

2019年全国高三统一联合考试

英语

本试卷满分 150 分。考试用时 120 分钟。

注意事项：

1. 答题前，考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在答题卡上相应的位置。
2. 全部答案在答题卡上完成，答在本试题上无效。
3. 回答选择题时，选出每小题答案后，用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时，将答案用 0.5 mm 黑色笔迹签字笔写在答题卡上。
4. 考试结束后，将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

第一部分 听力(共两节，满分 30 分)

做题时，先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后，你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节 (共 5 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例：How much is the shirt?

A. £ 19. 15.

B. £ 9. 18.

C. £ 9. 15.

答案是 C。

1. What is the woman looking for?

A. Her purse.

B. Her train ticket.

C. Her glasses.

2. How did the woman go to school today?

A. By bus.

B. By bike.

C. On foot.

3. When will the speakers probably meet?

A. At 9:30.

B. At 9:45.

C. At 10:00.

4. What does the woman think of the talent show?

A. Interesting.

B. Exciting.

C. Boring.

5. What's the probable relationship between the speakers?

A. Classmates.

B. Neighbors.

C. Teacher and student.

第二节 (共 15 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料，回答第 6、7 题。

6. What are the speakers going to do this afternoon?

A. Go to the cinema.

B. Stay at home.

C. Go to the beach.

7. What does the woman mean?

A. She didn't get sunburnt last time.

B. The new sunscreen will work well.

C. They will meet with some trouble.

听第 7 段材料, 回答第 8、9 题。

8. Where will the girl have her birthday dinner?
 A. In an Italian restaurant.
 B. In a Chinese restaurant.
 C. In her classmates' host family.
9. What will the girl probably take to the dinner?
 A. Cakes. B. Ice cream. C. Fruits.

听第 8 段材料, 回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. What is the woman?
 A. A hotel clerk. B. A travel agent. C. A tour guide.
11. Why does the man go to Brighton?
 A. On business. B. On holiday. C. For sightseeing.
12. What will the man do first tomorrow morning?
 A. Call the woman. B. Have a break. C. Have a meeting.

听第 9 段材料, 回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. What's wrong with the woman now?
 A. She's having a fever. B. She's having an earache. C. She's having a headache.
14. Where does the conversation probably take place?
 A. At a clinic. B. At a drugstore. C. At a shopping center.
15. How often should the woman take the new pill for the first two days?
 A. Once a day. B. Twice a day. C. Three times a day.
16. How long will the woman probably take the new pill?
 A. Five days. B. Seven days. C. Eight days.

听第 10 段材料, 回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. Who is listening to the talk?
 A. The local volunteers.
 B. The sponsors from the town.
 C. The employees of the bookstore.
18. How long has the bookstore been in the town?
 A. For 17 years. B. For 18 years. C. For 20 years.
19. What can we say about the speaker?
 A. He is disappointed. B. He is confident. C. He is worried.
20. What does the speaker mainly talk about?
 A. The move of the bookstore.
 B. The history of the bookstore.
 C. The opening of a new bookstore.

第二部分 阅读理解(共两节, 满分 40 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 30 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项。

A

Winners' Weekend

Fox Factor Competition is your chance for your 5 minutes of fame. Heats will be held throughout Whitsun & Summer Holiday weeks with winners being chosen to enter the grand final at Trelawne Manor in November.

All of our heat winners will win a free holiday to Trelawne Manor and the chance to compete in front of a live audience and possibly some celebrity (名人) judges for their chance to win some fantastic prizes.

GRAND FINAL PRIZES

Ages 4—10

- £200 “The Entertainer” Toy Shop Vouchers (代币券)
- Free Short Break Holiday

Ages 11—17

- £300 Argos Vouchers
- Free Break Holiday

Ages 18+

- £300 Foxy Shop Vouchers
- Free Summer Holiday
- Free Short Break Holiday

Rules and Regulations

You will be permitted to sing one song no longer than 3 minutes. If your act is to last any longer, you may be asked to shorten the routine. If you can please try to bring more than one song or track, this is for the following reasons:

- 1) Another contestant may be doing the same song as you and this will give you the option to change it.
- 2) If you are one of the successful grand finalists, it may prove advantageous to demonstrate to both sets of the judges and the live audience your flexibility as a performer.

PLEASE NOTE

- You may choose to sing without music; however, this is not advisable.
- The use of smartphones and iPads will not be permitted in the competition.
- We don't supply any musical equipment, so bring your own with you.

21. What can we know about all the heat winners?

- A. They will get generous cash prizes.
- B. They will be guided by celebrities.
- C. They will have the chance to enter the grand final.
- D. They will win a free summer holiday at Trelawne Manor.

