

2022—2023 学年度第二学期期末七校联考

高二英语试题

命题学校：重庆市实验中学

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本试卷分第 I 卷（选择题）和第 II 卷（非选择题）两部分。满分 150 分，考试时间 120 分钟。

注意事项：

1. 答题前，务必将自己的姓名、准考证号等填写在答题卡规定的位置上。
2. 答选择题时，必须使用 2B 铅笔将答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。
3. 答非选择题时，必须使用 0.5 毫米黑色签字笔，将答案书写在答题卡规定的位置上。
4. 考试结束后，将答题卷交回。

第 I 卷

第一部分 听力（共两节，满分 30 分）

做题时，请先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后，你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节（共 5 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 7.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. Where did the woman visit the rainforest last year?
A. In Oregon. B. In Alaska. C. In Washington.
2. What is the woman's main concern for the man?
A. Not improving his school grades.
B. Not being able to go to school.
C. Not completing his homework on time.
3. What's the relationship between the speakers?
A. Co-workers. B. Friends. C. A couple.
4. Why did the woman decide to go to Florida for holiday?
A. The flight was cheaper.
B. The place was more beautiful.
C. The accommodations were free.
5. How will the man get news reports?
A. From his phone. B. From newspapers. C. From TV news stations.

第二节（共 15 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 22.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前，你将有 5 秒钟的时间阅读各个小题；听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

2022—2023 学年度第二学期期末七校联考高二英语试题 第 1 页 共 10 页

听第 6 段材料，回答第 6、7 题。

6. What is the main topic of the conversation?
A. Weather. B. Clothing. C. Dinner.
7. Where did the speakers plan to go?
A. To a hospital. B. To a restaurant. C. To Jim's.

听第 7 段材料，回答第 8、9 题。

8. What is the woman's main concern about the apartment?
A. The size. B. The price. C. The flies.
9. How do the speakers feel?
A. Excited. B. Bored. C. Disappointed.

听第 8 段材料，回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. What will happen to the speakers?
A. They will lose their jobs.
B. They will get a pay decrease.
C. They will work longer hours.
11. What is the woman currently doing for her students?
A. Creating books.
B. Making videos.
C. Searching for learning material online.
12. What will the man probably buy?
A. A camera. B. A computer. C. A phone.

听第 9 段材料，回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. Where does the conversation take place?
A. At home. B. In a library. C. In a dormitory.
14. Why does the woman want to move out?
A. She wants to find a cheaper place.
B. She needs to find a place near a library.
C. She wants to live in a place with air-conditioning.
15. How much did it cost to run air-conditioning for a month 5 years ago?
A. \$10. B. \$20. C. \$45.
16. What will the woman do if she cannot move out?
A. Get used to the heat. B. Live with her parents. C. Buy better air-conditioning.

听第 10 段材料，回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. When was Mother's Day first celebrated?
A. In 1905. B. In 1908. C. In 1914.
18. What do we know about Anna's mother?
A. She was a soldier during the Civil War.
B. She founded Mother's Day Work Clubs.
C. She brought up the idea of Mother's Day.

19. Who formally announced Mother's Day?
A. President Wilson. B. The U.S. Congress. C. Anna Marie Jarvis.
20. What is the text mainly about?
A. The origin of Mother's Day.
B. The celebration of Mother's Day.
C. The importance of Mother's Day.

第二部分 阅读（共两节，满分 50 分）

第一节（共 15 小题；每小题 2.5 分，满分 37.5 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

Check out these places and have the vacation of a lifetime in Greece!

Lovely Ithaca

Located on the Ionian Sea, Ithaca is a combination of the greenest landscapes in Greece, the most wonderful swimming waters and a lively local atmosphere. When going around the narrow island, you will be attracted by the hilltop village Stavros and the beautiful fishing village Frikes. For motorists, Kaminia beach, hidden in a peaceful cove, is the perfect destination for a day of relaxation.

