

## 2023 届高三年级 10 月份大联考 英语试题

本试题卷共 8 页。全卷满分 120 分。考试用时 120 分钟。

### 注意事项:

1. 答题前,先将自己的姓名、考号等填写在试题卷和答题卡上,并将准考证号条形码粘贴在答题卡上的指定位置。
2. 选择题的作答:选出每小题答案后,用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑,写在试题卷、草稿纸和答题卡上的非答题区域均无效。
3. 非选择题的作答:用签字笔直接写在答题卡上对应的答题区域内。写在试题卷、草稿纸和答题卡上的非答题区域均无效。
4. 考试结束后,请将本试题卷和答题卡一并上交。

### 第一部分 阅读(共两节,满分 50 分)

#### 第一节 (共 15 小题;每小题 2.5 分,满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

#### A

If you'd like to show off your artistic talents and win awards, here are several art contests to enter:

#### The Scholastic Art and Writing Awards

Entries usually open in September and close in December or January. The fee for entering is \$7 per entry. The art contest is open to students in the US, Canada, or American schools abroad in grades 7-12 who are at least 13 years old.

The winners will receive prizes that include publication, exhibition, and educational scholarships worth up to \$10,000.

#### The Congressional Art Competition

Children in 7th and 8th grade in the US are encouraged to submit paintings, drawings, photographs with any theme. Entries are accepted each spring. There is no fee for entering this art contest.

The winners will have their artwork publicly displayed at the Capitol for a year, and are also honored at an awards show in DC.

#### Doodle for Google Art Contest

Open to children in grades K-12 in the world, this free annual contest asks kids to send in works that fit a specific theme. It begins at the start of each year and lasts until October 4. Entries will be judged on the basis of creativity and fit to the theme.

The grand prize includes a \$30,000 scholarship.

#### Artists Magazine Annual Art Competition

The contest is open to anyone who is at least 16 years old. Entries must be submitted online, and the deadline each year is in mid-May. The fees are \$40 per image. You can save \$5 per image by entering early in the competition.

This art contest gives away thousands of dollars in cash prizes, publicity including publication in *Artists Magazine*, and scholarships to improve your art.

1. How is The Congressional Art Competition special?

- A. It is free of charge.
- B. It takes place every year.
- C. It offers the most cash prizes.
- D. It is only open to American kids.

2. Which contest has a certain theme?  
A. Doodle for Google Art Contest.                      B. The Congressional Art Competition.  
C. The Scholastic Art and Writing Awards.            D. Artists Magazine Annual Art Competition.
3. How does Artists Magazine encourage participating?  
A. By giving free awards.                                    B. By reducing the entry fee.  
C. By providing one-to-one help.                         D. By pushing back the deadline.
- B**

If someone had told me five years ago that I would be living happily ever after on a small farm in western Oklahoma, I would have immediately denied the possibility. Back then, I was a confirmed city girl. I enjoyed the city life.

Then one day, while we were checking my mother's farm for her, I looked around, liked what I saw and asked my husband, "Why don't we build a house here on the farm?"

To my surprise, he said, "Yes!"

And so we began a new and very different chapter in our life story. My husband and I set out to deal with the land. We took down dead trees, knocked down the outbuildings and planted vegetable and flower gardens. We learned new skills as we worked and provided the locals with humorous moments as they answered our questions. We built a home to welcome family and friends, to share the beauty and bounty of the land.

We soon realized the land had played a joke on us: it had changed and transformed us in our efforts to change it. We lost weight and gained muscles.

We've learned to recognize and honor nature's cycles and timing instead of clocks, calendars, schedules and to-do lists. With only two clocks in the house, we enjoy the flow of days into nights. Our timeless life allows us to appreciate sunrises and sunsets — each a unique event that camera and words only partially capture.

Living a simple life in the country has led us back to common sense. We've learned to be resourceful in solving problems and can think of many unique ways. I become better at handling a situation with fewer resources and conveniences.

In the quietness of the land, we hear and appreciate nature's music. We also listen to the silence. Walking through the grasses, gazing at the century-old trees and wondering about all the changes and history they have witnessed are relaxing pastimes. I have to be truthful: caring for the land is a joyful job.

