

## 2022 届高三开年摸底联考 新高考卷 II 英语 试卷

### 注意事项:

1. 答卷前,考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在答题卡上。
2. 回答选择题时,选出每小题答案后,用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑;如需改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时,将答案写在答题卡上,写在本试卷上无效。
3. 考试结束后,将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

考试时间为 120 分钟,满分 150 分。

### 第一部分 听力(共两节,满分 30 分)

做题时,先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后,你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

#### 第一节(共 5 小题,每小题 1.5 分;共 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What is the man doing now?  
A. Playing music.                      B. Looking for a book.                      C. Doing some reading.
2. What's the probable relationship between the two speakers?  
A. Mother and son.  
B. Interviewee and interviewer.  
C. Teacher and student.
3. Where does this conversation most probably take place?  
A. At a bus stop.                      B. At a train station.                      C. At an airport.
4. Why does the man refuse the election?  
A. He has no time for it.  
B. He considers it stressful.  
C. He lacks required abilities.
5. When will the woman meet Dr. Black tomorrow?  
A. At 9:20 a. m.                      B. At 11:00 a. m.                      C. At 1:50 p. m.

#### 第二节(共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。  
听第 6 段材料,回答第 6、7 题。

6. What is wrong with the man?  
A. He gets allergic.                      B. He has a stomachache.                      C. He cut himself accidentally.
7. Who is the man probably?  
A. A volleyball fan.                      B. A volleyball player.                      C. A volleyball volunteer.

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### Hurricane Ridge Hike

Distance: 5.5 km ; Time: 1.5-2.5 h

When to do : May-October

Hurricane Ridge is a perfect hike for beginners, families with kids, and hikers using wheelchairs. This 5.5 km route is paved and extremely easy to follow. With lots of beautiful views stretched out before you, you'll see why this hike is used by so many tourists every year. The hike is subject to seasonal closures, so make sure to check before planning a winter trip.

### Ruby Beach Hike

Distance: 1.6 km ; Time: 0.5 h

When to do : Year-round

Washington has no shortage of incredible beaches, and the endless coastline is always a treat to explore. Ruby Beach is an example of the scenery that makes the Pacific Northwest a dramatic sea. This beach walk is a go-to for locals and is often frequented by visitors as well. It's only 1.6 km in length and involves almost no elevation gain, making it a nice pick for tourists of all levels. Ruby Beach tends to be somewhat busy, so try visiting in the mornings or midweek if possible.

### Hoh Rainforest Hike

Distance: 1.8 km ; Time: 0.5 h

When to do: Year-round

Hoh Rainforest is one of the most visited hikes in Olympic National Park. You'll wander through the rainforest on an easy, family-friendly path, appreciating massive species of plants and animals on the way. As this path gets busy, you are recommended to make the trip on a weekday, which offers the best chance of a quieter hike.

21. Which hike do adventure lovers prefer to go?

- A. Mount Storm King Hike.
- C. Ruby Beach Hike.

- B. Hurricane Ridge Hike.
- D. Hoh Rainforest Hike.

22. What should visitors know about Hurricane Ridge Hike?

- A. It's usually closed in winter.
- B. There are often hurricanes here.
- C. The trip is to be booked in advance.
- D. It's dangerous to hike in poor weather.

23. What do the last two hikes have in common?

- A. They are usually busy on weekdays.
- B. They are open to visitors all the time.
- C. They both present species of wildlife.
- D. They are specially intended for locals.

When my dad was first diagnosed with cancer and had radiation, I pushed my folks to start eating more fresh produce and preferably organics. My mom really improved her cooking from the roasted slice of pork and frozen-veggies (冷冻蔬菜) dinners that I had fallen in love with. Dad said he had never eaten so well.

My dad had been an IBM guy, who often said, "People never change," but he became skilled in overall treatments and began to take well-informed control of his own course of action. I wasn't thinking too much of his changes, but he had survived cancer for over 10 years, constantly learning, running his charity golf events, doing a bit of travel, and always looking pleasant and smiling.

