



听下面一段对话，回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. Who is Spotty?

- A. The man's little brother.
- B. A human who isn't liked by the man.
- C. A dog belonging to the boy's family.

11. What does the man think of Spotty?

- A. He likes him.
- B. He dislikes him.
- C. He appreciates him.

12. What can we learn from the conversation?

- A. Spotty will not be in the family picture.
- B. Spotty will be in the family picture with a hat.
- C. Spotty will be in the family picture with no hat.

听下面一段对话，回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. What are the two speakers talking about?

- A. Foods and activities.
- B. Foods that they don't like.
- C. Activities or things they don't like to do.

14. What's the probable relationship between the two speakers?

- A. Boss and worker.
- B. Teacher and student.
- C. Interviewer and interviewee.

15. What can we learn about the woman?

- A. She prefers washing dishes to mowing the lawn.
- B. She prefers mowing the lawn to washing dishes.
- C. She likes both mowing the lawn and washing dishes.

16. What does the man think of cooking?

- A. He likes cooking.
- B. He dislikes cooking.
- C. He doesn't mind cooking.

听下面一段独白，回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. What kind of people are "early birds"?

- A. The people getting up around 5:00 or 6:00 am.
- B. The people going to bed around 9:00 or 10:00 pm.
- C. The people going to bed around 10:00 or 11:00 pm.

18. When do most teenagers go to bed?

- A. Around 9:00 pm.
- B. Around 10:00 pm.
- C. Around midnight or later.

19. How many teenagers sleep enough?

- A. One-fifth.
- B. Two-fifths.
- C. One-fourth.

20. What are night owls better at?

- A. Getting grades in school.
- B. Some intelligence tests.
- C. Getting good jobs.

第二部分 阅读理解（共两节，满分 40 分）

第一节（共 15 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 30 分）

第 2 页 共 12 页

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

A

Welcome to Iceland! I hope that your trip will be pleasant. The following includes very important information you might find useful for your travel and we hope you will enjoy it.

Iceland is becoming a very popular place to visit all year round and we are not surprised. The country with its spectacular, fragile and raw nature, hot springs, icebergs and waterfalls is a feast for the eyes both during summer and winter. Our history and culture is young compared to most other countries. We speak our own language, Icelandic, which due to the country's isolation in the past, has been very well preserved.

Driving in Iceland can be a bit different from many other countries. We do have a number of gravel roads, single lane bridges, narrow roads, rough mountain roads with unbridged rivers, animal stock near or on the road and weather conditions can change quickly. Therefore driving in Iceland needs your full care during your stay because we want you back safe and happy.

We kindly ask you to help us improve our quality by giving us feedback on how we are doing and what we can do better. Not less importantly, we ask you to help us preserve the Icelandic nature which can be very fragile. Off-road driving is strictly forbidden and please do not litter.

In case of trouble, accident or breakdown please don't hesitate to contact our emergency phone numbers 840-6010 for south and west Iceland, or 840-6000 for north and east Iceland or one of our many locations around the country and we will do our very best to help you to safely continue your journey.

I trust that your travel in Iceland will be comfortable and pleasant. I wish you a safe journey.

21. Which of the following is TRUE about Iceland?

- A. Travelers can enjoy nice food when travelling in Iceland.
- B. A traveler can enjoy different types of scenery in Iceland.
- C. Travelling in Iceland is only popular in summer and winter.
- D. The country is not much visited because of its special language.

22. What can a traveler do if his car suddenly breaks down in west Iceland according to the passage?

- A. He may have his car repaired.
- B. He may call 840-6010 for help.
- C. He may push his car off the road.
- D. He may drive in the other direction.

23. The passage is probably taken from _____.

- A. a travel agency magazine
- B. a newspaper article
- C. traffic regulations
- D. police travel guides

B

My almost 6-year-old son is currently crazy about Star Wars and Harry Potter. I know he's young, but the movies and books bring up topics for us to sort through all the time — tough topics. A good chance for me! We read the books together; we watch the movies together. We've talked about many things that some parents of a 5-year-old might not talk about, but I want to have these conversations with my son.

