# 2023届4月质量监测考试

# 英语

试卷满分:150分 考试时间:120分钟

-		-		
汗	首	塞	功	

- 1.答题前,考生先将自己的姓名、准考证号填写清楚,将条形码准确粘贴在条形码区域内。
- 2. 全部答案在答题卡上完成,答在本试题上无效。
- 3. 回答选择题时,选出每小题答案后,用2B铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时,将答案用0.5mm的黑色笔迹签字笔写在答题卡上。
  - 4. 考试结束后,将本试题和答题卡一并交回。

#### 

做题时,先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后,你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

#### 第一节 (共5小题; 每小题1.5分, 满分7.5分)

听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例:How much is the shirt?

A. £ 19.15.

B £ 9 18

C. £ 9.15

答案是C。

1. How often will Jocelyn take dance lessons next month?

A. Three times a week.

B. Twice a week.

C. Once a week.

2. Where does the man want to go?

A. The woods.

B. The seaside.

C. The park.

3. Why did the woman arrive late?

A. Her car broke down.

B. She went there by bike.

C. She was stuck in traffic jams

- 4. Why did the man move to a new house?
  - A. Because it's near his workplace.
  - B. Because it has a good view of hills.
  - C. Because it's cheap and comfortable.
- 5. What is the probable relationship between the two speakers?

A. Teacher and student.

B. Classmates.

C. Neighbors.

raditional decoration techniques and an opportunity

montage (ESTACE) projected onto the front wa

A definite inalifant will be the spectacular

# 第二节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 22.5 分) so an invited alone assail occupy

听下面5段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题5秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第6段材料,回答第6、7题。 was to stuff to bloom and is but generally a second size of but generally

6. What can we know about the flat? roumne ode no movo vonom-not-sulla vino) one of the dead odd corrected

A. It's partly unfurnished.

B. It's on the second floor.

C. It's further from the park.

7. What is the woman's attitude towards the flat? I blook to be verse I Relue to be bediened and reso do in the

A. Favorable duble V. Cl.

B. Worried.

C. Hesitant.

英语 第1页(共8页)

听第7段材料,回答第8、9题。		
8. Where is the school guard?		
A. Under a big tree.	B. Near a small house.	C. In the classroom building.
9. What does the woman finally adv	ise the man to do?	und specied where our Marsagester
A. Report it to the school guard. 听第8段材料,回答第10至12题。		C. Go to the Lost & Found office.
10. What kind of research paper is re		ezista alle izel denne etne teziste e
A. A report.	B. A book review.	
•		ody scyloshow (grown policyalities to
		to answer.
	_	BB a neunose touring of shellow
	Aargaret by Jady Blame	
	B. The research paper.	
听第9段材料,回答第13至16题		
		hering bilanganet sprengeles with ma
		C. In a cinema.
14. How did Paul feel when seeing l	- · · · ·	n n
A. Puzzled.	B. Embarrassed.	a C. Excited.
15. Why is Deborah in Manchester?	mg Stolles M B. The Little M	A. Lackwood C Ca: The Servan
		C. She is attending a meeting there.
16. What is Deborah going to do nex	ier Gud? It's Mc. Light gref ! !x	H. What is special about Feel For
	B. To see a movie.	
听第10段材料,回答第17至20是	2 nommer	.23 , स्रीत्वत देववेतेर विचार विकास प्रतिकास सम्ब
17. Where did the woman realize he	r wallet was missing?	A. There were published in the L
A. At the gym.	B. At the bakery.	C. At the golf court.
18. Who found the woman's wallet		
A. A worker who cuts the grass.	B. A kid who washes the golf ca	Claude Mosett a Propor print
C. A guy who works in a restaur	ant. Cive years old, the thirdly.in	Charlet the leadest son of a groton of
19. How did the woman reward the	guy at first?	the father tool over the managem
		C. To treat him to a round of golf.
20. What is the woman mainly talking	ng about? I red have damage qualif	this whites out to cope out to be may
	B. Her wonderful course.	
mere, was an jamatour pannier, and. 第二第 Mitth Bur his life as a pairrey did	分 阅读理解(共两节,满分	~40分)
第一节 (共15小题; 每小题2分	,满分30分)。mblod areas to	a can yaki ba wa edinended b
阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的A、	B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳	选项。
	A	contentante or visible phenometa
These reads captured readers' in	maginations so well, and they are	now coming to the screen.
Lockwood & Co: The Screami	ing Staircase by Jonathan Stroud	France-Perigon West, he left his face
(Penguin Random House Child	ren's)	about out to be read that the deather that

In a dark, haunted London, three young detectives called Lockwood, Lucy and George work together to fight ghosts. This brilliant supernatural story is now a thrilling Netflix TV series, perfect for older readers with a taste for spooky (幽灵般的) mysteries.

