

2022—2023 学年度第二学期芜湖市教学质量统测

高一英语试题卷

本试题卷共 8 页, 满分 100 分, 考试用时 120 分钟

注意事项:

1. 答卷前, 考生务必将自己的姓名、学校、考场/座位号、班级、准考证号填写在答题卷上, 将条形码横贴在答题卷右上角“条形码粘贴处”。
2. 作答选择题时, 选出每小题答案后, 用 2B 铅笔在答题卷上对应题目选项的答案信息点涂黑; 如需改动, 用橡皮擦干净后, 再选涂其他答案。答案不能答在试题卷上。
3. 非选择题必须用黑色字迹的钢笔或签字笔作答, 答案必须写在答题卷各题目指定区域内; 如需改动, 先划掉原来的答案, 然后再写上新答案; 不准使用铅笔和涂改液, 不按以上要求作答无效。
4. 考生必须保证答题卷的整洁, 考试结束后, 将试题卷和答题卷一并交回。

第一部分 听力(共两节, 满分 10 分)

做题时, 先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后, 你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节(共 5 小题; 每小题 0.5 分, 满分 2.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What did the woman do last night?

- A. She finished a paper. B. She went to visit the man. C. She went to the party.

2. What does the man think of the gift?

- A. It is the greatest gift. B. It is really surprising. C. It is of no value.

3. What time is it now?

- A. 9:45 B. 9:10 C. 10:00

4. How much will the man pay for renting a car?

- A. \$120 B. \$150 C. \$180

5. What's the main topic of the conversation?

- A. University B. Car C. Colleague

第二节(共 15 小题; 每小题 0.5 分, 满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题 5 秒钟; 听完后, 各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料, 回答第 6、7 小题。

6. What's the probable relationship between the speakers?

- A. Doctor and patient. B. Friends. C. Husband and wife.

7. What is the man's suggestion?

- A. Get a regular checkup. B. Get an operation. C. Buy a pair of glasses.

听第 7 段材料, 回答第 8 至 10 题。

8. When did the woman start working as an English teacher?

- A. Ten years ago. B. Eight years ago. C. Eighteen years ago.

高一英语试题卷第 1 页(共 8 页)



扫描全能王 创建

官方微信公众号: zizzsw

官方网站: www.zizzs.com

咨询热线: 010-5601 9830

微信客服: zizzs2018



9. How many countries has the woman been to?
A. 5. B. 4. C. 3.
10. What does the woman advise the man to do?
A. Leave his hometown to work.
B. Get a job with her.
C. Get educational qualification.
- 听第8段材料, 回答第11至13题。
11. How does Jim like learning Chinese?
A. He's interested in Chinese.
B. He doesn't like Chinese at all.
C. It's as hard as learning French.
12. What are Wang Li's difficulties in learning English?
A. Listening and spelling.
B. Spelling and writing.
C. Spelling and pronunciation.
13. What does Jim think about his Chinese?
A. He wants to give up.
B. He will go on learning Chinese.
C. He asks the woman to teach him.
- 听第9段材料, 回答第14至16题。
14. Why did David miss Mary's call yesterday?
A. He was playing the computer games.
B. He was weeding.
C. He didn't take his phone with him.
15. What did Mary do yesterday?
A. She went shopping.
B. She went to a concert.
C. She went to her sister's wedding party.
16. Who will Mary pick up next Saturday?
A. David. B. Mavis. C. Both of them.
- 听第10段材料, 回答第17至20题。
17. How often was the festival held?
A. Once a year. B. Once two years. C. Twice a year.
18. Which cities were added to the schedule in 1993?
A. Sydney and Melbourne.
B. Melbourne and Perth.
C. The Gold Coast and Auckland.
19. What did the festival celebrate in 2010?
A. For being the oldest festival.
B. For reaching its 100th performance.
C. For becoming the best rock music festival.
20. Why did the festival cancel all the shows in 2015?
A. The money. B. The popularity. C. Not mentioned.



