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2023 届高三湖北十一校第一次联考

## 英语试题

命题学校：荆州中学 命题人：施玮 王芳 张群 审题学校：武汉二中 审题人：张黎浩

考试时间：2022 年 12 月 8 日 8:00-10:00

### 注意事项：

1. 答卷前，考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在答题卡上。
2. 回答选择题时，选出每小题答案后，用铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时，将答案写在答题卡上，写在本试卷上无效。
3. 考试结束后，将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

### 第一部分 听力（共两节，满分 30 分）

做题时先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后，你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

#### 第一节（共 5 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 7.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例：How much is the shirt?

- A. £19.15.                      B. £9.18.                      C. £9.15.

答案是 C。

1. How did the man get to work?

- A. By car.                      B. By bus.                      C. On foot.

2. How does the man feel about swimming now?

- A. Relaxed.                      B. Frightened.                      C. Tired.

3. What will Ken do this Friday?

- A. Play basketball.                      B. Visit the museum.                      C. Visit his grandpa.

4. What do we know about the man?

- A. He made comments on the woman's paper.  
B. He borrowed books from the new library.  
C. He wrote a wonderful essay.

5. What are the speakers talking about?

- A. Keeping fit.                      B. Developing a hobby.                      C. Applying for membership.

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mental health has 51. Having my own 52 gives me the power to plan my day. I can recharge when I need to and can go out and meet people when I want. The cats have 53 helped.

Now I have stayed in 25 houses, 54 30 cats and saved more than 10,000 pounds that would have gone on 55. One day I want to save up for a flat so I can have a cat of my own.

- |                    |                |                |               |
|--------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| 41. A. study       | B. start       | C. observe     | D. train      |
| 42. A. connecting  | B. judging     | C. comparing   | D. teaching   |
| 43. A. offices     | B. hearts      | C. lives       | D. homes      |
| 44. A. free        | B. tough       | C. serious     | D. possible   |
| 45. A. test        | B. game        | C. dream       | D. exchange   |
| 46. A. employers   | B. assistants  | C. instructors | D. companions |
| 47. A. hate        | B. bond        | C. mind        | D. trust      |
| 48. A. guide       | B. order       | C. expect      | D. scare      |
| 49. A. musical     | B. cultural    | C. social      | D. personal   |
| 50. A. saves       | B. discourages | C. protects    | D. tells      |
| 51. A. improved    | B. suffered    | C. worsened    | D. formed     |
| 52. A. cat         | B. job         | C. flat        | D. space      |
| 53. A. hardly      | B. nearly      | C. really      | D. narrowly   |
| 54. A. attended to | B. given away  | C. brought up  | D. left out   |
| 55. A. holiday     | B. rent        | C. sale        | D. credit     |

## 第二节（共 10 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 15 分）

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

As a costume drama *A Dream of Splendor* 56 (draw) many audiences this summer, the way the heroine Zhao Pan'er makes tea in the drama also attracted much attention. Heytea, a Chinese boutique teahouse chain, recently launched new flavored tea drinks 57 (base) on the recipe from the TV show.

It is well known that China is not only the home of most of the world's tea, 58 has a series of customs concerning tea making and tea choice according to the seasons. In summer, green tea is highly recommended, for 59 (it) character is "cold" in traditional Chinese medical theories, suitable 60 (calm) the restlessness caused by hot summer.

Since the Southern Song Dynasty, loose leaf green tea 61 (drink) in China. It is said that Emperor Qianlong from the Qing Dynasty was a tea lover and often enjoyed Longjing, the most well-known Chinese green tea produced in Zhejiang province, during his 62 (day) life in summer. 63 Longjing, Chinese green tea has many family members with beautiful and poetic names, such as Yunwu, 64 literally means cloud and mist. When you feel hot and restless, have Chinese green tea and enjoy 65 mouthful of "cool summer".

第二节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题 5 秒钟; 听完后, 各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料, 回答第 6、7 题。

6. What does the man mainly use his phone for?  
A. Entertainment.            B. Communication.            C. Information.
7. What is the man dissatisfied with about his phone?  
A. The system.            B. The camera.            C. The size.

听第 7 段材料, 回答第 8、9 题。

8. What does the woman say about the last doctor?  
A. He was caring.  
B. He was too young.  
C. He didn't listen to his patients.
9. What does the woman advise the man to do?  
A. Make a call early.  
B. Choose another doctor.  
C. Cancel his appointment.