#### The Little Mermaid by Hans Christian Andersen

(HarperCollins Children's)

A new live-action musical film of The Little Mermaid is being released by Walt Disney Pictures later this year. While you're waiting, you can enjoy Hans Christian Andersen's classic fairy tale in this lovely book created by design studio MinaLima. It's full of beautiful artwork and cleverly designed interactive surprises.

#### A Kind of Spark by Elle McNicoll

(Knights Of)

Eleven-year-old Addie sets about campaigning for a memorial to the witch trials that took place in her Scottish home town, in this multi-award-winning story. If you haven't read A kind of Spark yet, now is the time to get started because a BBC TV series based on the book will be out later this year.

#### Are You There God? It's Me, Margaret by Judy Blume

(Macmillan Children's)

In this classic novel, first published in 1970, we meet 13-year-old Margaret. After moving to a new home, Margaret struggles with making new friends, dealing with her family and the challenges of growing up. A film based on the book will be released in April, with young actor Abby Ryder Fortson playing Margaret.

- 21. Which will a music lover most probably love to watch?
  - A. Lockwood & Co: The Screaming Staircase.

B. The Little Mermaid.

C. A Kind of Spark.

- D. Are You There God? It's Me, Margaret.
- 22. What is special about Are You There God? It's Me, Margaret?
  - A. The girls' story.
- B. The scary setting.
- C. The teens' life.
- D. The interactive design.

- 23. What do the four books have in common?
  - A. They were published in the 19th century.

    B. They were written for little kids.
- - C. They were adapted for films or TV.
- D. They were themed in love and peace.

B

Claude Monet, a French painter who was the leader and advocate of the Impressionist style. When Claude, the eldest son of a grocer, was five years old, the family moved to the Normandy coast, where his father took over the management of his family's grocery business. This event has more than biographical significance. It was Monet's childhood, spent along the beaches and the knowledge he gained of the sea and the rapidly shifting Norman weather that would one day give rise to his fresh vision of nature. In these early years he also finished pencil sketches of sailing ships, which were almost technical in their clear descriptiveness. His aunt, Marie-Jeanne Lecadre, was an amateur painter, and, perhaps at her suggestion, Claude went to study drawing with a local artist. But his life as a painter did not begin until he was befriended by Eugène Boudin, who introduced Monet to the practice of painting in the open air. The experience set the direction for Monet, who for more than 60 years would concentrate on visible phenomena.

As the 1870s began, Monet continued his pursuit of natural phenomena. In order to avoid the Franco-German War, he left his family and traveled to London. There, he was introduced to Paul Durand-Ruel, who was to become his dealer. The years he lived there marked the height of the Impressionist movement. He helped organize an independent exhibition of the Impressionists' work in 1874. Impression: Sunrise (1872), one of Monet's works at the exhibition, inspired the journalist Louis Leroy to give the group their name.

Monet attracted the dedicated support of collectors throughout his career, most notably from Americans. His influence on other artists was wide-ranging. During the years 1886 to 1914, a colony (群) of mainly American artists gathered around him and regarded him as the best example of modern French painting. They adopted his fresh palette (调色板), subject matter, and natural style and eventually introduced these elements to American art.

