

哈师大附中 2021 级高三第二次调研考试 2023.10

英语试题

(满分 150 分 时间 120 分钟)

第 I 卷

第一部分：听力 (共两节，满分 20 分)

第一节 (共 5 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题；每段对话仅读一遍。

1. How long has the train already stayed at the station?
A. 15 minutes. B. 14 minutes. C. 8 minutes.
2. When will the mother probably arrive?
A. Around dinner time. B. In the mid-afternoon. C. At noon.
3. What does the man imply?
A. The woman should be careful.
B. The woman shouldn't start training.
C. The woman should see a doctor.
4. What are the speakers mainly talking about?
A. Classical music. B. Studying literature. C. Watching movies.
5. What degree does the man plan to start to do?
A. Doctorate. B. Master. C. Bachelor.

第二节 (共 15 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 15 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料，回答第 6、7 题。

6. Where does the man want to go?
A. To Beijing. B. To London. C. To New York.
7. When is the man's flight?
A. At 6:25 a.m. B. At 6:25 p.m. C. At 10:00 p.m.

听第 7 段材料，回答第 8、9 题。

8. What do we know about the man?
A. He quarreled with his boss. B. He lost his job. C. He is tired.
9. What does the woman suggest the man do?
A. Ask for help. B. Go see a doctor. C. Finish the projects.

听第 8 段材料，回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. What are the speakers mainly talking about?
A. What transport to take. B. How to carry their luggage. C. Where to spend vacation.

11. Why does the woman want to take a train there?
A. To be safe. B. To enjoy the scenery. C. To save money.

12. What does the man worry about?
A. Their luggage. B. Their tickets. C. Their time.

听第9段材料，回答第13至16题。

13. What are the speakers worrying about?
A. Booking plane tickets. B. Missing five days of school. C. Making up lessons during spring break.

14. What does the man suggest doing first?
A. Getting their money back. B. Talking with their professors. C. Booking plane tickets.

15. What can we learn about the man?
A. He has canceled his trip. B. He had been ill for a week. C. He was caught in a storm.

16. What can we learn about the woman?
A. She is looking forward to the vacation. B. She got the news from the dean. C. She has talked with John.

听第10段材料，回答第17至20题。

17. What date is St. George's Day?
A. April 22nd. B. April 23rd. C. April 24th.

18. Who drove the car yesterday?
A. John. B. Margaret. C. Andrew.

19. What can we learn from the talk?
A. Stratford is not very far from the sea. B. Cairngorms has great scenery. C. Cairngorms lies in the heart of England.

20. What do we know about Stratford?
A. There are mountains round it. B. There are no woods around it. C. It has marketplaces.

第二部分：阅读理解（共两节，满分50分）

第一节（共15小题；每小题2.5分，满分37.5分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的四个选项（A、B、C和D）中，选出最佳选项。

A

The value-packed, all-inclusive sight-seeing package that combines the best of Sydney's harbor, city, bay and beach highlights.

A SydneyPass gives you unlimited and flexible travel on the Explorer Buses: the 'red' Sydney Explorer shows you around our exciting city sights while the 'blue' Bondi Explorer visits Sydney Harbour bays and famous beaches. Take to the water on one of three magnificent daily harbor cruises (游船). You can also travel

free on regular Sydney Buses, Sydney Ferries or CityRail services (limited area), so you can go to every corner of this beautiful city.

Imagine browsing at Darling Harbour, tasting the famous seafood at Watsons Bay or enjoying the city lights on an evening ferry cruise. The possibilities and plans are endless with a SydneyPass. Wherever you decide to go, remember that bookings are not required on any of our services so tickets are treated on a first in, first seated basis.

SydneyPasses are available for 3, 5 or 7 days for use over a 7-calendar-day period. With a 3 or 5-day pass you choose on which days out of the 7 you want to use it. All SydneyPasses include a free Airport Express inward trip before starting your 3, 5 or 7 days, and the return trip is valid for 2 months from the first day your ticket was used.

