



长春外国语学校 2023-2024 学年第一学期期中考高三年级

英语试卷

出题人: 孙 伟 审题人: 张 桦

本试卷分第I卷(选择题)和第II卷(非选择题)两部分,共12页。考试结束后,将答题卡交回。

注意事项:

- 答题前,考生先将自己的姓名、准考证号填写清楚,将条形码准确粘贴在考生信息条形码粘贴区。
- 选择题必须使用2B铅笔填涂;非选择题必须使用0.5毫米黑色字迹的签字笔书写,字体工整、笔迹清楚。
- 请按照题号顺序在各题目的答题区域内作答,超出答题区域书写的答案无效;在草稿纸、试题卷上答题无效。
- 作图可先使用铅笔画出,确定后必须用黑色字迹的签字笔描黑。
- 保持卡面清洁,不要折叠,不要弄破、弄皱,不准使用涂改液、修正带、刮纸刀。

第I卷(选择题部分,共95分)

第一部分 听力(共20小题,满分30分)

第一节(共5小题;每小题1.5分,满分7.5分)

听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

- What is the man going to do now?  
A. Attend a meeting. B. Talk to his friend Matt. C. Go to the museum.
- What did the man think of the movie?  
A. It was thrilling. B. It was funny. C. It was horrible.
- What will the woman do?  
A. Look in the closet. B. Check her room. C. Buy new gloves.
- Who might the woman be?  
A. A teacher of a class. B. A parent of a student. C. A headmaster of a school.
- What is the man's cat like?  
A. Friendly. B. Lazy. C. Scared.

第二节(共15小题;每小题1.5分,总分22.5分)

听下面5段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时阅读各个小题,每小题5秒钟;听完后,各小题给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

英语试题第1页(共12页)

听第10段材料,回答第17至20题。

- What is well developed in Costa Rica?  
A. Tourism. B. Economy. C. Public gardens.
- According to the talk, what might children especially enjoy?  
A. Seeing monkeys. B. Looking at tropical fish. C. Playing on white sand beaches.
- Why does the speaker mention Disneyland?  
A. To show its popularity. B. To get more visitors. C. To show the low prices in Costa Rica.
- What can be found at the ocean-side hotels?  
A. Water slides. B. Many hiking trails nearby. C. Staff available 24 hours a day.

第二部分 阅读理解(共两节,满分50分)

第一节(共15小题;每小题2.5分,满分37.5分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的四个选项A、B、C和D中,选出最佳选项。

A

Are you keen on learning something new? Are you looking for application programs that can help you learn with confidence. The following apps will just suit your needs.

Quizlet

Best for: Boosting your knowledge and brushing up your skills  
Whether you are brushing up on a language, gardening knowledge and cooking techniques, or having a good command of your favorite literature classics, the online learning platform, Quizlet, gives you access to over 300 million different study sets on almost any subject you can imagine for free.

Babbel

Best for: Learning a new language  
As well as being a great skill to show off on holiday, learning a new language can have profound effects on solving problems and might even give you a leg-up in your career. With classes designed to be 10-15 minutes long, Babbel encourages learning in short, yet achievable, bursts. So why not give language learning a try?

Blinkist

Best for: Bite-sized book learning  
Blinkist is the perfect app to provide the key highlights from non-fiction books in both audio and text form. Whether you want to start a new business, improve your management skills, or achieve a better life balance, micro-learning app Blinkist takes key ideas from non-fiction texts and summarizes them into easy-to-consume 15-minute digests.

Remente

Best for: Improving mental well-being  
Stress is something that most of us face on a daily basis—be it at work or at home—and

英语试题第3页(共12页)

B

About a decade ago, Lawson was at a beach in Virginia watching his kids build castles right next to the waves.

"I kept trying to get them to come back because I thought it was a terrible idea," he remarked. He wanted them to build their sandcastles closer to the dunes. But they found it more exciting to build right where the waves hit, seeing their sandcastles get destroyed, and then rebuilding them with whatever debris (残骸) washed up from the ocean. "It seemed so symbolic, somehow, of how life works more than just building your perfect sandcastles," said Lawson. When he decided to turn that sunny day into a children's book, the idea came to just use pictures. "It seemed like it would work beautifully without words," he said.

*A Day for Sandcastles* is illustrated by Qin Leng. It's the second wordless picture book for Lawson and Leng since 2021's *Over the Shop*. Leng's illustrations stay pretty true to real life. Three siblings spend the day building sandcastles and watching them get destroyed by a flying hat. "To me it's a celebration of childhood and the simple joys of life. These are the things I like to capture," said Leng.

