

石校 联盟 2020 届 TOP300 高三尖子生联考  
全国 I 卷 英语

注意事项:

1. 本试卷分为四部分。
2. 答题前,考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在本试卷相应的位置。
3. 全部答案写在答题卡上,写在本试卷上无效。
4. 本试卷满分 150 分,测试时间 120 分钟。
5. 考试范围:高考全部内容。

第一部分 听力(共两节,满分 30 分)

做题时,先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后,你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节 (共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. Where does the conversation probably take place?  
A. In a classroom.                      B. In a library.                      C. In a bookstore.
2. How is the woman feeling now?  
A. Tired.                                      B. Relaxed.                              C. Excited.
3. How much will the woman pay for that fur coat?  
A. 1,200 yuan.                              B. 1,500 yuan.                              C. 3,000 yuan.
4. What are the speakers talking about?  
A. What to do.                              B. Where to meet.                              C. When to leave.
5. Why does the woman want to travel by bus?  
A. It's faster.                              B. It's more convenient.                              C. It's environmentally friendly.

第二节 (共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6、7 题。

6. Why does the woman apologize to the man?  
A. She erased his personal files.  
B. She lost his eraser after using it.  
C. She gave away his personal secrets.
7. What does the man ask the woman to do at last?  
A. Have his computer repaired.  
B. Buy a new computer for him.  
C. Stay away from his computer.

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听第7段材料,回答第8至10题。

8. How long has the man been a subscriber to *Reader*?  
A. One year. B. Two years. C. Three years.
9. Why didn't the woman subscribe to *Reader* any more?  
A. Her family members like *Fashion* more.  
B. Too many articles in it are not good.  
C. She couldn't afford to continue her subscription.
10. What can be seen on the table in the man's living room?  
A. *Reader*. B. Newspapers. C. *Fashion*.

听第8段材料,回答第11至13题。

11. What is the man doing?  
A. Making an appointment.  
B. Having a job interview.  
C. Helping the woman.
12. What does the man plan to do at 6:00 at first?  
A. See the doctor. B. Have dinner. C. Make a note.
13. When will the man see the doctor?  
A. Tomorrow morning. B. Tomorrow afternoon. C. This afternoon.

听第9段材料,回答第14至17题。

14. What do Chinese students use as a basis for communicating?  
A. Oral English. B. Written English. C. Everyday English.
15. Which way is hard to learn English in the woman's opinion?  
A. Pay attention to the fundamentals.  
B. Deal with matters of creativity.  
C. Concentrate on the use of words.
16. What does the woman suggest non-native speakers do while learning English?  
A. Try to avoid making many mistakes.  
B. Stop learning grammar from books.  
C. Quit worrying about making mistakes.
17. What is the relationship between the speakers?  
A. Colleagues.  
B. Classmates.  
C. Teacher and student.

听第10段材料,回答第18至20题。

18. What was the matter with Jason Esterhuizen?  
A. He's ill. B. He's blind. C. He's deaf.
19. What can Jason Esterhuizen do now with the help of Orion?  
A. Look at things clearly.  
B. Do everything by himself.  
C. Move about freely around him.
20. What's the result of the test?  
A. Hopeless. B. Amazing. C. Doubtful.

第二部分 阅读理解(共两节,满分 40 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题;每小题 2 分,满分 30 分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中,选出最佳选项。

A

As your one stop vacation planner, Vacations Made Easy has everything you need to book an unforgettable getaway. If you aren't sure where to go, check out our most popular destinations:

**Nashville, TN**

Nashville, TN is the capital of the state as well as the capital of country music. Nashville is where many of the most legendary performers got their start. There are many amazing activities to enjoy in Nashville, TN. For country music lovers, there truly is nothing better than witnessing a show at the legendary Grand Ole Opry.

**Myrtle Beach, SC**

Myrtle Beach, SC is known for its breathtaking beaches and adventures that offer up unique opportunities to create the most unforgettable memories. There are lots of awesome things to do in Myrtle Beach! No matter what sort of adventures you are looking to have, "if you're old enough", there is something for everyone.

