

## 2022—2023—2 高一年级期末考试

## 英语试题

时间：120 分钟

满分：120 分

## 第一部分 听力（共两节，满分 20 分）

## 第一节（共 5 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 5 分）

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

## 第一节

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. Whose car does Jenny have now?

A. Her father's car.

B. Her mother's car.

C. Her own car.

2. What is the man probably going to do next?

A. Make dinner.

B. Pick up his dry cleaning.

C. Do his science homework.

3. When will the man go to see the doctor?

A. On Tuesday.

B. On Wednesday.

C. On Thursday.

4. How will the man pay?

A. With a credit card.

B. With an ATM card.

C. In cash.

5. What does the man mean?

A. He wants to go boating.

B. He also failed the math exam.

C. He should work harder at math.

## 第二节

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟。听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料，回答第 6、7 题。

6. What time of day will the speakers meet?

A. In the morning.

B. Around midday.

C. In the evening.

7. Where are the speakers going to eat?

A. On 14th Street.

B. On Main Street.

C. On Maple Avenue.

听第 7 段材料，回答第 8 至 10 题。

8. What was the woman doing?

A. Having her car repaired.

B. Picking up her car.

C. Driving to work.

9. Which car is the oldest?

A. The man's old truck.

B. The woman's truck.

C. The man's new car.

10. Why did the man get his current car?  
A. It uses less gas.                      B. It's prettier.                      C. It's faster.
- 听第 8 段材料，回答第 11 至 13 题。
11. Who might the woman be?  
A. The man's wife.  
B. The man's sister.  
C. The man's co-worker.
12. What is the man probably going to do next?  
A. Make a phone call.  
B. Find a taxi.  
C. Pick up his package.
13. Where will the man meet Elaine?  
A. On the boat.                      B. In the theater.                      C. At home.
- 听第 9 段材料，回答第 14 至 17 题。
14. Why did the man pick up a book?  
A. He needed a gift.  
B. He found it for work.  
C. He wanted to kill time.
15. What time is it now?  
A. 9:00 a.m.                      B. 9:30 a.m.                      C. 10:00 a.m.
16. What is the woman going to do next?  
A. Wait for her husband.  
B. Call the phone company.  
C. Help the man fix the lights.
17. Where did the man's brother get the cat?  
A. Online.  
B. Outside a house.  
C. From a pet store.
- 听第 10 段材料，回答第 18 至 20 题。
18. What did the little old man do after he got back with the food?  
A. He waited for his wife.  
B. He cut the hamburger in halves.  
C. He began to have something to drink.
19. Why did the young man come over to the couple?  
A. To buy them some food.  
B. To give them some money.  
C. To ask the woman a question.
20. What did the woman mean at the end?  
A. The food was not delicious.  
B. The couple shared their false teeth.  
C. She liked to watch her husband eat.

第二部分 阅读理解（共两节，满分 35 分）

第一节（共 15 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 30 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

<p><b>Museum of the Moving Image (MMI)</b> (Monday Closed) As the best museum in New York City and with a balance of hands-on(实际操作的)activities and information, it's the rare bird that can entertain and educate people of different ages. It's a perfect destination for a family trip of a couple of hours.</p> <p>Pros-Excellent movie screenings. Easy subway access.</p> <p>Cons-Difficult to reach by car.</p>
<p><b>New York Hall of Science (NYHS)</b> (Monday Closed) Being New York City's only hands-on science and technology center, it is an interactive science museum targeting children. It has the most hands-on exhibits in an NYC museum, and it's a fun destination for five-year-olds and above. Older folks might take great interest in the NASA rockets outside the museum, but don't bother unless you have kids to keep you company.</p> <p>Pros-Cool interactive science exhibits, the rockets.</p> <p>Cons-Hard to reach by public transportation.</p>
<p><b>Queens County Farm Museum (QCFM)</b> (Year-round 7 days a week) It is an actual farm in New York City and home to animals your kids can feed and a yard full of a climbing plant whose fruits can be made into wine. Good chance to meet sheep, goats, pigs, chickens and cows! The animals are mostly readily accessible to visitors. And the museum sells feed for young hands willing to get licked by sheep and goats.</p> <p>Pros-Outdoor fun.</p> <p>Cons-Expensive festivals, long bus ride, no subway.</p>
<p><b>Queens Museum of Art (QMA)</b> (Monday and Tuesday Closed) Opened in 1972 to serve as a cultural center for the borough(行政区), it exhibits artworks by local and international artists. Its best exhibits are on the two World's Fairs, and of course, the Panorama of New York City, a giant, highly detailed diorama(透视画)of all five New York City boroughs.</p> <p>Pros-The Panorama, great gift shop. Easy subway access.</p> <p>Cons-Not much for kids.</p>