Today, it was rainy and when the baby took her nap, I allowed him to watch a Star Wars movie as a reward for being so kind this morning to his sister who was feeling a little unhappy. As I was folding laundry, I said to him, very casually, "Wow, that Darth Vader really makes me sick." My son chided me, "Mama, Darth Vader has good in him. I know he's on the dark side, but he isn't all bad." This launched us into a conversation about good versus evil and how goodness can be found in anyone if we only look hard enough.

For the past week, I feel like I have been tested with various examples of people simply not being nice. And some people were rude for no apparent reason. A nurse was impatient with me on the phone when I called for a prescription. Little ears were listening in on all of those instances and after doing my best to be nice on the phone call with the nurse, I hung up and said to my husband, "Wow, what was wrong with her? She was so rude." My boy said, "Mama, we all have a bad day. Be nice to her and she might be nice to you back." This child teaches me lessons every day, and all we can do is treat people with kindness, as hard as it might be.

The nurse was probably exhausted from taking sick calls and maybe she simply needed a coffee break. I do know that those people were not on their best behavior or showing their best side but how many of us have been in those exact shoes? We all act in haste. We all speak in haste. We all do things we regret. And, if we were lucky, we were met with kindness instead of anger in return for our outburst.

My son reminded me today to be kinder and gentler to the people I meet with. I'm going to try harder this week. I'm going to try to smile when met with a frown. Like he mentions, even Darth Vader has good in him and maybe he just needs a little sympathy.

24. How does the writer react to her son's recent interest?

- A. Using it as a chance to express her regret.
- B. Trying to persuade him to change his mind.
- C. Trying to help him develop some more hobbies.
- D. Using it as a chance to have a deep talk with him.

25. Which expression can best replace the underlined word "chided" in paragraph 2?

- A. Awarded.
- B. Criticized.
- C. Deceived.
- D. Registered.

26. Which of the following words can be used to describe the author's son?
- A. Optimistic and calm. B. Brave and enthusiastic.
C. Courageous and generous. D. Considerate and sympathetic.

27. In the passage, the author intends to encourage people to _____.

- A. smile to those friendly to them
B. sympathize with those in trouble
C. find the good in others and treat them kindly
D. reward others' kindness and help more people

C

Bioluminescence (生物发光) is a natural phenomenon wherein a chemical reaction within an organism's body produces light. It can be found in many places in nature — fireflies, some mushrooms — but mostly in the deep sea.

Recently, Rambouillet, a small historic French town, has teamed up with a company called Glowee to turn the city into a full-scale bioluminescence laboratory. The goal is to change the way in which cities use light. The company uses marine (海洋的) bacteria harvested from the coast of France. It makes some of the town's public light up in the cool blue of bioluminescence.

These bioluminescent bacteria are stored in a seawater filled tube, giving the bacteria room to float around and light up. The light provided by the bacteria is part of their natural metabolism (新陈代谢), so producing the light requires no energy other than that which is needed to feed the organisms. This makes it much more environmentally friendly and sustainable than electric light, which consumes a huge amount of non-renewable energy.

"On the way to lighting up the world with bioluminescence, you have to feed the bacteria and add water as they grow. That's not so easy. The phenomenon will be very temperature-dependent and I doubt that it will work in the winter. Also, bioluminescence is not very bright compared to electrical lighting, though they have improved the light intensity," Carl Johnson, a professor from Vanderbilt University said.

One potential solution to these issues — and one that Glowee is looking into — is to remove the biological aspect of the whole process. Theoretically, luciferase (荧光素酶) can be removed from the bacteria and used to create light instead of the bacteria itself. Because luciferase is non-living, it doesn't need to be fed. Creating new means of sustainable lighting is a way of being environmentally friendly without plunging the earth back into darkness.

