

2022年聊城市高考模拟试题

英语(二)

本试卷分三部分,共10页。满分120分。考试用时100分钟。

注意事项:

1. 答题前,考生务必将自己的姓名、考生号等填写在答题卡和试卷指定位置上。
2. 回答选择题时,选出每小题答案后,用铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时,将答案写在答题卡上。写在本试卷上无效。
3. 考试结束后,将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

第一部分 阅读(共两节,满分50分)

第一节(共15小题;每小题2.5分,满分37.5分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

Receiver: Marvin Jones **Date:** December 27, 2021
Street address: 117 New Cavendish Street, London, W1T5DU, United Kingdom
PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL

As a result of discussion and successful completion of two test translations under commercial conditions during your visit, I'm pleased to inform you of your employment at our office. The principal terms are as follows.

Position: STAFF TRANSLATOR AND CHECKER.

Starting date: February 1, 2022.

Working hours: Full time. 35 hours per week. Core hours are from 9:00 to 17:00 with 60 minutes for lunch. Flexibility is subject to approval.

Holidays: 20 days per year plus all public holidays.

Duties: Your principal duties are translation from Norwegian and Swedish into English and checking other translators' translations. Also, it's expected that you'll be exposed to texts in Danish on occasion.

The following are your specific terms and conditions of service with Aardvark Language Services as of February 1, 2022 until any further notice.

Trial period

The trial period applicable to new employees is three months. Thus your position will become permanent on May 1, 2022, subject to satisfactory completion of this period. The notice period is one week.

英语试题(二)(共10页)第1页

Salary and benefits

Your salary from May 1, 2022, will be £42000 per year with the scheduled salary review on May 1, 2022. You will be paid monthly on or about the 23rd of each month. In addition, you're qualified for benefits like the car allowance (补助), insurance on business travel and personal transport and other items mentioned in the company handbook. No sickness or injury benefits apart from the National Health Service provision are provided at present.

1. How many languages are needed for the mentioned position?
A. Two. B. Three. C. Four. D. Five.
2. What can Marvin Jones enjoy in Aardvark Language Services?
A. Free lunch. B. Traffic allowance.
C. Sickness benefits. D. Flexible working hours.
3. What kind of text is it?
A. A job offer letter. B. An evaluation report.
C. A job advertisement. D. An application letter.

B

Sewing can be fun and creative. But have you ever thought that a sewing machine can also mean the world to many people around the globe that use it as their main source of income?

When Margaret Jankowski discovered this, she decided to found The Sewing Machine Project, an organization that collects donated used machines and redistributes them in remote places like Sri Lanka, Guatemala, Guam, and Kosovo. It also aims to help those in Detroit and New Orleans.

In 2004, when a tsunami (海啸) hit Sri Lanka, Margaret was deeply touched by the story of a particular woman. After the village she lived in was destroyed by the natural disaster, she lost everything, including her sewing machine, her approach to future earnings. This story made Margaret decide to collect used sewing machines and send them to Sri Lanka. After attending a local news program where she presented her idea, she started receiving scores of sewing machines.

The Sewing Machine Project covers a basic yet necessary need of many impoverished people around the world. For them, sewing can be a tool for survival. Whether in a factory or at home, a sewing machine can be the door to brighter financial opportunities.

A sewing machine can also enable many to preserve their cultural identity. After Hurricane Katrina occurred in 2005, a community of New Orleans that wears skillfully-made suits for their own traditional festival lost many of their sewing machines. Since then, the non-profit organization has distributed hundreds of machines among the creators of the costumes, helping them maintain their tradition as well as their income.

英语试题(二)(共10页)第2页

4. Why does the author raise the question in the first paragraph?
- A. To call up readers' memories. B. To lead up to the project.
C. To stress the role of sewing. D. To introduce sewing machines.
5. What is paragraph 3 mainly about?
- A. Destruction of the 2004 tsunami. B. The experience of Margaret in 2004.
C. The story of a woman in Sri Lanka. D. Inspiration for the project.
- What does the underlined word "impoverished" in paragraph 4 mean?
- A. Disabled. B. Exhausted. C. Poor. D. Pessimistic.
- Why is the community in New Orleans mentioned in the end?
- A. To highlight its cultural identity.
B. To prove the importance of keeping traditions.
C. To explain the project's achievement.
D. To show the project's contribution to traditions.