4. How did her husband react to the author's proposal?  
A. Opposed.    B. Approving.  
C. Surprised.    D. Concerned.
5. How did the author benefit from the country life?  
A. She enjoyed better health.  
B. She made much money by working.  
C. She regained the respect from the farmers.  
D. She improved her relationship with her family.
6. What is the author's feeling when living in the country?  
A. She becomes more creative.                            B. She becomes more humorous.  
C. She becomes more honest with others.            D. She becomes more interested in travelling.
7. What message does the author want to convey?  
A. Simple life is the most important.                    B. Country life is better than city life.  
C. Getting close to nature can be joyful.                D. Living in the country is everyone's dream.

C

Generally speaking, convenience and safety affect how we choose to pay for things. Environmental concerns do, too.

Each time you pull out a credit, use a phone's wallet app or hand over cash, you take part in a system. Some parts of that system make things, like coins, bills or cards. Other parts move money between buyers, sellers, banks and others. Used cash, cards and equipment will be eventually disposed of (处理), as well. Each part of this system uses materials and energy. And all parts produce waste.

Now researchers are looking more closely at how "green" these payment systems are. They're finding buyers can help cut some of the environmental costs, no matter how they pay.

To understand the full "cost" to society of money or any other system, researchers can perform what's called a life-cycle assessment. It looks at all the environmental impacts of a product or process. It starts with mining, growing or making the raw materials. It includes what happens while something is in use. And it considers the final disposal or reuse of things.

Even though raw materials are the first step, in fact there are raw materials added in at every single step along the journey. For money, raw materials go into each step of something that is "made". Fuels are the raw materials for energy to make products and transport them. More energy goes into using products. Recycling or disposal also requires energy, plus water, soil or other materials.

People don't realize most of those steps, so they can't judge if one form of payment is dirtier or more costly. And that's a problem, researchers say. It's also what has got some of them to show more about the costs of how we pay for our lifestyles.

A life-cycle assessment doesn't tell you what to do. However, it gives you an informed basis for making a decision.

8. What is Paragraph 2 mainly about?

- A. The ways of paying.
- B. The process of payment.
- C. The waste produced by payment.
- D. The introduction of payment systems.

9. What does the life-cycle assessment of payment systems focus on?

- A. The real value of money.
- B. The history of the currency.
- C. The effect on the environment.
- D. The importance of raw material.

10. What does the underlined word "them" in Paragraph 5 refer to?

- A. Steps.
- B. Products.
- C. Materials.
- D. Fuels.

11. What can be the best title for the text?

- A. The Payment Patterns are Changing
- B. How We Choose to Pay Affects the Environment
- C. New Payment Patterns Have Come into Being
- D. How We Make Payment Systems "Green"

D

Monarch butterflies migrate (迁徙) by the millions each year, making the trip from northern areas of the Continent to California and Mexico and back.

As monarch butterflies are a threatened species with their population numbers in decline, Patrick

Guerra, an assistant professor at the University of Cincinnati, and his colleagues wanted to see what types of environmental stress might be linked to their decline.

“We use monarch butterflies as a model system to understand long-distance animal migration. Our goal was to understand how environmental stress, such as different types of stress caused by urbanization, impacts animal migratory phenomena,” Guerra says.

For their study, researchers conducted lab studies where they reproduced the effects of artificial light pollution with butterflies using a flight simulator (模拟器).

Butterflies stayed quiet and unmoving when they were first placed in the flight simulator in the dark. But as soon as scientists turned on the light, they started flying. The light made them believe that night was day and this can cause them to fly longer at night or start flying too early.

The study has found that the internal circadian clock of butterflies functions normally when they are exposed to natural day: night lighting cycles, but artificial light, such as a streetlight, at night can throw off a monarch butterfly's internal compass. It can affect their circadian rhythms (昼夜节奏), which can make the monarch butterflies get lost when they try to fly the next day. This shows without darkness, the circadian clock of butterflies cannot function properly.

