

长安一中 2023 学年度第二学期期末考试

高二英语试题

时间：120 分钟 分值：150 分

本试卷分第 I 卷(选择题)和第 II 卷(非选择题)两部分，共 150 分。考试时间 120 分钟。

第 I 卷（满分 100 分）

第一部分 听力(共两节，满分 30 分)

做题时，先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后，你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节(共 5 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. Who is having a holiday abroad?

A. David.

B. Mike.

C. John.

2. What time does the next plane to London leave?

A. At 10:00.

B. At 11:00.

C. At 12:00.

3. What is Mr. Thomas's life like now?

A. Worse than before.

B. Happier than before.

C. As good as before.

4. Why won't the man go to the movies with Helen?

A. She is not in the mood.

B. She likes talking during a movie.

C. She doesn't want to go out with him.

5. What is the man trying to do?

A. Deliver some bad news.

B. Find a new position.

C. Make a speech.

第二节（共 15 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 22.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、

B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料，回答第 6、7 题。

6. How does the man sound at first?

- A. Rather surprised. B. Very calm. C. A little angry.

7. Where are the files?

- A. On the man's desk.
B. Next to the fax machine.
C. On the computer desk.

听第 7 段材料，回答第 8、9 题。

8. What do Iranians care most about the tea?

- A. The color. B. The tea set. C. The quality.

9. What is special about tea shops in Iran?

- A. There are no tea cups.
B. There are no chairs.
C. There are no waiters.

听第 8 段材料，回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. Why did the man go to the Philippines?

- A. For a trip. B. For further studies. C. For volunteer work.

11. Who helped the man with the project?

- A. The local students.
B. The local government.
C. The local businessmen.

12. What's the aim of the project?

- A. To explore an island.
B. To help the poor students.
C. To protect the environment.

听第 9 段材料，回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. What is the man?

- A. A doctor. B. A host. C. A teacher.

14. Who used to be a doctor?

- A. Cassie's friend. B. Cassie's mother. C. Cassie's friend's mother.
15. How long did it take Cassie to become a qualified doctor?
A. One year. B. Four years. C. Five years.
16. What does Cassie say about her job?
A. She gets bored with it.
B. She enjoys it in general.
C. She always works overtime.
- 听第 10 段材料，回答第 17 至 20 题。
17. What is the weather like today?
A. Rainy. B. Snowy. C. Sunny.
18. When should the listeners get up tomorrow?
A. At 5:30. B. At 6:00. C. At 6:30.
19. What does the speaker advise the listeners NOT to take?
A. Whistles. B. Maps. C. Cameras.
20. What are the listeners going to do most probably?
A. Go surfing. B. Go hiking. C. Go boating.

第二部分 阅读理解(共两节，满分 40 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 30 分)

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

A

Authors Share Their Favorite Books

Kristan Higgins

"*Harriet the Spy* by Louise Fitzhugh was a book I read over and over as a kid. I loved Harriet's independence and drive and her ability to get where she wanted. Most of all, Harriet reminded me that everyone has a story worth reading."

Kristan Higgins is a *New York Times*-bestselling author of more than 20 novels.

Nisha Sharma

"I was crazy about *Pride and Prejudice* from the moment I read the very first sentence. Elizabeth Bennet is a strong-willed heroine who knows her mind and her heart. At a young age, Jane Austen made me believe that strong women like Elizabeth deserve love from men who respect their intelligence. I can confidently

say Jane Austen's story shaped the direction of my writing career."

Nisha Sharma is the author of *My So-Called Bollywood Life*.

Elyssa Friedland

"I absolutely adore *Ella Enchanted* by Gail Carson Levine. What could be better than a story about a girl forced to obey every order because of a gift from a fairy? Tired of being taken advantage of, the girl, with a talking book as her companion, leaves her home to find the fairy to return her unwanted gift. This is a story about taking matters into one's own hands and using wisdom and determination to overcome what seems like an insurmountable obstacle."

Elyssa Friedland is the author of the novel named *The Intermission*.

Vesper Stamper

"It's hard to beat the Bronte sisters for their woman power. My favorite book of all time is *Jane Eyre* by Charlotte Bronte, which proves that a girl or woman can have inner strength and great power by being herself, even if that is 'poor, plain and little'. Jane refuses to give in to moral convenience, at great cost to herself. As a result, she finds true love and changes the lives of those she comes across. A lesson for me: Sometimes it's in the small acts that a real change is made."

Vesper Stamper is the author of *What the Night Sings*, an incredibly moving novel.

