1. C 2. B 3. C

这是一篇说明文。这篇文章主要讲了街舞的历史,现在街舞(街舞)受很多年轻人的欢迎,他们用舞蹈来表达他们对生活的热爱。越来越多的年轻人正在学习街舞。 人们相信它是锻炼身体的好方法,这对他们的健康有好处。

- 1. 细节理解题。根据第一段 They like it because they can invent their own moves.年轻人喜欢跳街舞因为他们能发明自己的动作,可知选 C。
- 2. 细节理解题。根据第二段 At that time, many young black people often danced to the music in the street., 在那个时候,许多年轻的黑人经常伴着音乐在街道上跳舞,可知应选 B。
- 3. 细节理解题。根据第一段倒数第二句 They use this dance to show their love for life. (他们用这种舞蹈来表达他们对生活的热爱。) 可知年轻人用街舞来表达他们对生活的热爱。

4. C 5. D 6. A 7. B

本文是记叙文。文章主要讲述了作者在国外的经历,这些经历和磨难让作者变得更加坚强和自信。

- 4. 细节理解题。结合上文以及根据第一段"Now I was in Washington, DC and I didn't know what the word "accomplishment" meant. So all I could say was "I don't know" (现在我在华盛顿,我不知道'accomplishment(成就)"这个词是什么意思)"可知, 作者在巴西取得了很多值得骄傲的成就,但是现在她在华盛顿,被问到以前的成就时,她不知道"accomplishment(成就)"这个词的意思,可见她是不知所措的。因此,当被问及她以前的成就时,作者的反应是 C 项"She was at a loss (她不知所措)"符合题意,故选 C 项。
- 5. 细节理解题。根据第二段第一句"I had decided to do a postdoc abroad because I thought the training would help me secure a teaching position.(我决定去国外做一名博士后,因为我认为这种培训会帮助我获得一个教学职位。)"可知,作者决定去国外做一名博士后,认为这种培训很有价值,能够让她获得经验,帮助她获得一个教学职位。因此,作者出国的原因是 D 项 To gain experience for a position.(为一个职位获得经验)"符合题意,故选 D 项。
- 6. 词义猜测题。根据第一段"I was attending my first group meeting in the lab as a postdoc, and I was pleased that I could follow most of the discussion. Then, in front of everyone, the professor turned to me and asked about my previous accomplishments. I froze. (我作为博士后参加了我在实验室的第一次小组会议,我很高兴能跟上大部分讨论。然后,在大家面前,教授转向我,问我以前的成就。我愣住了)"可知,作者作为博士后参加了实验室的第一次小组会议,问她以前的成就,她愣住了,没有给出合适的回答。这件事让她的自信心受到了打击。因此,第 1 段中带下划线的'it"是指的是 A 项"I didn't give a proper response in a lab meeting.(我在实验室会议上没有给出正确的回答)"符合题意,故选 A 项。
- 7. 主旨大意题。通读全文,尤其是根据最后一段"My confidence is back. I feel a little like Wonder Woman.(我的信心恢复了。我觉得有点像神奇女侠)"可知,经过一

番打击以后,作者并没有灰心,而是果断采取行动,积极与她人互动,经过不断的练习,她的自信心恢复了,那些经历和磨难让作者变得更加坚强和自信,感觉自己像一个神奇的女侠。因此,文本的最佳标题是 B 项"I found my inside Wonder Woman(我找到了我内心的神奇女侠)"符合题意,故选 B 项。