Breathtaking Meteora

Although when you go to Greece, you often go to the beaches and islands, one of the must-visit destinations in Greece is definitely the breathtakingly beautiful Meteora, located on the mainland next to the village of Kalabaka. It is a natural attraction and the second most important monastic area in Greece, which is also a UNESCO World Heritage Site. Meteora's landscape is made special by the rocks shaped like columns (柱状物) over time, on which the Monasteries (修道院) of the area were built around the 14th and 16th centuries.

Ios—the favorite destination of the future

Ios may be left out of many people's plans as it is known as a party island, but in fact the party season only lasts from about half of June to mid-August. In the off-season, the island is very quiet compared to popular destinations such as Santorini. Of course, Ios is an absolute destination for party-goers even in midsummer. Ios is dotted with a number of small churches. What makes Ios interesting is its setting for an ideal holiday without crowds and noise. Here is a guaranteed hit of the future, waiting to be discovered!

21. Where is Kaminia beach located?
A. In Ios. B. In Ithaca. C. In Santorini. D. In Meteora.
22. What can travelers see in Meteora?
A. Historical buildings. B. Special local foods.
C. Beaches and islands. D. Beautiful fishing villages.
23. What is the feature of Ios island?
A. There are many places of interest. B. It is popular with party-goers.
C. People can swim in wonderful waters. D. There are column-shaped rocks.

B

Over the years, when a book has spoken to me with particular power, I have put pen to paper and send word off to the author, communicating what their work meant to me.

It all started in my 18th year, when I was entertaining my own imagination of success as a writer. I was full of high expectations, believing that becoming an author was simply a matter of putting my thoughts onto paper, sending the works to a publisher and waiting for fame to come. Then came the great disappointment. I wrote to famous children's author Lloyd Alexander, describing my fruitless yearlong effort at publication and asking him for direction. To my joy, he answered: "Advice is always very easy to give — but very hard to make it specific and meaningful, since we all have to work in our own ways. When you mention that you've been writing for a year without being published, I hasten to tell you that I wrote seven times that long without being published! So, perhaps one piece of advice is: Patience."

I was encouraged by the idea that a well-regarded writer would take the time to offer a bit of advice to an overconfident teen. But Mr. Alexander was not a singular case. But when I did get one, the content was often filled with consideration and even, at times, affection.

I think of the American poet William Stafford, who replied to me from Lake Oswego, Oregon. We actually had an ongoing correspondence (通信) for a while. I wrote to him asking if he would be so kind as to autograph one of his books for me. His reply brought an immediate smile to my face: "I am eagerly ready to autograph and return a book — it makes me feel like an author."

24. What made the author disappointed when he was 18?

- A. He didn't meet a well-known children's author. B. He lost fame as a young writer.
C. He failed to get his works published. D. He was forced to give up writing.

25. What advice did Lloyd Alexander offer to the author?

- A. Making decisions without hesitation.
B. Regarding every piece of writing as meaningful.
C. Being independent of others.
D. Keeping on trying and being patient.

26. How did the author find William Stafford?

- A. He longed to be a successful writer. B. He was friendly and approachable.
C. He was always ready to lend his books. D. He hated to reply to a letter.

27. What is the main idea of the text?

- A. I wrote to the writers in my life. B. I grew up with writing.
C. What does writing mean to me. D. I won the fame as a writer.

C

On Wednesday, a search team called Endurance22 announced that it had located the wreck (沉船) Endurance. The Endurance was found 1.87 miles below the ocean's surface, about four miles south of its last known location near Antarctica. The ship sank after it got trapped in the ice in the Weddell Sea in 1915.

The discovered ship is still in excellent shape. The name can be clearly read on the back of the ship. Its wheel looks ready to be turned. Even though the ship is made of wood and is over 100 years old, it has survived with little damage. Scientists say that the small organisms (微生物) that normally break down wooden objects underwater don't live in cold water around Antarctica.