My dad and I decorated a farmhouse in 2012, and I started taking care of the orchard (果园), shaping rows for crops and a herb garden, and learning to care for four red hens. Bringing farm-fresh food to my folks was a way I could contribute to dad's health as well as his enjoyment of life, take a



little work off my mom's hands, and sit and chat about something other than cancer.

The idea for this business came from what we learned about the role of food in health. My dad's doctor told him that eating fresh produce could help resist cancer. Dad helped me set up the farm and worked till just a few days before he passed. But all of what I do here is based on experience, research, and strong values.

We learned more than I ever wanted to know. But the goals of this farm developed as we learned, and here we have it: Produce with a purpose—fresh produce, grown for disease-fighting and preventive health value, delivered with easy but crazy—delicious recipes as well as support, encouragement, overall thinking and even a bit of humor.

24. What was the author's favorite food in the past?

A. Organic food.

C. Barbecued meat.

B. Fresh vegetables.

D. Fast-food meal.

25. What did the author think of his dad?

A. He was a stubborn senior.

C. He was indifferent to his disease.

B. He was crazy about adventures.

D. He was positive about challenges.

26. What inspired the author and his dad to start the farm?

A. The pressure of his mother.

B. The suggestions of a doctor.

C. The deadly cancer of his dad.

D. The great harvest on the farm.

27. What is the text mainly about?

A. A farm with a purpose.

B. A dream of my family.

C. The cancer of my father.

D. The value of fresh produce.

### C

If you're a traditional pasta (意大利面) lover, then you know the noodles come in all sorts of different shapes. There are flat noodles, round noodles, shells, tubes with stripes, and many more. Some of these pastas pack easily into a small box or package. But others require much larger boxes or bags because their hard 3D shapes take up a much greater amount of space.

Now a team of scientists at Carnegie Mellon University (CMU) has figured out a way that pasta can be packed flat in a package, and still form fancy 3D shapes once it's cooked in the water. The team hopes that the new pasta will be easier on the environment.

The team was inspired by "flat-pack furniture". Flat-pack furniture comes tightly packed in a box and is easy to store because it takes up so little space. Sending flat-pack furniture is also much easier on the environment because there's very little wasted space in the delivery vehicles.

To bring the flat-pack idea to the pasta world, scientists used 3D printers to create flat sheets made with semolina (麦粳) flour and water, which look normal, but actually involve some clever engineering. When cooked in water, the flat sheets have been designed in such a way that they instantly transform into different 3D shapes, including traditional pasta forms.

The team, led by Lining Yao, has even experimented with other shapes to see how creative they could get. He can make flat pasta like beads of caviar (鱼子酱), and when the pasta are placed in hot soup, they can turn into smaller noodles.

Aside from being visually impressive, the project could prove to be especially interesting for the shipping industry and food trader, as it could allow for more food to be shipped and stored than ever before. For the consumers, all that would then be required is to put the pasta in water and watch it transform into the desired shape.

28. What is the feature of the traditional pastas?  
A. They take up less space in a package.  
B. They are environment-friendly products.  
C. They can be made into a variety of shapes.  
D. They are popular food all around the world.
29. Why did the scientists produce flat pastas?  
A. To pack them up easily in a box.  
B. To make them look more attractive.  
C. To meet the demand of food retailers.  
D. To change them into different 3D shapes.
30. What is the author's attitude toward the new pasta?  
A. Indifferent.  
C. Objective.  
B. Negative.  
D. Appreciative.
31. What is the best title of the text?  
A. Scientists Create Flat Pasta That Changes Shapes  
B. Will 3D-printed Pastas Be The Future Of Food?  
C. The Flat-pack Pasta Tastes Better After Boiling  
D. Is Flat-pack Furniture Easier On The Environment?