SydneyPass Fares

	Adult	Child*	Family**
3-day ticket	\$90	\$45	\$225
5-day ticket	\$120	\$60	\$300
7-day ticket	\$140	\$70	\$350

*A child is defined as anyone from the ages of 4 years to under 16 years. Children under 4 years travel free.

**A family is defined as 2 adults and any number of children from 4 to under 16 years of age from the same family.

21. A SydneyPass doesn't offer unlimited rides on _____.
- A. the Explorer Buses
B. the harbor cruises
C. regular Sydney Buses
D. CityRail services
22. With a SydneyPass, a traveller can _____.
- A. save fares from and to the airport
B. take the Sydney Explorer to beaches
C. enjoy the famous seafood for free
D. reserve seats easily in a restaurant
23. If 5-day tickets were to be recommended to a mother who travelled with her colleague and her children, aged 3, 6 and 10, what would the lowest cost be?
- A. \$225. B. \$300. C. \$360. D. \$420.

B

We were standing at the top of a church tower. I saw twisting streets leading to the square. "See, my dear," Father said gently. "There is more than one way to the square."

2

Father's words always guided me. Dreaming of becoming a fashion designer, I came to Paris, but without luck. Then one day I met a friend wearing a beautiful sweater. "What an interesting stitch!" I cried. "It was done by Mrs. Vidian," my friend explained. "She learned the stitch in Armenia, her native country." Suddenly I had a daring idea. Why not design, make and sell my own clothes?

I drew a butterfly pattern and asked Mrs. Vidian to knit it into a sweater. It proved a success. A New York store wanted 40 sweaters to be ready in two weeks. I accepted the order. My happiness disappeared, however, when Mrs. Vidian told me it took her almost a week to knit one sweater.

I was crushed. Then I remembered father's words. There must be other Armenian women in Paris who mastered the special stitch. Then I searched for any Armenians living in Paris. At last I tracked down several. Two weeks later, the first shipment was on its way to the United States!

From that day on orders poured in. Then came another test. As I was busy getting ready to show my winter fashions, the sewing girls were called out on strike. Where was the way out this time? I wondered and worried. Then it dawned on me.

I worked hurriedly. And right on time, my show took place. Some coats had no sleeves; some were only patterns made of heavy cotton cloth, but on these I attached material to show what colors and textures the clothes would have when they were finished. What a show! Once again father's words helped me.

24. What problem did the writer face after accepting the order?

- A. It was impossible for Vidian to meet the deadline.
- B. The sewing girls were called out on strike.
- C. She found it hard to track Armenians living in Paris.
- D. There was a shortage of suitable cloth.

25. What do the underlined words "the first shipment" refer to in Paragraph 4?

- A. Raw materials.
- B. More orders.
- C. The forty sweaters.
- D. The special stitch.

26. How did the writer deal with the show problem?

- A. She put off the show.
- B. She showed the clothes unfinished.
- C. She employed more sewing girls.
- D. She completed the clothes in a hurry.

27. Which of the following might the writer agree with?

- A. Practice makes perfect.
- B. Like father, like son.
- C. Easier said than done.
- D. All roads lead to Rome.

C

Trees don't look at the calendar to see when spring arrives, but they seem to know when spring is here better than we do. The annual shift from winter to spring is a breathtaking event to watch as leaves become green and a lush (苍翠的) environment reveals itself. Recently a research takes a look at why trees in cities are turning green earlier than expected.

Scientists use satellite imagery to see when plants turn green. By comparing spring green ups in the 85 largest US cities, scientists found that on average trees start to turn green nine days earlier in cities due to the combined effect of artificial lights and urban heat effect.

According to the findings, one of the reasons is the artificial light. City lights brightening the night skies, billboard signs lit up on roadways and car headlights all contribute to shifting the regular day to night cycle that plants and trees rely on. In order to stay alive during cruel winters, trees hit the pause button on their growth. Since temperatures can vary dramatically throughout the winter, the length of daylight is the signal trees look for to safely start growing again and turn green.

On average cities are typically 1.8 to 5.4°F warmer than rural areas. This is known as the urban heat island effect. The changes in city environments may affect seasonal changes even more than climate warming and mosquito season, water cycles, and also affect pollinators (授粉媒介).

