

高三英语

考生注意：

1. 本试卷分选择题和非选择题两部分。满分 150 分，考试时间 120 分钟。
2. 答题前，考生务必用直径 0.5 毫米黑色墨水签字笔将密封线内项目填写清楚。
3. 考生作答时，请将答案答在答题卡上。选择题每小题选出答案后，用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑；非选择题请用直径 0.5 毫米黑色墨水签字笔在答题卡上各题的答题区域内作答，**超出答题区域书写的答案无效，在试题卷、草稿纸上作答无效。**
4. 本卷命题范围：高考范围。

第一部分 听力(共两节,满分 30 分)

第一节 (共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What are the speakers mainly talking about?
A. Lydia's exercise routines. B. A birthday gift for Lydia. C. How to make a birthday cake.
2. What does the man ask the woman to do for him?
A. Take a photo. B. Stop the bus. C. Tell the direction.
3. What does the woman suggest the man do?
A. Call his friends. B. Talk to Kate. C. Change an office.
4. Where does the conversation probably take place?
A. At home. B. In a supermarket. C. In a restaurant.
5. What does the woman mean?
A. She will put on more clothes.
B. She needs to have some fresh air.
C. She wants to keep the window closed.

第二节 (共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。更多试题与答案,关注微信公众号:三晋高中指南

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6、7 题。

6. Where is the man going to work this summer?
A. At a hotel. B. At school. C. On a farm.
7. How much does the man earn every day except Sunday?
A. About \$ 15. B. About \$ 75. C. About \$ 90.

听第 7 段材料,回答第 8、9 题。

8. When will the man graduate?
A. This term. B. Three terms later. C. Five terms later.

9. What does the man plan to do shortly after graduation?
A. Work as a programmer. B. Start his own business. C. Travel around the world.

听第 8 段材料, 回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. Why does the woman call the man?
A. To book a hotel room for a night.
B. To consult about the room services.
C. To ask for changes to a reservation.
11. When will the woman leave the hotel?
A. On September 16. B. On September 23. C. On September 24.

12. What is the woman's requirement for her room?
A. It has a good view. B. It is on the ground floor. C. It costs less than \$ 179.

听第 9 段材料, 回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. When does the woman plan to go boating?
A. On Friday. B. On Saturday. C. On Sunday.
14. Where will the woman stay in Keswick?
A. In a camp. B. In a country inn. C. In a five-star hotel.
15. What will the man do this weekend?
A. Visit his relatives. B. Do some shopping. C. Watch DVDs.
16. What is the most probable relationship between the speakers?
A. Friends. B. Husband and wife. C. Guide and traveler.

听第 10 段材料, 回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. Who is the speaker?
A. An engineer. B. A program host. C. A new graduate.
18. What does Wang Ming want to know about?
A. The traditional months for graduations.
B. How to get an engineering degree quickly.
C. College graduates' job seeking in America.
19. What did the latest study indicate about the college job market in America this year?
A. It was not promising. B. It was unchangeable. C. It was quite optimistic.
20. Why are engineering graduates more likely to accept jobs?
A. They need more working experience.
B. Their professional option is restricted.
C. They usually get satisfactory payment.

第二部分 阅读理解(共两节, 满分 40 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 30 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项。

A

Best Summer Camps for Teenagers 2022

Catalina Sea Camp

Catalina Sea Camp is an adventure camp in Catalina Island, California. It's perfect for kids aged 8~17 who enjoy being out in the ocean and participating in thrilling water sports and activities. It also has an educational aspect, focusing on marine(海洋的) biology, making it perfect for those interested in a future career in the field.

“It was a lesson I’ll never forget,” said Gundotra. “CEOs should care about details. Even shades of yellow. On a Sunday.”

24. Where was Vic Gundotra when Steve Jobs called him?
A. In a church. B. In his office. C. At home. D. In a gym.
25. How did Vic Gundotra feel when he called Steve Jobs?
A. Pleased. B. Annoyed. C. Upset. D. Excited.
26. What was Steve Jobs' problem?
A. He found the second letter missing in an icon.
B. He was not happy with the design of Apple's icons.
C. A letter in an icon didn't appear in the precise color.
D. He was worried about Google's unfavorable reaction.
27. What can be a suitable title for the text?
A. Steve Jobs' Advice for New Managers
B. A Story About Steve Jobs' Attention to Details
C. The Difficulty of Getting Along With Steve Jobs
D. Steve Jobs' Contribution to the Success of iPhones

C

Tales of the homework-burdened American students have become common, but are these stories the exception or the rule?