第二部分 阅读理解(共两节,满分30分)

第一节(共15小题;每小题1.5分,满分22.5分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中,选出最佳选项。

A

Dear Mr. Smith,

I'd like to bring to your attention the events of the past few weeks concerning a washing machine that I bought on September 14th from your store.

The machine was delivered and installed(安装) several days later, but since then it has failed to work. A label on the back of the machine listed a phone number to call in case of problems. I called and spoke to a technician, who gave me step-by-step instructions on how to turn on the machine. But the whole process was a waste of time. The machine still wouldn't work. Several days later, another technician actually came to my home to try to figure out what was wrong. I hoped it could run well by the time he left, but he could not get the machine to work, either. He told me I had two options: either to have the machine repaired or replace it with a new one. Since this machine was brand new and had never worked, I felt I deserved a new one.

I called your store and was told that the normal procedure was to write a letter to the department manager to explain the problem. I did this several weeks ago, but my letter appears to have been ignored.

Mr. Smith, by the time you get this letter, an out-of-order washing machine will have been sitting in my house for nearly six weeks. This whole thing has been a pain for me and the machine needs to be replaced immediately. If it is not, my lawyer will be getting in touch with you. Please consider this a final warning.

Sincerely,
Joseph Wilson

21. What was the problem with the washing machine?
 - A. It wouldn't start.
 - B. It wasn't delivered on time.
 - C. It was installed incorrectly.
 - D. It had a complex instruction book.
22. How did the second worker deal with the author's problem?
 - A. By having the machine replaced.
 - B. By informing the department manager of the problem.
 - C. By instructing her how to use the machine over the phone.
 - D. By checking out the machine on site and offering some advice.
23. Why did the author write the letter?
 - A. To ask for technical instructions.
 - B. To get a new washing machine.
 - C. To explain the case to her lawyer.
 - D. To complain about the technicians.

B

By the time she turned 18, Liz had attended twelve schools in as many years. She had lived in shelters and in parks but never in a permanent residence for more than a few months. She had been laughed at by students at a dozen schools who considered her "different".

Homeless since early childhood, Liz struggled all her life to hide her circumstances from teachers and fellow students. However, academics proved to be a way for her to find confidence in herself again. For instance, at the age of 9, she placed in the 99th percentile on a state exam, and her teacher Oprah told her she was "gifted". From that moment forward, Liz decided to do whatever it took to keep herself in that category. "I was so proud of being smart and I never wanted people to say, 'You got the

高一英语试题卷第3页(共8页)



扫描全能王 创建

easy way out because you're homeless," she said. "I never saw it as an excuse."

By the second year of high school, she realized that she could not succeed in getting the education she dreamed of without getting help to go beyond what her current school could offer. She talked to teachers who helped her apply for summer community college classes and scholarships. And in 11th grade, when she enrolled at Jefferson High School, she decided to complete the rest of her school career there—a decision that meant taking a bus each morning at 4 a. m. and not getting home until 11 p. m.

Her perseverance and hard work paid off, however. When she poured the story of her life into her Harvard University college application, she was accepted.

Once Liz felt ready to tell her story, it won her notice not only from college admissions boards but also from the news media. Now as a successful student at Harvard, Liz continues to use the lessons of her extraordinary life to help and inspire other students.

24. What made Liz different in the eyes of her classmates according to paragraph 1?

- A. Her talent. B. Her hard work.
C. Her homelessness. D. Her school performance.

25. How did Liz rebuild her confidence?

- A. By settling in a permanent home. B. By getting help from her teachers.
C. By socializing with other students. D. By finding her passion for studying.

26. What can we learn about Liz?

- A. She quit school to support her family.
B. She was criticized by Oprah on her show.
C. She shares her stories to encourage others.
D. She has been declined by Jefferson High School.

27. Which of the following best describes Liz?

- A. Humorous. B. Strict. C. Reliable. D. Determined.