21. What do MMI and NYHS have in common?
- A. They both target people of different ages.
- B. They both feature impressive science exhibits.
- C. Hands-on experience is available in both places.
- D. They are difficult to reach by public transportation.
22. What can we know from the passage?
- A. Visitors can often see a rare bird flying in the sky above MMI.
- B. There is only one museum people can pay a visit to on any day.
- C. The Panorama of the New York City is actually a great gift shop.
- D. Kids can climb a plant to pick up fruits and make wine in QCFM.
23. Where can you read the article?
- A. From a brochure for visitors.
- B. From a history book.
- C. From an ad for a project.
- D. From a museum poster.



## B

Modern life is full of things that can influence your ability to be sensitive and responsive to your child. These include extra work, lack of sleep, and things like mobile devices. Some experts are concerned about the effects that distracted (分心) parenting may have on emotional bonding and children's language development, social interaction, and safety.

If parents are not available, kids can get distressed and feel hurt or ignored. They may have more emotional outbursts, feeling alone and even lose emotional connections to their parents.

It can be tough to respond with sensitivity during tantrums, arguments, or other challenging times with your kids. "If parents respond by being bad-tempered or aggressive themselves, children can copy that behavior, and a negative cycle then continues to upgrade," explains Dr. Carol Metzler.

According to Crnic, kids start to regulate their own emotions and behavior around age three. Up until then, they depend more on you to help them regulate their emotions, whether to calm them or help get them excited. "They're watching you to see how you do it and listening to how you talk to them about it," he explains. "Parents need to be good self-regulators. You're not only trying to regulate your own emotions in the moment, but helping your child learn to manage their emotions and behavior."

"When parents engage positively with their children, teaching them the behaviors and skills that they need to cope with the world, children learn to follow rules and regulate their own feelings," Metzler says.

24. What may distract parenting according to the text?

A. Working overtime. B. Too much sleep. C. Negative emotions. D. Social interactions.

25. What is the second paragraph mainly about?

A. Bad habits of ignored children. B. Bad effects of parents' absence.  
C. The outcome of parents' availability. D. The behavior of emotional children.

26. What does the underlined word "tantrums" in paragraph 3 probably mean?

A. Mental relaxation. B. Extreme anger. C. Heated discussions. D. Desperate hunger.

27. What should parents do according to the passage?

A. Be strict with their children. B. Control children's emotions.  
C. Stay involved with their children. D. Ask children to copy their behaviors.

## C

For Lydia Koniordou, a famous Greek actress and former Greek minister of culture and sports, cultural preservation is essential to help people know who they are and learn what they should do in the future.

"The taller you want to grow, the deeper your roots must be. Our cultural past is our roots. If we don't have really strong roots and depth in our perception(认识) of our identity, we cannot grow. Without these roots, we will be torn out very easily with the currents," she told the journalist in a recent interview, adding cultural heritage is in fact very much alive and relevant today.

Speaking of her teaching experience overseas, Koniordou said she was very much impressed by her Chinese students when she gave seminars on ancient Greek tragedy at the Shanghai Theatre Academy in 2014. When the students worked on *Alceste*, an Athenian tragedy by ancient Greek playwright Euripides, they thoroughly researched the costumes they would wear, the set, and the lights, among others, she recalled. "I feel they evolved and were transformed by this experience as I was transformed. They did not just play a role, but created a whole world and that is why the production had so much interest also for the audiences," she said.

Koniordou participated in the production of Euripides *Electra* together with Greek director Kostas

Tsianos. “Tsianos did something very important for Greek culture. He connected folk forms of art, folk dances, songs and poetry with our classical past. We presented this performance in many places around the world, and the feeling that it stirred in the audience was quite similar, even though they didn’t always understand the language,” she said.