“When exposed to artificial light, the light can perturb the normal functioning of the animal's circadian clock,” Guerra says. “Light pollution, particularly nighttime light pollution, causes animals to experience light at a time when they are not supposed to, e. g., at night when they are normally in the dark, and are at rest. Exposure to such light can prevent the behavior and biological processes of animals which they rely on or that are regulated by the circadian clock.”

Actually, streetlights and other artificial night lights can do more than mess up the insects' wake/sleep cycle and migration.

12. Why did the researchers carry out the study?

- A. To look for the reason for butterflies' migration.
- B. To test what action should be taken to protect butterflies.
- C. To know about the circadian rhythms of migratory animals.
- D. To find out how the environmental stress affects animal migration.

13. What conclusion can be drawn from the experiment?

- A. Natural light contributes much to pollution.
- B. Migratory animals often lose their way.
- C. Light pollution is increasingly serious.
- D. Darkness is vital to migratory animals.

14. What does the underlined word “perturb” in Paragraph 7 probably mean?

- A. Stop.
- B. Disturb.
- C. Reflect.
- D. Enhance.

15. What might be talked about in the following paragraph?

- A. Other impacts of night light.
- B. Butterflies' circadian cycle.
- C. The importance of natural light.
- D. The way to reduce air pollution.

第二节 (共5小题;每小题2.5分,满分12.5分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

### The History of Music Festivals

Outdoor music festivals have become a big gathering of summertime for many adults. While music festivals appear to be a recent development, their history dates back to hundreds of years ago.

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But they have always been about bringing people together to share a common cultural experience through music. 16

The earliest known music festival occurred in the 6th century BC. After centuries' development, by the late 1960s, Rock bands began to organize their own music festivals. Perhaps the first formal and well-known festival to Rock was the Monterey Pop Festival in 1967, which brought that band to the attention of American audiences. 17 It started in 1968 as an event with about 10,000 people.

By 1970, the festival grew to bring in more than 600,000 people, showing the popularity of music festivals to organizers. Many others also began to organize such events. The Summerfest Festival was established in 1968. 18 Interestingly, this festival made cities realize festivals could bring many benefits. This helped to spread the idea of creating not only musical festivals but also other types of festivals, such as those related to food and film.

19 It drew so many people, making it the first large Rock music festival. Billed as "three days of love and peace", Woodstock featured many well-known bands and artists, making Rock music festivals known to many Americans and Europeans.

Today, it's hard to imagine summer without musical festivals. Many genres now have their own music festivals, ranging from Classical music to Heavy Metal. Countries in every habitable continent have music festivals. 20 Others are intended for younger audiences or those who prefer period-based music. Music festivals have become very popular venues that have become well established as part of summer culture.

- A. Some focus on traditional, folk music.
- B. As the earliest music festival, Woodstock was a hit.
- C. However, it focused not only on music but other events.
- D. Another early rock festival was the Isle of Wight Festival.
- E. Some music festivals like Woodstock became less popular.
- F. This is one common element that has not changed for centuries.
- G. What perhaps put music festivals on the map was Woodstock in 1969.

第二部分 语言运用(共两节,满分30分)

第一节 (共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

"We've always felt that we're just custodians (保管人) of money. It doesn't 21 us," Melanie Perkins says.

Perkins, a famous businesswoman, has unusual talent combined with business 22; she learned graphic design at school, and realized 23 an easy design system for people on the Internet would have a 24. Then she set up Canva, a platform which allows people to use the 25 graphic designs she created for free, but for complex ones, users would pay.

Now, she is very 26 by developing this platform and has made a great 27. Though she has so much money, she 28 considers she has the money just for herself. "It just feels 29 when people refer to us as 'billionaires'. We're 30 custodians and doing good is what we always think about."

Besides helping people by running their 31, Perkins and her husband donate money to people in need. They explain on the website: Something that touches us deeply is 32. There are 711 million poor people who live on less than \$1.90 a day. While there are many ways of 33 this problem, they choose to donate directly to those people, which 34 them to buy what they need and invest in themselves and their children. All these 35 the couple's attitude towards their

wealth.