Despite the worries and concern, it isn't all bad news. "With a longer growing season, trees would be able to absorb more carbon dioxide," A researcher said. "Hopefully they'd have a longer period to do the cooling effect that can help relieve the urban heating effect in cities."

28. What is the purpose of the text?
- A. To reveal how trees survive bitter winters.
 - B. To warn how human activities disturb nature.
 - C. To explain why trees turn green earlier in cities.
 - D. To clarify how trees turning green earlier benefits cities.
29. How did the scientists conduct their research?
- A. Bringing out urban heat island effect.
 - B. Comparing the green-up time in sample cities.
 - C. Allowing the city environment to reveal itself.
 - D. Developing pictures shot by the satellite.
30. Which of the following elements contributes to trees turning green earlier?
- A. Plant pollinators.
 - B. Water cycle.
 - C. Road signs.
 - D. Street lamps.
31. In which section of a website can the text be found?
- A. Environment.
 - B. Education.
 - C. Entertainment.
 - D. Business.

D

Tesla's self-driving cars have recently come under investigation as a report on crashes raises questions about their safety. Despite Tesla CEO Elon Musk's claim that their Autopilot capability makes their cars "unequivocally (毫不含糊地) safer," data suggests otherwise.

According to *The Washington Post*, the number of deaths and serious injuries associated with Tesla's driver-assistance technology is higher than previously reported. The National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) recorded 736 crashes since 2019, with at least 17 of them being fatal. These figures include crashes involving both Autopilot, which allows cars to drive on highways without human intervention, and the newer Full Self-Driving feature, which extends automation to city streets. However, these statistics can't record incidents that were avoided due to the cars' safety features. Additionally, when compared to the total number of car crashes that occurred last year, the number of crashes involving driver-assistance vehicles appears relatively small, but actually it's not.

Tesla's safety claims lack context as Autopilot is primarily designed for highways, while most accidents occur in more complex environments with cross-traffic, pedestrians, and cyclists. Moreover, Tesla's customer base consists mainly of wealthier individuals who live in communities with lower accident rates.

Concerns are raised by Tesla's request to the NHTSA not to reveal whether Autopilot or Full Self-Driving was in use during fatal crashes. This lack of transparency (透明) prevents a comprehensive analysis of the incidents and raises questions about responsibility.

Safety exaggerations (夸大) combined with Tesla's aggressive marketing have led to accidents caused by drivers relying too heavily on the system. Full Self-Driving does not allow the car to fully drive itself, and drivers are expected to remain attentive and ready to intervene at all times. However, Tesla's messaging may mislead some users into believing otherwise.

While a driverless future has the potential to be safer, it is crucial not to convince the public that underdeveloped capabilities are ready for widespread use. Tesla should address past problems, ensure their automation set can detect emergency vehicles, and be transparent with the public about the limitations of their technology. Rushing the implementation (应用) of such technology without addressing its limitations could lead to serious consequences on the road.

32. What can we learn about Tesla's driver-assistance-related crashes from paragraph 2?

- A. 736 fatal cases of self-driving are recorded.
- B. NHTSA focused on the crashes on highways.
- C. The total number of car crashes is extremely small.
- D. The incidents avoided are not counted in the crash statistics.

33. What can be inferred about Tesla's safety claims?

- A. They are supported by comprehensive data.
- B. They are based on limited driving environment.
- C. They are restricted to the experiences of satisfied customers.
- D. They have been proven to be accurate and reliable by NHTSA.

34. What can we know about Full Self-Driving?

- A. It is ill-received.
- B. It is well-developed.
- C. It needs the driver to stay focused.
- D. It reduces the accidents greatly.