8. C 9. C 10. D 11. A

这是一篇新闻报道,文章报道的是在法国的一个公园里,人们雇用秃鼻乌鸦来 捡垃圾。雇佣乌鸦的真正目的是让去公园的人在扔垃圾前思考一下自己的行为。

- 8.细节理解题。根据第二段最后一句Gaborit raised and trained two rooks to do the same with rubbish."Gaborit 饲养和训练了两只白嘴鸦来处理垃圾。"由此可知, Christophe Gaborit 是秃鼻乌鸦捡垃圾的驯兽师。
- 9. 细节理解题。根据最后一段 The rooks are employed for the first time over the weekend, and they'll be working four days aweek under close watch not for the birds, but to make sure the humans don't deliberately drop rubbish to watch the birds clean it up."乌鸦第一次被雇佣是在周末,他们将在密切的监视下每周工作四天——不是为了鸟,而是为了确保人类不会故意扔垃圾来观察鸟清理垃圾。"由此可知,秃鼻乌鸦之所以要在严密监视下工作,是因为为了避免被人类故意打扰。
- 10. 推理判断题。根据最后一段中 That's because the aim of the rook garbage collectors isn't only to collect garbage—it's also to get park-goers to think before they litter."那是因为收垃圾的车的目的不仅仅是收垃圾,它还能让去公园的人在扔垃圾前三思。"可知,雇佣秃鼻的鸦的真正目的是为了让人类得到启示。
- 11. 主旨大意题。根据第一段中Now these feathered geniuses have been given a job six rooks have been trained to pick up rubbish in the Puy du Fou historical theme park in western France."现在这些长着羽毛的天才们得到了一份工作:在法国西部的 Puy du Fou 历史主题公园里,6 只白嘴鸦被训练去捡垃圾。"所以文章讲述的是在法国的一个公园里,人们雇白嘴鸦来捡垃圾。

推理判断题要求在理解原文表面文字信息的基础上,做出一定的推理判断,从而得到文章的隐含意义和深层意义。推理判断题所涉及的内容可能是文中的某一句话,也可能是某几句话,所以,推理题的答案只能是根据原文表面文字信息一步推出的答案:即对原文某一句话或某几句话所作的同义改写或综合。推理判断题的题于中通常含 infer,suggest,imply,conclude indicate 等标志性词语。本题第 3 小题,根据最后一段中 That's because the aim of the rook garbage collectors isn't only to collect garbage — it's also to get park-goers to think before they litter."那是因为收垃圾的车的目的不仅仅是收垃圾,它还能让去公园的人在扔垃圾前三思。"可知,雇佣白嘴鸦的真正目的是为了让人类得到启示。

12. B 13. D 14. A 15. D

这是一篇说明文。主要讲述了数字技术巨头们对用户信息的渴望以及由此带来的不公平竞争。

12. 细节理解题。根据第一段"What WhatsApp offered Facebook was an intricate (复杂的) and finely detailed web of its users' friendships and social lives."(WhatsApp 能够提供给 Facebook 的是其复杂庞大但又十分细致的用户朋友圈和社交生活网。)

可知 Facebook 收购 WhatsApp 是为了它的用户信息。故选 B 项。

- 13. 细节理解题。根据第三段Competition law appears to be the only way to address these imbalances of power. But it is clumsy. For one thing, it is very slow compared to the pace of change within the digital economy."(竞争法看似是解决这些权利不均衡的唯一方法。但是,它很笨拙。因为,相较于数字经济的发展变化,这些法律是很缓慢滞后的。),可知在作者看来竞争法跟不上市场的变化。故选 D 项。
- 14. 细节理解题。根据文章第三段"Competition law as presently interpreted deals with financial disadvantage to consumers and this is not obvious when the users of these services don't pay for them. The users of their services are not their customers."(按照目前的解释,竞争法处理的是消费者的财务问题。当这些服务的使用者不为这些服务付费时,这一点作用并不明显。他们的服务使用者并不是他们的客户。),可知如果使用服务的人不付费,不成为实际客户的话,这些法律并不能保护他们。故选 A 项。
- 15. 推理判断题。根据文章最后一段'Just as some ants farm the bugs called aphids (蚜虫) for the honeydew they produce when they feed, so Google farms us for the data that our digital lives yield." (就像一些蚂蚁会养殖一些蚜虫来获取它们产出的蜂蜜, Google 也在养殖我们,获取我们的数字生活产生的数据。),可知作者在此处使用此类比,是为了说明数字信息用户和这些信息技术巨头之间的关系。故选 D 项。

通读文章了解主要内容揣摩中心思想,认真通读所有题目理解题意,抓住关键词,再带着问题及关键词仔细地阅读有关内容,认真地思考组织答案。比如本篇第1题关键词 WhatsApp、Facebook、acquire (获取),带着关键词,找到相关信息在第一段,答案即在本段中寻找。