Leng spent part of her childhood in France, and she was inspired by European comic books "What I love to do when I illustrate a picture book is add side stories to the main storyline. I always think about the readers and the longevity of the book, and I want them to be able to discover something new every time they revisit the book," Leng explained.

At the end of the day, the sleepy-eyed kids pile into the bus that will take them home. "Those last pages are some of my favorite. They capture that feeling like at the end of the day on the beach, when it's getting dark and you feel completely exhausted," Lawson said. It must be a universal childhood feeling: happy with sand, sticky from the salt, hot from the sun, and ready to fall asleep the moment you get into the car.

英语试题第4页(共12页)

听第6段材料,回答第6至7题。

- When does the woman want to go to the office?  
A. At noon. B. In the afternoon. C. In the morning.
- How does the woman feel about going to the office before the pool?  
A. She is planning to do that. B. She wouldn't mind either way. C. She would prefer not to.

听第7段材料,回答第8至9题。

- What is the man going to do?  
A. Get more people to play softball. B. Sign up softball team himself. C. Talk to Karen about softball.
- What day is it today?  
A. Monday. B. Wednesday. C. Friday.

听第8段材料,回答第10至12题。

- What does the man say about the woman's car?  
A. It needs a new engine. B. The wheels need to be replaced. C. Something is wrong with brakes.
- Why can't the man get the car back to the woman this afternoon?  
A. He wants to see a show. B. He has to work on other cars first. C. He doesn't have the parts he needs.

12. What does the man suggest the woman do?

- Drive her car carefully. B. Take the bus. C. Bring her car back in the morning.

听第9段材料,回答第13至16题。

- Who is probably selling a car?  
A. Jim's friend. B. The woman. C. The woman's brother.
- What kind of car is probably for sale?  
A. A Honda. B. A Ford. C. A BMW.
- What does the man think about buying red cars?  
A. He isn't really interested. B. He thinks they are attractive. C. He doesn't care about the color.
- What can we learn from the conversation?  
A. The man will look for a different car. B. The woman has a car. C. The red car costs a lot.

英语试题第2页(共12页)

24. Why does Lawson mention the scene where the kids built sandcastles?  
A. To suggest a way to enjoy leisure. B. To tell us the inspiration for his book.  
C. To convince us of how life works. D. To remind readers of the childhood.
25. What do you know about the two books mentioned?  
A. The stories are literally works of fantasy.  
B. They are purchased by kids universally.  
C. They carry no elements of comic books.  
D. Readers can only find pictures in them.
26. How does Lawson feel when telling us the last pages in the last paragraph?  
A. Pleased. B. Indifferent. C. Disturbed. D. Exhausted.
27. What can be a suitable title for the passage?  
A. Childhood in sandcastles B. Beautiful childhood memories  
C. Popular illustrated books D. Explore the mystery of nature

C

The Australian accent developed because so many early settlers were drunk. Dean Frenkel, a communications expert at Victoria University in Melbourne, said that the first British arrivals to the country were such big drinkers that the distortion (失真) to their speech caused a verbal change that persists to this day.

Academic Mr. Frenkel wrote in the Australian newspaper *The Age*, "Our forefathers regularly got drunk together, and through their frequent interactions added an alcoholic slur (模糊) to our national speech patterns. For the past two centuries, from generation to generation, the drunken Australian accent continues to be taught by parents to their children."

Mr. Frenkel continued, "The average Australian speaks to just two-thirds capacity — with one-third of our speaking muscles always keep still as if lying on the couch. Missing consonants (辅音) can include missing "t" s (Impordant), "l" s (Austra) and "s" s (yesh), while many of our vowels (元音) are lazily transformed into other vowels, especially "a" s to "e" s (standing) and "i" s to "oi" s (noight)."

The Australian accent has historically lacked regional variation because although the communities began as isolated (孤立的) settlements, there was a great deal of internal migration, particularly from Sydney where the first accent began.

The most common fear people have about the Australian accent is that it's becoming more Americanized. But Dr. Felicity Cox, an associate professor of linguistics at Macquarie University, said that accents are remarkably resistant to change from factors such as social media, and as long as people want to be known as Australian, they will keep the distinctive Australian sound. It will always remain a strong marker of national identity.

28. What makes the Australian accent special?  
A. Verbal patterns of native speakers.  
B. Early residents' custom of drinking alcohol.  
C. Frequent interactions with foreign countries.