- |                    |                |                |                     |
|--------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------------|
| 21. A. rely on     | B. stand for   | C. care about  | D. belong to        |
| 22. A. influence   | B. value       | C. awareness   | D. use              |
| 23. A. selecting   | B. developing  | C. assessing   | D. testing          |
| 24. A. future      | B. function    | C. result      | D. difference       |
| 25. A. former      | B. extra       | C. automatic   | D. simple           |
| 26. A. willing     | B. responsible | C. successful  | D. reliable         |
| 27. A. decision    | B. fortune     | C. arrangement | D. promise          |
| 28. A. even        | B. still       | C. never       | D. always           |
| 29. A. odd         | B. proud       | C. honorable   | D. inspired         |
| 30. A. permanently | B. briefly     | C. eventually  | D. purely           |
| 31. A. loan        | B. business    | C. market      | D. school           |
| 32. A. disability  | B. misjudgment | C. inequality  | D. misunderstanding |
| 33. A. raising     | B. discovering | C. addressing  | D. sharing          |
| 34. A. enables     | B. persuades   | C. reminds     | D. leads            |
| 35. A. form        | B. change      | C. praise      | D. reflect          |

第二节 (共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Citizen science is science for everyone. Specifically, citizen science is when the public 36 (voluntary) helps conduct research. Most citizen scientists collect data with tools provided 37 project directors. These data help professional scientists answer 38 (science) questions and solve important problems. Anyone can be a citizen scientist. All it takes is some time, 39 (curious), and a sense of wonder.

Why is the term “citizen science” used? Most people and organizations in this field intend “citizen” 40 (mean) a general citizen of the world, not a legally-defined citizen of a country. When someone mentions “citizen science”, there tends to be 41 immediate understanding of what they’re talking about.

Community science is one particular type of citizen science — one in 42 a community drives the project. In community science, a community may pose the research question, decide what type of data to collect, or use the results to inform some action. There 43 (be) typically a professional scientist or organization that works together with the community.

Another reason is that science is for everyone, no matter whether you 44 (participate) in science or not in the past. The citizen science is devoted to making science inclusive to all and 45 (ensure) that every person has the right and the opportunity to participate in science.

第三部分 写作(共两节,满分 40 分)

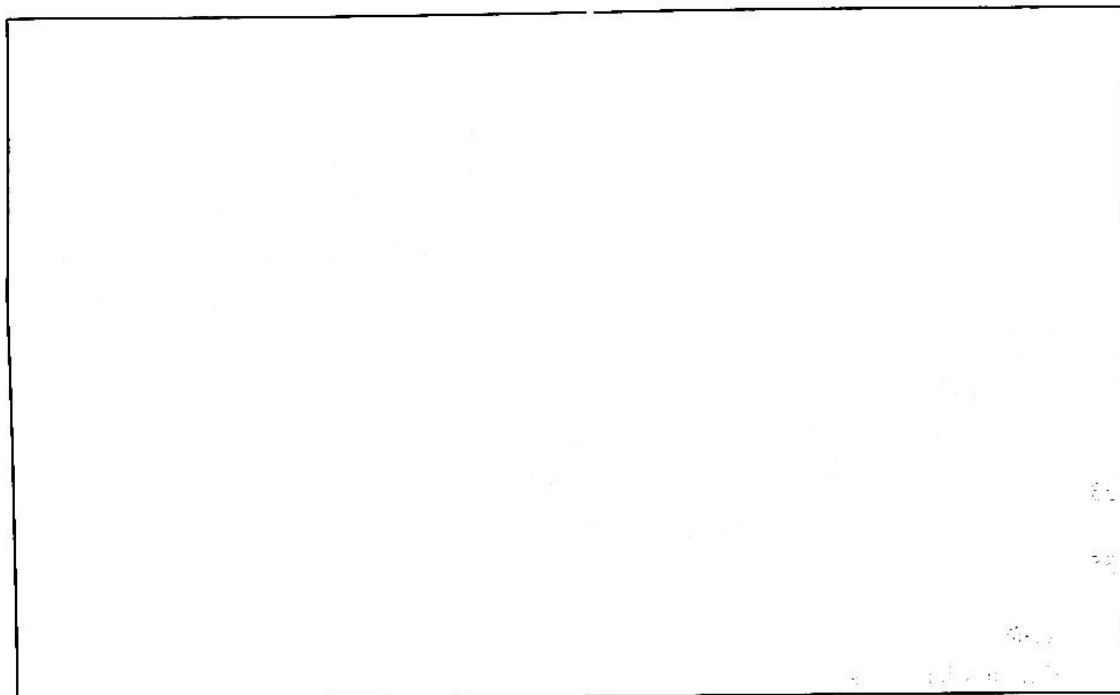
第一节 (满分 15 分)