**D**

There's little more frustrating than being told to smile when you're feeling miserable, but new research published in the journal *Experimental Psychology* has found that faking (装出) a smile can act on the parts of our brain linked to mood, improving our outlook.

Led by researchers at the University of South Australia, the study confirmed that forcing a smile can essentially trick the mind into receiving the facial expressions and body language of others more positively, which in turn boosts our own mood. I guess that the "fake it till you make it" approach can hold more water than we realized.

In the experiment, the researchers gathered a group of participants and asked them to place a pen between their teeth. If you try doing this yourself now, you'll notice holding a pen forces your face into a smile. They then asked the participants to evaluate the facial expressions and movements of other people, sometimes with the pen in their mouth and sometimes without.

The results showed that the pen-in-mouth people viewed the facial expressions and movements of others in a more positive light than those with no pen. By forcing the face into a smile, the experiment was able to improve the outlook of participants regardless of their mental state. The findings showed that smiling not only changes how we see facial expressions but also how we read body expressions, with both generating more positive emotions within us.

"When your muscles say you're happy, you're more likely to see the world around you in a positive way," said Dr. Marmolejo-Ramos, lead researcher on the study. "In our research we found that when you forcefully practice smiling, it stimulates the emotional center of the brain to encourage an emotionally positive state."

For mental health, this has interesting meanings. If we can trick the brain into treating stimuli (刺激) as "happy", then we can potentially use this mechanism to help improve mental health. Well, I guess there's only one thing to do then...

32. What is the finding of the researchers in the new study?  
A. Positive people always wear a smile on their face.  
B. A person's mind is easily affected by the surroundings.  
C. Forcing a smile can make people feel more positive.  
D. Faking a smile in trouble is a challenge to everyone.



33. What do the underlined words "hold more water" mean in paragraph 2?  
A. Make more sense. B. Draw more attention.  
C. Arouse more argument. D. Provide more information.
34. What did the experiment mainly focus on about the participants?  
A. Their mental state.  
B. Their facial expressions.  
C. The pen between their teeth.  
D. The effect of fake smile on them.
35. What might be the author's advice at the end of the text?  
A. Smiling to life every day. B. Releasing all your emotions.  
C. Waiting for a smile to be nice. D. Having faith in everything.

第二节(共5小题;每小题2.5分,满分12.5分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Improve the culture of reading in schools

As a form of students studying at school, I must admit that we have a long way to go to make Malaysia a reading nation. At schools, I have found that most students only focus on studying and preparing for important examinations. 36

Although the ministry of education had introduced the literature component at the secondary level, the standard of reading leaves much to be desired. Thus, I propose that schools arrange more time for reading books, especially non-academic books such as novels and short stories which have literary values and merits. 37 They should be suggested as part of a regular reading campaign.

The reading culture must be trained at a young age. Admittedly some students speak and write well in English largely due to their parents' encouragement who are highly educated. A large number of students who come from poor backgrounds do not have the advantage of reading and improving their language skills. 38 Merely emphasizing reading is not enough. Schools must set the trend.

39 Each classroom should be well-stocked with books and students instructed to read at least three books in a week. The school library should also be well-stocked. Currently, school libraries mostly stock academic books. Very few popular works of fiction by great writers are stocked.

It is my belief that if the above suggestions are taken seriously by the schools as part of the extra-curriculum, a great number of students won't feel ashamed about their language ability. 40 They will try their best to improve themselves without the prompting of school authorities and their teachers.

- A. At least two free periods must be allocated for reading.  
B. In this way, students would strengthen their writing skills.  
C. These books that can enhance one's general knowledge are plenty.  
D. In fact, students will eventually develop their interest in the language.  
E. So schools play a great role in encouraging the reading habit among students.  
F. Their reading is limited to school books so they possess restricted knowledge.  
G. When students enter university they will have more time for extra-curricular activities.

第三部分 语言知识运用(共两节,满分30分)

第一节 完形填空(共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

John Berry of Burlington, Kentucky, was just 15 years old when his mother died unexpectedly. He has lots of 41 of her mother from his youth. 42, when she passed away, he didn't have many physical 43 to remember her by.