24. Which influenced Monet's new vision of nature?

A. His love for the sea and beaches.

B. His childhood experiences in Norman.

C. His early life spent with Eugène Boudin.

D. His early years of pencil sketches practice.

25. Where was Monet educated according to the passage?

A. In a formal artistic school.

B. From his aunt.

C. At home by self-teaching.

D. From other artists.

26. Why did Monet get to London?

A. To meet his dealer.

B. To paint more in the open air.

C. To keep away from the war.

D. To launch the art movement.

27. What's the last paragraph mainly about?

A. The criticism to Monet.

B. Monet's influence on other artists.

C. The popularity of Monet in America.

D. Monet's art achievements.

C

Immersed (沉浸) in folk, tradition, culture, religion, digital arts and the experimental, the Dun Laoghaire-Rathdown (DLR) Festival of World Cultures presented a various program of concerts and club nights, fairs and markets, performances, street events, workshops and is Ireland's first Global Carnival.

The Festival was committed to presenting a wide mix of world artists as well as offering a "passport to the world" program of events, many of which were free to all. Staged throughout the historic port town of Dún Laoghaire, the DLR Festival of World Cultures was an annual international arts festival celebrating cultural diversity.

New this year, are an exciting range of themed events, which include the anticipated Feast Americana that offers a banquet of live music and food in celebration of the typical American country fair. The new Health and Harmony fair offers a chance to regain control of your well-being, while Salon Culture offers traditional decoration techniques and an opportunity to get festival fresh!

A definite highlight will be the spectacular audio-visual show Hotel Kiev, a night time visual montage (蒙太奇) projected onto the front wall of the Royal Marine Hotel. The show features a live performance by the fascinating Ukrainian quartet (四重奏) DakhaBrakha, who last year received a standing applause on the main stage.

The Festival would not be complete without the Global Village, in association with Oxfam Ireland, the World Dance Plaza and the Mela festival in celebration of South Asian Arts. Now in its 9th year, the Festival attracts over 250,000 people making it Ireland's largest intercultural celebration. With a diverse world music line-up, food fairs, art exhibitions, workshops and cultural demonstrations as well as a Festival newspaper and nightly Festival Club where Irish artists jam with world musicians, this family-friendly celebration is a round-trip ticket to a world of culture. And, with over 90% of the events free of charge, the Festival is the top value-for-money event on the summer calendar, appealing to all the senses as well as to the wallet.

28. Which can best describe the DLR Festival of World Cultures?

A. Diverse.

B. Free.

C. Crowded.

D. Valuable.

- 29. Which is probably the most eye catching event?
  - A. Feast Americana.

B. Health and Harmony fair.

C. Salon Culture.

D. Hotel Kiev show.

- 30. What do we know about the festival from the text?
  - A. The Festival has a history of many years.
  - B. Sports and health are involved in the carnival.
  - C. It is worthwhile to attend the festival.
  - D. The heavy traffic jam is part of the large celebration.
- 31. What is the purpose of the text?
  - A. To introduce the Festival to all over the world.
  - B. To encourage artists to visit and stay in Ireland.
  - C. To attract live performances to the Royal Marine Hotel.
  - D. To promote the cultures of South Asian Arts.

D

How long will a leaf live? It's an economic decision. The leaves of Monkey Puzzle trees have a lifespan of more than 20 years, while Picea trees growing in the Gongga Mountains in China can survive for millennia. In contrast, maple leaves survive for only one season, while blueberry leaves just three months. So what determines the lifespan of a tree leaf?

The answer to that seemingly simple question is reported today in a paper in Science Advances by an international team of researchers from China, the UK, Japan, Norway, USA, and Australia. "It's all about the economic choices faced by plants," says first author, Dr. Han Wang from Tsinghua University in Beijing. "We already knew that conifers (针叶树) and other evergreen trees make longer-living leaves the closer they are to the poles," she says. "Deciduous trees (落叶树) do the opposite. Their longest-lasting leaves are found in the tropics. And we knew that long-lived leaves tend to be tougher and thicker, and more expensive to build." "Now, we have identified the major environmental factors at play." she says. "These leaf economic traits are fundamental to the carbon cycle and nutrient economy."

The team tested the results using data from thousands of species from hundreds of ecosystems. "Each species is essentially trying on the best way to maximize carbon absorption," says co-author Professor Ian Wright from Macquarie University and Western Sydney University. "Evergreen conifers growing in poor soil in areas with a long cold winter can only thrive if they make long-term investments in their tough leaves. However, deciduous trees like the maple, race to create new leaves and capture carbon in the summer sun before leaf-drop in autumn," he says. "The economic decision for a maple tree is to invest in fast-growing, cheap but flimsy leaves."