22. What can a twenty-year-old grand final winner get?

- A. £200 Foxy Shop Vouchers.
- B. £300 Argos Vouchers.
- C. Free Break Holiday.
- D. Free Summer Holiday.

23. What is the competitor advised to do?

- A. Sing not using music.
- B. Prepare more than one song.
- C. Choose a song lasting 5 minutes.
- D. Use smartphones and iPads.

B

On August 5 just after 7:30 pm, Mike Estepa suffered a massive heart attack. The crazy cyclist was 40 kilometres into his Sunday ride when he stopped by the side of the road to text his family saying he'd be home in about 30 minutes. Moments later, he was lying in the ditch, unconscious.

Larissa Arthur was driving back to Calgary from a hike in Field, B. C. with a friend. It was a warm and sunny day, and the two were chatting when a flash of yellow caught Arthur's

eyes. She immediately pulled off the road.

As Arthur approached the figure, she feared the worst: Estepa was covered in ants and exhibited no signs of life. “There was no pulse, and he wasn’t breathing,” says Arthur. A bystander called 911 and Arthur, a registered nurse, started chest compressions. She and two other drivers took turns carrying out CPR for the next 15 minutes before medical teams arrived and whisked Estepa away.

Two days later, when Estepa woke up in the hospital, he was shocked to learn he had gone into cardiac arrest (心脏停搏). How did this happen, and why was he lucky enough to have survived? He was full of gratitude and needed to speak with the woman who had saved him, whom he named his “angel”.

“It was emotional,” says Arthur of her meeting with Estepa a few weeks later. Saving his life had extra importance for her: the hike she was returning from that day was one of 100 she’s planned to honour her father, who died in 2017 after he fell during a hike that Arthur was meant to be on. “I couldn’t save my father’s life,” Arthur says, “but this was a chance for me to save someone.”

24. Why did Mike Estepa stop while riding?

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| A. He suffered a heart attack. | B. He wanted to send a message. |
| C. He would like to lie in the ditch. | D. He was too far away from his home. |

25. What do we know about Arthur?

- | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| A. She was an amateur nurse. | B. She was scared of ants. |
| C. She knew how to do CPR. | D. She went cycling with a friend. |

26. What did Arthur think of her saving Estepa?

- | | | | |
|--------------|-----------|-----------------|-------------|
| A. Grateful. | B. Lucky. | C. Significant. | D. Natural. |
|--------------|-----------|-----------------|-------------|

27. What’s the best title of the text?

- | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| A. A Miracle to Return to Life | B. An Angel on the Roadside |
| C. A Risky Cycling Alone | D. A Chance to Save Life |

C

On Nov. 24, near Yellowstone’s northeast entrance, Spitfire, a female grey wolf, was shot and killed by a hunter as she approached a group of cottages.

“It was a legal harvest,” Abby Nelson, a wolf management specialist said. “The circumstances are obviously a little bit harder for people to stomach, but that pack has showed signs of habituation (习惯). They just stand there and have no fear. Wolf hunters can easily pick the one they want.”

The carefree relation that some Yellowstone wolves have built with humans is reportedly attractive for hunters who look for an easy kill.

In the wake of yet another famous Yellowstone wolf meeting a violent end outside the park, officials are actively rethinking how to manage wildlife habituation.

Smith, a wolf biologist for Yellowstone, says, “Now we’re thinking of pounding them.” Park officials might use fireworks, and paintball or beanbag guns when they approach humans in the park. “If you get close to people, you’re going to get attacked.”

If you think this sounds cruel, you’re not alone. Seeing these creatures from the roads that wind through the park not only allows tourists to witness something amazing, but also to reconnect with nature in a way that is better than any conservation campaign. But there’s also a growing sense that the present policy of doing nothing isn’t working; more wolves will

needlessly die and the broken record of hunters scoring easy kills will go on.

As Smith adds, urging people to keep wolves wild when meeting them halfway is a big ask. Still, he's hopeful to preserve the world's best place to observe free-ranging wolves; it's a policy change that tourists can be involved in.

"...perhaps Spitfire's death will accomplish some good, and we'll all come together to do a better job on managing crowds and roads and wolves in Yellowstone," Smith said.

28. What was the main reason for the death of Spitfire?
 A. Wildlife habituation. B. Park officials' carelessness.
 C. The nature of grey wolves. D. The cruelty of the hunter.
29. What does the underlined word "pounding" in paragraph 5 probably mean?
 A. Greeting. B. Protecting. C. Challenging. D. Hitting.
30. What does Smith expect visitors to do in Yellowstone?
 A. Be more friendly to wolves.
 B. Avoid meeting grey wolves.
 C. Keep away from wolves.
 D. Force wolves away from them.
31. What is the main idea of the text?
 A. The wolves in Yellowstone are out of control.
 B. Illegal wolf-hunting in Yellowstone is going on.
 C. Yellowstone considers "attacking" wolves to protect them.
 D. The wolves in Yellowstone are living in harmony with humans.