C

An exhibition of 125 life-size elephant sculptures has gone on display in London to highlight the need for coexistence between people and wildlife.

Organized by conservation groups Elephant Family and The Real Elephant Collective, the exhibition comes as a herd of wild Asian elephants roaming Southwest China's Yunnan Province has drawn global attention. Elephant Family said it would like to see more strategies in place that allow elephants to migrate, eat, and do their best to fit into strange landscapes in a way that is safe for both people and wild animals.

The CoExistence exhibition is on display at Green Park, St James's Park and Berkeley Square after the sculptures were initially placed outside Buckingham Palace in May. CoExistence is an environmental art exhibition by Elephant Family and The Real Elephant Collective. The elephants have been created deep in the jungles by indigenous (土生土长的) communities who live close to their real-life counterparts. Here, people and elephants coexist in denser (更密集的) populations than anywhere else in the world.

The founder of The Real Elephant Collective, a nonprofit organization contributing to protecting elephants, said, "Our best guess is that elephants are very intelligent and have learned that humans grow lots of nutritious food. Elephants move over long distances and explore their environment, as their ancestors have always done. Coexistence is about negotiating this sharing of space."

When many parts of the world went into lockdown to help control the spread of the novel coronavirus, researchers found wildlife thrived (茁壮成长) in the wake of reduced human activity. "A global reduction in human activity has had a positive effect on wildlife around the world," Elephant Family said. "It has now been scientifically demonstrated

英语试题(二)(共10页)第3页

that the moment we lighten our footprint, wildlife thrives and transforms the health of the planet for all. The COVID-19 pandemic has showed us that coexistence with wildlife is very much possible."

After the exhibition, the sculptures will go on sale for between 6,000 pounds (US\$8,316) for a calf and 30,000 pounds for a large adult. Money raised will be directed toward some grassroots organizations working on peaceful coexistence.

9. What's the aim of the CoExistence exhibition?

- A. To attract visitors to London.
- B. To raise money for protecting elephants.
- C. To encourage people to live in harmony with wildlife.
- D. To honour the elephants roaming in Yunan Province, China.

10. What can be inferred from the founder's words in paragraph 4?

- A. Elephants cause no harm to humans.
- B. Elephants are almost as intelligent as humans.
- C. Humans and elephants are fighting for more space.
- D. The coexistence between humans and elephants needs efforts.

11. What can we learn from this passage?

- A. The COVID-19 pandemic has no effect on wildlife.
- B. Fewer human activities are favorable to wildlife.
- C. People should try to avoid contact with wildlife.
- D. The exhibition can earn money for wildlife preservation.

12. What is the best title for this text?

- A. An Exhibition Tour of Elephant Sculptures
- B. Negotiation Between People and Wildlife
- C. Effects of Human Activities on Elephants
- D. Elephants' Intelligence and Nature to Explore

D

The world is going through a basic transformation, which is changing the way we live, work and think. The Fourth Industrial Revolution is bringing dramatic change and giving rise to a future filled with exciting opportunities and new challenges. Together governments and businesses must find solutions to society's most pressing needs — from creating a carbon-free economy to tackling population growth and urbanization.

In any period of rapid change there is a trend to look for a simple method, to greet the new things and replace the old way of doing things. But a close look at the facts tells a different story. Complex problems require many solutions working in harmony to enable positive change.

The challenge for scientists and the engineers is to provide solutions in fact, data and today's realities. And while technologies offer new tools to help uncover solutions, the process also requires hard work, imagination and lots of improvement.

Success rests on performing practical, realistic, long-term solutions that make the world cleaner, safer and more sustainable.

The environment is a case in point. Much of the public debate has centered on the central role of renewable power sources in realizing a low-carbon energy future. While the industry is fully behind the developing renewables, today we understand a low or zero-carbon future depends on adopting a multifaceted approach.

We cannot control sunshine levels or decide when the wind blows, which means solar power and wind power generators will produce too much or too little energy at times. The transition to renewables needs to take account of serious considerations.

Batteries have been much discussed as a means of storing extra energy, but there are other choices. Power-to-X technologies enable spare energy created by renewables to be stored and redistributed when and where it is needed.

12. What's the main idea of paragraph 2?

- A. Society's dramatic change calls for simple methods.
- B. Old means of doing things should be replaced by new ones.
- C. Society needs positive change for development.
- D. Some problems should be solved in combined ways.