听第 8 段材料, 回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. Where does the conversation take place?  
A. At a library.            B. At a bookstore.            C. At a grocery store.
11. What does the woman want to do?  
A. Order an item.  
B. Borrow some money.  
C. Change her shipping address.
12. What does the man suggest the woman do?  
A. Buy another gift.  
B. Try another place.  
C. Leave a partial payment.

听第 9 段材料, 回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. Why does the man make the call?  
A. To ask for information.  
B. To conduct an interview.  
C. To make an appointment.

14. What position is available now?  
A. Cooks.                      B. Managers.                      C. Waiters.
15. How long are the working hours?  
A. Four hours.                      B. Seven hours.                      C. Eight hours.
16. What does the job offer?  
A. A free meal.                      B. £5 an hour.                      C. A two-day break per week.

听第 10 段材料，回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. What made the pool closed 30 years ago?  
A. Its budget.                      B. Its design.                      C. Its safety.
18. What is said about the Brackenside Pool?  
A. It is designed by a new architect.  
B. It is a combination of old and new.  
C. The local press is confident about it.
19. What can the winner of the competition decide?  
A. Which sculpture will be used.  
B. Who will declare the pool open.  
C. What kind of food will be provided.
20. What is the purpose of the talk?  
A. To explain some rules.  
B. To attract visitors to the pool.  
C. To announce the opening ceremony.

第二部分 阅读理解（共两节，满分 50 分）

第一节（共 15 小题；每小题 2.5 分，满分 37.5 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

A

**WANTED**

Miracle-Ear Hearing Centers are looking for qualified people to test their latest product the Miracle-Ear Genius for FREE!

**BETTER HEARING EVENT**

Discreet design, comfort fit and natural sound quality—all wrapped up in our smallest hearing aid ever!

**HERE'S THE CATCH**

You must have difficulty hearing and understanding in background noise, and your hearing must fall in the range of the hearing aid. People that are selected will evaluate Miracle-Ear's latest advanced digital hearing

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in space of China's Bohai Bay and the day-night view of Beijing. "The poem and views are both magnificent as well as healing. If everyone could enjoy the same sight, a lot of pain in the world would be 'dissipated'," one user comments.

As the first Italian female astronaut in space, Cristoforetti carried out her first space mission on Nov 23, 2014. In 2022, she started the second mission in April and returned to Earth on Friday night after a 127-day stay in orbit.

Cristoforetti has also been active in Sino-European cooperation in the field of manned spaceflight. She was a working group member with Chinese counterparts to define and implement cooperation in the field of astronaut operations. When not traveling for work, she is an eager reader and has a great passion for languages. Speaking clear Chinese, Cristoforetti once told the media that the teams from China and Europe were working very well together in the field of astronaut training.

24. What is the result of Cristoforetti's post online?

- A. The birth of a masterpiece.
- B. A trend of journey to space.
- C. An instant hot issue on Twitter.
- D. Different translations of the lines.

25. Which word below can be used to replace the underlined word "dissipated" in Paragraph 3?

- A. Relieved.
- B. Caused.
- C. Increased.
- D. Recognized.

26. What can we learn from the last paragraph?

- A. Cristoforetti's devotion to her career.
- B. Cristoforetti's language learning strategies.
- C. The leadership Cristoforetti plays in her team.
- D. The possible motivation for Cristoforetti's post.

27. What can be the best title of the passage?

- A. A female astronaut becomes online star.
- B. A Chinese poem gets popular abroad.
- C. Literature conveys the beauty of space.
- D. An Italian astronaut promotes Sino-European cooperation.

### C

Scientists have successfully implanted and integrated human brain cells into newborn rats, creating a new way to study complex psychiatric disorders such as schizophrenia (精神分裂症), and perhaps eventually test treatments.

Scientists can assemble small sections of human brain tissue made from stem cells in a special container. But

in such a container, “neurons (神经元) don’t grow to the size, to which a human neuron in an actual human brain would grow,” said Sergiu Pasca, the study’s lead author from Stanford University. To overcome such restrictions, researchers implanted the groupings of human brain cells, called organoids, into the brains of young rats.

Human neurons have also been implanted into adult rats before, but an animal’s brain stops developing at a certain age, limiting how well implanted cells can integrate. “By transplanting them at these early stages, we found that these organoids can grow relatively large and receive nutrients, and they can cover about a third of a rat’s brain,” said Pasca.

To test how well the human neurons integrated with the rat brains and bodies, air was blown out across the animals’ whiskers, which prompted electrical activity in the human neurons. That showed that external stimulation of the rat’s body was processed by the human brain tissue.