假定你是李华,为了更好地进行劳动教育,你校开辟了一块蔬菜试验田,现在征集志愿管理者,请你通知你班的交换生 Tom。内容包括:

1. 写信目的;
2. 介绍要求;
3. 表达希望。

注意:

1. 写作词数应为 80 左右;
2. 请在答题卡的相应位置作答。



第二节 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

There's a small, brown brick house, almost hidden by evergreens in front that I visit from time to time. It's not the house that is special to me, but rather the person who lives inside. After I parked my car, I knocked on the door and heard a singsong voice inviting me in.

"It's me, Miss C," I said as I took off my coat.

"Put your boots under the heater, lovey," she said as she slowly appeared in the hallway with her walker.

We gave each other a long, tight hug.

I met Miss C about 45 years ago when she was my sister's kindergarten teacher. I remember looking into her classroom wishing I was her student. My parents reassured me I could start school when I was 4. However, when I turned 4 in the spring, I couldn't understand why I had to wait until September.

My classmates and I knew our teacher deeply cared about us. For me, that is the mark of an extraordinary educator — one who instills (灌输) both the love for learning within their students and the excitement of going to school.

Miss C created a safe place where we could be whatever we wanted to be in that moment: a painter, a construction worker, a dancer, a writer. One spring morning, we were overjoyed by the arrival of baby chick eggs. We named and cared for them for a few weeks. After they hatched, we

became keen scientists carefully documenting their development through pictures and words in our egg journals. We also made handicrafts with empty yogurt containers, which Miss C collected or we brought from home.

I loved her and I wanted to be a kindergarten teacher just like her. When I graduated, I couldn't wait to invite Miss C to my classroom. For years, Miss C volunteered in my classroom. I felt fortunate to learn about teaching from her. I looked forward to our conversations as colleagues and friends.

Next month she will move to Cuba and the time to sell her house is near. I came here to pack up things for her.

注意:

1. 续写词数应为 150 左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

I brought up boxes from her basement and placed them at her feet.

With the bag of "garbage", I left her house.

弥 封 线 内 不 要 答 题



## 2023 届高三年级 10 月份大联考

### 英语参考答案及解析

#### 第一部分 阅读

##### 第一节

#### A

【语篇导读】本文是一篇应用文。文章主要介绍了一些艺术比赛活动,包括举办时间、参赛要求以及奖品等内容。

1. D 【解析】细节理解题。根据 The Congressional Art Competition 部分“Children in 7th and 8th grade in the US ...”可知,这项比赛仅仅针对美国儿童。故选 D。
2. A 【解析】细节理解题。根据 Doodle for Google Art Contest 部分“this free annual contest asks kids to send in works that fit a specific theme”可知,这项比赛要求发送的作品需符合某一个特定的主题。故选 A。
3. B 【解析】细节理解题。根据 Artists Magazine Annual Art Competition 部分“The fees are \$40 per image. You can save \$5 per image by entering early in the competition.”可知,这项比赛为了鼓励人们参赛而采取减少报名费的方法。故选 B。

#### B

【语篇导读】本文是一篇记叙文。文章主要讲述了作者从城里搬到乡下后的感受以及乡下生活给她带来的快乐。

4. B 【解析】细节理解题。根据第三段“To my surprise, he said, ‘Yes!’”可知,作者的丈夫对她提出的在农场建房子的提议表示赞同。故选 B。
5. A 【解析】推理判断题。根据第五段“We lost weight

and gained muscles.”可知,作者体重减轻了,肌肉增加了,因此更健康了。故选 A。

6. A 【解析】推理判断题。根据第七段“We’ve learned to be resourceful in solving problems and can think of many unique ways.”可知,乡下的生活让作者变得更富有创造性了。故选 A。
7. C 【解析】主旨大意题。文章讲述了作者搬到乡下后的生活和乡下生活给她带来的快乐,由此可推知,她想传递给人们的信息是:接近大自然可以是令人快乐的。故选 C。