英语试题第5页 (共12页)

- D. The popularity of the British education system.
29. How may Australians pronounce the word "light"?  
A. Loight. B. Leight. C. Lighs. D. Lighd.
30. What accounts for the lack of regional differences in Australian accents?  
A. Small numbers of populations. B. Isolated geographical locations.  
C. Similar lifestyle among residents. D. Large migrations within the country.
31. What can we learn about the Australian accent according to Dr Felicity Cox?  
A. It has become more diverse than ever.  
B. It has been greatly influenced by social media.  
C. It is a unique symbol of Australian identity.  
D. It changes a lot based on American pronunciation rules.

D

A Norwegian company has created what it calls the world's first zero-emission, autonomous cargo ship. Developed by chemical company Yara International, the ship was designed to reduce emissions of pollutants and greenhouse gases, and move goods away from roads to the sea.

The shipping industry accounts for between 2.5% and 3% of global greenhouse gas emissions, according to the International Maritime Organization. Nearly all of Norway's electricity is generated by hydroelectric power, which is generally considered to have much lower carbon emissions than burning fossil fuels, despite the fact that it still produces greenhouse gases.

Capable of carrying 103 containers and with a top speed of 13 knots, it will use a 7 MWh battery, with about a thousand times the capacity of one electrical car. The ship will be charged near the port before sailing to container harbors along the coast and then back again, replacing 40,000 truck journeys a year.

As well as providing a greener option compared to conventional cargo ships, there is no crewman, which means it will be more cost-effective to operate. Initially, loading and unloading the ship will require humans, but gradually, all loading, discharging, and some other operations will also be eventually operated using autonomous technology. That will involve developing autonomous cranes (起重机) and carriers, which are the vehicles that place containers onto ships.

According to researchers, fully autonomous ships are the future. But there are many challenges to overcome before autonomous ships can be used for commercial long sea journeys. Navigating traffic in large ports could be a major barrier.

Without a crew aboard to carry out maintenance checks, autonomous ships would need built-in self-diagnosing systems with the ability to detect and fix problems, or call for human assistance.

Although Yara International has no plans to add more autonomous ships to its operations, we may see more elements of AI technology used on commercial ships in the future. Elements

英语试题第6页 (共12页)

are already being used in shipping today when it comes to the voyage and we'll see more partly autonomous elements added.

32. What's the good news about the new ship?  
A. It's conventionally designed. B. It has been fully marketed.  
C. It's environmentally friendly. D. It is luxuriously equipped.
33. What plays a critical role in the ship's successful operation?  
A. The autonomous carriers. B. The latest navigating traffic.  
C. The burning of fossil fuels. D. The massive battery capacity.
34. What can we learn from Para 4-6?  
A. Researchers are pessimistic about its future.  
B. The new ship isn't completely autonomous yet.  
C. A lot more such ships will be in operation soon.  
D. No human labor is needed to maintain the ship.
35. What is the author's attitude to technology being applied to shipping?  
A. Reserved. B. Favorable. C. Suspicious. D. Disapproving.

第二节 (共5小题; 每小题2.5分, 满分12.5分)

根据短文内容, 从短文后的选项选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

#### Things to Expect from Your Peer Tutoring Session

Peer tutoring is one of the most helpful tools to use during your college years. Sometimes, you will not have all the answers and that you may need help. There is probably no better way to get some academic assistance than that from your fellow students. 36

#### Expect constructive criticism

This will probably be the most uncomfortable part of the session. Tutors are being harsh with you not because they want to be mean and ruin your existence. 37  
The only way for then to ensure this is to be completely honest with you.

#### Expect change

You will have the appointment with a changed perspective on your work and your method of completing it. Every tutor has a different learning style and teaching style that is unique to them, but it is up to you to use what they teach you to your best ability. If a tutor teaches you how to solve a math problem in a way that makes sense to you, but is also different from what you have learned in class, you will have to use that method because it works for you. 38

#### Expect discipline (sometimes)

39 We are humans, it happens. It is nothing to be ashamed of. However, if a tutor notices that you have been slacking off (懈怠), don't be surprised if they call you out on it. Your tutor wants you to use your potential to do the great things that they know you are capable of.

英语试题第7页 (共12页)

#### Expect improvement

Last but not least expect to improve. 40 Once you practice what you have learned in the session, you will notice a rapid change in your grades and your learning ability. If you ask me, I think that is completely worthy of an A+.