The scientists then conducted another test in the opposite order: They implanted human brain cells which could respond to blue light, and then trained the rats to expect a “reward” of water from a pipe when blue light shone on the neurons via a cable in the animals’ brain. After two weeks, they found pulsing the blue light sent the rats scrambling to the pipe.

The team has now used the technique to show that organoids developed from patients with Timothy syndrome grow more slowly and display less electrical activity than those from healthy people.

Tara Spires-Jones, a professor at the University of Edinburgh’s UK Dementia Research Institute, said the work “has the potential to advance what we know about psychiatric disorders.”

28. Why did scientists research on rats instead of the special container?

- A. Because psychiatric disorders are too complex.
- B. Because rats also suffer similar psychiatric illnesses.
- C. Because it limits the growth of human brain neurons.
- D. Because human brain neurons grow too quickly in it.

29. What can be inferred from Paragraph 3?

- A. Rats’ age has a significant influence on the research.
- B. Human brain cells can’t be implanted into adult rats.
- C. Rats’ brain won’t develop if they receive human neurons.
- D. Human neurons can grow larger in adult rats’ brain than young rats’.

30. Why did the researchers carry out one more test?

- A. To train rats to respond to external stimulations.
- B. To show similarities between rats and human tissues.
- C. To confirm human brain cells could grow well in rats’ brains.
- D. To check whether signals could be sent back to rats’ body.



31. What is the significance of the research?
- A. It can advance more experiments on rats.
  - B. It can further our study of psychiatric illnesses.
  - C. It can provide some useful experimental methods.
  - D. It can promote our knowledge of human brain cells.

**D**

Before the age of the smartphone, not everyone had cameras and it took skills and a good eye to capture and create a great photograph. Today, with the huge range of camera apps on our smartphones, we're all amateur photographers, and pretty good ones at that, since the quality of smartphone images now nearly equals that of digital cameras.

The new ease of photography has given us a tremendous appetite for capturing the magical and the ordinary. We are obsessed with documenting everyday moments, whether it's a shot of our breakfast, our cat—or the cat's breakfast.

Cameras are everywhere—a situation that is transforming the way we experience dramatic events. With cameras observing most urban centers, have we gotten to the point where cameras don't need photographers and photographers don't even need cameras? When there are political events or natural disasters, it is ordinary citizens with cell phones—not photojournalists—who often provide the first news images. Quality still matters, but it's less important than what's relevant and instantly shared.

Before digital images, most people trusted photographs to accurately reflect reality. Yet photography has always more stories than we assume. Each picture is a result of a series of decisions—where to stand, what lens to use, what to leave in and out of the frame. Images can also be colored, brightened, faded, and scratched to make photographs more artistic, or to give them an antique look. Such images may be more useful in communicating how the people behind the camera felt than in documenting what was actually in front of the camera.

It's not clear whether this flowering of image making will lead to a public that better appreciates and understands images or simply numb us to the deep effects a well-made image can have. But the change is unavoidable. Perhaps we are witnessing the development of a universal visual language, one that could change the way we relate to each other and the world. Of course, as with any language, there will be those who produce poetry and those who make shopping lists.



32. What makes us all amateur photographers?
- A. That it takes no skills to take photographs.
  - B. That cell phones provide great convenience.
  - C. That we are more attracted to creating images.
  - D. That professional standards appear to be falling.
33. How are digital cameras changing our life?
- A. Photographers don't need a camera at all.
  - B. We may get the latest images more easily.
  - C. Natural disasters can be detected in advance.
  - D. People pay more attention to the quality of photos.
34. What is Paragraph 4 mainly about?
- A. The creative functions of camera apps.
  - B. The attractive features of digital images.
  - C. The subjective factors behind photographs.
  - D. The negative reviews about artistic images.
35. What can we learn about "visual language" in the last paragraph?
- A. It can be both used in writing poetry and shopping.
  - B. It will contribute to our ability to appreciate images.
  - C. It has a great influence on the development of the universe.
  - D. It offers us a new tool of communication to express ourselves.

第二节（共 5 小题；每小题 2.5 分，满分 12.5 分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

People are taught how to speak, but good sentence structure and a wide range of vocabulary words won't always lead to being understood or understanding others. 36

The good news is that it's never too late to learn how to communicate more effectively. The first step is to realize you're having communication issues. 37 The following is a list of the top three signs that you need to learn healthier communication skills.

