

唐山市 2022—2023 学年度高一年级第二学期期末考试

英语

注意事项:

- 答卷前,考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在答题卡上。
- 回答选择题时,选出每小题答案后,用铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时,将答案写在答题卡上,写在本试卷上无效。

第一部分 听力(共两节,满分30分)

第一节(共5小题;每小题1.5分,满分7.5分)

听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

- Where will the clothes probably go?  
A. A waste pile.                      B. A charity.                      C. A second-hand shop.
- What are the speakers mainly talking about?  
A. A part-time job.                      B. A hobby.                      C. A restaurant.
- How does the woman feel at the news?  
A. Cheated.                      B. Worried.                      C. Surprised.
- What will the woman probably do next?  
A. Clear the road.                      B. Run to the meeting.                      C. Wait in the car.
- Why does the woman talk to the man?  
A. To express excitement.                      B. To cut price.                      C. To cancel a holiday.

第二节(共15小题;每小题1.5分,满分22.5分)

请听下面5段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题5秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第6段材料,回答第6、7题。

- Where does the conversation probably take place?  
A. In the cafe.                      B. At home.                      C. In the office.
- What can we say about the woman?  
A. She's grateful.                      B. She's helpful.                      C. She's disappointed.

高一英语试卷 第1页(共12页)

听第7段材料,回答第8至10题。

- Who is Manus?  
A. A music group.                      B. The man's friend.                      C. A festival organizer.
- When should the speakers enter the hall?  
A. At 2:30 p.m..                      B. At 3:15 p.m..                      C. At 3:30 p.m..
- What will the speakers talk about next?  
A. The man's interest.                      B. The festival hall.                      C. Other performances.

听第8段材料,回答第11至13题。

- What is the man doing?  
A. Visiting a city.                      B. Seeing the woman off.                      C. Waiting for a friend.
- How does the woman often communicate with her friend?  
A. On the phone.                      B. Face to face.                      C. By e-mail.
- Why does the woman go to L.A.?  
A. To share a project.                      B. To do research.                      C. To travel.

听第9段材料,回答第14至17题。

- Why does the woman look tired?  
A. She worked late last night.                      B. She returned from a trip just now.                      C. She attended her child last evening.
- Where do the kids like to go best?  
A. The Science Park.                      B. The Water Park.                      C. The Space Museum.
- What are the kids asked to do during the trip?  
A. Collect information.                      B. Write an article.                      C. Share experience.
- What's the possible relationship between the two speakers?  
A. Husband and wife.                      B. Colleagues.                      C. Classmates.

听第10段独白,回答第18至20题。

- What did Rachel Carson focus on at first?  
A. Oceans.                      B. Chemistry.                      C. Food.
- What is *Silent Spring* mainly about?  
A. The effects of birds' unusual behavior.                      B. The improvements in farming practices.                      C. The connection between humans and nature.

高一英语试卷 第2页(共12页)

20. What does the speaker suggest?

- A. Printing books by Carson.
- B. Stopping using chemicals.
- C. Reflecting on Carson's message.

第二部分 阅读 (共两节, 满分 40 分)

第一节 (共 10 小题; 每小题 2.5 分, 满分 25 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项。

A

I grew up in a poor family. When I turned eight, I went to work to polish (打磨) stones after school. My fingers hurt and sometimes badly. I hated the idea of polishing stones in dirty clothes forever. I dreamed of getting a university education and becoming a doctor someday. The other boys working together laughed at me because we were too poor to pay university fees.

After completing secondary school, I went to work in a small hotel. There most of the guests spoke English. I realized it was a good chance to improve my English. Almost every guest was regarded as my teacher. I asked them about words and phrases I picked up from English newspapers left behind.

One day, a foreign lady, Delores, came to the hotel. We spent a good hour trying to figure out the way to the Hawa Mahal. Madam Delores asked, "Do you learn English at school?" "I finished school. I learn English by myself," I answered. Madam was so impressed with me that she offered help, teaching me English online. After six months, my English greatly improved. I told Madam I planned to do a mechanics (机械学) course, which was free. How she responded changed my life forever: What if I give you the university fee?

I accepted her offer after she explained that helping me would make her happy. I remained hard-working at university. Each morning I rose at 6 a.m. to attend university. After class, I headed to work in the hotel. I stole minutes between suitcases (行李箱) to complete homework.

So far, I have completed my MBA. My life, my way of thinking and my opportunities are so different now, all thanks to Madam and the education I received. I began to think about the millions of Indian kids like me. If I could change my life, with the right help, they could change their lives too. So, with Madam's support, I started a non-profit company to raise excellent learners and thinkers. I'm really happy because I'm doing something good for others, like Madam did for me.