The Chinese civilization is a huge tree with very deep roots, and Greece also has a rich ancient civilization, she said, adding she believes that the two countries could promote cooperation and exchanges in many fields, such as in preservation of antiques.

28. What can we learn from paragraph 2?

- A. The importance of cultural preservation.      B. Cultural heritage is easily damaged.  
C. The taller growth wants the deeper roots.      D. We are easily torn out with the currents.

29. What did Koniordou do in Shanghai?

- A. She played a role and was loved by the spectators.  
B. She researched the costumes, the set, and the lights.  
C. She studied the art of Chinese performance as a student.  
D. She promoted the students’ understanding of Greek culture.

30. Why did Koniordou cooperate with Kostas Tsianos?

- A. To indicate her friendship with Tsianos.  
B. To acknowledge Tsianosin’s contributions.  
C. To popularize and promote traditional Greek culture.  
D. To introduce the achievement of Tsianosin in presenting classics.

31. What will the text probably talk about in the following part?

- A. Cultural preservation in China.      B. The way to preserve cultural heritage.  
C. The introduction of other Greek art productions.      D. Cooperation between Chinese and Greek culture.

#### D

Starlink, a new satellite Internet system from the company Space X, is changing the world more quickly than many people expected. Before Starlink, most satellite Internet service was based on satellites that constantly remained above one point on Earth. This means signals from farther away need to travel a long distance, causing delays.

Starlink has a web of satellites moving constantly in a low orbit around the earth. Because the satellites are closer, the speeds are faster. This makes the service better for things that need to happen without delay, like holding meetings over the Internet. Space X isn’t the only company competing to provide this kind of satellite Internet service. For example, One Web is a British company developing a similar satellite Internet service. But Starlink is farther along than most others.

Starlink works in 31 countries, but Space X plans to expand the service to cover the whole world. Space X is also planning to offer service on transportation, like planes, trains, and boats. Starlink has over 2,100 satellites in orbit around the earth. Space X has permission from the US government to send up 12,000 satellites, and it has asked for permission to send up 30,000 more.

Astronomers have complained Starlink satellites make it harder to study things in space without satellites getting in the way. Space X has worked to reduce the light from Starlink satellites. But scientists say the satellites still make their work harder. This will get worse as more satellites fill the skies. There are also worries about Starlink satellites crashing into other satellites or spacecraft. In 2019, a European satellite had to move to avoid coming close to Starlink satellites. Last year, China complained its space station had to move twice to avoid Starlink satellites.

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Still, Starlink has been useful in emergencies. Starlink service has helped firefighters battling wildfires in remote areas. When the island nation of Tonga lost Internet service after a volcano eruption, SpaceX provided temporary service using Starlink.

32. Why is OneWeb mentioned in paragraph 2?

- A. To prove the wide popularity of satellite Internet service.
- B. To show the competition among satellite Internet service providers.
- C. To display the great difficulty in providing satellite Internet service.
- D. To praise Starlink's great success in providing satellite Internet service.

33. What can be learned about Starlink according to paragraph 3?

- A. It has provided service globally.
- B. It suffers from signal delays.
- C. It consists of several thousand satellites.
- D. It is mainly designed for transportation.

34. What problems do Starlink satellites cause?

- A. Worsening natural conditions in space.
- B. Light pollution and space safety concerns.
- C. Rising production costs and light pollution.
- D. Stricter control and underdevelopment of space.

35. What is the best title for the text?

- A. Satellite Internet Service Changes the World
- B. Working Principles of Satellite Internet Service
- C. Satellite Internet Service Uses Too Many Satellites
- D. The Huge Potential for Satellite Internet Service

## 第二节（共 5 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 5 分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Volunteering offers crucial help to people in need and the community. 36 Volunteering can help you find friends, learn new skills, and even advance your career.

Volunteering can connect you to others. 37 Unpaid volunteers are often the glue (黏合剂). They hold a community together. Volunteering helps meet new people for a newcomer. Devoting your time as a volunteer helps you make new friends, expand your network, and boost your social skills.

38 Volunteering gives you the opportunity to practice and develop your social skill. You can also gain new skills through it. For example, you could learn nursing skills by volunteering at a nursing home. 39 Many volunteering opportunities provide extensive training so that volunteers can gain more professional skills.