- A. Your work in the future will change.  
B. Change is good and is nothing to be afraid of.  
C. Sometimes, we all try to get by with a little less.  
D. Feel fortunate that your peer tutor is recognizing your mistakes.  
E. They simply want you to be the best of the best to your best ability.  
F. Peer tutoring can be difficult, but its ultimate goal is for you to improve.  
G. Peer tutors are understanding, helpful, and especially honest enough to help you out.

#### 第三部分 语言运用 (共两节, 满分30分)

第一节 (共15小题; 每小题1分, 满分15分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Wearing a caveman mask, Dr. Marzluff walks across the camp at the university. Crows circle and scream. They dive at him and then suddenly fly away.

Beneath the mask, he smiles. Days before, he and his students had 41 cavemen masks, caught crows and 42 plastic bands on to their legs. Then they released the 43 birds.

"We always knew crows 44 us, but could we show it?" says Dr. Marzluff, a professor known affectionately as the Crowman.

When the researchers walked around campus without masks, the crows they had caught and banded didn't 45 to them. But when the 46 humans walked by while wearing the masks, the crows scolded loudly and dived at their "47". The birds had remembered their 48!

"Crows are constantly 49 us," Dr. Marzluff says. "They look, they think, they eyeball you, 50 the situation."

At first, only the banded birds reacted 51 to the people in masks. But in later tests, an increasing number of crows began scolding them, even when the banded

英语试题第8页 (共12页)

birds were not around. The birds had 52 from one another. Dr. Marzluff and his team followed banded crows for a year and 53 that adults even pass this information to their 54.

- Dr. Marzluff's experiments led him to study how crows' 55 work.
41. A. picked out B. taken off C. searched for D. put on  
42. A. dropped B. tied C. pressed D. stepped  
43. A. unhappy B. beautiful C. black D. rare  
44. A. hate B. attack C. recognize D. contact  
45. A. wave B. react C. reply D. turn  
46. A. friendly B. unkind C. different D. same  
47. A. enemies B. professors C. owners D. followers  
48. A. clothes B. faces C. organs D. figures  
49. A. expecting B. admiring C. watching D. tolerating  
50. A. estimating B. changing C. restoring D. worsening  
51. A. rigidly B. automatically C. abnormally D. threateningly  
52. A. resulted B. heard C. learned D. benefited  
53. A. promised B. identified C. denied D. clarified  
54. A. young B. neighbor C. partners D. opponents  
55. A. wings B. noses C. legs D. brains

第II卷(非选择题部分,共55分)

第三部分 语言运用(共两节,满分30分)

第二节(共10小题;每小题1.5分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Recently, the Chinese 56 (animate) film Chang'an has been a smash hit. The film is like a love letter to Chang'an and the stars in the Tang Dynasty poetry, magnificent and touching.

The story of the profound friendship between poet Gao Shi and the master of romantic poetry Li

英语试题第9页(共12页)

第二节 读后续写(满分25分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

In a certain store where they sell puddings, a number of these delicious things are laid out in a row during the Christmas season. Here you may select the one which is most to your taste, and you are even allowed to sample them before coming to a decision.

I have often wondered whether some people, who had no intention of making a purchase, would take advantage of this privilege. One day I asked this question to the shop girl, and I learned it was indeed the case.

"Now there's one old gentleman, for instance," she told me, "he comes here almost every week and samples each one of the puddings, though he never buys anything, and I suspect he never will. I remember him from last year before that, too. Well, let him come if he wants it, and welcome to it."

She was still speaking when an elderly gentleman limped (跛行) up to the counter and began looking closely at the row of puddings with great interest.

"Why, that's the very gentleman I've been telling you about," whispered the shop girl. "Just watch him now." And then turning to him, "Would you like to sample them, sir? Here's a spoon for you to use."

The elderly gentleman, who was poorly but neatly dressed, accepted the spoon and began eagerly to sample one after another of the puddings, only braking off occasionally to wipe his red eyes with a large torn handkerchief.

"This is quite good."

"This is not bad either, but a little too heavy."

All the time it was quite evident that he sincerely believed that he might eventually buy one of these puddings, and I am positive that he did not for a moment feel that he was in any way cheating the store. Poor old chap! Probably he had come down in the world and this sampling was all that was left him from the time when he could afford to come and select his favorite pudding.

续写要求:

1.续写词数应为150左右;

2.请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Paragraph 1:

英语试题第11页(共12页)

Bai offers a taste 57 the star-studded history of the Tang era. 58 is often seen as 59 golden age in Chinese history due to 60 (it) economic prosperity and cultural integration and advancement.