高一英语试卷 第 3 页 (共 12 页)

21. Why did the other boys laugh at me?

- A. I often got injured in my work.
- B. They lived a better life.
- C. They believed I was daydreaming.
- D. I wore dirty clothes all the time.

22. How did Madam help the author?

- A. By teaching him mechanics.
- B. By providing financial support.
- C. By offering him a job as a guide.
- D. By introducing a good university.

23. What can we learn from the text?

- A. Money can't buy time.
- B. Many hands make light work.
- C. Action speaks louder than words.
- D. God helps those who help themselves.

B

If you think backyard and roof-top beehives (蜂箱) are helping save the bees, think again, experts say.

A recent study conducted in Montreal found that places with the largest increase in honeybees kept by humans had the fewest wild bee species – with small bees, which are only able to fly shorter distances to find food, appearing to be especially at risk.

"The honeybee has been promoted as the symbol of helping the environment and the variety of living species on the earth, and really it's not that," says Gail MacInnis, a researcher at Concordia University. "You would never start keeping chickens to help save wild bird species."

"Honeybees are among the most common insects in the world, but they aren't native to many of the places where they are found," says Sheila Colla, a professor at York University. "Honeybees are very successful invaders (入侵者)," Colla says. These bees can fly long distances and are able to effectively communicate with one another through dance language. Introducing honeybee hives to an area can be a problem for local wild bees, which often end up competing for the same food sources.

高一英语试卷 第 4 页 (共 12 页)

Should we stop keeping bees in the cities then? Colla gives us an answer in some way. "There is room for it in cities. It's just right now we're not managing it very responsibly in certain places," she says. It is suggested that cities and towns that allow beekeeping should have caps on the number of hives and require people to register their bee hives. Beekeepers also need to understand the responsibility they're taking on.

24. Why does Gail MacInnis mention "keeping chickens"?
- A. To introduce a new topic.
  - B. To show how to save wild birds.
  - C. To make her idea easily understood.
  - D. To share chicken-keeping knowledge.
25. What is the problem for the local wild bees when honeybee hives are introduced?
- A. Competition for food.
  - B. Risk of being killed.
  - C. Less communication.
  - D. No habitat.
26. What is the last paragraph mainly about?
- A. Saving the honeybees.
  - B. Building hives in cities.
  - C. Making room for honeybees.
  - D. Keeping honeybees responsibly.

C

It was a quiet early afternoon in the library, and we librarians were enjoying a chat at the library desk. Suddenly, a regular reader, who had been reading a magazine, marched up to us, gave us an annoyed "Shush (嘘)!" and went back to her seat.

Shocked into silence, we tried not to laugh. How strange for a group of librarians to be shushed by a reader! Shouldn't it be the other way around?

Well, it seems hard to explain. If you're a baby boomer (婴儿潮出生的人) like me, you probably remember libraries as places of adults' silent reading. These days, however, libraries are more like busy community centers, where being noisy to some degree is the new normal, especially when kids are taking part.

I am a loud librarian. My voice is naturally on the louder side. The hundreds of programs I led as a children's librarian were filled with singing, dancing, movement exercises and cheerful

高一英语试卷 第 5 页 (共 12 页)

readings of books with crowds of children and their caregivers. No shushing allowed!

Growing knowledge about the importance of kids and teens learning through hands-on experiences has since caused a sea change in how public libraries connect with young readers. These types of programs like board games, poetry reading and story times certainly aren't designed to be silent.

But it's a balancing act. Not all readers – or librarians – like the idea of a noisy library. It's clear to me now that on the day my colleagues and I were shushed by a reader, we should have been using our "library voices" as we talked. Still, it's unlikely that libraries will ever return to the days when they were places of silence. There's just too much fun and learning happening. I heartily agree with my friend Rachel Payne, an early-childhood service educator at the Brooklyn Public Library, who told me, "When I visit a library and it is quiet, I always feel a bit sad. A library where conversations are happening and tables are full is a very good thing!"

27. How did the author think of the shush from a reader?
- A. Unexpectedly funny.
  - B. Really annoying.
  - C. Quite necessary.
  - D. Very heartwarming.
28. What can be inferred about today's libraries?
- A. They serve kids only.
  - B. They become quieter.
  - C. They are less popular.
  - D. They have different functions.
29. Why does the author quote Rachel Payne?
- A. To show different voices.
  - B. To express the author's idea.
  - C. To make the end interesting.
  - D. To promote a new reading method.
30. What is the best title for the text?
- A. How to Act in the Library
  - B. It's OK for a Library to Be Noisy
  - C. Why to Keep Silent in the Library
  - D. It's Necessary for Librarians to Change

高一英语试卷 第 6 页 (共 12 页)

第二节 (共5小题; 每小题3分, 满分15分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Music is known to have a great deal of mental and physical benefits on humans. From helping to treat physical medical problems to relieving stress, music can be extremely beneficial in helping to improve health. 31

Animals may have a great deal of stress. 32 Dogs and cats may be stressed when around men because they were badly treated by a man, and they may never forget that. A dog who was attacked by another dog while on a walk may be always afraid to go on walks, or even be afraid to leave the house.