16. F 17. G 18. E 19. D 20. A 本文是一篇说明文。文章介绍了如何爱自己的几点建议。

- 16. 根据上文"After we have learned how to love ourselves, we will be able to love others.(当我们学会了如何爱自己,我们将能够爱别人。)"可知,爱自己对拥有快乐的人生很重要,再结合下文"You have to learn some steps to develop self-love."(你必须学会一些培养自爱的步骤)可知,学会爱自己也是一件不容易的事,你需要掌握一些方法。F 项中 isn't going to be easy 引出了下文的建议,故选 F 项。
- 17. 根据上文"This isn't the right attitude towards life. (这不是对生活的正确态度。) "以及下文"In fact, no one on this earth is perfect. (世界上没有一个人是完美的)"可知,此处是提出正确的做法——接受自己的不完美。G 项中的 you aren't perfect 对应上文中的 no one on this earth is perfect,故选 G 项。
- 18. 根据上文"Stop worrying. (停止忧虑。)"以及下文"It won't help you get the solution (解决办法)."(它不会帮你找到解决办法的)可知,此处说明忧虑的不利影响。E 项与下一句句是一致,且 Worrying about a problem 对应本段主题,故选 E 项。
- 19. 根据上文"Take part in activities that you love and develop a hobby. (参加一些你喜欢的活动,培养一种爱好。)"可知,此处解释应该参加什么样的活动和培养什么样的爱好,再结合本段的主题句可知,只要是能让你开心的活动和爱好,什么都可以。故选 D 项。
 - 20. 此处为该段的主题句,根据下文"So you must take good care of your health.

(因此你必须好好照顾你的健康。)"以及"It includes eating fresh healthy food, taking enough rest and doing exercise. (它包括吃新鲜健康的食物,有足够的休息和锻炼。)"可知,该段内容与拥有健康的生活方式有关。A 项 Live a healthy lifestyle 正好体现本段主旨,故选 A 项。

- 21. B 22. C 23. A 24. D 25. C 26. D 27. D 28. C 29. B 30. A 31. B 32. B 33. B 34. C 35. A
- 本文是一篇说明文。文章讲述在未来的 2035 年,我们将会面临的挑战和竞争,以及我们应该怎样处理这些问题。
- 21. 考查形容词词义辨析。句意: 到 2035 年,大多数组织将不再拥有大型的、由公司赞助的实体办公室,而是租用虚拟会议室,供全职员工和合同工在需要的时候工作和会面。A. downtown 市中心的; B. physical 实物的; C. well-equipped 装备好的; D. multifunctional 多功能的。根据下文"instead will rent virtual meeting rooms for both full-time and contract employees to work and meet when they need to"可知是和虚拟会议室相反的,也就是实体办公室,
- 22. 考查动词词义辨析。句意:由于在线评级系统的兴起,客户将实时评估你的产品和服务,并希望他们的担忧能立即得到解决。A. accuse 指责; B. advertise 打广告; C. evaluate 评估; D. use 使用。根据上文"Thanks to the rise of the online rating systems"可知是在线评级系统,客户可以在上面实时评估你的产品和服务,
- 23. 考查名词词义辨析。句意:我们还必须处理我们以前从未遇到过的多样性。A. diversity 多样性; B. talents 天才; C. overpopulation 人口过剩; D. joblessness 失业。根据前文的各种新兴事物的出现,所以推测应该是我们必须要处理从来没有遇到过的多样性,
- 24. 考查形容词词义辨析。句意: 到今年为止,将有五代人在工作,以许多传统主义者(1945年以前出生)和婴儿潮一代(1945-1963年出生)为首,他们决心在典型退休年龄之后为组织做出贡献。A. awkward 使人尴尬的; B. fruitful 富有成效的; C. marriageable 适合结婚的; D. retiring 即将退休的。根据上文"baby boomers(born 1945—1963)who are determined to contribute to their organizations"和常识可知是即将退休的人,
- 25. 考查形容词和名词词义辨析。句意: 由于 X 一代(1964-1979 年出生)的人数较少, 千禧一代(1980-1995 年出生)进入领导岗位的时间平均比他们的前辈早 10 年, 需要广泛的学习才能成为有效的管理者。A. competitive 竞争的; B. ideal 理想的; C. leadership 领导; D. social 社会的。根据上文than their predecessors (前辈) and require extensive learning to be effective managers"可知能成为有效的管理者应该是领导岗位,
- 26. 考查名词词义辨析。句意: Z 世代(1996-2012 年出生)中年龄最大的成员现在正从大学毕业, 进入职场, 希望利用技术立即产生商业影响。A. adulthood 成年; B. maturity 成熟, C. society 社会, D. workforce 劳动力。根据上文"The oldest members of Generation Z (born 1996—2012) are now graduating from college"可知这一代人正大学毕业,毕业后应该是进入职场,
- 27. 考查名词词义辨析。句意: 想要留住顶尖 Z 世代人才的组织必须提供工具, 让他们以最高效率完成工作。A. staffs 全体职工: B. investments 投资; C. opportunities