A few years after her death, John's father 44 her car to a collector in Michigan. As he grew up, John's 45 was still on that green car. Over two decades ago, John reached out to the car's owner to ask if he could buy it, but the man 46.

For about 20 to 22 years, John kept contacting with that gentleman. Finally, after years of 47, the man wrote to John and said he was 48 to pass the car on. The gentleman said, "I am 81 years old, and get to thinking about your 49 for the car. I think it is time to let it go."

When receiving the car, John 50 the entire experience was like a trip down memory path. Not only was the car still in 51 condition with just 42,000 miles, but the glove box also contained a time capsule from his mother's 52; a pair of sunglasses and stamps that she had 53 there.

Some things really are worth the wait! John finally realized his 54 and now his own children can take a ride in the very car their grandmother owned. 55 really does pay off.

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|--------------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------------|
| 41. A. memories    | B. collections  | C. sufferings  | D. misunderstandings |
| 42. A. Fortunately | B. Sadly        | C. Obviously   | D. Surprisingly      |
| 43. A. activities  | B. examinations | C. strengths   | D. possessions       |
| 44. A. sold        | B. lent         | C. presented   | D. donated           |
| 45. A. addition    | B. training     | C. mind        | D. pressure          |
| 46. A. refused     | B. changed      | C. disappeared | D. regretted         |
| 47. A. struggling  | B. waiting      | C. recovering  | D. searching         |
| 48. A. happy       | B. unable       | C. ready       | D. anxious           |
| 49. A. application | B. complaint    | C. ability     | D. desire            |
| 50. A. watched     | B. heard        | C. knew        | D. felt              |
| 51. A. terrible    | B. modern       | C. previous    | D. unique            |
| 52. A. story       | B. life         | C. principle   | D. decision          |
| 53. A. kept        | B. lost         | C. completed   | D. found             |
| 54. A. career      | B. chance       | C. fault       | D. dream             |
| 55. A. Kindness    | B. Honesty      | C. Patience    | D. Courage           |

第二节(共10小题;每小题1.5分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

A new competition has been added to the calendar of world sports events—the Balloon World Cup. We are all familiar 56 the "sport" of keeping balloon up. Most of us have joined in the decades—old pastime of 57 (keep) a balloon up in the air without letting it touch the floor. Spanish soccer star Gerard Pique loved this so much 58 he developed it into an international event. The first Balloon World Cup 59 (hold) in Spain on Thursday. Peru's Francesco de la Cruz was the very first man 60 (win) world champion. He defeated Germany's Jan Spiess in the final with a 6-2 victory.

Mr. Pique got his 61 (inspire) for the tournament from TikTok videos that went popular. He loved watching clips of the game 62 (play) by an American family during the COVID-19 lockdown. It then developed from the family's living room into a "Keep-Up Balloon League". Pique then made the game global. The contests took place on an 8m x 8m court, 63 contained living room furniture as 64 (obstacle). Teams from 32 countries participated. Pique said, "It's something 65 (total) different. Sometimes you have to get out of your comfort zone and try new things." There are hopes that it could become an Olympics event.



## 第四部分 写作(共两节,满分40分)

### 第一节 书面表达(满分15分)

世界环境日(6月5日)即将到来,为了提升你校学生对环境问题的认识与态度,学校英语社团将举办关于爱护环境的征文比赛,请你以“爱护环境从身边做起”为题写一篇英语稿件参赛,内容如下:1. 介绍世界环境日;2. 保护环境的行为;3. 建设最美校园。

要求:1. 词数80左右;

2. 适当增加内容,以使行文顺畅。

#### Caring for the Environment Starts from Ourselves

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### 第二节 读后续写(满分25分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

I could feel the excitement rising in me as I held the beautifully wrapped present in my hands. I felt the string of the package softly and then, unable to contain my curiosity any longer, I tore it open. It was a bright, brand new laptop. I had scored straight As for my O level examination and this was my reward. I had always envied my friends who were exchanging news about ‘chat rooms’, ‘instant messaging’ and ‘e-mailing’, all of which I knew nothing about. Now I was going to find out.