28. What do we know about Glowee?
- A. It is an ancient laboratory in France. B. It solves power shortages in coastal cities.
C. It adopts bioluminescence as a light source. D. It feeds marine organisms to produce chemicals.
29. What does Paragraph 3 mainly focus on?
- A. The reasons for energy waste.
B. The advantages of the marine bacteria as light.
C. The living conditions of the bioluminescent bacteria.
D. The difficulties of storing bioluminescent organisms.
30. What does Carl Johnson convey in his words?
- A. The bacteria work more efficiently under low temperatures.
B. It will cost too much to improve the luminescence intensity.
C. The application of bioluminescence enjoys a bright prospect.
D. The development of bioluminescence faces many challenges.
31. What could be the best title of this text?
- A. A Historic Town Lit up by Nature
B. The First Zero-carbon City in the World
C. A Reform of Producing Electricity in Cities
D. The Discovery of Luciferase in Marine Bacteria

D

For nearly three decades, we have waited anxiously for an effective drug that could defeat Alzheimer's disease. We believed we had identified the root cause behind this condition: sticky clumps of the protein beta-amyloid (β 淀粉样蛋白) in the brain. Even as drug after drug on this target failed to make a difference to symptoms, we continued to pour more money into the effort.

Regrettably, it is now becoming clear that this time could have been better spent zooming out (相机镜头变焦以使景物缩小) from beta-amyloid, to look at the big picture of possible Alzheimer's causes.

Doing so reveals a far more complicated and dangerous illness. It seems to be a condition that doesn't have a lone underlying trigger, but instead results from multiple processes and risk factors.

By thinking of Alzheimer's in the same way as we do various conditions like heart disease, researchers are now combining knowledge from across disciplines (学科) to identify, and tackle, the many known risk factors.

This new approach comes not a moment too soon, because 10 million new cases of dementia (痴呆) are

diagnosed globally each year. The vast majority of these, between 60 and 70 per cent, are Alzheimer's disease. As people are living longer than ever, the number of people living with dementia is predicted to almost double every 20 years.

Accepting that Alzheimer's is more complicated than we thought might seem discouraging. And yet, targeting the many factors in the disease, including the role of infections, diet, sleep habits and inflammation (发炎), puts some control back in our own hands, because these are things we can all do something about. It means we don't have to simply wait for drug companies to deliver: we can also cut our own chances of getting dementia.

Tunnel vision has held us back for too long. With this new approach, a single effective drug might well be out of the picture, but instead, there is a real possibility that we could break down Alzheimer's by a thousand tiny cuts.

32. We can learn from the first and second paragraphs that the author believes that _____.
A. we have been focusing on a single cause for far too long
B. developing an effective drug was worth our money and efforts
C. there will be one effective drug that can cure Alzheimer's disease
D. the protein beta-amyloid has nothing to do with Alzheimer's disease
33. By mentioning heart disease in the fourth paragraph, the author intends to _____.
A. emphasize that we should attach great importance to tackling Alzheimer's disease
B. show the unexpected difficulty in identifying the causes of Alzheimer's disease
C. explain that the causes of Alzheimer's disease are various and multidisciplinary
D. predict that Alzheimer's disease will be cured in the same way as the heart disease
34. With the new approach to viewing Alzheimer's disease, people are more likely to _____.
A. kill Alzheimer's disease for good
B. live 20 years longer than their expected lifespan
C. suffer from heart disease than from Alzheimer's disease
D. reduce the possibility of getting Alzheimer's disease
35. What's the main idea of the passage?
A. There will be a drug developed to defeat Alzheimer's in the future.
B. The growing seriousness of Alzheimer's is beyond people's expectations.
C. People should rely on themselves instead of drugs to deal with diseases.
D. Zooming out for a big picture helps to lower the risks of getting Alzheimer's.

第二节（共 5 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 10 分）

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Learning to Love Locally-Grown Foods

Cooking shows on TV are usually all about foreign foods. Thanks to globalization, people everywhere are introducing their taste buds to dishes from every corner of the world. 36 In the past few years, the number of people purchasing local foods has been rising because it offers a lot of benefits.

For starters, local food is often tastier because it is fresher. Imported goods must be flown or shipped in from far away, so they naturally lose some of their freshness during the journey. 37 These materials may cause the nutritional value of these goods to decline during the shipping process. Food safety is another reason why people are choosing local produce. Today's laws regarding foods vary from country to country. 38 But when you know the local farmer who grows your food, the chances of it being polluted are greatly reduced.

Buying local foods can also have a beneficial impact on the environment. Buying local, consumers can maintain green space and farmland in their communities. Besides, if farmers can sell directly to consumers, they will earn more money for their families. Additional profits also enable farmers to better care for their soil and keep quality standards high. 39

40 This is an open area where farmers sell fruits, vegetables, and meat directly to the public. Once you experience the freshness of local foods for yourself, it might be tough to go back to the supermarket.