#### C

【语篇导读】本文是一篇议论文。文章主要论述了携带便利性和安全性会影响我们的支付方式,同时我们选择的支付方式也会影响环境。

8. D 【解析】推理判断题。第二段主要介绍了当人们在支付时的复杂过程,也就是支付系统,其中第三段“Now researchers are looking more closely at how ‘green’ these payment systems are.”也是提示信息。故选 D。
9. C 【解析】细节理解题。根据第四段“It looks at all the environmental impacts of a product or process.”可知,生命周期评估着眼于产品或过程对环境的所有影响。故选 C。
10. B 【解析】词义猜测题。根据语境判断“them”指代“products”。故选 B。
11. B 【解析】主旨大意题。文章介绍了支付系统和各

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参考答案及解析

种支付方式都会对环境造成影响,由此判断 B 项正确。故选 B。

D

【语篇导读】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了人们对帝王蝶进行的一项研究,研究表明光污染对蝴蝶的存活有着重要影响。

12. D 【解析】细节理解题。根据第三段可知,研究人员的试验目的是想了解环境压力是如何影响动物迁徙的。故选 D。

13. D 【解析】推理判断题。根据倒数第四段最后一句可知,晚上的灯光会让蝴蝶以为是白天,从而影响其体内的生物钟;再结合倒数第三段可知没有黑暗,蝴蝶的生物钟无法正常运转。故选 D。

14. B 【解析】词义猜测题。根据本段内容可知,晚上的灯光会打乱动物的昼夜节奏。故选 B。

15. A 【解析】推理判断题。最后一段内容提到“街灯和其他人造夜间灯光不仅会扰乱昆虫的醒/睡周期和迁徙”。由此可推知,接下来会介绍这些灯光对蝴蝶产生的其他影响。故选 A。

第二节

【语篇导读】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了音乐节从 60 年代以来的发展历史和现状。

16. F 【解析】上文介绍了音乐节经历了几百年的发展,但是它们一直致力于通过音乐将人们聚集在一起,分享共同的文化体验,因此判断 F 项可以承接上文。故选 F。

17. D 【解析】上文介绍了最早的著名摇滚音乐节——1967 年的 Monterey Pop Festival,下文介绍了始于 1968 年的另一个音乐节,由此推断 D 项符合语境。故选 D。

18. C 【解析】上文介绍 Summerfest 在 1968 年成立,而后句提到“有趣的是,这个节日让城市意识到音乐节可以带来很多好处”,根据“Interestingly”推断这个音乐节有与众不同之处,因此判断 C 项符合语境。故选 C。