The National Education Association recommends that homework time increase by ten minutes per year in school. For example, a third grader would have 30 minutes of homework, while a seventh grader would have 70 minutes. Studies have found that schools tend to follow these guidelines.

A study out of the University of Michigan found that students aged six to eight spend 29 minutes doing homework per night while 9- to 12-year-old students spend 50 minutes doing homework. For high school students, they spend an average of 6.8 hours on homework outside of school per week.

To be more specific, 45 percent of students in grades three to 12 spend more than an hour a night doing homework, including the six percent of students who report spending more than three hours a night on their homework. The study also found that 70 percent of students in grades three to 12 had at least one homework assignment in math each day. 62 percent had at least one homework assignment in a language class (English, reading, spelling, or creative writing courses) every two days and 42 percent had at least one in a science class each week.

Regardless of how much homework kids are actually doing every night, most parents and teachers are happy with the way things are: 60 percent of parents think that their children have the “right amount of homework”, and 73 percent of teachers think their school assigns the right amount of homework.

Students, however, are not necessarily on board: 30 percent of students in grades seven through 12 and 28 percent of students in grades three through six report being “very often/often” stressed out by their homework.

28. How much time are ninth graders recommended to spend on their daily homework?
A. 30 minutes. B. 50 minutes. C. 70 minutes. D. 90 minutes.
29. What are the statistics in paragraph 3 about?
A. The actual amount of homework for different subjects.
B. The unbalanced homework burdens in different schools.
C. The recommended daily homework for different students.
D. The average time different graders spend on daily homework.

30. Which subject has daily homework?
A. Language. B. Art. C. Math. D. Science.
31. What can be inferred about the amount of homework in the US?
A. The majority of students feel stressed out.
B. It might be reduced just for some students.
C. The government guidelines are not scientific.
D. Most parents and teachers are unhappy with it.

D

Sales of green tea are rising in the US and the UK, driven largely by evidence of the health benefits. So it's funny that a little over a century ago, this so-called super-food was considered as super-toxic.

"For most of the 19th century, there was less concern about the dangers of taking drugs than there was about the negative side effects of drinking green tea," writes Matthew Sweet in his book *Inventing the Victorians*. "Readers of Victorian journalism were used to seeing reports that green tea led to horrible illnesses. Therefore, tea drinkers eventually turned to black tea."

To be fair, the refusal of green tea should be blamed to the businessmen. Though both black and green teas are made from the leaves of the same plant, black tea is drier than the green tea, so more could be packed into the ship with lower risk of damage. But the real problem with green tea was that dishonest businessmen added the leaves of other plants to the tea leaves in order to increase the weight. Adulterated(掺假) tea was so common that when shops in London attempted to sell pure green tea, people just refused to buy it because it was considered the "wrong" color.

Fears of drinking green tea were heightened in 1839 by a paper in the famous British medical journal *The Lancet*. In the paper, Dr. George Sigmond studied the positive and negative effects of tea. While stating that green tea had medical benefits and was a great improvement on alcohol, he warned against overuse. He described a case, in which a woman was attacked with terrible pain at the stomach. He blamed her symptoms, on solid evidence, to drinking strong green tea on an empty stomach, first thing in the morning, without mixing it with milk, cream or sugar.

Of course, this toxic of the Victorian sitting room has now had its reputation firmly restored. Science has shown that green tea has been linked to health benefits like lower risk of stroke and some kinds of cancer.

32. What does the underlined word "super-toxic" in paragraph 1 refer to?
A. A dangerous poison. B. A healthy diet.
C. An unreliable cure. D. A pleasant drink.
33. What was the real problem that turned tea drinkers away from green tea?
A. High price. B. Negative news coverage.
C. Medical evidence. D. Widespread adulteration.
34. Which of the following best describes Dr. George Sigmond's paper?
A. Misleading. B. Unscientific.
C. Balanced. D. Confusing.
35. What is the author's purpose in writing the text?
A. To advertise the health benefits of green tea.
B. To explain the changed tastes for green tea.
C. To expose the dishonesty of the businessmen.
D. To warn the negative side effects of overdrinking.