13. What does the author expect scientists and engineers to do?

- A. Offer new tools to uncover solutions.
- B. Tackle population growth.
- C. Work hard with imagination.
- D. Make the world better with a simple method.

14. What's the author's attitude to the consumption of the solar power and wind power?

- A. Uncertain.
- B. Cautious.
- C. Unconfident.
- D. Doubtful.

15. Which of the following is the advantage of Power-to-X technologies?

- A. They can adjust power supply.
- B. They can conserve energy.
- C. They help make more electricity.
- D. They can create power from wind and sun.

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第二节(共5小题;每小题2.5分,满分12.5分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Green exercise is a term used to describe any type of physical exercise that takes place in a natural environment, rather than in a health club or gym. 17 Instead, it relies on the use of natural means of taking part in activities that improve strength and endurance with as little reliance on equipment as possible.

18 For example, some consider a truly natural exercise experience requires that the individual wear clothing only made from natural fibers. Others consider barefoot (赤脚的) running or walking would be greener and thus be more desirable than running or walking with shoes.

A slightly different approach to green exercise puts more stress on fresh air, sunshine, and involvement with the natural world, rather than the equipment or clothing used during the exercise. 19 In like manner, climbing a mountain using standard equipment and protective clothing would also be considered green exercise.

Many consider green exercise helps to reconnect human beings with the natural world. The interaction with nature helps to lower people's blood pressure, refresh their mind, and actually improve their self-esteem (自尊). 20

Not everyone believes that green exercise is more beneficial than working out in a health club or gym. 21 Meanwhile, the use of fitness devices may result in more challenging workouts, which help strengthen the heart and lungs in ways that more simplistic exercise in a natural setting would be difficult to manage.

- A. Spirits are also believed to be positively affected.
- B. A green gym uses as little equipment as possible.
- C. All forms of green exercise are good for you.
- D. Opinions on what truly green exercise means differ.
- E. Besides, it usually doesn't use fitness equipment that is normally found in a gym.
- F. So riding a bicycle in a forest can be called a type of green exercise.
- G. Some point out that many health clubs are constructed to make full use of natural light.

英语试题(二)(共10页)第6页

第二部分 语言运用(共两节,满分30分)

第一节(共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

When I was a boy, I spent much time playing alone. I didn't 21 too much, though. I lived outside town, next to a forest where oaks (橡树) were my 22. I would sit in their shade and enjoy their peace.

Therefore it was so 23 for me when I was in 24 in a wood processing factory. It wasn't just the back-breaking work, long 25, and low pay. It was also seeing trees being cut. The red oak tree were 26 affected because they made the prettiest hardwood flooring.

One afternoon after a long day's work, I decide to take a walk in the 27. As I wandered, I was filled with 28 for childhood days. Feeling so down, I dropped my head and that was when I 29 it: a red oak acorn (橡子) that had somehow 30 hungry animals all winter long. Something I'd read once 31 me at that moment — "An acorn 32 a forest eventually if it wants!" I smiled, and carefully 33 that little acorn. Then I headed home, no longer 34, for I also realized in our life we all 35 as an acorn, but whether our future is a forest or not is up to us.

21. A. demand B. change C. mind D. notice
22. A. shelters B. hopes C. favorites D. companions
23. A. surprising B. tough C. impressive D. vital
24. A. trouble B. business C. employment D. luck
25. A. hours B. meetings C. breaks D. flights
26. A. equally B. heavily C. rarely D. suddenly
27. A. factory B. woods C. mountains D. town
28. A. longing B. concern C. regret D. struggle
29. A. received B. remembered C. recognized D. spotted
30. A. encountered B. left C. survived D. fed

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31. A. found B. disappointed C. guided D. struck
 32. A. becomes B. preserves C. reflects D. represents
 33. A. collected B. picked C. planted D. examined
 34. A. fearful B. hesitant C. worried D. depressed
 35. A. fight back B. start out C. step forward D. break through

第二节(共 10 小题,每小题 1.5 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Recognizing a cat's emotions from its face is often hard, even for its owners. Now, researchers from Canada's University of Guelph insist that cats also express emotions on their faces — one just has to learn how to interpret 36 (they)!

For their study, Professors Lee Niel and Georgia Mason surveyed 6,300 _____ (volunteer) from 85 countries. The participants 38 (show) the cats' faces from a series of short videos.