The Endurance22 is led by the Falklands Maritime Heritage Trust. The team ran the project from an ice-breaking ship which was able to handle the difficult conditions of the Weddell Sea. To locate the Endurance, the team used two underwater robots called Sabertooths, which were especially useful, since they could travel under the ice and go where the ship could not. The robots were looking for anything sticking up above the seafloor. For the last two weeks, the Sabertooths robots have been scanning the seafloor in a 150-square mile area around the Endurance's last known location. Last Saturday, the ship was found. After the ship was located, the Sabertooths used high-quality cameras and scanners to record the Endurance in detail.

The Endurance is expected to remain untouched. Antarctica's waters are protected by an international agreement, which means the ship can't be disturbed. The Endurance22 team plans to create a digital 3D model of the wreck site, using a careful scan they made. This will allow scientists to study the ship in detail without disturbing it.

28. What helped to keep the Endurance in good shape?

- A. Sea sand. B. Cold water. C. Fine weather. D. Special wood.

29. What can we infer from the passage?

- A. The Endurance sank in the 1920s.
B. The Endurance was damaged seriously.
C. The Sabertooths found the Endurance last Saturday.
D. Scientists will not study the ship because they can't touch it.

30. What plays the most important role in finding the Endurance?

- A. Technology. B. Patience. C. Weather. D. Luck.

31. What is the best title for the passage?

- A. Study the Endurance. B. Explore the Weddell Sea.
C. Locate the Endurance. D. Scan the Seafloor.

D

As many as 300 million full-time jobs throughout the world could be automated in some way by the newest wave of artificial intelligence that has made platforms like ChatGPT, according to Goldman Sachs economists.

In a report Sunday, they predicted that 18% of work globally could be computerized, with the effects caused more deeply in advanced economies than emerging markets. That's partly because white-collar workers are seen to be more at risk than manual laborers. Administrative

workers and lawyers are expected to be most affected, the economists said, compared to the “little effect” seen on physically demanding or outdoor occupations, such as construction and repair work.

In the United States and Europe, about two-thirds of current jobs “are exposed to some degree of AI automation”, and up to a quarter of all work could be done by AI completely, the bank estimates.

Further use of such AI will likely contribute to job losses, the Goldman Sachs economists wrote. But they noted that technological innovation that initially displaces workers has historically also created employment growth in the long run.

While workplaces may shift, widespread adoption of AI could ultimately increase labor productivity—and boost global GDP by 7% annually over a 10-year period, according to Goldman Sachs economists.

“Although the impact of AI on the labor market is likely to be significant, most jobs and industries are only partially exposed to automation and are thus more likely to be complemented rather than replaced by AI,” the economists added. “Most workers are employed in occupations that are partially exposed to AI automation and, following AI adoption, will likely apply at least some of their freed-up capacity toward productive activities that increase output.”

Of US workers expected to be affected, for instance, 25% to 50% of their workload “can be replaced,” the researchers added. “The combination of significant labor cost savings, new job creation, and a productivity boost for non-displaced workers raises the possibility of a labor productivity boom like those that followed the emergence of earlier general-purpose technologies like the electric motor and personal computer.”

32. Who are less likely to be affected by AI automation according to Paragraph 2?

- A. Repairmen.
- B. White-collar workers.
- C. Administrative workers.
- D. Lawyers.

33. What can we learn about AI according to Goldman Sachs economists?

- A. AI may cause little impact on the labor market.
- B. AI has replaced most jobs and industries.
- C. AI may increase labor productivity.
- D. AI has caused huge job losses.

34. What does the underlined word “complement” in paragraph 6 mean?

- A. To add to something to improve.
- B. To destroy.
- C. To introduce new things.
- D. To displace.