第二节 (共5小题;每小题2分,满分10分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Four Qualities That Make You Attractive to Others

There is something many people gets wrong about attraction. 36 The reality is that attraction usually has more to do with personality characteristics than appearance. What follows are four qualities that can make you highly attractive to others.

Have control over your emotions(情绪). It's not easy to always have control over your emotions. And people who do are extremely attractive. Have control over your emotions so that your emotions don't control you. Allow yourself to think about what you're going to say. 37

Laugh at yourself. It's not what happens to us that makes us feel stressed. 38 Every time you laugh at yourself, you decide to minimize something that could affect you negatively. Laughing at yourself is an attractive quality, as it means you don't take yourself too seriously.

39 When you show your warmth, people see you as respectful and friendly. Also, they see you as someone approachable. A warm person says hello to and cares about you after your long and tough day. This quality is important for you to build meaningful relationships.

Give plenty of space. The secret to long-lasting relationships is space, because time apart helps each partner recharge and bring positive energy into the relationship. 40 They don't let others breathe. Instead, those who let others have their space when they need it are extremely attractive.

- A. Be warm.
- B. Controlling people are unattractive.
- C. Don't be too quick to show warmth.
- D. It's how we react to it that affects us.
- E. They should develop a sense of humor.
- F. Take your time to cool down and reorganize your thoughts.
- G. They think they have to look beautiful to be accepted by others.

第三部分 语言知识运用(共两节,满分45分)

第一节 (共20小题;每小题1.5分,满分30分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

In 2017, Sharon Cohen founded an after-school program in Harlem after a group of parents invited her to teach their daughters how to skate. It began as a circle where they could express themselves. Now, it has 41 to serve over 170 schoolchildren between the ages of 6 and 18.

"As I think about the 42, there is one video that stands out in my mind. It is about the 43 at the 2020 United States Figure Skating Championships," Ms. Cohen said. "Jonni Carter and Raven Williams, who had been so shy when they just 44 the circle, skated with so much 45 and ease that whenever I think about it tears begin to 46 in my eyes. Their achievements are really beyond my 47 expectation."

Actually, the program had not 48 to be a training ground for future national 49 or Olympians. Instead, the program's goals covered, and still covers, three key 50: figure skating, academic and leadership development. The figure skating includes 51 just twice a week. The 52 part, which Ms. Cohen stresses is equally 53, is designed to help the children improve their skills in reading, writing and math. The leadership training activities 54 cooperation and dealing with conflicts. Each week, they 55 about 10 to 11 hours on the program. The three parts of the program work together to 56 them physically, academically and emotionally.

“When I skated I just felt free,” said Jonni Carter, who joined the program at age 16. “When I was skating on the ice, the wind pushed against me and I just felt like I’m 57 .”

“This program has worked very 58 for me,” said Raven Williams, 13. “It has not only helped me improve my skating and 59 skills, it has also built up my 60 and made me feel more confident.”

- | | | | |
|---------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 41. A. decided | B. failed | C. refused | D. developed |
| 42. A. parents | B. girls | C. workers | D. teachers |
| 43. A. difficulties | B. losses | C. competitions | D. accidents |
| 44. A. joined | B. left | C. founded | D. drew |
| 45. A. anxiety | B. courage | C. confidence | D. convenience |
| 46. A. dry | B. form | C. disappear | D. drop |
| 47. A. wildest | B. worst | C. latest | D. lowest |
| 48. A. attended | B. appealed | C. belonged | D. aimed |
| 49. A. athletes | B. scientists | C. coaches | D. doctors |
| 50. A. acres | B. houses | C. areas | D. playgrounds |
| 51. A. rest | B. instruction | C. instrument | D. magic |
| 52. A. moving | B. spare | C. fun | D. academic |
| 53. A. successful | B. interesting | C. important | D. demanding |
| 54. A. carry on | B. lead to | C. turn to | D. focus on |
| 55. A. waste | B. spend | C. reduce | D. save |
| 56. A. test | B. check | C. support | D. hurt |
| 57. A. flying | B. falling | C. fighting | D. reading |
| 58. A. hard | B. well | C. desperately | D. curiously |
| 59. A. learning | B. driving | C. cooking | D. running |
| 60. A. experience | B. fluency | C. self-respect | D. value |

第二节 (共10小题;每小题1.5分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

What would it be like to walk around Olympia when the ancient Olympic Games were being held? An unusual partnership between Microsoft and Greece’s Ministry of Culture and Sport is offering tourists the answer.