35. Which title best summarizes the content of this text?

- A. Concerns and Questions Surrounding Tesla's "Self-Driving" Cars
- B. Tesla's Self-Driving Cars: The Safest Option of Driving on the Road
- C. The Future of Self-Driving Cars: A Closer Look at Tesla's Technology
- D. Reconstruction and Revolution of Tesla's Autopilot and Full Self-Driving

第二节 (共5小题; 每小题2.5分, 满分12.5分)

根据短文内容, 从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Childhood is an important period of social development, particularly in the formation of social identity, which is how we perceive our various roles in society in relation to others. 36 If a child is very shy and withdrawn, it's likely that other children will pick up on that child's social cues (暗示) and leave them alone,

thus confirming the child's social identity as "shy and withdrawn". In turn, the child may become upset, trying to break free from that identity.

37 The more people identify with (认同) a particular group, the more that group plays a role in shaping how people feel about themselves. Being a member of that group becomes important for how people regard themselves and their abilities. 38

Not all children who experience threats to their social identity will experience depression. 39 For example, a child who only sees himself as a star soccer player may experience discomfort and a sense of loss if he suddenly becomes injured and is unable to play soccer anymore. The child may lose his status as a star athlete, which opens the door for depression.

How can a child's identity be supported? As an adult, you can acknowledge what and who is important to them. Try not to place too much emphasis on any one single social role. 40 What's more, if you notice that a child is losing interest in activities they once loved, or other behaviors that show they are feeling depressed, seek advice from their mental health providers.

- A. Social identity allows people to be part of groups.
- B. In fact, the child may hide their negative side and try to fit in.
- C. Our social identities are often influenced by people around us.
- D. Instead, encourage them to try new and different things in life.
- E. Only those with a limited number of social roles are more at risk.
- F. So gaining status within the group can help people develop a sense of belonging.
- G. Why does a child feel depressed without being noticed by their parents or teachers?

第三部分：英语知识运用（共三节，满分40分）

第一节 完形填空（共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的四个选项（A、B、C和D）中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

In January 2023, I was commuting from Brooklyn to New Jersey. With two little kids and a busy business, a quiet train ride felt like a mini 41. Yet I found myself spending that 42 time scrolling (浏览) through social media feeds.

One day, I 43 my phone and started writing thank-you notes to people who had 44 to a money-raiser I had organized. Getting off the train, I was in a noticeably 45 mood. The next day, I wrote more thank-you letters—and felt the same. Something 46. What if I kept it up?

I decided to write one thank-you note for every day. I had no shortage of people I was 47 to. I picked out a different 48 for each month. January was charity. February would be neighbors, and I thought of a dozen names immediately. I remembered when the owners of our local bookstore let me and my son, Henry, 49 before the store opened and 50 to play his favorite soundtrack. I recalled when our babysitter dropped off some board games for our 51.

Writing the notes wasn't that 52: Each was two or three sentences long, taking just a few minutes. I 53 on the person I was writing to and what I wanted to say, and the words came fairly 54. That focus felt refreshing.

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I eventually realized why this task was the perfect cure to my social feeds. Scrolling through Instagram, I was admiring others' lives. However, writing thank-you notes was an act of 55 and honoring my own life.

41. A. journey B. program C. vacation D. hall
 42. A. precious B. busy C. short D. mean
 43. A. break up B. turned in C. reached out D. put down
 44. A. flowed B. contributed C. led D. linked
 45. A. better B. bluer C. friendlier D. guiltier
 46. A. clicked B. occurred C. came D. froze
 47. A. sorry B. angry C. grateful D. available
 48. A. piece B. step C. signal D. theme
 49. A. out B. in C. away D. on
 50. A. continued B. refused C. added D. offered
 51. A. parents B. kids C. drivers D. neighbors
 52. A. time-consuming B. consumer-friendly C. energy-saving D. trouble-making
 53. A. reflected B. concentrated C. congratulated D. stepped
 54. A. flexibly B. soundly C. easily D. skillfully
 55. A. protecting B. adopting C. noticing D. controlling

第二节 语法填空 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Human memory is unreliable. Even people with the sharpest facial recognition skills can only remember so much.

It's tough to quantify how good a person is 56 remembering. No one really knows how many different faces someone can recall, for example, but various estimates tend to hover in the thousands.