D

Almost every second of every day an older adult falls in the United States. That's approximately 29 million falls per year and nearly 27,000 deaths, according to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

Still in the starting stage, the Active Pelvis Orthosis (APO) system in Switzerland wants to make a lightweight, wearable exoskeleton (外骨骼) that could detect signs of balance loss and assist with balance recovery to keep the elderly wearer from falling, only when needed.

Other exoskeletons, either in development or on the market today, assist with movement and make heavy objects feel lighter. Mobility-impaired people can walk again. But none of these devices predict what the wearer is going to do next and take measures to correct an unsteady move.

The 3-kilogram (6.7-pound) exoskeleton was built entirely from scratch by the research team and is designed to be worn on the lower half of the body. A waistband connects to two movable carbon fiber braces (支架), each one positioned on the outer side of a leg. Tiny motors and so-called "adaptive oscillators (适配振荡器)" in the computer circuits use a special process to detect the wearer's unique paces. That part takes just a few minutes.

While wearing the exoskeleton, a person may feel the braces and the motors pushing slightly on their legs. If their paces go against normal, the motors create a force in the braces that cause them to stiffen up and push a little more strongly against the legs, which provides stability.

In the next three years, the APO hopes to develop something that is commercially available.

32. Why is the new exoskeleton invented?
 A. To slower users' walking paces. B. To improve users' walking ability.
 C. To promote users' sense of balance. D. To prevent users from falling.

33. What's the feature of the new exoskeleton?
 A. It keeps users warm. B. It is worn on the back.
 C. It helps users move around. D. It corrects an unsteady move.
34. What does paragraph 4 mainly talk about?
 A. How the new exoskeleton works.
 B. Where the braces are positioned.
 C. How long it takes to detect the user's paces.
 D. What the new exoskeleton was built from.
35. What is the purpose of the author in writing this text?
 A. To call on care for the elderly. B. To introduce a new invention.
 C. To advertise a new device. D. To bring hope for the elderly.

第二节 (共5小题;每小题2分,满分10分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Do you ever draw? Most of us don't. The reason we usually leave drawing to the artists is that we're not very good at it. Who wants to do anything they're bad at? 36 Studies have found drawing has many benefits, artist or not. Here are just a few reasons for picking up a pen or pencil of any kind.

It pushes you to be patient. We're used to things happening fast these days. Drawing is not fast. 37 That's OK, and as something comes together over time, you'll be reminded of the value of patience. Drawing is an object lesson that not everything good comes quickly, which is an easy thing to forget.

38 A few of my drawings are really kind of great. I can look at them with pride. But plenty of my little drawings are nonsense or unfinished. It doesn't matter. I still have the experience of drawing and the benefits that brings. Even if you're not naturally "good" at drawing, you'll get better over time if you practice. 39 Your drawing doesn't have to mean anything or do anything useful. Sometimes you will even fail. No big deal.

It makes memories stick. I draw in order to capture (捕获) moments from my life. I'm not great at drawing, but that's not the point. Sometimes I draw the view from the window of my hotel room—whether it's a great view or not. Remember, the idea is to capture the moment, not create a masterpiece. Other times I draw from my dinner table. 40

- A. Take the pressure off.
 B. It's a good reminder that failure is OK.
 C. It is something that can show your talents.
 D. It takes time to create something interesting.
 E. If you draw fast, you might ruin your drawing.
 F. But maybe we should rethink this assumption.
 G. These drawings can always bring me back to that moment.

第三部分 语言知识运用(共两节,满分45分)

第一节 (共20小题;每小题1.5分,满分30分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

At 2:00 am this Friday morning, I received a text message from a friend, asking if I had any Smile Cards in Spanish. I immediately 41 that I didn't have any. However, I asked her

why she wanted them 42 in Spanish and if Smile Cards in English would be 43.

To my 44, she said she had been one of the few selected by her high school to go on a service trip to Panama. She wanted to share the concept of Smile Cards and 45 with children in the villages. I was totally 46 and excited with hearing the news! So I decided to stop 47 and call her to get more information about her service trip. She was leaving that same day at midnight. I told her I would 48 about it and let her know by afternoon if I could 49 any in Spanish. No luck till midday.