- 机会; D. tools 工具。根据下文"that allow them to do their jobs with maximum efficiency."可知应提供工具以最高效率完成工作。
- 28. 考查固定短语辨析。句意: 例如,由于虚拟和远程工作,以及中国和印度工作年龄人口的增加,你们的工作竞争将不仅仅发生在你们的后院,而是在全世界范围内,这两个国家将很快成为合格人才的主要出口国。A. As a result 结果; B. In addition 另外; C. For instance 例如; D. Even so 虽然如此。根据下文"your competition for jobs won't simply be in your backyard but will be all over the world thanks to virtual and _____ work and larger populations of working-aged people in China and India, which will shortly become the leading _____ of qualified talent."可知这是举例子,
- 29. 考查形容词词义辨析。句意:同上。A. flexible 自由的; B. remote 远程的; C. universal 全体的; D. voluntary 自愿的。根据上文的"virtual"可知是虚拟和远程工作,都是说明未来的工作是和科技相关的,
- 30. 考查名词词义辨析。句意:同上。A. exporters 出口商; B. giants 巨人; C. members 成员; D. generations 一代人。根据上文'your competition for jobs won't simply be in your backyard but will be all over the world thanks to virtual and ____9 work and larger populations of working-aged people in China and India,"可知中国和印度工作年龄人口的增加,所以他们会到全世界去工作,这两个国家将很快成为合格人才的主要出口国,
- 31. 考查动词词义辨析。句意 在 2035 年的工作世界中,团队合作将是短期的,涉及高水平的人机合作。A cause 造成; B. involve 涉及; C. promote 提升; D. replace 代替。根据本句'In the work world of 2035, team work will be shorter-term in nature and li high levels of human and machine cooperation。可知是在 2035 年将会包含高水平的人机合作,
- 32. 考查名词词义辨析。句意:不断的创新是必然的,这意味着如果你想跟上技术的步伐,并利用它来推动业务成果,你就不能等着别人给你一个解决方案。A. cooperation 合作; B. innovation 创新; C. isolation 隔离; D. support 支持。根据下文"meaning that if you want to keep pace with technology and use it to drive business results, you can't wait for someone else to hand you a solution."可知要想跟上技术的步伐,你需要独立给出解决方案,也就是创新,
- 33. 考查动词词义辨析。句意: 所以,如果你是一个领导者,你如何让你的组织在这个非常不同的世界里竞争呢? A. aim 旨在; B. prepare 准备; C. prohibit 阻止; D. stimulate 刺激。根据上文"if you' re a leader"可知是个比喻,如果你是领导者,在2035 年你打算准备怎样让你的团队进行竞争,
- 34. 考查名词词义辨析。句意:关注你最优秀的员工,无论他们来自不同的时代、不同的背景、不同的工作安排,并赋予他们正确的工具。A. employees 雇员; B. nations 国家: C. generations 代: D. races 竞争。根据下文"from all backgrounds, and with various work arrangements"可知要关注的是最有优秀的员工,不管他们来自哪个时代,有什么样的背景,
- 35. 考查动词词义辨析。句意: 同上。A. empower 授权; B. please 请; C. honor 尊敬; D. serve 服务。根据上文"Focus on your best people"可知关注最好的员工,也

就是要赋予他们正确的工具,

36. rising 37. what 38. ways 39. of

本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了气候变化导致冰雪融化,海平面上升等极端天气的出现。因此科学家们呼吁人们要采取行动,减少空气污染和二氧化碳的产生。

- 36. 考查形容词。句意:近年来,我们看到世界各地的冰盖融化和海平面上升。分析句子,设空处应该使用 rise 的形容词与空前的 melting 构成并列结构,作定语修饰 sea levels, rising 意为"不断上升的"。故填 rising。
- 37. 考查主语从句。句意:科学家表示,造成这些新模式的原因是气候变化。分析句子,设空处引导的是主语从句,引导词在从句中作主语,意为"什么"用what。故填 what。
- 38. 考查名词。句意: 其他降低碳足迹的方法包括走路而不是开车,带环保袋去超市,少吃肉。分析句子,设空处使用名词作主语,way 意为"方式"为可数名词,此处表示复数意义。故填 ways。
- 此文衣小及奴思义。故琪 ways。
 39. 考查介词。句意:同上。分析句子,设全处表示"反而,而不是"用 instead of。故填 of。
 - 40. Dear David.