21. Whose book is Nisha Sharma's favorite?

- | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| A. Louise Fitzhugh's. | B. Gail Carson Levine's. |
| C. Jane Austen's. | D. Charlotte Bronte's. |

22. Which book is related to magic?

- | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------|
| A. Harriet the Spy. | B. Ella Enchanted. |
| C. Pride and Prejudice. | D. Jane Eyre. |

23. What do the four books shared by authors have in common?

- A. They describe the authors' own lives.
- B. Their authors were born very poor.
- C. They focus on seeking for true love.
- D. Their main characters are females.

B

For more than a decade, Tree House Craft Coffee & Frozen Yogurt has been a

beloved part of the community in Houston's Energy Corridor. They've offered espresso-based drinks, cold-brewed coffee and 12 flavors of frozen yogurt with 32 topping options. However, when the hurricane Harvey destroyed the east coast of Texas, owner Noel Montemayor stepped up to support the community in a meaningful way.

Even though his own storefront had been torn away by the storm, he brought in generators (发电机) to run the espresso and ice machines to offer beverages to first responders, providing free coffee and electricity to members of the community and keeping their restrooms open to the public. He created a place where his neighbors could escape the destruction, even if it was just for a little while.

The hurricane came just two years after Montemayor and his wife had rebranded and remodeled the shop, soon after welcoming their first child. Born and raised in Houston, it was important to him to make his community a better place. He has remained committed to that mission, providing both a positive gathering spot and local employment opportunities.

Though the COVID-19 pandemic was a roadblock at the beginning, Tree House quickly started to offer online ordering and other services to keep customers fueled with their favorite coffee and frozen yogurt. "The community plays an important role in shaping the business," he said "It's the reason the business is what it is today."

Montemayor and his staff — which has grown from just a few team members when he opened to 12 full-time employees now — continue to give back by getting involved in local activities and fundraisers.

24. What did Tree House do when the COVID-19 pandemic happened?

- A. It offered timely new services.
- B. It was soon rebranded and remodeled.
- C. It immediately provided free coffee
- D. It created a place to escape the pandemic.

25. What can we infer from the passage?

- A. Tree House will enjoy a better relationship with the community.
- B. Tree House will certainly continue to give back to the community.
- C. Tree House will keep providing better and cheaper products.

D. Tree House will completely change the whole community.

26. Which word can best describe Tree House?

A. Professional. B. Responsible. C. High-paying. D. Profitable.

27. What does the passage mainly want to tell us?

A. Small business can grow big quickly.

B. A good tradition benefits a small shop.

C. A good shop depends on its community.

D. A small business makes a big difference.

C

A promotion(促销活动) offering 98 *yuan* domestic plane tickets is being advertised by Chinese online travel platform LY.COM. While such a low price sounds amazing, there is just one **catch**: he purchaser is not told where the flight is heading, nor when it will take off.

The promotion has become a trending topic on Chinese social media as some people have been attempting to book them ahead of the upcoming May Day holiday. Labeled as a “destination blind box” on the site, tickets are purchased through a rather simple booking procedure, in which passengers provide their travel information, select a departure airport and then pay their 98 *yuan*. If the randomly chosen date and destination are unsuitable, users may ask for a refund, but once they “lock in” their tickets, there is no going back.

“Destination blind box” is now a hot topic on China’s online platforms. “I believe young people are a big target demographic(特定年龄段人口) for this promotion, because they not only enjoy the thrill of the unknown, but also like to show off their lives through these types of commercial activities. Like this one for instance, it doesn’t matter if they finally go or not. Booking a ticket and posting about it on social media can still suggest that one has adventurous and life-loving qualities,” said Fan, a marketing expert who has worked with civil aviation clients.

Many people not only shared the screenshots of tickets they drew, some even came up with a tutorial to teach the booking procedure under the free cancelling policy. However, some others claimed it is too rare to draw a ticket that is ideal. “If it wants to be a profitable activity, the release of the tickets must have been planned ahead and is not as random as it seems. It will not have popular airlines. The

marketing campaign may also be aimed at the fast sale of some tickets from less popular airlines that were originally not that expensive. If they sell a large quantity of tickets, the company may still earn a profit even though the price is 98 *yuan*, ” an expert in tourism suggested.

28. Which of the following best explains “catch” underlined in paragraph 1?

- A. Benefit.
- B. Mistake.
- C. Disadvantage.
- D. Charm.

29. What is paragraph 2 mainly about?

- A. The origin of “destination blind box”.
- B. The purchase introduction to “destination blind box”.
- C. The original purpose of “destination blind box”.
- D. The popularity of “destination blind box”.

30. Why will “destination blind box” appeal to young people according to Fan?

- A. It allows them to experience various adventures.
- B. It satisfies their desire to travel around China.
- C. It helps them save money on the cost of travel.
- D. It accords with their lifestyle and attitudes.