It started out simply enough. I was searching for some information online when I came across a social networking site. Soon I became attracted to my new-found electronic friend. I began to spend more and more time on YouTube and became addicted to Facebook and Twitter. I had never imagined that the day would come when I would be controlled entirely by the glowing screen before me. Whenever I was not glued to these social networking sites, I would be going through gossip or fashion websites.

As time passed, I realized that I was addicted to the Internet. During weekends, when I had more time on my hands, I could easily spend a few hours on my laptop. It came to a point where I chose to lock myself in my room, refusing to come out and take part in family discussions. I preferred to stay connected to the people I made friends with on the Internet although I had never met them. Soon I was spending the whole hours of the morning surfing on the Internet. Sleep was reduced to small naps and my grades at school also began getting from bad to worse.

注意:1. 续写词数应为150左右;

2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

*It was about this time that my parents noticed my change.* \_\_\_\_\_

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*Then one day, my father took away my laptop.* \_\_\_\_\_

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## 2022 届高三开年摸底联考 新高考卷 II 英语试卷参考答案和评分标准

### 听力

1-5 ABCAC 6-10 ABCAA 11-15 CBBA 16-20 BACCA

### 阅读理解

21-23 AAB 24-27 CDBA 28-31 CADA 32-35 CADA 36-40 FCEAD

### 完形填空

41-45 ABDAC 46-50 ABCDD 51-55 CBADC

### 语法填空

56. with 57. keeping 58. that 59. was held 60. to win

61. inspiration 62. played 63. which 64. obstacles 65. totally

### 书面表达

#### Caring for the Environment Starts from Ourselves

World Environment Day is June 5 every year. It reflects the attitude of people around the world to environmental issues and expresses human pursuit of a better environment.

As young students, we should promote environmental protection and start from the things around us, such as caring for every plant and tree in the school, and actively participating in various public welfare activities that care for nature. In addition, we should also obey the rules of the school, striving to be good students with civilization and politeness, which will contribute to the construction of the most beautiful campus.

### 读后续写

It was about this time that my parents noticed my change. They voiced their disapproval. It became obvious to them that I was spending too much time on the Internet. I was asked to slow down my usage of the Internet. Yet, however hard I tried, I was unable to pull myself away, unable to end my chat sessions, and unable to concentrate on my lessons. I was desperate for just another click, just another look at my e-mail or message board.

Then one day, my father took away my laptop. I cried and objected but in vain. Dad had made up his mind. Over time, I realized that Dad and Mum had always wanted the best for me. That was when I decided to take the big step—to conquer my internet addiction. Quitting was harder than I had expected. But with dogged determination, I knew that I would be able to do it. I promised my parents that I would turn over a new leaf.

### 书面表达

各档次的给分范围和要求:

#### 第四档(13分~15分)

完全完成了试题规定的任务。

- 1) 内容完整,条理清楚;
- 2) 交际得体,表达时充分考虑到了交际对象的需求,体现出较强的语言运用能力;
- 3) 完全达到了预期的写作目的。

#### 第三档(9分~12分)

基本完成了试题规定的任务。

- 1) 内容、条理和交际等方面基本符合要求;
- 2) 所用语法和词汇满足了任务的要求;
- 3) 语法或用词方面有一些错误,但不影响理解;
- 4) 基本达到了预期的写作目的。

#### 第二档(4分~8分)

未恰当完成试题规定的任务。

- 1) 内容不完整;
- 2) 所用词汇有限,语法或用词方面的错误影响了对写作内容的理解;
- 3) 未能清楚地传达信息。

**第一档(1分~3分)**

未完成试题规定的任务。

- 1)写了少量相关信息;
- 2)语法或用词方面错误较多,严重影响了对写作内容的理解。

**不得分(0分)**

未传达任何信息;写的内容与要求无关。

**读后续写**

各档次的给分范围和要求:

**第五档(21~25分)**

- 1)与所给短文融洽度高,与所提供各段落开头语衔接合理;
- 2)所使用语法结构和词汇丰富、准确,可能有些许错误,但完全不影响意义表达;
- 3)有效地使用了语句间的连接成分,使所续写短文结构紧凑。

**第四档(16~20分)**

- 1)与所给短文融洽度较高,与所提供各段落开头语衔接较为合理;
- 2)所使用语法结构和词汇较为丰富、准确,可能有些许错误,但不影响意义表达;
- 3)比较有效地使用了语句间的连接成分,使所续写短文结构紧凑。

**第三档(11~15分)**

- 1)与所给短文关系较为密切,与所提供各段落开头语有一定程度的衔接;
- 2)应用的语法结构和词汇能满足任务的要求,是有一些错误,但不影响意义表达;
- 3)应用简单的语句间连接成分,使全文内容连贯。

**第二档(6~10分)**

- 1)与所给短文有一定的关系,与所提供各段落开头语有一定程度的衔接;
- 2)语法结构单调,词汇项目有限,有些语法结构和词汇方面的错误,影响了意义的表达;
- 3)较少使用语句间的连接成分,全文内容缺少连贯性。

**第一档(1~5分)**

- 1)与所提供短文和开头语的衔接较差;
- 2)语法结构单调,词汇项目很有限,有较多语法结构和词汇方面的错误,严重影响了意义的表达;
- 3)缺乏语句间的连接成分,全文内容不连贯。

**不得分(0分)**

白卷、内容太少无法评判或所写内容与所提供内容无关。

**部分答案详解**

**阅读理解**

**A篇** 本文是一篇说明文,介绍几个奥林匹克国家公园远足项目。

21. A 细节理解题。根据 Mount Storm King Hike 下文信息 If you're feeling adventurous, you'll love the summit! 可知,爱冒险的人更喜欢去 Mount Storm King 徒步旅游。故选 A。
22. A 推理判断题。根据 Hurricane Ridge Hike 下文信息 The hike is subject to seasonal closures, so make sure to check before planning a winter trip. 结合开放时间: May-October 可知,此次徒步旅行可能会因季节性关闭而取消,因此在计划冬季旅行之前务必进行核实。由此推断,游客应该知道 Hurricane Ridge Hike 一般冬季不开放。故选 A。
23. B 细节理解题。根据 Hoh Rainforest Hike 和 Ruby Beach Hike 下文信息 When to do: Year-round 可知,两个徒步旅行项目都是对游客全年开放。故选 B。

**B篇** 本文是一篇记叙文,介绍父亲患癌症,作者一家改变饮食结构,建起一个农场,并且农场有了新的发展目标。

24. C 细节理解题。根据第一段 My mom really improved her cooking from the roasted slice of pork and frozen-veggies dinners that I had fallen in love with. 可知,以前作者晚餐喜欢吃烤猪肉片和冷冻蔬菜。故选 C。
25. D 推理判断题。根据第二段 but he had survived cancer for over 10 years, constantly learning, running his charity golf events, doing a bit of travel, and always looking pleasant and smiling. 可知,父亲抗癌 10 多年了,



经常学习、做高尔夫慈善活动、旅游,看起来总是开开心心、乐乐呵呵。由此推断,作者认为父亲积极应对困难。故选 D。

26. B 细节理解题。根据第四段 The idea for this business came from what we learned about the role of food in health. My dad's doctor told him that eating fresh produce could help resist cancer. 可知,了解到食物对健康的影响,即医生所说的吃新鲜农产品可以帮助抗癌,作者和父亲有了建农场的想法。故选 B。