**You have the same fights over and over.**

Your fights are about the same topic again and again. If this is happening, it means you don't yet have the skills to resolve conflicts. 38 The fight may end, but it's only a matter of time before you argue about the same thing again. When you learn how to resolve conflicts, issues don't pile up or become baggage that weighs down your relationship.

39

You don't want to fight so you try not to bring up subjects that lead only to pain and disconnection. The problem is that avoiding them leads to pain and disconnection anyway. Unless you learn how to have hard conversations productively, you will get more and more disconnected until your relationship is in danger of ending.

**You regularly feel misunderstood or unheard.**

No matter how hard you try, you don't feel understood. Perhaps your partner has expressed the same feeling. Over time the disconnected feeling does damage to your relationship. It's important to learn how to communicate in a better way, so that both you and the other person feel heard and understood. 40 To be heard, your partner will need to learn how to listen. For you, to be able to hear your partner, you will need to do the same.

- A. You avoid discussing certain topics.
- B. You argue with your partners about some issues.
- C. If you can't resolve issues, they will continue to show up.
- D. This requires more than just speaking to your partner or vice versa.
- E. Then, you can learn how to communicate in a more productive way.
- F. If you leave conflicts unsettled, you will feel disconnected and lonely.
- G. Effective communication requires much more than being able to speak.

第三部分 语言运用（共两节，满分 30 分）

第一节（共 15 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

阅读下面短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Five years ago, a friend asked me to look after his cat while he went on holiday, and I realized the idea had potential on a bigger scale. So I moved to London and decided to 41 cat sitting.

For me, cat sitting is about 42 two groups of people who need what the other can offer. I get to stay in people's 43 without rent while they're on holiday. The owners get 44 cat sitting. It also means that there is someone to keep an eye on their homes while they are away. It seems a fairer 45 than just watering plants or walking dogs—I'm more of a cat person.

I have always loved cats, and their gentle temper makes them ideal 46 for someone working from home. Cats have such different personalities, so it's not surprising that I 47 more with some than others. An owner once told me not to 48 her cat to sit on me, as it had happened only once. But just four days later, the cat came over and sat on my lap. I sent her a photo!

Cat sitting helps me with my 49 anxiety disorder, too. I want to be around people, but sometimes I can't. Sometimes, this anxiety even 50 me from leaving the house. But since becoming a cat sitter my

第四部分 写作（共两节，满分 40 分）

第一节（满分 15 分）

假设你是李华，你所在的城市即将举办一场面向本市外国学生的中国画比赛，主题为“我对中国的第一印象”。请你给你的英国朋友 Chris 写一封邮件邀请他参加。内容包括：

1. 发出邀请；
2. 比赛时间和主题；
3. 报名方式 and 截止日期。

注意：

1. 词数 80 左右；
2. 可以适当增加细节，以使行文连贯；
3. 开头和结尾已给出，不计入总词数。

<p>Dear Chris,</p> <p>How is everything going?</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Yours Sincerely, Li Hua</p>
--

第二节（满分 25 分）

阅读下面材料，根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段，使之构成一篇完整的短文。

I first became conscious of my body image last year in fifth grade. One day I was walking by my mirror getting ready for bed and I noticed that my stomach looked big. I started to really hate that and think I was fat even though my family always told me how skinny I was. It wasn't only my stomach—I started to think my nose was ugly and that my laugh was disgusting. I was even afraid to laugh or smile in public.

Then, in the sixth grade, a popular guy in my class named Luke made it worse. He told his table group that my body looked swollen in skinny jeans. I heard about it from someone else, but then Luke even told me to my face! I couldn't stop thinking about what Luke had said. Even worse, I started to believe it was true, and I hid my skinny jeans all the way at the bottom of my drawer.

I know I cared too much about what other people said and thought about me. I guess I just wanted to be liked. In fact, I really wish I could have just brushed off comments like that, but I couldn't change my personality and what I care about that easily.

Luke's mean comment affected me in a big way. I lost confidence in more than just my body—I started to think that I didn't matter and that I didn't have a place in the world. To make it worse, some people also started telling me that I was not meant to be an author, which is what I really want to be. That especially hurt and I started to feel really sad all the time.

I hadn't really told anyone how I'd been feeling until a couple of months ago when I got a call from my cousin. I'm really close to her, and hearing her voice and laugh made me feel so good inside. I thought about how I used to be that way too, and how I was so sick of feeling sad.

注意:

1. 所续写短文的词数应为 150 左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Then I started telling her and it all came out.

When I went back to my bedroom, I looked at myself in the mirror for a long time.



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