31. In which part of a newspaper can you find this article?

- A. Economy.
 - B. Science.
 - C. Culture.
 - D. Advertisement.
- D

One major issue in contemporary medical science is the use of humans in clinical trials of medical products. These trials occur frequently to determine the best way to manage diseases.

People are invited randomly and paid to take part in trials of an experimental drug, or new surgical procedure, in a number of countries at the one time. For example, up to a quarter of patients in some fields like breast cancer may be engaged. Other projects, one of which is to determine whether new scanning techniques can detect Alzheimer’s disease, are under way. They may be given the drug or a placebo (安慰剂), or the best existing treatment, and results compared. The trials may be “blind” with the patient not knowing which group they are in or they may be a “double-blind” with the doctors not knowing either.

Actually, so many people offer themselves willingly. Patients take the views that at least they will get special attention from the doctor if they participate and they may get access to new drugs before they become available in chemists' shops. In some countries people are paid to participate, especially in poorer countries where they may be told little of what is actually happening.

Yet there are significant risks too. One US study estimated that one in 30 people suffered side effects from such trials, and one in 10, 000 dies. Doctors say that the risk is not so great during the trial itself, where patients are closely monitored, but comes when the drug is released on the market place. For example, in 2004 a US company recalled an arthritis drug, when it was found that after 18 months of use, the risk of heart attack and stroke increased.

People who support testing claim the risks to the individual are small compared with the benefits. Even if the individual has adverse outcomes and their condition worsens, that is valuable information for the drug company. While the drug companies usually pay for the hospital trials, government has set up medical committees to handle the issue.

32. What is the main idea of the second paragraph?

- A. The purpose of medical trial.
- B. The groups of medical trial.
- C. The procedure of medical trial.
- D. The result of medical trial.

33. Why does the author mention the example in the fourth paragraph?

- A. To explain the risks of some drugs appear when they are sold.
- B. To tell us a lot of patients die from the medical trials.
- C. To show the risk of heart attack and stroke has increased.
- D. To introduce the risks of the medical trials are not so great.

34. What does the underlined word "adverse" in the last paragraph mean?

- A. subjective
- B. effective
- C. negative
- D. impressive

35. What would the author most probably discuss next?

- A. How the medical committees solve the problem.
- B. How the government gathers the information.
- C. How the medical committees pay for the hospital trials.
- D. How the government prevents clinical trials.

第二节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分)

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

A man may usually be known by the books he reads as well as by the company he keeps, for there is the companionship of books as well as of men. __36__

A good book may be among the best of friends. It's the same today that it always was, and it will never change. It is the most patient and cheerful of companions. __37__ It always receives us with the same kindness, amusing and instructing us in youth, and comforting and supporting us in age.

__38__ They do so just as two persons sometimes discover a friend by the admiration which they both have for a third. There's a proverb, "Love me, love my dog." But there is more wisdom in this: "Love me, love my book." The book is a truer and higher bond of union. Men can think, feel, and sympathize with each other through their favorite author.

Books introduce us into the best society. __39__ We hear what they said and did; we see them as if they were really alive; we sympathize with them, enjoy them; their experience becomes ours, and we feel as if we were actors or actresses with them in the scenes which they describe.

There is a story of two men: one was a king, who dreamed every night that he was a beggar; the other was a beggar, who dreamed every night that he was a prince, and lived in a palace. __40__ But when we read, we may not only be kings and live in palaces, but, what is far better, we may transport ourselves to the mountains or the seashore, and visit the most beautiful parts of the world, without tiredness, inconvenience or expense.

- A. Imagination is sometimes more vivid than reality.
- B. Books are to mankind what memory is to a man.
- C. Nothing in books can long survive but what is really good.
- D. It doesn't turn its back upon us in times of difficulty or hardship.
- E. They bring us into the presence of the greatest minds that have ever lived.
- F. And one should live in the best company whether it may be the company of books or men.
- G. Men discover their liking for each other by the love they each have for a book.

第三部分 语言知识运用(共两节，满分 45 分)

第一节 完形填空(共 20 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 30 分)

It was 4-year-old Darrin's first chiropractic adjustment (脊柱矫正术). He was afraid, as most children are on their first visit to any __41__.

But if you gain children's __42__ and take the time to develop a good relationship, you can do anything with their complete __43__. One of the __44__ I find most useful is to show an interest in a child's special toy. When you touch, hug and love the __45__ toy, you open the door to a child's heart. I have given thousands of chiropractic adjustments to teddy bears, dolls and fire trucks—you name it, so I've __46__ to the situation.