The researchers, who published their findings in the November 2019 issue of Animal Welfare, found that only 819 participants were able to read the cats' emotions 37 (accurate) over 75 percent of the time. Further research showed that the so-called "cat whisperers" were primarily women and veterinarians, and younger adults also seemed to be able to read the expressions even 39 (well) than older individuals.

Surprisingly, being a cat owner did not help to read cats' emotions, indicating that a strong attachment to the animal did not necessarily mean 40 better understanding of its emotions.

The researchers believe cats' expressions can be learned over time, 41 explains why veterinary (兽医的) staff scored high 43 the study. "This is important to be able to do because it could help strengthen the bond between owners and cats, and so improve cat care and welfare," said Niel.

42 (find) out if you have what it takes to be a "cat whisperer", take the fun cat faces quiz 44 (create) by the study's researchers.

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第三部分 写作(共两节,满分40分)

第一节(满分15分)

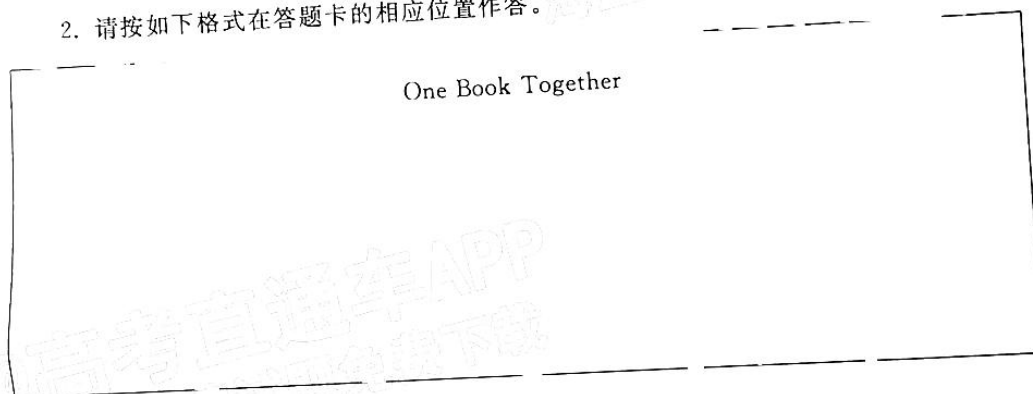
你校正在开展“共读一本书”品读中国经典名著的活动,请你给校英文报写一篇文章介绍这个活动。内容包括:

1. 开展状况;
2. 你的看法。

注意:

1. 词数80左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

One Book Together



第二节(满分25分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

It was freezing cold outside. The biting wind was blowing hard. Rosalee pressed her nose against the window. Then she made a wish. “Ready, set — snow,” she whispered. She looked at the sky, but there was no snow. Rosalee closed her eyes again. “Ready, set — SNOW!” she said louder. She stole a quick glance with one eye open. “Not one flake (小薄片)”.

“Be patient, dear. It will snow soon,” said Rosalee’s grandmother Nana. She was setting a plate of warm pizzelle (芝麻脆饼) on the table. Rosalee loved her grandmother’s cookies. Their fancy shapes looked like snowflakes.

“But Grandpa told me it was supposed to snow today,” Rosalee said. It would be the first snow this winter. She had been filled with expectations.

Rosalee’s brother, Marcus, was sitting at the kitchen table. “Today can mean any time between now and midnight,” he pointed out.

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Rosalee seemed a little confused. All the signs of snow were there: It looked like it could snow — The sky matched the grey rooftop next door; It felt like snowy weather — When she walked across the yard to check the mailbox that morning, she'd had to wear her hat and gloves and bury her face in a scarf, which made her look like a moving ball at a distance; It even smelled like it could snow — Nana always made pizzelle in a snowy weather.

The cookies cooled on the table, filling the kitchen with their sweet smell, making her mouth water. Nana smiled at Rosalee and handed her a cookie. Rosalee took a bite. Suddenly, an idea struck her. "I know how to make it now," she said excitedly, jumping off her seat.

"Impossible," Marcus mumbled (嘟囔), his mouth full.

"You'll see!" Rosalee disappeared into her room.

An hour later, Rosalee called to her brother, who was in his room reading. "Come into the kitchen with your eyes closed, Marcus."

"All right." Marcus appeared in the doorway. His eyelids were closed.

注意:

1. 续写词数应为 150 左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

"OK. Ready, set — SNOW!" Rosalee said.

"Look!" Rosalee pointed out the window and cried in great excitement.

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