During evolution, plants have been subject to the profound changes in climate which have resulted in major changes in vegetation (植被). The human impact on climate and vegetation are adding to the forces shaping plant communities.

32. Where is this text probably taken from?

A. A SciTech website.

B. A news report.

C. A geography textbook.

D. A tourist brochure.

33. What can we infer from the text?

A. The blueberry grows near the poles.

B. Evergreen trees lives longer than deciduous.

C. The maple is slow to absorb the carbon.

D. Conifers are tougher and harder to plant.

34. Which of the following can best replace the underlined word "flimsy" in Paragraph 3?

A. Weak.

B. Light.

C. Soft.

D. Narrow.

- 35. What's the best title for the text?
  - A. The Choices Plants Make
  - C. Human Impacts on Vegetation
- B. The Lifespan of Leaves
- D. Big Changes in Climate

#### 第二节 (共5小题;每小题2分,满分10分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

If you are beginning to apply for college, you probably want to know what will be the most impressive things to include in your college application. Of course, each school evaluates different criteria, but all of them will be looking for students who are smart, ambitious, and passionate about life.

\_36

Choose your high school classes with intention. Colleges do actually care about the courses you have taken and how well you do in each. 37 While there are many other important factors at play, nearly every university is going to look closely at this one.

\_\_\_\_\_38\_\_ This seems obvious, but it is also one of the most critical acceptance criteria that college admissions officers look at when choosing who will attend. Once you have selected your courses, you need to do the best possible work you can. You don't need to have straight A's in all your classes—especially the most demanding ones. However, you should do the strongest work you can handle.

Participate in extracurricular (课外的) activities. College admissions representatives look for students who have unique perspectives about the world around them. 39 However, to have those qualities, it is necessary to participate in activities beyond what might typically be expected.

Obtain some solid letters of recommendation. 40 Colleges will typically want to see recommendations from those who know you well. Not only do they offer some personal opinions about your character, but they also show that someone is willing to guarantee for you and believes in your reputation.

- A. Struggle for good grades.
- B. Grades and test scores are important components.
- C. In fact, it is one of the key considerations for admission.
- D. They like to see independent thought, innovation, and creativity.
- E. For a successful application, use strong examples to illustrate your points.
- F. If you want to make your college application stand out, take a look at the following tips.
- G. Reach out to those who know you well—your teachers, coaches or club leaders, for example.

## 第三部分《语言知识运用(共两节满分45分)

### 第一节 (共20小题;每小题1.5分,满分30分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Grandpa John had a huge collection of books stored in his vast home library. Almost every weekend, his grandson, Adam, would come to visit and would 41 for hours in his library. Both Adam's parents and grandpa were very pleased with this, but once Adam started 42 a little too much time in the library they grew 43.

One weekend, grandpa went into the library and asked him, "My dear grandson, please tell me why you <u>44</u> spending so much time in my library." Adam <u>45</u> for a few seconds while <u>46</u> his grandfather's huge library, and he <u>47</u> answered, "I love that I'm always <u>48</u> here, that I can pick any book I want and that there is always something new for me to read. I love that I can go on amazing <u>49</u> all without leaving this room. "Well," answered John, "books are a wonderful thing. They keep the mind