33 Cats, dogs and horses will not all have the exact same stressors (压力源), so you just have to pay close attention to your animal and what makes them unique, such as changes in eating habits, too much sleep and too little sleep, just to name a few.

Music can be extremely beneficial for animals in high stress situations. 34 In the atmosphere, they feel calm, safe and well protected. Music can be specifically helpful when played at veterinary (兽医的) clinics for animals who are afraid of the vet. This helps calm the owners of the animals and the staff at the office besides the animals. 35 That's why it is being taken up at a variety of veterinary clinics around the world.

- A. It can create a space for them.
- B. The same goes for our furry friends, too.
- C. They could be stressed for a variety of reasons.
- D. It would be a beneficial practice for all parties.
- E. Another place where music can be helpful is in car rides.
- F. There are ways that you can identify stress in your animals.
- G. It's no wonder loud noises can cause dogs and cats so much stress.

第三部分 语言运用 (共两节, 满分30分)

第一节 (共15小题; 每小题1分, 满分15分)

阅读下面短文, 从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

When I was a boy, I knew nothing about the nation's popular sport – baseball. During P.E., I used to pray (祈祷), "Please, please don't let the ball come to me." It seemed 36 for me to catch it.

And yet I 37 to become the father of Will, who, unlike me, was quite interested in the sport. One Saturday morning, when I played catch with him, thanks to my weak arm, the ball would drop at his feet before he could 38 it. This happened again and again. After too many 39, he sank to the ground and said, "How am I ever going to 40 the major leagues (联盟)?"

I had 41 knowledge and skills about the sport, but I wanted to find some way of giving Will 42 that I had never had. There was an official Little League in our area, but it was competitive and 43 older boys. What if we had something less competitive that welcomed both 44 boys and girls?

I 45 the idea with some neighbors on the playground. "Great!" they said, their eyes 46. I started calling the city's parks, making a 47 for fields to start a league. No response. 48 I had to speak to the official. He asked me to call him back in a few days. The most 49 phone call I ever made was calling him back. What if he said no?

"Yes, we've got something good for you," he said. So Hudson Cliffs was launched.

After several years of play, Will aged out of Hudson Cliffs. 50 enough, the league still goes on.

- |                 |               |            |             |
|-----------------|---------------|------------|-------------|
| 36. A. normal   | B. impossible | C. natural | D. cheerful |
| 37. A. happened | B. decided    | C. wished  | D. refused  |
| 38. A. pass     | B. kick       | C. catch   | D. throw    |
| 39. A. injuries | B. misses     | C. debates | D. hits     |
| 40. A. launch   | B. lead       | C. win     | D. make     |

41. A. limited            B. wide            C. specific            D. advanced  
42. A. love                B. health            C. confidence            D. wealth  
43. A. targeted            B. awarded            C. protected            D. tracked  
44. A. calmer            B. younger            C. braver            D. stronger  
45. A. praised            B. dropped            C. tested            D. shared  
46. A. looking down    B. lighting up            C. closed            D. narrowed  
47. A. rule                B. plan                C. payment            D. request  
48. A. Finally            B. Actually            C. Particularly            D. Gradually  
49. A. pleasing            B. despairing            C. exciting            D. frightening  
50. A. Strangely            B. Immediately            C. Amazingly            D. Simply

第二节 (共10小题, 每小题1.5分, 满分15分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Humans have always looked up at the stars, 51 (wonder) what's out there in space. Scientists have been working hard to make 52 (vehicle) to carry people into space.

After many experiments, scientists developed rockets 53 could escape Earth's gravity in the mid-20th century. On October 4th, 1957, the Sputnik 1 Satellite was launched by the USSR and 54 (successful) orbited around earth. In 1961, Yuri Gagarin became the first person in the world 55 (travel) into space. Then American astronaut Neil Armstrong's walking on the surface of the moon in 1969 56 (signal) one giant leap for mankind.

While China's space programme started 57 (late) than those of Russia and the US, it has made great progress in a short time. In 2003, China independently sent Yang Liwei into space in the Shenzhou 5 spacecraft. Then China launched the Tiangong 2 space lab into space. In spite 58 the huge challenges, China has been carrying on the 59 (establish) of a space station.

Scientists hope future discoveries will not only allow us to understand how the universe began, 60 also help us survive well into the future.