Volunteering can advance your career. If you're considering a new career, volunteering can help you get experience in your area of interest and meet people in the field. Even if you're not planning on changing careers, volunteering gives you the opportunity to practice important skills used in the workplace, such as teamwork, communication, problem solving, project planning, task management, and organization.

40

- A. Volunteering can reduce depression.
- B. Volunteering can increase your skills.
- C. It can be hard to find time to volunteer
- D. But the benefits can be even greater for you, the volunteer.
- E. One of the benefits of volunteering is the impact on the community.
- F. Just because volunteer work is unpaid does not mean the skills you learn are basic.

G. You might feel more comfortable at work once you've learned these skills in volunteering.

### 第三部分 语言运用（共三节，满分 50 分）

#### 第一节（共 30 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 30 分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

#### A

Back in mid-2019 I wasn't in good condition. I was getting out of a serious relationship, I was 41 at my job, I had problems within my family, and I had been thrown into 42 by the ever-increasing sense of loneliness. During that time, I turned to the only 43 thing I had going on for myself, which was travel and blogging.

After some serious thinking, I decided to quit my job to 44. I had saved up enough money that would last me 8-10 months so I didn't give it much thought because I knew it was the only thing that would keep me from tipping over the edge.

The 45 thing I did right after leaving my job was to head for the Himalayas in India. I spent a 46 in the Kinnaur and Spiti valleys in the state of Himachal Pradesh. The Kinnaur district was a breath of fresh air. The snow-capped mountain range in the 47, the lush green vegetation all around, the sparse (稀少的) population and the friendly people spoke to my soul, and made the 48 stay worthwhile.

There was one village called Chitkul, which 49 on the Indo-Tibet border and has no cellphone connectivity. It was a 50 village with a population of less than a thousand people and only a handful of 51, with nothing around it for many miles. However, this village helped 52 me most.

I spent my days sitting quietly by the river, hiking cheerfully to the nearby hills and walking 53 through meadows. Just being there surrounded by the Himalayas, without any social media due to lack of connectivity, and making real 54 with other travelers and the villagers had some sort of 55 effect on me. Not only did I have the best travel experience of my life, but the place also healed my mind. I came back happier than ever, with a renewed spirit, ready to enjoy everything that life had to 56.

- |                    |                 |                 |                 |
|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 41. A. break down  | B. turned up    | C. calmed down  | D. settled down |
| 42. A. danger      | B. charity      | C. threat       | D. depression   |
| 43. A. convenient  | B. creative     | C. positive     | D. professional |
| 44. A. travel      | B. blog         | C. move         | D. learn        |
| 45. A. latest      | B. best         | C. first        | D. last         |
| 46. A. day         | B. week         | C. month        | D. year         |
| 47. A. habitat     | B. neighborhood | C. community    | D. distance     |
| 48. A. appears     | B. lies         | C. falls        | D. forms        |
| 49. A. remote      | B. global       | C. damaged      | D. central      |
| 50. A. friends     | B. tourists     | C. relatives    | D. colleagues   |
| 51. A. infer       | B. persuade     | C. treat        | D. maintain     |
| 52. A. directly    | B. carefully    | C. happily      | D. quickly      |
| 53. A. comparisons | B. adaptations  | C. observations | D. connections  |
| 54. A. magical     | B. alarming     | C. amusing      | D. serious      |
| 55. A. contrast    | B. remove       | C. offer        | D. confirm      |



B

As a high school coach, I did all I could to help my boys win their games. I cheered for victory as they did. A dramatic incident, however, following a game in which I was a referee(裁判), changed my 56 on victory and defeat.

It was a league championship basketball game between New Rochelle and Yonkers High. New Rochelle was 57 by Dan O'Brien, and Yonkers by Les Beck. The gym was 58, and the noise made it impossible to hear. The game was well played and 59 competed. Yonkers was leading by one point as I glanced at (瞥一眼) the clock and discovered there were but 10 seconds to play. New Rochelle, 60 the ball, passed off and shot. The ball 61 around the rim(篮筐边沿) and off. The fans yelled. New Rochelle recovered the ball, and tapped it in for what looked like victory. The noise was 62.

I looked at the clock and saw that the game was over. I hadn't heard the final buzzer(终场哨) because of the noise. I 63 with the other official, but he could not help me. So, I 64 the timekeeper, a young man of 17 or so. He said, "Sir, the buzzer 65 before the final tap-in(托球入篮) was made. Yonkers won!"