**San Antonio, TX**

San Antonio, TX is home to the past of rich Texan and American history. Visit the Riverwalk, see the Alamo, and more in this fantastic city! Whether you want to get in some thrills at SeaWorld or see the shops, restaurants and entertainment of the Riverwalk on the Go Rio San Antonio Riverwalk Cruise, your trip to San Antonio will be a blast. Other favored activities include the City Sightseeing Hop-On/Hop-Off San Antonio Tour; Six Flags Fiesta Texas, San Antonio; and the San Antonio Attraction Pass.

**Pigeon Forge & Gatlinburg, TN**

Home to the Great Smoky Mountains, the Pigeon Forge & Gatlinburg area of Tennessee is a must-see. This gorgeous region is filled with natural wonders, amazing shows, and lodging to suit your needs. Create new memories and enjoy the beauty of the Smokies when you visit these cities! The Smokies are known for the entertainment offered within its shadow! There are also plenty of fun opportunities for outdoor adventure and more in this area! From kids to adults, there is something for everyone here.

21. Where can you go if you like coastal views and oceanic adventures?

A. Nashville, TN.

B. Myrtle Beach, SC.

C. San Antonio, TX.

D. Pigeon Forge & Gatlinburg, TN.

22. What can you do when visiting San Antonio?

A. Taste a combination of history.

B. Enjoy the beauty of the hills.

C. Admire the atmosphere of music.

D. Have a visit to modern attractions.

23. What is special about Pigeon Forge & Gatlinburg?

A. It gives shows all year round.

B. It presents famous musical works.

C. It may appeal to all ages.

D. It is famous for its culture.

B

I once worked as a substitute teacher at a juvenile detention center (少年拘留中心). There were only 24 students in the entire school then, and all of them except one seemed to be cooperating. He was Tom. The one holdout would come into my reading class, sit at his desk, and do nothing for ninety minutes. If he failed his classes, he would either be sent to the normal prison or have to repeat his sentence at this school, and he was already repeating once. I needed to reach this student so he wouldn't be sent to the normal prison.



28. What will Melbourne Girls' College do to move towards zero waste?
- A. Get rid of all its bins. B. Clean all the bins in time.  
C. Prohibit eating chips. D. Use recyclable bins completely.
29. What can be inferred from children using only reusable packaging?
- A. They don't need inspecting. B. They go to the store freely.  
C. They may be rewarded. D. They'll get free food.
30. What does Greta Thunberg say about the school's acts?
- A. No pains, no gains. B. Practice makes perfect.  
C. Never say never. D. Individual counts.
31. What made Ms. McIntosh get the no-bins idea?
- A. Some parents' advice. B. National park guidelines.  
C. A study of her students. D. The harm of micro plastics.

D

Wildfires have been a serious problem in the western state of California. Last year, the Camp Fire, in northern California, became the deadliest U. S. wildfire in a century. State officials blamed the Camp Fire for 86 deaths. Officials say it destroyed more than 18,000 buildings, most of them homes. A new report notes that a large majority of wildfires often start from the places where humans have just left, such as along roadsides, in campgrounds and around electrical equipment.

Firefighters often use chemical fire retardants (阻燃剂) to put out fires. Fire retardants are materials that can stop or slow the spread of fires. But firefighting crews currently use them only as a kind of reactive tool. This is because the chemical treatments are not designed to stay on trees or other vegetation for long periods. They can quickly disappear because of environmental and weather conditions.

Luckily, researchers have developed a long-lasting, environmentally safe substance. The thick liquid tested by the Stanford University team was found to extend the life of the fire retardants without harming the environment. Such a treatment could open up possibilities for firefighters to take preventive actions before fires even start, notes Eric Appel, a professor of materials science and engineering at Stanford.

The testing found that the material "provides complete fire protection even after half an inch of rainfall", the study said. Under the same conditions, commonly used fire retardants provided little or no protection from fire.