- A. In the end, it's a win-win situation for both parties.
- B. Foreign foods have already dominated home markets.
- C. To conclude, the farmers can make money and improve their life.
- D. At the same time, other people are discovering that food from their area is the best.
- E. If you're interested in having more local foods, you can even attend a farmers' market.
- F. This causes confusion and makes it difficult to check if any harmful chemicals were used.
- G. Imported goods must also be packaged in plastic or other containers to survive the journey.

第三部分 语言知识运用（共两节，满分 45 分）

第一节（共 20 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 30 分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

I was backpacking in Panama, and planned to climb Volcán Barú. It is one of the only places on earth from where you can see the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans at the same time.

I set off before sunrise. It was a bit cold, so I had pulled on leggings (绑腿) under my trousers. I've always felt safe travelling as a solo (单独的) woman. I love the 41. The first part of the climb was beautiful. I walked for an hour and had 42 a fair height. The views were 43, so I stopped to take a

第 8 页 共 12 页

photograph. Suddenly I heard fierce barking behind me. I turned and saw two dogs running ____ 44 ____ towards me. I could see their teeth looked sharp, and they looked ____ 45 _____. There was nowhere for me to run. I tried to keep calm, but my heart was ____ 46 _____. They stopped a dozen feet from where I stood and kept barking. I knew they could move fast, so I didn't want to try to ____ 47 ____ them.

I kept walking, saying, "Good dog, calm down," as ____ 48 ____ as possible. But I was terrified. Then one ____ 49 ____ and sank his teeth into my leg below the knee. I was shocked. He held on for a few seconds. The pain took my ____ 50 ____ away as I felt his fangs (尖牙) in my flesh. I considered ____ 51 ____ down to get a stone to fight him off, but was nervous in case he went for my neck or the other one ____ 52 ____ at me. I was thinking I might not get out of this ____ 53 _____.

I tried to keep walking, and he finally let go. I kept going, my body shaking, until after about 15 minutes I was out of their ____ 54 _____. When I thought it was ____ 55 _____, I stopped. I rolled up my trousers and saw blood. The leggings had ____ 56 _____ as a bit of protection but there were marks on the left side. I managed to stop the ____ 57 _____ with tissues from my bag.

I couldn't walk up the volcano, but I couldn't go back down either because I'd have to pass them again. I imagined being ____ 58 _____ there by myself all night. Just then, I heard rustling (瑟瑟声) and ____ 59 _____. The noise got louder until a pickup truck appeared, driven by an old farmer. He told me to get in. The ____ 60 _____ was unbelievable.

- | | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|---------------|----------------|
| 41. A. encounter | B. freedom | C. challenge | D. scenery |
| 42. A. reached | B. seen | C. expected | D. covered |
| 43. A. dull | B. tiresome | C. impressive | D. tough |
| 44. A. aggressively | B. breathlessly | C. secretly | D. patiently |
| 45. A. excited | B. lost | C. angry | D. hesitant |
| 46. A. broken | B. fallen | C. melting | D. racing |
| 47. A. catch | B. outrun | C. frighten | D. disturb |
| 48. A. quickly | B. gently | C. gradually | D. strongly |
| 49. A. fell behind | B. knelt down | C. rushed up | D. dropped out |
| 50. A. energy | B. horror | C. patience | D. breath |
| 51. A. bending | B. calming | C. speeding | D. striking |
| 52. A. shot | B. barked | C. laughed | D. launched |
| 53. A. awake | B. alarmed | C. alive | D. annoyed |

- | | | | |
|--------------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|
| 54. A. control | B. way | C. pity | D. sight |
| 55. A. useless | B. safe | C. lucky | D. late |
| 56. A. acted | B. worn | C. regarded | D. guided |
| 57. A. cold | B. panic | C. aching | D. bleeding |
| 58. A. stuck | B. killed | C. buried | D. saved |
| 59. A. jumped | B. froze | C. ran | D. ignored |
| 60. A. frustration | B. regret | C. relief | D. courage |

第二节（共 10 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 15 分）

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

The first domestically manufactured passenger jet C919 had its first commercial flight on May 28, 2023.