Machines aren't limited this way. Give the right computer a massive database of faces, and it can process what it sees—then recognize a face it 57 (tell) to find—with remarkable speed and precision. This skill is 58 supports the enormous promise of facial-recognition software in the 21st century.

The thing is, machines still have limitations when it comes to facial recognition. And scientists are only just beginning to understand what those constraints are. 59 (figure) out how computers are struggling, researchers at the University of Washington created a massive database of faces and 60 (test) a variety of facial-recognition algorithms (算法) as they scales up in complexity. The idea was to test the machines on a database that included up to 1 million different images of nearly 7,000 different people—and not just a large database 61 (feature) a relatively small number of different faces.

As the databases grew, machine 62 (accurate) dipped across the board. Algorithms 63 were right 95% of the time when they were dealing with a 13,000-image database, for example, were accurate about 70% of the time when face with 1 million images.

Machines also had difficulty adjusting for people who look a lot alike—either doppelgangers (长相极相似的人), whom the machine would have trouble in identifying as two separate people, 64 the same person

who appeared in different photos at different ages or in different lighting, whom the machine would 65 (correct) view as separate people.

第三节 单句语法填空 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

66. _____ (commercial) introduce us to new products or remind us of the existence of ones we already know about.
67. The dining-room is _____ (luxury) furnished and carpeted.
68. Make rational spending choices and never exceed your _____ (agree) credit limit.
69. Some of our ancestors chose to subdue their fears and pursue _____ unknown—and this curiosity led them to, for instance, discover the use of fire.
70. He still longed _____ (become) known for his historical novels amongst other academic works.
71. We await the next volume of this superb edition with keen _____ (anticipate).
72. China is _____ (exception). It has the same trend in the development of private higher education as other countries.
73. Ask colleagues to read your manuscript prior _____ submission.
74. Be a _____ (consult) to your child as he plays.
75. France is one of the most popular destinations for travellers in Continental Europe, _____ (boast) dozens of major tourist attractions.

第 II 卷

第四部分: 书面表达 (满分 40 分)

第一节 (满分 15 分)

假定你是李华, 得知市图书馆正在招募暑期“英语阅读沙龙 (English Reading Salon)”活动的主持人, 请写一封英文申请信, 内容包括:

1. 写信目的;
2. 个人情况;
3. 活动设想。

注意:

1. 写作词数应为 80 左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

To Whom It May Concern,

Yours sincerely,
Li Hua

第二节 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料, 根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段, 使之构成一篇完整的短文。

Light a lamp and we can warm a heart. Terry was a middle-aged leather trader whose repeated failure in career made him a depressed man, often complaining that he had been cheated by others. Having stayed in the city for years, he thought he accomplished nothing.

One day, he told his wife he was so disappointed with the city that he had to leave it immediately. So, his family moved to another city, which he thought would bring good fortune to him. However, it was not easy for people to move to another place, for they had to handle quantities of stuffs and encounter many strangers. The whole family reached there in the evening of a weekend, with their clothes almost wet. It was a tough rainy night. The wind was howling dreadfully and the rain was pouring from the heaven, beating against the branches of lined trees on the road. The world was swallowed with a sea of darkness. Tired and wet, they didn't have time to have supper. Terry and his wife were busily tidying up their new home when the light suddenly went out. Worse still, the sudden darkness scared his children to cry immediately. Terry's wife hurried to hug them to ease their tension. Terry was regretful to have forgotten to bring along candles and had to wait helplessly in a low mood.

Just then, he heard heavy but hesitant knocks on his door that could be clearly heard in the thundering night. Instantly, all the family were totally silent, for they were all curious about the knocks. "Who's it?" Terry asked. Since they were newcomers to this city there must be nobody who knew them. Tired and busy, he especially hated to be disturbed at the moment, so he dragged his legs slowly to the door and opened it impatiently. Actually, Terry didn't realize his negative behavior would have a bad effect on his children at all! Outside the window, the wind and the thundering ruled the world entirely in their power.

注意:

1. 续写词数应为 150 左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

At the door was a little girl with wet raincoat and sparkling eyes. _____

After a while, the door was knocked again. _____

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