The ministry 61 (approve) the project 18 months ago, after reaching an 62 (agree) with Microsoft to build three data centers in Athens. As agreed, the ministry will map and build virtual representations at Olympia, a site used for nearly a thousand years 63 (host) the games in ancient Greece, while Microsoft provides augmented reality (AR) technology to recreate temples and competition areas in the ancient city of Olympia. After 64 (it) completion, tourists will be able to virtually visit inside and outside the buildings in 65 ancient Olympians had competed in different sports through Microsoft’s HoloLens eyeglasses. Currently the headset costs around \$3,500. But as tech companies are racing to deliver AR equipment, the costs are decreasing 66 (rapid).

“It’s 67 milestone that has helped us bring technology, culture 68 history together so we can preserve them,” Microsoft President Brad Smith said. “I hope that cheaper AR equipment and 69 (fast) Internet connections might put it within mainstream applications like tourism and provide us with the most powerful educational tool ever 70 (invent) within a couple of years.”

第四部分 写作(共两节,满分 35 分)

第一节 短文改错(共 10 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 10 分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文,请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误,每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。更多试题与答案,关注微信公众号:三晋高中指南

增加:在缺词处加一个漏字符号(∧),并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除:把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉。

修改:在错的词下划一横线,并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意:1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词;

2. 只允许修改 10 处,多者(从第 11 处起)不计分。

Although autumn leaves are very beauty all around the world, the colorful leaves in Beijing's Xiangshan Park is really unique. The explosion of colors across the park is an amazed sight that only Mother Nature can provide. The fall scenery of the park never disappoints and pretty sights can be found everywhere, regardless the weather.

Each autumn, people in Beijing will squeeze in their last gatherings in the park after winter settles in. It is a perfect season for outdoor exploration with some of their friend. Visitors will took off their jackets at the noon as the sun shines brightly in the sky. They will ride bikes, or walk along the parkways that offer him a chance to take in the sights before they are sending back indoors until spring.

第二节 书面表达(满分 25 分)

假定你是李华,与交换生 Leslie 约好一起去博物馆,现因故不能赴约。请你给他写封邮件,内容包括:

1. 表示歉意;
2. 说明原因;
3. 另约时间。

注意:1. 词数 100 左右;

2. 可以适当增加细节,以使行文连贯。

高三英语参考答案、提示及评分细则

听力部分录音稿

(Text 1)

W: What are we going to get for Lydia's birthday?

M: How about a pair of running shoes?

W: You know she hates doing exercise.

M: Then I guess we can buy her a birthday cake.

(Text 2)

M: Excuse me. Do you have time to help take a picture of us?

W: Oh, I'm sorry. I've got to catch a bus.

M: That's OK.

(Text 3)

M: It really annoys me when Kate calls her friends during office hours.

W: If I were you, I would tell her to stop.

M: Maybe you're right. I will talk to her sometime.

(Text 4)

M: Here's the menu, Madame. Would you like something to drink?

W: Yes, please. May I see the wine list?

M: Certainly. Here you are.

(Text 5)

M: We need to have some fresh air. Do you mind my opening the window?

W: As a matter of fact, I'm feeling a bit cold.

(Text 6)

M: Guess what I'll be doing this summer?

W: What?

M: I'm going to work at the Riverside Hotel.

W: What exactly will you be doing?

M: Let's see. I'll be doing some small repairs inside and outside the hotel. I'll be cutting grass and taking care of the flowers.

W: Sounds interesting. What's the pay?

M: Well, uh... about fifteen dollars an hour, five hours a day, and Sunday free.

W: That's good money. What are you going to do with it?

M: I'll pay for the textbooks for next term.

(Text 7)

M: Hi, Sue. How's it going?

W: Oh, hi, Frank, just fine. How are your classes?

M: Pretty good. I'm glad this is my last term here, though.

W: Why is that? I thought you were enjoying school.

M: I was. But now I'm getting tired of it. I'm ready for the real world.

W: What are you planning to do when you graduate?

M: First, I want to get a job as a computer programmer, and then after five years or so, I'd like to start my own business.

W: Sounds good. I still have three terms to go until I'm done.

M: You'll make it for sure. Well, see you later.

W: Bye!

(Text 8)

M: Hello, Milton Hotel Reservations. How may I assist you?