35. What's the best title for the text?

- A. The Concept of AI
- B. The Achievements of AI
- C. The Impacts of AI
- D. The Development of AI

2022-2023 学年度第二学期期末七校联考高二英语试题 第 6 页 共 10 页

第二节（共 5 小题；每小题 2.5 分，满分 12.5 分）

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

People love to sing! Whether you sing in the shower or with a chorus, raising your voice in song comes with some very surprising benefits. From improving your mood to making you healthier, there is scientific evidence that singing is good for your body and your mind. 36

It helps relieve stress.

Singing can help relieve stress by reducing cortisol(皮质醇), a hormone that is known as the “stress hormone”. 37 Too much cortisol is very bad for your health. A study measured the amount of cortisol in the participants before and after singing. The researchers found that cortisol levels were lower after singing.

38

People who sing use deep breathing and control the use of the muscles in their breathing systems. While singing cannot treat lung diseases, anything that helps to strengthen the throat muscles could help people breathe easier.

It helps you have a sound sleep.

If your sleep is interrupted by snoring(打鼾), try singing. 39 A 2008 UK study about the effect of singing on snoring compared singers with non-singers. The researchers found that far fewer singers snored, and they recommend singing as a potential treatment for snoring.

It may improve memory.

40 A study found that besides remembering the lyrics(歌词), singing brought back other memories too. The researchers found that singing songs that were learned in childhood actually caused a return of very specific memories and that gave the participants a feeling of hope and positivity.

- A. It may improve lung function.
- B. It helps improve mood.
- C. It makes no difference whether they sing alone or in a group.
- D. So go ahead and sing to your heart's content.
- E. Older people with memory loss can often recall song lyrics.
- F. That's because singing strengthens throat muscles, which in turn reduces snoring.
- G. It is naturally produced by your body.

第三部分 语言运用（共两节，满分 30 分）**第一节（共 15 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）**

阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的四个选项（A、B、C 和 D）中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

I was waiting in a checkout line. A woman and two boys were ahead of me. At the cash desk, a white-haired man had begun to 41 his goods. Then came the question. Sometimes it's a customer with multiple coupons(优惠券), or someone who forgot to 42 a piece of fruit. Fair enough. One waited.

But today, it was something else. The man didn't have 43 money. So he began the process of choosing which 44 to keep and which to hand back. He paused over each one before keeping or 45 it. We waited. Longer lines surged ahead.

46, his 47 came to an end. The man turned back to us as he left, 48 and apologetic. We waved off his chagrin(懊恼). It could happen to anyone.

But I had no idea just how 49 the family of three ahead of me were until their turn came. The woman asked the cashier to add all the 50 goods to her bill as quickly as possible. Then the two boys 51 through the exit with the small bag of groceries. When they returned, it was clear that their mission had been 52.

Then I 53 all it took to witness this flash of 54 was waiting a little longer in a checkout line. I could have caught the bus. But I felt so 55 on my feet that I walked home instead.

- | | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------|
| 41. A. bag | B. list | C. check | D. receive |
| 42. A. fetch | B. slice | C. weigh | D. taste |
| 43. A. adequate | B. pocket | C. extra | D. bonus |
| 44. A. tools | B. items | C. drinks | D. snacks |
| 45. A. buying | B. abandoning | C. selling | D. breaking |
| 46. A. Fortunately | B. Unbelievably | C. Eventually | D. Generally |
| 47. A. evaluation | B. selection | C. delay | D. checkup |
| 48. A. thrilled | B. anxious | C. embarrassed | D. satisfied |
| 49. A. helpless | B. sympathetic | C. patient | D. annoyed |
| 50. A. expensive | B. thrown-away | C. left-behind | D. major |
| 51. A. dashed | B. slipped | C. walked | D. moved |
| 52. A. accomplished | B. failed | C. postponed | D. started |
| 53. A. reacted | B. considered | C. memorized | D. realized |
| 54. A. tenderness | B. courage | C. kindness | D. tolerance |
| 55. A. light | B. clumsy | C. heavy | D. fast |