61. _____ (complete) the journey from Shanghai to Beijing, the flight marks a big step forward for China's aviation (航空) industry.

Similar in size 62. _____ the Airbus 320 and Boeing 737, C919 is often compared with these models. But it is 63. _____ (true) "Chinese". Its appearance showcases the wisdom of Chinese scientists. 64. _____ most airplanes have six pieces of glass at the plane's nose, C919 only has four, which is to provide 65. _____ (wide) views for pilots and reduce 66. _____ (resist) at the nose. About 26 percent of the plane's body is covered in innovative materials. This design cuts the weight and extends its lifespan. The plane also has a Chinese "brain". Just like how 67. _____ human brain controls the movement of the body, an aircraft's control laws (控制律) are the system 68. _____ controls the plane. 69. _____ (ensure) great quality, its makers gathered reliable parts from other companies worldwide. The C919 project aimed for 10 percent of localization at first, and now it has reached 60 percent.

The first C919 plane will fly on a regular basis between Shanghai and Chengdu. A total of three C919 aircraft 70. _____ (deliver) over the next two years, according to Xinhua.

第四部分 任务型阅读（满分 10 分）

阅读以下短文，根据短文内容简要回答文后问题。

The summer I turned 16, my father gave me his 1969 Chevy Malibu convertible (敞篷车), beautifully repainted cherry red with V-8 engine. Hannah and I could drive around Tucson with the top down.

Hannah was my best friend, a year younger but much taller. "Hannah's a beautiful girl," my mother always said. And sure enough, that summer she signed with a modeling agency.

A month after my birthday, Hannah and I went to the movies. On the way home, we stopped at the

McDonald's drive-through, putting the fries on the seat between us to share. "Let's ride around a while," I said. It was a clear night, full moon casting low over the desert. Making a turn too fast, I hit a patch of dirt and the back of the car slid to the other side. I then drove through a neighbor's backyard wall and knocked into a full-grown palm tree.

There were French fries on the floor, the dash (仪表盘), and my lap. An impossible amount of blood was on Hannah's face, pieces of skin hanging beside her eyes. They took us in separate ambulances. In the emergency room, my parents spoke quietly, "Best plastic surgeon (整形医生) in the city...but it is more likely to be the end of her modeling career...."

I'd broken my cheek bone on the steering wheel (方向盘); Hannah's forehead had split (撕裂) wide open on the dash.

What would I say to her?

When her mother, Amber, came into my hospital room, I started to cry, preparing myself for her anger. She sat beside me and took my hand. "I rear-ended (追尾) my best friend when I was your age," she said. "I destroyed her car and mine." "I'm so sorry." I said, knowing Amber was trying her best to comfort me and helping me out of my terrible sense of guilt and self-blame. "The most important is that you're both alive. I forgive you and Hannah will too." She said.

71. What happened to the author and Hannah a month after the author's 16th birthday? (3 分)

72. What would happen to Hannah's modeling career and why? (3 分)

73. What might the author say to Hannah and how might Hannah respond? (No less than 15 words) (4 分)

第五部分 写作（满分 25 分）

假定你是李华。你的英国好友 Ben 的父母不同意他暑假独自来成都观看第 31 届世界大学生运动会 (The 31st FISU World University Games), Ben 发邮件给你倾诉他的烦恼。请你用英文给他回复一封邮件, 内容包括:

1. 表示理解;
2. 提出建议;
3. 邀请他到你家做客。

注意: 1. 词数 100 左右;
2. 可以适当增加细节, 以使行文连贯。

关于我们

自主选拔在线是致力于提供新高考生涯规划、强基计划、综合评价、三位一体、学科竞赛等政策资讯的升学服务平台。总部坐落于北京，旗下拥有网站（网址：www.zizzs.com）和微信公众平台等媒体矩阵，用户群体涵盖全国 90% 以上的重点中学师生及家长，在全国新高考、自主选拔领域首屈一指。

如需第一时间获取相关资讯及备考指南，请关注**自主选拔在线**官方微信号：**zizzsw**。



微信搜一搜

Q 自主选拔在线