W: Hi, I'm calling to make some changes to an existing reservation.

M: Certainly. Do you have the reservation number?

【高三10月质量检测·英语参考答案 第1页(共4页)】

W: Sure, it's 219.
M: That's a reservation for Sally Menkel. Is that right?
W: Yes, that's right. I'd like to change the check-in date from September 15 to September 16.
M: Certainly. I can make that change for you. Is that the only change?
W: No, the check-out date will also change from the 23rd to the 24th.
M: No problem. We have you arriving on the 16th of September and leaving the 24th of September—altogether, eight nights. Will there be anything else?
W: Yes. Instead of a courtyard room, I'd like a room with a view, preferably on an upper floor.
M: I can certainly change that for you, but there will be a change in the room rate. The new rate is \$199 per night, instead of the original \$179.
W: That's OK. These are all the changes. Thank you very much.
M: You're welcome. Have a nice day!

(Text 9)

W: Gordon, I'm going to Keswick in the Lake District this weekend.
M: Really?
W: Yeah, five of us. Why don't you join us? We're getting to Keswick on Friday. Then we're going boating on Saturday. And on Sunday, we're going to do some shopping. Then I will take some time to visit my aunt Lucy.
M: You're not going to camp, are you? Isn't it a bit cold?
W: No, we're not. It is a bit cold. We're staying in a country inn. It's not like five-star hotels or anything. But it's really comfortable.
M: Hmm, sounds interesting. You know, it's the boating that I don't like.
W: Well, what are you up to?
M: Sit on my sofa all weekend and watch the DVDs I've just bought. And that will be a busy weekend. I may finish watching *Friends*.
W: I don't know how you can do that all weekend, Gordon. I'd get bored.
M: I know, I know. But that's really what I want to do.

(Text 10)

M: Hello. Welcome to the program. In America, May and June are the traditional months for graduations. A listener in China, Wang Ming, who is about to get an engineering degree, wants to know how American college graduates find jobs. Right now, the answer is; not very easily. A latest study on the college job market showed that employers wanted to hire 22% fewer graduates this year than last. The study also showed that just 20% of those who looked for jobs before graduation have found one by now. This is compared to half of students who had looked for a job by this time two years ago. But one difference; fewer of this year's graduates have started to search for jobs. Engineering graduates were more likely to have started their job search already, and to have accepted a job. This is among the best-paid professions for people with just a college degree. On average, engineering majors expect to start at about \$62,000 a year.

参考答案

1~5 BABCC 6~10 ABAAC 11~15 CABBC 16~20 ABCAC

【答案与解析】

本文是一篇应用文。文章主要介绍了四个青少年夏令营的相关信息。

21. B 细节理解题。根据 **Catalina Sea Camp** 部分“Catalina Sea Camp is an adventure camp in Catalina Island, California. It's perfect for kids aged 8~17 who enjoy being out in the ocean and participating in thrilling water sports and activities.”可知,该夏令营的营员可以玩水上运动。更多试题与答案,关注微信公众号:三晋高中指南
22. A 细节理解题。根据 **Camp Wicosuta** 部分“This particular summer camp is intended specially for teenage girls that want to spend a little time outdoors.”可知,该夏令营的目标营员是女性青少年。
23. A 细节理解题。根据 **iD Tech Camp** 部分“iD Tech Camp is a virtual technology camp for teens. At their online camp...”及 **Fusion Academy College Camp** 部分“They offer the unique college camp on the Internet...”可知,这两个夏令营的共同之处是他们都是在网上进行的。

【答案与解析】

本文是一篇记叙文。文章讲述了苹果公司已故的首席执行官 Steve Jobs 十分注重细节的故事。

24. A 推理判断题。根据第一段“On a Sunday morning in 2008, Vic Gundotra received a call during a religious service.”可推断, Vic Gundotra 当时是在教堂做礼拜。

【高三10月质量检测·英语参考答案 第2页(共4页)】

25. C 细节理解题。根据第四段“Vic Gundotra laughed nervously, . . . He was worried what had happened.”可知, Vic Gundotra 在回电话时心里很紧张。
26. C 细节理解题。根据第五段“‘I’ve been looking at the Google logo on the iPhone and I’m not happy with the icon(图标). The second O in Google doesn’t have the right yellow color.’”可知, Steve Jobs 所谓的紧急问题是他发现 Google 徽标中的第二个字母 O 的黄色在 iPhone 上显示不太正常。
27. B 标题判断题。本文通过 Vic Gundotra 与 Steve Jobs 之间的一次交往来说明 Steve Jobs 十分注重细节。