19. G 【解析】根据同义词复现的原则判断,设空处是介绍 Woodstock 音乐节的情况,B、E 项与文意不符,故 G 项可以作为主题句。故选 G。

20. A 【解析】根据下文“Others”可推断 A 项符合语境。故选 A。

第二部分 语言运用

第一节

【语篇导读】本文是一篇记叙文。文章主要讲述了 Canva 的联合创始人梅兰妮·珀金斯创办 Canva 的过程以及她做好事帮助他人的事迹。

21. D 【解析】根据“we're just custodians of money”以及下文内容可知,珀金斯认为自己只是金钱的保管者,也就是这些钱财不属于自己的。故选 D。

22. C 【解析】根据冒号后珀金斯的想法可推断,她有着非凡的天赋以及商业头脑。故选 C。

23. B 【解析】根据下文“the 25 graphic designs she created for free”可知,她认为研发一个简单的设计系统会有前途。故选 B。

24. A 【解析】根据句意可知,她意识到研发一个简单的设计系统的未来是光明的。故选 A。

25. D 【解析】根据下文“complex”可知,她的平台允许人们使用她研发出来的简单的制图系统,而复杂的制图则需用户交费。故选 D。

26. C 【解析】根据“famous”、“has so much money”可知,珀金斯是一位成功的女性。故选 C。

参考答案及解析

英语

27. B 【解析】根据下文“so much money”可知,珀金斯挣了钱,获得了很多的财富。故选 B。
28. C 【解析】根据上文“we're just custodians”可知,珀金斯从来没有认为挣的钱是自己的,而是用钱做好事。故选 C。
29. A 【解析】根据语境可知,她认为被人们以为是“亿万富翁”是很奇怪的事情。故选 A。
30. D 【解析】根据上文“we're just custodians”可知,珀金斯认为自己仅仅是金钱的保管者。故选 D。
31. B 【解析】根据上文“a famous businesswoman”可知,她是一个商人,因此她通过经营自己的公司来提供免费的平台为人们做好事。故选 B。
32. C 【解析】根据下文可知,很多人仅仅靠每天不足 1.9 美元生活,因此这体现了一种财富的不均衡。故选 C。
33. C 【解析】根据上文可知,世界上存在大量的贫困人口,这是一个社会问题,而直接捐钱给穷人是问题的解决方法之一。故选 C。
34. A 【解析】根据语境可知,把钱捐给穷人就能够让穷人们去购买所需物品以及对自身进行投资等。故选 A。
35. D 【解析】以上的故事内容反映了珀金斯和她丈夫对金钱的态度和认识。故选 D。

第二节

【语篇导读】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了公民科学家的定义、任务以及这个称呼的由来。

36. voluntarily 【解析】修饰动词 helps 应该用副词形式。故此空填 voluntarily。
37. by 【解析】根据句意可知,此处是过去分词 provided 后面接动作发出者的介词 by,表示“由……,被

……”。故此空填 by。

38. scientific 【解析】修饰名词应该用形容词作定语。故此空填 scientific。
39. curiosity 【解析】根据结构可知,and 连接三个并列名词 time,curiosity 和 wonder。故此空填 curiosity。
40. to mean 【解析】固定搭配“intend sb. to do sth.”,意为“打算让某人做某事”。故此空填 to mean。
41. an 【解析】在 there be 句型中此处用不定冠词表示泛指概念,an understanding of 意为“对……的理解”,immediate 以元音音素开头。故此空填 an。
42. which 【解析】分析结构可知,one 后面是定语从句,介词 in 后面接 which,替代先行词在从句中作宾语。故此空填 which。
43. is 【解析】主语是单数名词 scientist,故谓语动词用单数形式,且指一般性情况用一般现在时。故此空填 is。
44. participated 【解析】根据 in the past 判断应该用一般过去时。故此空填 participated。
45. ensuring 【解析】根据结构可知,此处 and 连接并列的非谓语短语 making science inclusive to all 和 45 that every person has the right and the opportunity to participate in science 作短语 be devoted to 中介词 to 的宾语。故此空填 ensuring。

第三部分 写作

第一节

One possible version:

Dear Tom,

I'm writing to tell you that our school has opened an experimental field of vegetables and is recruiting voluntary workers. I'd like you to be a volunteer.

英语

参考答案及解析

The purpose of the program is to give us chances to learn labor skills. The volunteers should love physical labor and can spare some free time to work in the field. Besides, they should obey the rules and do everything under the guidance of the worker who is in charge.

I hope you can sign up for this program. I'm sure you'll benefit a lot from it. Looking forward to working with you!

Yours,

Li Hua

第二节

One possible version:

I brought up boxes from her basement and placed them at her feet. Then I sat on the floor and opened each box for her. One by one we went through every painting a student

had given her; every thank-you note a parent had written. Before I left, she handed me a bag of "garbage" as she called it, which consists of many of her teaching aids and the empty containers she saved for me. She knows these are treasures only to kindergarten teachers. I happily accepted them and gave her a hug goodbye.

With the bag of "garbage", I left her house. I got into my car and backed out of her driveway. While driving home, I couldn't help thinking of my 45-year friendship with my kindergarten teacher. It was under her influence that I became a teacher and it was her friendship that made me a good teacher. Teaching is a profession that is devoted to the development of young individuals. The lucky teachers get to see what their students have done with their lives. The exceptional ones never leave their students' hearts.

## 关于我们

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