C

It's just past 7 a.m. on a February morning in Maya Bay, several weeks after authorities reopened what is one of Thailand's most popular tourist attractions to the world for the first time since June 2018 following a massive restoration program.

In the hours to follow, a slow but steady flow of tourists becomes in great numbers as dozens of tourists make their way to the white-sand beach, phones at the ready as they take photos. Swimming is not allowed, though visitors can take a few steps in. It's disappointing, but a huge improvement over what visitors once experienced here.

Maya Bay is located in a Thailand's national park. The destination was made famous by the 2000 film *The Beach*, starring Leonardo DiCaprio. As the film's popularity grew, so did tourists' desire to visit the location where much of it was shot -- Maya Bay.

"Around 40 years ago, Maya Bay was already a tourism destination, but mainly for Thai tourists because you didn't have speedboats at that time," says Thon, a marine biologist and professor who requested authorities to close the bay four years ago. Over the years, the number of tourists rose from less than 1,000 to as many as 7,000 or 8,000 visitors a day at its peak. On average, around 5,000 people entered the bay each day.

In 2018, the Thai government closed the bay and began to restore the damaged ecosystem. Since then, Thon and a team of fellow marine experts and volunteers have replanted over 30,000 pieces of coral, much of it grown off the coast of a nearby island. Meanwhile, the wildlife also returned and has been growing. "Only three months after we closed the bay, the blacktip sharks came back and gave birth... so there are a lot of things happening in Maya Bay."

28. What do the first two paragraphs mainly tell us about Maya Bay?

- A. Its reopening. B. Its rebuilding.
C. Its business hours. D. Its reduced tourists.

高一英语试题卷第4页(共8页)



扫描全能王 创建

29. What led to the growing popularity of Maya Bay?
- A film shot there.
 - The easier access than before.
 - The better tourism equipment.
 - People's growing desire to travel.
30. What do the numbers in paragraph 4 try to show?
- The profit from tourism.
 - The sharp increase in tourists.
 - The long history of Maya Bay.
 - The reason for the film's popularity.
31. What can we infer about the protection efforts for Maya Bay?
- It was a little late.
 - It has been effective.
 - It remains to be seen whether it's useful.
 - It has no support from the government.

D

Many famous singers have long sung about the power of a smile—how it picks you up, changes your mind and generally makes you feel better. But is it all smoke and mirrors, or is there a scientific support for this?

Research from the University of South Australia proves that the act of smiling can make your mind be more positive, simply by moving your facial muscles. The study, published in *Experimental Psychology*, looked at the influence of a smile on perception (感知) of facial and body expressions. In the study, a smile was created by volunteers holding a pen between their teeth, forcing their facial muscles to make the movement of a smile. The research found that facial muscular activity changes the recognition of not only facial expressions but also body expressions, with both producing more positive feelings.

Lead researcher Dr. Fernando Marmolejo-Ramos says the findings are important for spiritual health. "When your muscles say you're happy, you're more likely to see the world around you in a positive way," he says. "In our research we found that when you forcefully practiced smiling, the part of the brain controlling feelings became active, which encouraged a more positive state. If we can make the brain view stimuli (刺激) as 'happy', then we can possibly use this way to help improve spiritual health."

The study was done in the same way as an old smile experiment by examining how people understood a group of facial expressions using the pen-in-teeth method; however, it also used special videos (from sad walking videos to happy walking videos) as the stimuli. Dr. Marmolejo-Ramos says there is a strong connection between action and perception. "The 'fake (假装) it until you make it' method could be more useful than we expect," he says.

32. What is the function of the first paragraph?
- To tell us the benefits of a smile.
 - To show us some famous singers.
 - To introduce the topic of the text.
 - To inform us of a finding of a study.
33. What were the volunteers asked to do in the study?
- Laugh aloud from the heart.
 - Just perform the act of smiling.
 - Respond to different feelings.
 - Think of happy things in the past.