Darrin's __47__, however, was different. I had told Darrin's mother to __48__ his favorite toy, but when I __49__ about it, she said, "Sorry, Dr. Stillwagon. Darrin's favorite play toy is our upright vacuum sweeper(立式吸尘器), and I just couldn't feel __50__ to come to the office with it."

"Wait just a minute, " I said. I went out, got our upright vacuum sweeper and __51__ the adjusting room. I introduced him to our vacuum sweeper, __52__ him to play with it.

Our examination __53__ involves the use of a handheld scanner to monitor the patient's progress. I took the scanner and __54__ it along the upright vacuum sweeper. I then placed the sweeper on the adjusting table and __55__ to adjust it. Darrin watched my every __56__. I told him that the sweeper would soon feel __57__.

Darrin was next. Full of confidence, he sat on the chair for the scan, and then __58__ sat on the adjusting table. We had become __59__, and I had adjusted my __60__ upright vacuum sweeper!

- | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| 41. A. teacher | B. doctor | C. policeman | D. fireman |
| 42. A. company | B. resistance | C. trust | D. sympathy |
| 43. A. cooperation | B. instruction | C. admiration | D. protection |
| 44. A. techniques | B. projects | C. regulations | D. experiments |
| 45. A. hand-made | B. costly | C. household | D. favored |
| 46. A. tended | B. applied | C. adjusted | D. admitted |
| 47. A. appearance | B. reaction | C. illness | D. situation |
| 48. A. bring | B. buy | C. polish | D. operate |

- | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 49. A. warned | B. asked | C. dreamed | D. argued |
| 50. A. bitter | B. ambitious | C. embarrassed | D. comfortable |
| 51. A. painted | B. decorated | C. cleaned | D. entered |
| 52. A. begging | B. encouraging | C. forcing | D. forbidding |
| 53. A. procedure | B. standard | C. result | D. paper |
| 54. A. covered | B. tested | C. ran | D. dug |
| 55. A. declined | B. failed | C. learned | D. pretended |
| 56. A. design | B. plan | C. move | D. program |
| 57. A. wiser | B. better | C. tidier | D. tighter |
| 58. A. mindlessly | B. nervously | C. fearlessly | D. hesitatingly |
| 59. A. friends | B. neighbors | C. competitors | D. colleagues |
| 60. A. solid | B. first | C. best | D. new |

第 II 卷 (满分 50 分)

第二节 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

With five thousand years of creative efforts, the Chinese cuisine has become increasingly popular. Modern China enjoys a worldwide reputation as the “kingdom of cuisine”.

The endless variety of natural materials ___61___ methods of preparation employed in Chinese cuisine stand out unequaled in the world, which may account for the ___62___ (universe) popularity of Chinese restaurants and cooking overseas. The three key elements, by ___63___ Chinese cooking is judged, are known as “color, aroma and taste”. They are achieved by combining a series of delicate ___64___ (activity).

Visitors to China are often surprised when a typical dinner for a table of eight people ___65___ (consist) of cold and hot dishes, with soup and steamed rice. Often beer and wine ___66___ (serve) as well. When toasting each other, people usually dry up their glasses ___67___ (convey) the message that they are sincere and joyful. ___68___, it is quite acceptable for a foreign guest to take a little instead of emptying the glass. While the custom strikes a foreign visitor as ___69___ (particular) strange, it shows one key aspect that fine food and good drink, ___70___ (take) in the company of good friends, make up one of our supreme

pleasures in life.

第四部分 写作(共两节, 满分 35 分)

第一节 短文改错(共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文, 请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误, 每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加: 在缺词处加一个漏字符号(∧), 并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除: 把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉。

修改: 在错的词下画一横线, 并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意: 1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词;

2. 只允许修改 10 处, 多者(从第 11 处起)不计分。

Dear Mandy,

I'm not doing well in my lessons at school, especial in maths. My dad says I must try hard because he wants me go to university. He thinks I'm lazy, but it's not true. I work really hard, studied late into the night. I've tried to talk to my mother, but she always said I have to work as hard like my brother does. My brother doesn't study very hard, and he always gets excellent grades. It's not fair!

The only thing I like it is art. My teacher says I'm the best student she's had for year. When I told my dad, all he said was, "You mustn't waste your time on art. You must focus your mind in your lessons!" I'm feeling quite puzzling about what to do now. Would you please help me out? Thanks a lot!

Yours sincerely,

Lisa

第二节 书面表达(满分 25 分)

某英文网站正在开展“The Decisive Factors in Success”讨论。有些人认为成功需要运气; 有些人认为成功需要毅力……请你围绕该话题发一个帖子, 要点如下: 1. 你的观点;

2. 举例说明。

注意: 1. 词数 100 词左右,

2. 可增加细节, 使行文连贯