【答案与解析】

本文是一篇说明文。在美国,经常可以听到“学生家庭作业太重了”的呼声。实际情况如何,请看下面的数据统计及分析。

28. D 推理判断题。根据第二段“The National Education Association recommends that homework time increase by ten minutes per year in school.”可推断,九年级学生做家庭作业的时间是 90 分钟。
29. D 细节理解题。第三段是对小学、初中及高中各年龄段的日均家庭作业量的统计。
30. C 细节理解题。根据第四段中的各科家庭作业的频率可知,数学最高,达到了每天至少一次。
31. B 推理判断题。根据最后两段的数据可推断,对近三分之一的孩子来说,作业量还可以减少些。

【答案与解析】

本文是一篇说明文。绿茶在欧美日益流行。可是,在十八世纪绿茶却被看成是超级毒药。这种超级大反转的原因是什么呢?请看作者的解释。更多试题与答案,关注微信公众号:三晋高中指南

32. A 词义猜测题。根据第二段“‘For most of the 19th century, there was less concern about the dangers of taking drugs than there was about the negative side effects of drinking green tea.’”可推断,“super-toxic”指的是“危险的毒药”。
33. D 细节理解题。根据第三段“‘But the real problem with green tea was that dishonest businessmen added the leaves of other plants to the tea leaves in order to increase the weight.’”可知,无良商人掺假才是人们放弃绿茶的根本原因。
34. C 细节理解题。根据第四段“‘In the paper, Dr. George Sigmond studied the positive and negative effects of tea. While stating that green tea had medical benefits and was a great improvement on alcohol, he warned against overuse.’”可知,该研究既涉及饮绿茶的好处,也提示了空腹暴饮可能带来的问题,因此该论文是客观、公正的。
35. B 推理判断题。根据第一段及最后一段可推断,本文主要是解释人们在过去两个多世纪里对绿茶的偏好变化的原因。

【答案与解析】

本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了让个人具有魅力的四种个性特征。

36. G 根据空前“‘There is something many people gets wrong about attraction.’”及空后“‘The reality is that attraction usually has more to do with personality characteristics than appearance.’”可知,G项“他们认为他们必须看起来漂亮才能被别人接受”符合。
37. F 根据空前的内容,尤其是“‘Have control over your emotions(情绪).’”及“‘Allow yourself to think about what you’re going to say.’”可知,F项“花点时间冷静下来,重新组织你的想法”符合。
38. D 根据空前“‘It’s not what happens to us that makes us feel stressed.’”及空后“‘Every time you laugh at yourself, you decide to minimize something that could affect you negatively.’”可知,D项“影响我们的是我们如何应对发生在我们身上的事情”符合。
39. A 根据空后的内容,尤其是“‘When you show your warmth. . .’”及“‘A warm person. . .’”可知,A项“要做一个温暖的人”符合。
40. B 根据空前“‘Give plenty of space.’”及空后“‘They don’t let others breathe. Instead, those who let others have their space when they need it are extremely attractive.’”可知,B项“控制欲强的人没有吸引力”符合。

【答案与解析】

本文是一篇记叙文。2017年,Sharon Cohen 应一群女孩的家长的要求创建了一个课外活动项目。该项目不但提高了孩子们的学习及领导技能,还培养出了国家级的花样滑冰运动员。

41. D 2017年,Sharon Cohen 创建那个花样滑冰项目时只是希望给几个女孩一个自由表达的机会。没想到几年后该项目却发展(developed)成一个拥有 170 多个成员的课外活动。
42. B 根据第一段“‘In 2017, Sharon Cohen founded an after-school program in Harlem after a group of parents invited her to teach their daughters how to skate.’”可知,这个项目只收女孩(girls)。
43. C 根据空后“‘. . . at the 2020 United States Figure Skating Championships,’”可知,Sharon Cohen 脑海中浮现的是那场比赛(competitions)的场面。
44. A Sharon Cohen 回忆起 Jonni Carter 及 Raven Williams 刚参加(joined)她的项目时的情景。那时,她们那么羞怯。
45. C 可是,她们在 2020 年美国花样滑冰冠军赛上却表现得那样自信(confidence)。
46. B 每当她想起这个场面,眼睛里就会涌出(form)热泪。
47. A 她们的表现大大地超出了她当初最大胆的(wildest)期望。
48. D 事实上,创建该项目的最初目标并不是为了(aimed)培养国家级的运动员(athletes)或奥运选手。
49. A 见上题解析。