I had to tell O'Brien the sad news. His face 66 over. The young timekeeper came up and said, "I'm sorry, dad. The 67 ran out before the final basket." 68, O'Brien's face lit up. He said, "That's okay, Joe. You did what you had to. I'm 69 of you." The two of them then walked off the 70 together, the coach's arm around his son's shoulder.

- |                   |                     |                |                |
|-------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------|
| 56. A. view       | B. comment          | C. theory      | D. impression  |
| 57. A. organized  | B. requested        | C. opposed     | D. coached     |
| 58. A. crowded    | B. cleared          | C. confused    | D. arranged    |
| 59. A. happily    | B. closely          | C. smartly     | D. friendly    |
| 60. A. in need of | B. in possession of | C. in place of | D. in honor of |
| 61. A. stuck      | B. fell             | C. swung       | D. rolled      |
| 62. A. amusing    | B. amazing          | C. interesting | D. deafening   |
| 63. A. examined   | B. watched          | C. checked     | D. summarized  |
| 64. A. criticized | B. approached       | C. interviewed | D. reminded    |
| 65. A. broke up   | B. faded away       | C. went off    | D. carried on  |
| 66. A. clouded    | B. softened         | C. swept       | D. winded      |
| 67. A. audience   | B. ball             | C. time        | D. player      |
| 68. A. Certainly  | B. Occasionally     | C. Obviously   | D. Suddenly    |
| 69. A. ashamed    | B. proud            | C. aware       | D. fond        |
| 70. A. court      | B. path             | C. track       | D. route       |

第二节 语法填空 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

阅读下面材料, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Weifang, with a population of 9.38 million, currently has *guguin*, a traditional Chinese stringed musical instrument, and paper-cutting listed as masterpieces of Oral and Intangible Heritage of Humanity by UNESCO, which is a general recognition for people 71 have been protecting crafts for 72 (generation).

Weifang has been integrating creativity into resources promoting the city's development. Taking the kite sector 73 example, the city now has more than 300 kite-making enterprises,



\_\_\_74\_\_\_ (produce) 2-billion-yuan worth of kites every year. In Wangjia village, half of the villagers make kites, and more than 80 companies \_\_\_75\_\_\_ (involve) in the industry in the village, which makes over 80 million kites a year. "I will continue spreading the kite-making handicrafts among \_\_\_76\_\_\_ public, \_\_\_77\_\_\_ (especial) the young people." one villager says.

The annual international kite festival \_\_\_78\_\_\_ (become) an international event and an important platform \_\_\_79\_\_\_ (promote) international exchanges and cooperation since 1984. According to the authorities, the next step will see Weifang make \_\_\_80\_\_\_ (culture) creativity an essential driving force for urban sustainable development.

第三节 基础知识 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

根据提示, 填出恰当单词, 每空一词。

81. \_\_\_\_\_ (prefer) will be given to graduates of this university since all the students are hard-working and show great perseverance.

82. She was fined \$300 and \_\_\_\_\_ (ban) from driving for one month.

83. It is universally \_\_\_\_\_ (acknowledge) that equality and freedom are the principles of justice.

84. Applicants need to send a video \_\_\_\_\_ (contain) their best performance.

85. The campaign, \_\_\_\_\_ (launch) on weibo, is soon joined by millions of netizens across China.

86. China became the third country in the world to \_\_\_\_\_ (独立) send humans into space in 2003.

87. The singer was \_\_\_\_\_ (伴奏) on the piano by her sister in the concert.

88. Working out in the morning helps you stay \_\_\_\_\_ (精力充沛) throughout the whole day.

89. We hold various meaningful activities, \_\_\_\_\_ (包括从...到....) from speeches to exhibitions with the hope of raising people's awareness.

90. We Chinese have all along held the coming-of-age \_\_\_\_\_ (仪式) since ancient times, but it may be unfamiliar to some of us.

第四部分 写作 (满分 15 分)

假定你是李华, 你校英语社团将举办英语经典文学作品阅读分享活动。请你在本次活动中进行发言, 内容包括:

1. 阅读经典文学的好处; 2. 自己的暑期读书计划。

参考词汇: 经典著作 classics; 文学 literature

Good afternoon, everyone!

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Thanks for listening!

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