The researchers said they continue to test the treatment with state transportation and fire officials. This includes one of the biggest high-risk areas for the start of wildfires: roadsides.

Alan Peters is a CalFire chief who took part in some of the test burns. "We don't have a tool that's comparable to this," he said. "It has the potential to definitely reduce the number of fires."

Eric Appel said he hopes the new treatment "can open the door to identifying and treating high-risk areas to protect people's lives and livelihoods".

32. What causes large numbers of wildfires in northern California?
- A. Natural disasters. B. Human activities. C. Extremely hot weather. D. The special location.
33. Which is one of its shortcomings of chemical fire retardants?
- A. Unstable. B. Impermanent. C. Harmful. D. Smelly.
34. What does Alan Peters think of the new substance?
- A. He is doubtful about its safety. B. He thinks it hard to control.  
C. He thinks highly of it. D. He thinks it imperfect.

35 Where is this text most likely from?

A. A diary.

B. A novel.

C. A guidebook.

D. A magazine.

第二节 (共5小题;每小题2分,满分10分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

There are very few things more pleasant than hiking through the great outdoors. The sun warming your shoulders, nature all around you, and an incredible view before you — trails can truly be paradise. 36 It is incredibly important to prepare for a hiking trip, and to know what to do once you get out onto the trail.

Start small. If this is your first time hiking, you should choose a relatively easy hike. 37 If you rarely ever go out into nature, you might want to stick with a flat one or two mile track. For others who exercise regularly, an easy five mile round trip hike may be more your style — it's really up to you. Just don't push yourself too hard your first time out.

38 Depending on the length of your hike, you may consider bringing different things. In general, however, you should always bring some sort of energy-boosting snack, a knife of some kind, a compass and map, a flashlight and matches or a lighter. 39 Just remember that you don't want to weigh yourself down with unnecessary items. Always bring plenty of water, though.

Take only pictures, leave only footprints. This is a saying we are taught when we are young but it remains true. 40 Do not throw your trash on the ground, disturb the peace by talking at the top of your lungs. Do not take rocks, plants or animals with you when you leave the trail — if you do, you are ruining the beautiful ecosystems around you. To be a true hiker, you must respect nature.

A. Bring lots of water.

B. Pack your backpack.

C. The wilderness is a place of beauty that must be respected.

D. However, hiking can also be dangerous if not done properly.

E. Look for short day hikes that are a manageable distance for your abilities.

F. You should also consider bringing an extra layer of clothing in case the weather changes suddenly.

G. Beginning hikers should stick together or go with more experienced hikers before they head out on the trail by themselves.

第三部分 语言知识运用(共两节,满分45分)

第一节 (共20小题;每小题1.5分,满分30分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Not two months after my initial 5K, a friend invited me to run a half marathon. This wasn't a small three-mile 41 I needed to face. Could I really run for more than 13 miles? I began to 42. I worried I would 43 myself in front of my relatives coming to cheer me on. But here was my chance. So I 44 and started training under the guidance of professional coaches. I didn't give up though I learned running six or seven miles was not a 45.

The beginning few miles that day passed 46 as I took in the sights and enjoyed the event atmosphere. At mile 5, my friend began to 47. I didn't. At mile 8, my legs started to 48 because of my previous injury, but I kept going. At mile 11, I was 49 because I was still full of energy. Feeling great, I looked over to my friend that walked just now, joking, "Do you just want to run the whole marathon?" Of course, the comment earned me many 50 from those around us, but it proved something to me. I'd 51 much more than I thought possible.

Now having been a 52 for more than three years, with several 5Ks and four half marathons 53,

I have more events planned for this year and the 54 of a full marathon in the near future. I've run through cities, parks, and beaches. I've run in rain and snow. I've run through quitting and 55. I kept going though I've wanted to 56 a hundred times. I got more than I ever 57.

And now I know; I can do things that seem 58. I can always keep moving forward — no matter what's going on around me or 59 me, no matter who is or isn't at my side. I can run through anything as long as I push past my 60.