高一英语试题卷第 5 页(共 8 页)



扫描全能王 创建

34. What does Dr. Marmolejo-Ramos mean by saying the underlined sentence in the last paragraph?

- A. We should practice smiling a lot.
- B. Practicing smiling is quite normal.
- C. Pretending to smile actually works.
- D. Forced smiles work better than real ones.

35. Which of the following can be the best title for the text?

- A. How to feel positive
- B. How to force a smile
- C. Forced smiles can hide unhappy feelings
- D. Forced smiles can produce positive feelings

第二节(共5小题;每小题1.5分,满分7.5分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Education isn't simply about achieving a "higher state of knowledge"; it's about equipping students with the tools they need to go out into the world and shape it for themselves. Here is a list of how education could improve the world.

36.

Education brings up many environmental topics to students and encourages them to think about the ecosystems around them. Today it is becoming important to be aware of this and education allows us to consume more responsibly and take action for the care of our planet.

Education helps people develop skills.

Schools cover many topics, and as you continue through schools' programs, more and more subjects open up to you. 37, anyone can find their passion and do what they truly love! Getting an education not only means learning skills like reading and writing, but also means knowing abstract concepts like teamwork, critical thinking and creativity. 38, you become an individual who is more likely to live a greater life than someone less educated.

Education is a step toward world peace.

39! Research shows that countries with secondary school enrollment rates that are 10% above the international average have a 3% lower rate of engaging in a war. It has been shown that educated people are less likely to be violent. And this holds true for all regions of the world, whether developed or developing. 40.

Education is a pretty investment. If one extra year of school can produce such benefits, what will the world be like when universal education becomes a reality?

- A. Education lets people take on responsibility
- B. When you combine these two knowledge areas
- C. With all the possible topics available for students to learn
- D. Education helps people keep up with our fast-moving world
- E. Education's role in promoting world peace is very important
- F. Uneducated people, on the other hand, are more likely to be violent toward others
- G. Students can do a lot to improve their environmental impact at their schools and in their lives

第三部分 语言运用(共两节,满分25分)

第一节 完形填空(共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

La La Land Kind Cafe is based in Dallas, Texas. It isn't a 41 coffee shop. Besides being eco-friendly, the cafe is a social business that provides 42 for young people, who are over 18, are frequently unable to 43 themselves or to go to college, and even 44 end up homeless. The founder Francois Reihani hopes he can 45 this for some of these young people



through the cafe.

When he was in college, Reihani 46 at a local nonprofit and helped children in the foster care system. It was there that Reihani heard the youth's 47 of neglect (忽视) and began 48 how he could assist them. Thus, he opened the We Are One Project with his sister, 49 to help these young people find jobs.

After about a year, they realized it wasn't 50. The youth still couldn't find jobs. So he decided to 51 a business that would employ them. As a result, Reihani founded La La Land Kind Cafe, which not only employs them but also spreads kindness at the same time. When the world began lockdown in 2020, La La Land Kind Cafe didn't close. 52, Reihani saw the need of even more kindnesses during those 53 times. So he and his employees drove around giving compliments (赞美) to strangers from windows.

Reihani said that complimenting someone shouldn't be 54. After all, spreading 55 and kindness is something everyone can do every day.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|
| 41. A. unique | B. small | C. popular | D. typical |
| 42. A. money | B. jobs | C. shelters | D. services |
| 43. A. talk to | B. grow up | C. care for | D. believe in |
| 44. A. possibly | B. suddenly | C. shortly | D. formally |
| 45. A. accept | B. deny | C. correct | D. change |
| 46. A. taught | B. volunteered | C. learned | D. investigated |
| 47. A. lessons | B. efforts | C. rights | D. stories |
| 48. A. expecting | B. confirming | C. thinking | D. replying |
| 49. A. intending | B. agreeing | C. pretending | D. regretting |
| 50. A. meaningful | B. wonderful | C. hopeful | D. helpful |
| 51. A. buy | B. open | C. finance | D. support |
| 52. A. Thus | B. Again | C. Instead | D. Meanwhile |
| 53. A. touching | B. troubling | C. rewarding | D. promising |
| 54. A. uncommon | B. uneasy | C. unhappy | D. uncomfortable |
| 55. A. love | B. respect | C. politeness | D. calmness |

第二节 (共10小题; 每小题1分, 满分10分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Hong Kong is expected to fund a record number of youngsters to study in universities on the Chinese mainland.