第四部分 语言知识 (共两节, 满分20分)

第一节 (共10个小题, 每小题1分, 满分10分)

从词汇框中选择合适的单词完成句子。

performed	flexible	lack	typical	selects	patterns
eventually	diverse	spotted	hesitate	originally	response

61. Canada is so \_\_\_\_\_ because it has many different cultures mixed together.  
62. Birds fly in various \_\_\_\_\_. Some move in circles, while others in straight lines.  
63. The college \_\_\_\_\_ only 120 students a year from the thousands who apply.  
64. Clearly the smoke from my fire was \_\_\_\_\_, because a man was sent to check it.  
65. She went to work for a new company, where the \_\_\_\_\_ schedule gave her more time to look after her children.  
66. He didn't \_\_\_\_\_ for a moment and jumped into the water for the crying girl.  
67. On a \_\_\_\_\_ workday, workers are expected to work for about 8 hours.  
68. Sunshine is the best medicine and \_\_\_\_\_ of it may lead to a disease.  
69. The interviewer asked me a question and listened carefully to my \_\_\_\_\_, taking notes on a piece of paper.  
70. The table was \_\_\_\_\_ placed by the window, rather than in the middle of the room as now.
- 第二节 (共10个小题, 每小题1分, 满分10分)
- 根据汉语补全句子, 每空一词。
71. 钱花光了, 莎拉不得不找份工作养活自己。  
When the money ran \_\_\_\_\_, Sarah had to find a job to support herself.  
72. 我到这里不久。事实上, 我昨天刚下的飞机。  
I haven't been here long. \_\_\_\_\_ a matter of fact, I just got off the plane yesterday.  
73. 为了保护孩子的眼睛, 很多家庭不看电视。  
Lots of families cut television \_\_\_\_\_ the hope of protecting their kids' eyes.  
74. 鼓励学生根据自己的兴趣和特长选择职业。  
Students are encouraged to choose their jobs \_\_\_\_\_ the basis of their interests and talents.

75. 除了流水声, 在这片森林里我们还能听到美妙的鸟鸣声。  
Apart \_\_\_\_\_ the sound of running water, we can also hear beautiful birdsong in this forest.
76. 最终, 是强烈的信念使他渡过了难关。  
In the end, it was the strong belief that carried him \_\_\_\_\_.
77. 全球化给全世界人们带来了巨大的好处。  
Globalization has brought \_\_\_\_\_ significant benefits for people all over the world.
78. 我刚要放弃时, 突然想到了解决办法。  
I was about to give up \_\_\_\_\_ the solution came to me.
79. 节日正变得越来越商业化, 商家会利用这些庆祝活动进行促销。  
Festivals are becoming more and more commercial, with businesses taking advantage \_\_\_\_\_ the celebrations.
80. 设备已安装好, 表演准备工作一切就绪。  
With the equipment set \_\_\_\_\_, everything was ready for the performance.

第五部分 书写 (5分)

请按照书写格式和要求抄写以下内容。

A good book may be among the best of friends. It is the same today that it always was, and it will never change. It is the most patient and cheerful of companions. It does not turn its back upon us in times of hardship. It always receives us with the same kindness: instructing us in youth, and comforting us in age!

第六部分 写作 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料, 根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段, 使之构成一篇完整的短文。

My daughter and I pushed the overloaded cart in the store. She reached up and took another toy, and without asking, threw it in the cart. "Is that for you?" I asked.

"No, it is for my friend," she answered. I was proud of her. Being an only child and an only grandchild, she could have been spoiled (宠坏), but instead she was caring and very giving, almost more than necessary.

On the drive home, my daughter was unusually quiet. Finally, she said, "Mommy, if Santa brings all the gifts, why are we buying them?" I quickly tried to think of an answer. Before I

could say anything, she shouted, "I know why. We're Santa's helpers!" Yes, she took the words right out of my mouth. Yes, that's exactly what we are.

After a few days, she came home from school quite upset, explaining, "Mommy, there's a girl in my class who's very mean (吝啬) to me and my friends. She is Lucy. We talk to her anyway, and when we asked her what she was getting for Christmas, she started crying. She said she wasn't getting anything because her mother is always sick and her father doesn't have the money to pay for anything, not even food."

I calmed her down, knowing what she was thinking about.

One evening before Christmas vacation, my daughter began to wrap (包装) the gifts for her friends. I gave her a roll of wrapping paper, but she came back and asked for more. I thought it was strange, but I was busy then, only telling her to get whatever she needed.

On the last day of school, I had to leave for work extra early, so I asked my friend to pick up my daughter since she had quite a few gifts to take for the class Christmas party. I never actually saw what my daughter took to school.

On Christmas Eve, I went to wrap gifts, but all of them were missing. I looked high and low and couldn't find them.

注意:

1. 续写词数应为 150 左右;
2. 开头已给出。

Finally, I woke my daughter.

Early Christmas morning, a mother and a daughter came to our house.

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