Knowing that you will travel abroad in the coming holiday, I'm pleased to recommend some tourist attractions in Canada to you.

Rather than travelling by airline all the way, I highly recommend you take the train to cross the vast land. Recognized as a tourist city of Canada, Toronto is a city you can never miss. With a long history and various tourist attractions, it attracts thousands of tourists every year. What will amaze you most is the Great Lakes, where the blue water will literally take your breath away. In addition, the art galleries and theaters are well worth visiting. Besides, the local seafood will surely be appealing to you.

I would be more than glad if you could take my suggestions into account. Wish you a pleasant and rewarding journey in Canada.

N

Yours, Li Hua

本篇书面表达属于应用文。要求考生以目前正在加拿大研学的李华名义,给好友 David 回复一封邮件,为他提出几点关于加拿大旅游的建议。

词汇积累

推荐: recommend—put in a good word/advise

旅游景点: tourist attractions→ tourist resorts/tourist destinations

令人惊讶的: take one's breath away→ amazing/astonishing/astounding

吸引: appeal to→attract

简单句变复合句

原句: With a long history and various tourist attractions, it attracts thousands of tourists every year.

拓展句: It attracts thousands of tourists every year because it has a long history and various tourist attractions.

【高分句型 1】What will amaze you most is the Great Lakes, where the blue water will literally take your breath away. (运用了what 引导的主语从句和where 引导的非限 制性定语从句)

【高分句型 2】I would be more than glad if you could take my suggestions into account. (运用了 if 引导的条件状语从句)

41. I insisted that we must keep our words. I told my mother and wife that if we broke our promises. Dina would never learn to keep her own. So I told Dina her wish would be fulfilled. I accompanied her to the barber's. With her head clean-shaven, Dina had a round-face, and her eyes looked big and beautiful. The next day, I dropped her at her school. I was about to leave when I heard someone shouting, "Dina, please wait for me!" It was a boy with a hairless head, too.

A lady walked to me and told me that the boy walking along with my daughter was her son. She told me Dina helped her son a lot. From her words, I knew her son was suffering from a terrible disease and lost all his hair due to the side effects of the treatment. He refused to come back to school, fearing the teasing of the schoolmates. Dina visited him last week and promised him that she would help him out. But the mother never imagined Dina would sacrifice her lovely hair for the sake of her son. I stood with tears welling up in my eyes. My little girl was a true angel!

本文以人物为线索展开,讲述了作者去劝女儿吃掉她不爱吃的食物,女儿在父 母承诺满足自己的要求之后吃光了食物。女儿提出要求,她想要剃光头,起初作者 和妻子想要拒绝,但是最后作者决定遵守承诺。

- 1.段落续写: ①由第一段首句内容"我坚持我们必须遵守诺清。"可知,第一段可描写作者和 家人遵守诺言,带女儿剃了光头,第二天去上学时,遇见了一个光头的男孩。
- ②由第二段首句内容"一位女士走过来告诉我,和我女儿一起走的那个男孩是 她的儿子。"可知,第二段可描写作者在与女士交谈后,了解到女儿剃光头的原因,
- 为女儿的行为感动。
 2.续写线索: 遵守诺言 女儿剃光头——遇见光头男孩——与女士交谈——
 - 3.词汇激活

行为类

- ①违背诺言: break one's promises/break one's words/go back on one's promises
- ②实现: fulfill/achieve/come true
- ③陪伴她: accompany her/keep her company 情绪类
- ①害怕: fear/be afraid/be scared
- ②泪流满面: with tears welling up/in tears

[高分句型 1]I told my mother and wife that if we broke our promises, Dina would never learn to keep her own. (由连接词 that 引导的宾语从句作 told 的宾语《由连接词 if 引导的条件状语从句)

[高分句型 2]I was about to leave when I heard someone shouting, "Dina, please wait