- |                   |                |               |               |
|-------------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| 41. A. experiment | B. chance      | C. experience | D. challenge  |
| 42. A. guess      | B. inquire     | C. hesitate   | D. complain   |
| 43. A. refresh    | B. embarrass   | C. prove      | D. lose       |
| 44. A. signed up  | B. gathered up | C. joined up  | D. opened up  |
| 45. A. case       | B. joke        | C. problem    | D. matter     |
| 46. A. smoothly   | B. slowly      | C. cautiously | D. casually   |
| 47. A. escape     | B. rest        | C. walk       | D. wander     |
| 48. A. shake      | B. fold        | C. break      | D. hurt       |
| 49. A. astonished | B. pleased     | C. ashamed    | D. excited    |
| 50. A. prides     | B. glares      | C. laughs     | D. cheers     |
| 51. A. deserted   | B. forgot      | C. achieved   | D. discovered |
| 52. A. player     | B. coach       | C. writer     | D. runner     |
| 53. A. urged      | B. explored    | C. counted    | D. conquered  |
| 54. A. joy        | B. reason      | C. goal       | D. intention  |
| 55. A. repeating  | B. restarting  | C. reflecting | D. resisting  |
| 56. A. improve    | B. polish      | C. quit       | D. reform     |
| 57. A. permitted  | B. desired     | C. prepared   | D. imagined   |
| 58. A. impossible | B. imperfect   | C. unfair     | D. unusual    |
| 59. A. out        | B. within      | C. off        | D. for        |
| 60. A. strengths  | B. ambitions   | C. limits     | D. attempts   |

## 第二节 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Lego has come under increasing pressure to reduce its carbon footprint during growing international alarm about the influence of plastic waste 61 the environment. Lego reportedly emits around a million tons of carbon dioxide each year, with about three-quarters 62 (come) from raw materials that go into factories. It manufactures 19 billion pieces per year, 63 are mostly made of plastic and much of the internal packaging is also plastic.

Lego is considering a brick rental scheme in 64 attempt to cut down on plastic waste. The Danish toymaker has decided to do what they can 65 (make) all its bricks from sustainable sources by 2030 and is investing significant resources into finding alternatives. Tim Brooks, vice-president responsible for sustainability, said the company was “66 (total) open” to the idea of a product rental scheme but acknowledged that lost pieces could pose a significant problem. Meanwhile, he said the rental scheme was “possible” but 67 (admit) there were some “technical barriers”, one of which is the 68 (difficult) of playing with so many Lego kits, many of which contain thousands of pieces.

“There is a lot of technical thinking that needs to be done. We are right at the beginning of that.” Mr Brooks said Lego was exploring several 69 (idea) with a view to producing the highest value from

products while consuming the least amount of resources. So far, the sole breakthrough 70 (be) the development of a line of bricks made from plant-based plastic sourced from sugarcane.

#### 第四部分 写作(共两节,满分 35 分)

##### 第一节 短文改错(共 10 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 10 分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文,请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误,每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加:在缺词处加一个漏字符号(Λ),并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除:把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉。

修改:在错的词下划一横线,并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意:1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词;

2. 只允许修改 10 处,多者(从第 11 处起)不计分。

Here are some significant Chinese customs for you. First, we greeted each other by saying "Hello" or asking such questions like "Where are you going" or "Are you busy" to express our care. Second, when being praised, we reply with "Oh, no" or "I'm over-praised" to show good manners. Additional, when receiving the gift, we usually say "It's unnecessary" as well as "Thanks" to show politeness and then put them away. Finally, at dinner parties, we talk loudly and touch glasses when drinking to someone's healths or success show that we're warm. Anyhow, different cultures have different customs. If you do as the Romans do when in Rome, you'll enjoy even much of your stay right there.

##### 第二节 书面表达(满分 25 分)

假定你是李华,你校将举办“读经典,谈体会”座谈会。请写封邮件邀请你的英国朋友 Allen 参加,内容包括:

1. 时间;

2. 安排;

3. 发言。

注意:1. 词数 100 左右;

2. 可以适当增加细节,以使行文连贯。