50, there was one translation of the original English Smile Card in Spanish online. Carrying the 51, I headed over to a local printing shop and asked the employee if he could print 100 Smile Cards in Spanish by 6:00 pm. The employee said it was 52 to get it since he was working by himself and was 53 with orders. Disappointed, I 54 the English version of the Smile Card and explained my 55 to him. Even he was excited and promised that he'd try his best to get them 56.

When the clock 57 nine, the Spanish Smile Cards were ready. To express my gratitude, I brought some Indian food to this employee to thank him for his 58. I quickly got into my car and 59 to my friend's house, and she was patiently standing outside awaiting my 60. We didn't get a chance to have a proper conversation, but that was good enough.

- | | | | |
|------------------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|
| 41. A. believed | B. imagined | C. responded | D. noticed |
| 42. A. specifically | B. universally | C. frequently | D. officially |
| 43. A. accurate | B. acceptable | C. valuable | D. flexible |
| 44. A. surprise | B. puzzle | C. disappointment | D. amusement |
| 45. A. solution | B. amazement | C. curiosity | D. kindness |
| 46. A. confused | B. rocked | C. concerned | D. satisfied |
| 47. A. talking | B. travelling | C. discussing | D. texting |
| 48. A. worry | B. bargain | C. enquire | D. quarrel |
| 49. A. take charge of | B. search | C. control | D. get hold of |
| 50. A. Strangely | B. Fortunately | C. Obviously | D. Hopefully |
| 51. A. excitement | B. dream | C. courage | D. doubt |
| 52. A. necessary | B. worthwhile | C. impossible | D. natural |
| 53. A. pleased | B. curious | C. occupied | D. nervous |
| 54. A. took out | B. gave out | C. made up | D. used up |
| 55. A. identity | B. situation | C. concept | D. difficulty |
| 56. A. designed | B. decorated | C. written | D. printed |
| 57. A. recorded | B. exposed | C. struck | D. shook |
| 58. A. commitment | B. judgement | C. encouragement | D. assessment |
| 59. A. stepped forward | B. held on | C. showed up | D. sped off |
| 60. A. apology | B. arrival | C. explanation | D. participation |

第二节 (共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Imagine life today if the printing press had never been invented. We would not have books, posters, magazines or newspapers. The printing press 61 (allow) us to share large amounts of information 62 (convenient). In fact, the printing press is so significant 63 it has

come to be known as one of the most important inventions of our time.

Before the printing press 64 (invent), any writings and drawings had to be completed painstakingly by hand. Johannes Gutenberg invented the printing press in the mid-1400s. 65 led to a huge social and cultural revolution. Long before the Gutenberg press, Chinese 66 (improvement) in ink, block printing and movable clay type were made. This expanded the 67 (write) word's range of influence.

Modern print technology has made printing more 68 (afford) than ever, whether you're printing thousands of booklets or a single poster. The industry has even embraced the Digital Age, which has given rise to online printing companies that make it easy for anyone 69 (design), print, and mail printed materials 70 simply using their computers.

第四部分 写作(共两节,满分35分)

第一节 短文改错(共10小题;每小题1分,满分10分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文,请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有10处语言错误,每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加:在缺词处加一个漏字符号(∧),并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除:把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉。

修改:在错的词下划一横线,并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意:1.每处错误及其修改均仅限一词;

2.只允许修改10处,多者(从第11处起)不计分。

In March 2014, I got the opportunity to apply a job in China. Although the term has already started, still an university in Jinan welcomed me to be part of its great institution. Till now I've been teach in the university for five years. Within these years, I was able to travel to the nearby cities and also to more visiting cities like Shanghai and Beijing. However, none of these cities could top how much special Jinan is for me.

Jinan may neither be as industrialized as Shanghai or as historical as Beijing. But Jinan, for me, is a true wonderful city. Jinan is known for its springs and homegrown poet like Li Qingzhao and Xin Qiji. The people here are more friendly than these elsewhere. I love this city.

第二节 书面表达(满分25分)

假定你是校学生会主席李华。你校学生会准备举办面向交换生的“读中文经典,学中文语言(Learning Chinese through Reading Chinese Classics)”竞赛活动。请你用英语写一份通知,内容包括:

1.活动目的;

2.活动形式;

3.活动时间。

注意:1.词数100左右;

2.可以适当增加细节,以使行文连贯。

成绩查询网址:youngdale.onlyets.com;微信成绩查询关注公众号:ruiya2006

自主招生在线创始于2014年，是专注于自主招生、学科竞赛、全国高考的升学服务平台，旗下拥有网站和微信两大媒体矩阵，关注用户超百万，用户群体涵盖全国90%以上的重点中学老师、家长和考生，引起众多重点高校的关注。

如需获取更多试题及资料，请关注**自主招生在线**官方微信号：**zizzsw**。



微信扫一扫，快速关注