第 II 卷

第二节（共 10 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 15 分）

阅读下面材料，在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

The custom of lighting up flower lamps during the Lantern Festival has a history of over 2,000 years in China. Various kinds of flower lamps with diverse styles are popular in different parts across the country. According to some Chinese folk customs, 56 the fifteenth day of the first lunar month, 57 (witness) by a full moon hanging high above the sky, people will light up various lanterns at night to celebrate. It is the time for the whole family 58 (enjoy) the bright moon, fire firecrackers, guess lantern riddles, eat the rice glue balls and celebrate the holiday 59 (joyful). As a form of art, the Chinese flower lamp combines 60 variety of skills, procedures, decoration methods and raw materials. Typical flower lamp includes the dragon lamp, the palace lamp and the dragon- phoenix lamp, etc.

2022-2023 学年度第二学期期末七校联考高二英语试题 第 8 页 共 10 页

Today, 61 (economy) development and social progress provide the 62 (motivate) for upgrading designs and creative styles of lamps. Whether paper lamps, electric lamps 63 LED lamps, flower lamps have seen the changes of time. 64 has never changed, however, is craftsmanship. Flower lamp is more than a handicraft; It's also an inheritance. Watching flower lamps has become a culture, which 65 (pass) down from generation to generation.

第四部分 写作（共两节，满分 40 分）

第一节（满分 15 分）

假设你是高三学生李华。进入高三以来，很多同学晚上熬夜学习，但是上课打瞌睡，造成学习成绩下降。请你写一封以“规律作息，冲刺高三”为主题的倡议书。内容包括：

1. 倡议的原因和目的；
2. 具体做法及号召。

注意：1. 写作词数应为 100 左右；
2. 可适当增加细节，以使行文连贯；
3. 文章开头和结尾已经写好。

Dear fellow students,

I am Li Hua, a senior three student of our school.

Yours

Li Hua

第二节（满分 25 分）

阅读下面材料，根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段，使之构成一篇完整的短文。

"I have to be home earlier than all my friends," my teenage son, Jordan, said. "I'm seventeen years old, and I still have a curfew(宵禁). Legally, I'm practically an adult."

"You're not an adult," I said. "You're still in high school." "None of my friends had a curfew. You don't trust me." "It's not about trust," I said. "It's about wanting what's best for you. I want to protect you." "Protect me from what? Having fun?"

I sighed. How could I make Jordan see that I only wanted the best for him? I decided to go for a walk. I opened the front door and nearly stepped on him: a small black cat with a

white-tipped tail. “Hi, Meatball,” I said, scooping him into my arms. “Are you ready to come back inside?”

Meatball usually seemed happy enough to come in the house, but after an hour or two, he sat by the door, meowing to go back outside. “Why won’t he just stay in with us all the time?” Nathan asked. “Because he’s used to living outside,” I said.

Jordan’s curfew had become an ongoing discussion that rarely ended well for either of us. I decided to ignore his comment. Thankfully, he didn’t say anything else.

One night in January, temperatures were usually low. Meatball stood at the door, meowing to go outside. “It’s too cold out there, Bud,” I said. “You’ll freeze.” He stared at me and meowed again. “Mom’s not being mean to you,” Nathan told the cat. “She’s just trying to keep you from turning into a frozen Meatball.” We both laughed at his joke.

The next morning, I couldn’t find Meatball. Jordan said, “I let him out last night.” It took me several minutes to find him curled in a tiny ball beneath my husband’s car. I picked him up, unsure if he was alive or dead. While I called the vet, Jordan warmed towels in the dryer and wrapped them around Meatball.

“I’m sorry, Buddy,” I heard him say over and over again. “Mom was right. Even though you didn’t want to, I should have made you stay inside where it was safe.”

注意：1. 续写词数应为 150 左右；

2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

As I drove to the vet’s office, Jordan sat in the back, holding Meatball inside his coat for warmth.

On the drive home, Jordan surprisingly apologized to me.

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