The move covers local secondary school students from low-income families or those with outstanding academic performances, and is expected to 56 (great) improve the competitiveness of Hong Kong youngsters and promote greater exchanges between Hong Kong and the mainland.

So far, it 57 (benefit) 20,608 Hong Kong students attending 191 mainland universities. Participating in the program can also help Hong Kong students establish connections with students from mainland universities, expand their network 58 seek a broader range of development opportunities.

The program allows Hong Kong students 59 (experience) different cultures and social norms (规范), increasing their 60 (able) to work in a cross-cultural environment.

Sophia Yeung, 61 18-year-old Hong Kong student 62 plans to apply to Shenzhen University this year, is learning more about the scholarship.

She said studying on the mainland presents an opportunity to experience a different way of life, and the intense academic atmosphere will improve 63 (student) academic performance.

64 (plan) to study Chinese language and literature as her major, Yeung believes that mainland education will provide her 65 a deeper understanding into her study.



第四部分 写作(共两节,满分35分)

第一节(满分15分)

红星中学英文报举办“向世界介绍中国”为主题的征文比赛,请用你的地理、历史等学科知识写一篇英文短文,向世界介绍中国第一大河——长江。

注意:1. 词数80左右。(长江:Yangtze River)

2. 可以适当增加细节,以使行文连贯。

第二节(满分20分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

After Eric and Ada had their baby Oliver, they were quite happy. However, it soon changed.

One night, Ada accidentally dropped a glass bowl when Oliver was just nearby, but he didn't react or turn around to the big sound of glass breaking. The next day, the hospital confirmed Oliver was born deaf. The couple were so sad. Weeks later, Oliver got his first hearing aid. Oliver could now hear! Eric and Ada were excited.

Three years passed; it was time to send Oliver to school. Ada and Eric often described how lovely it would feel to be in a class full of friends with a teacher in the front. However, Oliver returned home that day, crying, "I don't want to go to school. I have no friends." The following days, Oliver came back home, still sad. Ada and Eric were anxious.

One Friday, Oliver's teacher, Sarah, met the couple. "Oliver seems shy. He never plays with his classmates. And he doesn't talk to me although I try talking to him. He's afraid that he's different and that his classmates will laugh at him because his deafness," she said.

Ada and Eric were heart-broken and worried. After chatting with the couple, Sarah learned Oliver's sixth birthday was on Monday of the next week. Then, she made a secret plan for Oliver.

After school that day, Sarah sent a message to the parents of all the children in her class. In the message, she told them about Oliver's trouble. And she wanted them to encourage and ask their kids to come to school on Sunday to prepare a birthday party for Oliver: to decorate the classroom, prepare a birthday cake, etc. Then, Sarah put down her cell phone, wondering whether any parents would support it.

注意:

1. 续写词数应为150词左右;

2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Soon, her phone rang and received a message.

Oliver arrived at school and pushed the classroom's door open.



关于我们

自主选拔在线是致力于提供新高考生涯规划、强基计划、综合评价、三位一体、学科竞赛等政策资讯的升学服务平台。总部坐落于北京，旗下拥有网站（网址：www.zizzs.com）和微信公众平台等媒体矩阵，用户群体涵盖全国 90% 以上的重点中学师生及家长，在全国新高考、自主选拔领域首屈一指。

如需第一时间获取相关资讯及备考指南，请关注**自主选拔在线**官方微信信号：**zizzsw**。



微信搜一搜



自主选拔在线