The Chinese language is extensive and profound, and the ancient poems are even more mysterious. The words are often extremely concise and brief, 61 they contain profound cultural background and the 62 (beautiful) of Chinese characters.

The 48 Tang poems featured in the movie 63 (present) a panorama of the most excellent poets of that time as well as their political aspirations and ideals. The movie is 64 (undoubted) a masterpiece 65 (show) the characteristics of Chinese culture to the world.

第四部分 语言运用(共两节,满分40分)

第一节 应用文写作(满分15分)

某国际英文杂志的 "Iconic Animals" 栏目正面向全球中学生举行征文活动,请你用英语写一篇短文应征,介绍一种中国特有的动物。

1. 介绍动物的外形;
2. 描述动物的生活环境、生活习性;
3. 动物的独特或者有趣之处

注意:

1. 词数80左右;

2. 请按如下格式在答题纸的相应位置作答。

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英语试题第10页(共12页)

In a burst of benevolence (善举), I went up to him and said, "Pardon me, sir, would you mind me purchasing you one of these puddings?"

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Paragraph 2:

The girl started to make a parcel of it, while he pulled out a worn little black wallet.

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英语试题第12页(共12页)

2022-2023 学年高二下学期第一次月考考试参考答案

听力理解 1-5 BBCAB 6-10 BCABC 11-15 CBABA 16-20 BAACA

阅读理解

A 篇 21. A 22. C 23. D

B 篇 24. B 25. D 26. A 27. A

C 篇 28. B 29. A 30. D 31. C

D 篇 32. C 33. D 34. B 35. B

七选五 36. G 37. E 38. B 39. C 40. F

完形填空 41. D 42. B 43. A 44. C 45. B 46. D 47. A 48. B 49. C

50. A 51. D 52. C 53. B 54. A 55. D

语法填空

56. animated / animation 57. of 58. which 59. a 60. its

61. but 62. beauty 63. present 64. undoubtedly 65. showing

第四部分 写作

第一节

参考范文

Panda

When talking about iconic animals in China, the first thing that comes to my mind is definitely the giant panda.

The panda is one of the rarest animals in the world. It is a large animal with black and white fur and lives in the mountains of China. People's "black eyes" are compared to panda's eyes. Looking quiet and lovely, it can actually be fierce. When it roars, the noise is like a train passing through a tunnel. Do you know how much it loves bamboo? An adult panda eats 10-18 kilograms of bamboo each day. And it spends 12-16 hours a day finding and eating bamboo.

Serving as a peace ambassador, pandas have been sent to other countries as gifts, where they have received a warm welcome.

Milu deer

Have you ever heard of the milu deer? It is commonly called "Sibuxiang" in China as it partly shares physical characteristics with four animals: horse, deer, cattle and donkey.

It is a kind of giant grass-eating animal. The adult male milu deer can weigh as much as 250 kilograms, be as tall as 1.3 meters and as long as two meters. They live together and also feed on the soft parts of trees. The milu deer is an endangered animal. In China, it represents good fortune.

The history of the milu deer is a dramatic species-survival story. Before they disappeared in China,

英语试题第 13 页 (共 12 页)

some were taken to Britain and survived. Luckily, in 1983 the first milu deer was returned to the Nanhaizi Milu Park, 20 kilometers south of Beijing, where they are being well protected and cared for. Now the number of the milu deer is increasing steadily.

第二节

【参考范文】

In a burst of benevolence, I went up to him and said, "Pardon me, sir, would you mind me purchasing you one of these puddings?" He jumped back as if he had been stung, and the blood rushed into his wrinkled face. "Excuse me," he said, with more dignity than I would have thought possible, "Undoubtedly you have mistaken me for someone else." And with a quick decision he turned to the shop girl and said in a loud voice, "Kindly pack me up this one here." He pointed at one of the largest and most expensive of the puddings.

The girl started to make a parcel of it, while he pulled out a worn little black wallet. He began counting out shillings and pennies on to the counter. How I longed for the power to unsay my tactless words! It was too late though, and I felt that the kindest thing I could do now would be walk away. "You pay at the desk," the shop girl was telling him, but he did not seem to understand and kept trying to put the coins into her hand. And that was the last I heard of or saw of the old man. Now he can never go there to sample pudding any more.

英语试题第 14 页 (共 12 页)

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如需第一时间获取相关资讯及备考指南，请关注自主选拔在线官方微信信号：[zizzsw](https://www.zizzs.com)。

