are going. But if you do insist on carrying your own toiletries, use travel containers which are lightweight and won't break and spill(溢出) all over your clothes inside the luggage.

Separate suitcases for the win

Big suitcases bother every vacation. While it's convenient to put all your needs in big suitcases, they aren't exactly convenient to carry around. 39. Prepare fun suitcases for your kids that are easy to drag around, which gives them a sense of ownership and responsibility. 40.

- A. However, it is not impossible
- B. Take personal belongings with you
- C. Avoid carrying toiletries if possible
- D. If you get your family members involved in the plan
- E. Once you know what kind of weather you'll be dealing with
- F. The trip is much easier when everyone carries their own luggage
- G. We suggest getting a lightweight suitcase for every family member

第三部分 语言运用(共两节,满分30分)

第一节 (共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

In battling leukemia(白血病), 9 year old Harper Harrell has devoted her days—in the hospital—to raising money for the V Foundation for cancer research. “I know it's 41, but it deserves my effort,” said Harrell.

After Harrell was diagnosed(诊断) with leukemia in October 2021, she started learning about the foundation which 42 cancer research. The foundation has already 43 nearly \$290 million for cancer research nationwide. The foundation's administrative costs are paid 44 by itself, which means 100% of donations go to cancer research.

Believing one small thing could change a lot, Harrell started to 45 some drawings in her notebook shortly after beginning treatment. One of them was a ribbon(丝带) with a “Peace out, cancer” message written below it. Harrell thought the 46 would be a great T-shirt for children facing a(n) 47 battle.

While Harrell was 48, her mother, Heather Hindin, found a way to bring her 49 to life. She 50 a T-shirt campaign online. The plan was to donate half of the income to the foundation while using the rest for her daughter's medical expenses. They have 51 over \$24,000 this year, which will specifically go to the foundation, after launching two T-shirt campaigns.

“There are all of these messages of 52 that people post when they order,” Hindin said. “They help so much with her 53 and keeping her positive.” Harrell, who says she has always had a 54 for helping others, offered a simple piece of advice: “Try to help and assist where you can, and you will achieve something 55.”

- | | | | |
|---------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| 41. A. risky | B. lucky | C. new | D. hard |
| 42. A. avoids | B. attracts | C. supports | D. restricts |

【高三第五次联考试卷·英语 第6页(共8页)】

- | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| 43. A. awarded | B. wasted | C. demanded | D. missed |
| 44. A. partly | B. completely | C. accidentally | D. suddenly |
| 45. A. make | B. cover | C. tear | D. enjoy |
| 46. A. word | B. title | C. design | D. wish |
| 47. A. original | B. similar | C. exact | D. famous |
| 48. A. under control | B. at school | C. in hospital | D. on duty |
| 49. A. dream | B. body | C. illness | D. doctor |
| 50. A. turned down | B. put off | C. handed over | D. set up |
| 51. A. collected | B. refused | C. invested | D. borrowed |
| 52. A. prediction | B. encouragement | C. hesitation | D. embarrassment |
| 53. A. notes | B. roles | C. scores | D. spirits |
| 54. A. sign | B. passion | C. view | D. finish |
| 55. A. harmless | B. gentle | C. familiar | D. great |

第二节 (共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Astronomers have published a major finding 56 (recent): A black hole has been releasing energy from a small star 57 was shredded(吞噬) in 2018, after two years in which it didn't emit(发射) any such material.

"Super unusual," said Yvette Cendes, an astronomer at Harvard. "We've never really seen this before to this degree."

Researchers made the 58 (discover) when they used a 59 (power) radio telescope facility to check some two dozen black holes where stars had been shredded after 60 (come) too close to them. Such happenings 61 (call) tidal disruption(潮汐破坏) events, or TDEs.

What they found was that one of the TDEs was emitting energy at an unusual speed 62 at a very surprising time: more than two years after the event.

This behavior is different from what has been observed in black holes before, in two ways. First, the timing: it's more common 63 (see) radio emissions from black holes within the first few months after swallowing a star. And second, the energy emitted in this case doesn't quite fit in 64 what astronomers have seen before.

In most cases of black holes swallowing stars, perhaps 99%, the outflow is lower in energy. And in 1% of cases, that outflow, at about half the speed of light, rarely 65 (occur).

第四部分 写作(共两节,满分 40 分)

第一节 (满分 15 分)

假定你是李华,你校上周举办了一场消防演练。请你写一篇英语短文记录这次活动,内容包括:

1. 演练的时间和地点;来源:高三答案公众号
2. 演练的过程;
3. 个人感受。

注意:1. 写作词数应为 80 左右;

2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

参考词汇:警报器 siren

【高三第五次联考试卷·英语 第 7 页(共 8 页)】

A Meaningful Fire Drill

第二节 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

The Wise Father

Hari's father was a successful businessman who had a chain of well-known, seven-star restaurants, but the only love of his life was his only daughter, Hari. So she had been provided with everything she ever wanted since she was born. She lived an extraordinary life and always felt that she was not an ordinary kid.

When Hari came back after graduation, her father asked her to join his company as an accountant. However, she was naturally not happy with that. She wanted to work on a higher post as a CEO of the company while her father wanted her to start as an ordinary girl.

One day, there was an emergency situation in the company. One of the restaurants had fewer employees because of sudden resignations(辞职). The restaurant was desperately short-staffed. Hari's father and other major employees came up with the idea that they would make their way to that restaurant to help them. He asked her daughter to accompany him and the other employees to the restaurant.

When she entered the restaurant, she was hit with the air of tension around the employees. Everybody was busy doing something and the restaurant was in complete chaos. She was suddenly pushed by his father to the cash counter to attend to the customers there. When she went to the back of the kitchen to get an order of a customer, she noticed a tower of dishes that were unwashed. Just as she was going to go back to the cash counter, her father approached her in a hurry and said, "Hari, will you please help us do the dishes? There is no one here who is available and I see you still have five to ten minutes before another customer comes for the payment."

注意:1. 续写词数应为 150 左右;

2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

She watched the dirty plates and spoons with big round eyes. _____

Hari's father picked up the gloves and started washing the dishes. _____

关于我们

自主选拔在线是致力于提供新高考生涯规划、强基计划、综合评价、三位一体、学科竞赛等政策资讯的升学服务平台。总部坐落于北京，旗下拥有网站（[网址: www.zizzs.com](http://www.zizzs.com)）和微信公众平台等媒体矩阵，用户群体涵盖全国90%以上的重点中学师生及家长，在全国新高考、自主选拔领域首屈一指。

如需第一时间获取相关资讯及备考指南，请关注**自主选拔在线**官方微信号：**zizzsw**。



 微信搜一搜

 自主选拔在线