【高三 10 月质量检测·英语参考答案 第 3 页(共 4 页)】

50. C 因此,该项目包括了三个核心领域(areas):花样滑冰、学习辅导及领导技能的培养。
 51. B 花样滑冰每周仅有两次课(instruction)。
 52. D 她认为同样重要的(important)学业(academic)辅导部分主要是培养孩子们的读写及数学能力。
 53. C 见上题解析。
 54. D 领导能力课程则聚焦于(focus on)团队合作及冲突的处理上。
 55. B 孩子们每周在该项目上花费(spend)的时间是10到11个小时。
 56. C 这三个模块综合在一起促进(support)孩子们在身体、学术及领导能力方面的发展。
 57. A 每当 Jonni Carter 开始滑冰时,她都能感受到迎面吹来的微风。这给她一种飞(flying)一样的感觉。
 58. B 另一位受训者 Raven Williams 也感到该项目对自己很有(well)帮助。
 59. A 它不但提高了她的学习(learning)技能,也提高了她的自尊(self-respect),让她感到更加自信。
 60. C 见上题解析。

【答案与解析】

本文是一篇新闻报道。文章主要介绍了微软公司与希腊文化体育部刚刚达成的一个数字旅游协议。根据该协议,微软公司将利用其虚拟增强技术帮助推广奥林匹克运动会的诞生地古希腊奥林匹亚。

61. approved 考查动词时态。根据空后的时间状语 18 months ago 可知,该句叙述的是过去发生的事,故用所给动词的过去式。
 62. agreement 考查词形转换。根据该空前的冠词 an 可知,所填词作 reach 的宾语,故用所给动词的名词形式 agreement。
 63. to host 考查非谓语动词。分析该句成分可知,此处用所给动词的不定式作目的状语。
 64. its 考查代词。此处用形容词性物主代词修饰后面的名词 completion。
 65. which 考查定语从句。分析该句成分可知,该句是由“介词+关系代词”引导的定语从句,先行词为 buildings,故用关系代词 which。更多试题与答案,关注微信公众号:三晋高中指南
 66. rapidly 考查词形转换。分析该句成分可知,所填词在此处修饰 are decreasing, 作状语,故用所给形容词的副词形式 rapidly。
 67. a 考查冠词。milestone 为可数名词,又因为该处是泛指,故用不定冠词 a。
 68. and 考查连词。根据句意可知, technology, culture 及 history 之间是并列关系,故用并列连词 and。
 69. faster 考查形容词的比较级。根据空前并列结构中的 cheaper 可知,此处应用 fast 的比较级 faster。
 70. invented 考查非谓语动词。分析该句成分可知,所填词在此处作后置定语,修饰 tool。而且 invent 与 tool 之间存在逻辑上的动宾关系,故用过去分词 invented。

短文改错

Although autumn leaves are very beauty all around the world, the colorful leaves in Beijing's Xiangshan Park is really unique.
 beautiful are
 The explosion of colors across the park is an amazed sight that only Mother Nature can provide. The fall scenery of the park never
 amazing
 disappoints and pretty sights can be found everywhere, regardless ^ the weather.
 of

Each autumn, people in Beijing will squeeze in their last gatherings in the park after winter settles in. It is a perfect season for
 before
 outdoor exploration with some of their friend. Visitors will took off their jackets at the noon as the sun shines brightly in the sky.
 friends take
 They will ride bikes, or walk along the parkways that offer him a chance to take in the sights before they are sending back indoors
 them sent
 until spring.

书面表达

One possible version:

Dear Leslie,

I'm terribly sorry to say that I am not able to go to the museum with you this Saturday morning.

Just now, my mother told me that we would see my grandparents that morning. They live lonely in the countryside. We want to spend the whole weekend in their house and keep them company.

I hope you can understand the situation. I will really appreciate it if you allow me to fix another suitable time to visit the museum. If it's convenient for you, I'd like to schedule the visit for next Sunday.

I do apologize again for any inconvenience caused.

Yours,
Li Hua

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