away adventures…"	changed in an include all		A The Class L. Plant Make
"Despite what you	think about books having	everything you need, the	he 51 outside this room is
filled with52 that c	annot be described with v	vords…" "Go out and	53 the world, soon you'll
realize that the best book	ever 54 is that of you	ur life. It is a book which	ch you can fill with all that you
love. I 55 you that the	ne stories you'll write will	be much more importar	nt, <u>56</u> , and insightful."
After his 57 w	ith Grandpa John, Adam o	continued to read, but i	not at his grandfather's library.
He would read after playi	ing with his friends, and la	ter, he read while trave	ling the world.
When Adam finally	58 and got marrie	d, he built a large boo	okshelf in his house 59 his
grandfather John. The fir	rst book which he placed	in it was the 60 h	e wrote throughout his travels.
He knew that one day, he	'd want his children's and	grandchildren's books p	placed right next to it.
41. A. play	B. sleep	to look chasel <b>jil</b>	pmog <b>D. sit</b> an yann yasva y <sup>h</sup> am
42. A. wasting	B. spending	C. cherishing	D. sparing
43. A. surprised and based	B. excited and damage	C. worried	d a D. panicked o and seems
44. A. enjoy	B. suggest	C. consider	reside. allow 1 add object bess
45. A. imagined was along	An B. studied and ob blan	C. thought	and D. delayed and offermore.
46. A. sorting	B. searching	C. clearing	D. examining
47. A. finally	B. instantly more him	C. gradually	nog D. merely on w. allabut
48. A. secure	B. comfortable	ovo <b>C. real</b> itan ni studio	D. confident
49. A. vacations	B. experiments	C. adventures	D. fantasies
50. A. neck anomioo in	B. heart 1540, o	C. chest	Woll D. stomach floor should
51. A. community	ad B. school	C. nation	the acted but the blrow . One the
52. A. wonders	B. wisdom	C. challenges	D. knowledge
53. A. learn	B. change	elia C. create a podini s	D. discover
54. A. read	B. written	C. owned	D. missed
55. A. promise	B. recommend	C. show	D. bring bill yell . C
56. A. entertaining	B. helpful	C. popular	D. special
57. A. negotiation	B. review	C. conversation	D. argument
58. A. turned up	B. settled down	C. dressed up	D. broke down
59. A. in memory of	B. in favor of	C. in return for	D. for purpose of
60. A. speech	B. comment	C. paper	D. diary
第二节 (共10小题; 每	小题1.5分,满分15分		
阅读下面短文, 在空白	处填入1个适当的单词或	括号内单词的正确形	式。
Fuxian Lake is the	third largest lake in Yun	nan province and is fa	mous for its clean water. It
surrounded by hills on e	ach side, and you can ha	ve beautiful views <u>6</u>	1 every angle. Last summe
vacation, I had the opport	tunity to enjoy its beauty v	with my own eyes.	aw supulise pas succed sumb
Our first destination	was 62 ton of the hi	ghest mountain where	we watched a sunrise. I felt th

sharp and the \_\_50 warm. They taught me many new things, made me laugh, and have taken me on far

Our first destination was 62 top of the highest mountain where we watched a sunrise. I felt the power of life sweep over me when the sun \_\_63\_ (rise). As the sun was rising up slowly, the world became brighter. After the sun came out completely, we took quite a few amusing pictures 64 (record) our happy moments. The beauty of nature can \_\_65\_ (feel) everywhere when we walked along the mountain roads. When it was time to have lunch, we had a picnic under the shade of some trees and appreciated the gift of nature. The state of the state of

#### 第四部分 写作(共两节,满分35分)

#### 第一节 短文改错 (共10小题;每小题1分,满分10分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文,请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有10 处错误,每句话中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加:在缺词处加一个漏字符号(A),并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除: 把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉。

修改:在错的词下划一横线,并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意:

- 1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词;
- 2. 只允许修改 10处,多者(从第11处起)不计分。

Everyone benefits from kindness-not only the person on the receiving end but also the person who carry out the kind act, as well as anyone watched it happen. Kindness was considered contagious (会传染 的) because when you witness a act of kindness, you are more likely to go on to do something kind for another person himself. Studies show that being kind can make you feel stronger, more energetic, more optimistic and happier. It can even reduce pain because the chemicals it releases inside the body. You can demonstrate kindnesses anywhere—at home, at school, in your community, to your family or friends. The act can be unplanned and you can look out for opportunities, too, such as holding a door openly or helping tidy up your classroom. Remember, that makes it a true act of kindness is doing it with no expectation of being thanked or getting anything in return for.

### 第二节 书面表达 (满分25分)

假定你是李华,中国青年志愿者网(China Youth Volunteers)计划在暑假面向高三毕业生招募1000名志愿者,进行急救知识普及活动。你想申请成为其中一员。请用英语写一封自我推荐信。要点如下:

- 1.个人情况;
- 2.个人优势;
- 3.申请目的。

注意:1. 词数100左右;

2. 可以适当增加细节以使行文连贯。

Dear Sir/Madam,

My name is Li Hua, a boy aged 18.	Sinodistal eliquistong & -
My hame is Li Hua, a boy aged 16.	

Yours truly, Li Hua