27. A 主旨大意题。文章介绍由于父亲患癌症作者一家改变饮食结构,在这个背景下我和父亲建起一个农场,在农场里我找到了劳动的快乐与价值,最后一段 But the goals of this farm developed as we learned, and here we have it; Produce with a purpose . . . . . 进一步深化主题,表明建农场的真正意义,即 Produce with a purpose,由此可知,本文主要介绍一个有特定目的的农场。故选 A。

**C 篇** 本文是一篇说明文,主要介绍卡内基梅隆大学科学家推出的新意大利面,煮时可形成精美的 3D 形状也易于包装。

28. C 细节理解题。根据第一段 If you're a traditional pasta (意大利面) lover, then you know the noodles come in all sorts of different shapes. 可知,传统的意大利面有各种各样的形状。故选 C。

29. A 细节理解题。根据第一段 Some of these pastas pack easily into a small box or package. But others require much larger boxes or bags because their hard 3D shapes take up a much greater amount of space. 及第二段 Now a team of scientists . . . has figured out a way that pasta can be packed flat, . . . and still form fancy 3D shapes once it's cooked. 可知,有些意面需要比较大的盒子或袋子包装以保持其 3D 形状,因此卡内基梅隆大学科学家推出新意大利面,煮时可形成精美的 3D 形状也易于包装。故选 A。

30. D 观点态度题。文章最后一段 For the consumers, all that would then be required is to put the pasta in water and watch it transform into the desired shape. 对消费者来说,需要做的就是将面放入水里看着它变成自己想要的形状。由此可知,作者对新的意大利面是欣赏的。故选 D。

31. A 标题题。文章主要介绍科学家为解决传统意大利面包装上的问题,推出新型意大利面,该面制作时为扁形,煮时可形成精美的 3D 形状也易于包装。故选 A。

**D 篇** 本文是一篇议论文,介绍一项研究发现,假装微笑可以改善我们的外表,使我们更积极乐观,促进我们心理健康。

32. C 细节理解题。根据第一段 but new research published in the journal *Experimental Psychology* has found that faking (装出) a smile can act on the parts of our brain linked to mood, improving our outlook, 以及第二段内容可知,研究发现假装微笑可以影响我们大脑中与情绪相关的部分,改善我们的外表,使我们更积极乐观。故选 C。

33. A 词义猜测题。全文介绍研究发现假装微笑可以改善我们的外表,使我们更积极乐观。因此该表达“微笑弄假成真”的方法比我们想象的更有道理有意义。故选 A。

34. D 细节理解题。第四段 The findings showed that smiling not only changes how we see facial expressions but also how we read body expressions, with both generating more positive emotions within us. 发现表明微笑不仅改变了我们看到面部表情的方式,也改变了我们解读身体表情的方式,都在我们内心产生更多的积极情绪。由此可知,实验主要集中于虚假微笑对参与者的影响。故选 D。

35. A 推理判断题。文章最后一段总结假装高兴会促进我们心理健康;又根据最后一句 Well, I guess there's only one thing to do then... 那么,我想只有一件事需要去做……;由此推断,那就是每天笑对生活。故选 A。

**七选五** 本文是一篇说明文,介绍提高学校阅读文化的一些建议。

36. F 细节题。文章首句表明“要使马来西亚成为一个阅读国家,我们还有很长的路要走。”下文叙述原因“在学校里,大多数学生只专注于学习和准备重要的考试。”该空表述由此产生的结果“他们的阅读仅限于课本,因此他们的知识有限。” 故选 F。

37. C 过渡句。上文“我建议学校拨出更多时间阅读书籍,特别是非学术书籍,如小说和短篇小说,它们具有文学价值和意义。”该句“可以提高一个人的常识的书籍很多”,承接下文“这些书应该作为定期阅读活动的一部分加以推荐。” 故选 C。

38. E 过渡句。上文“很多来自贫困家庭的学生在阅读和提高语言技能方面没有优势。”该句“因此,学校在鼓励学生养成阅读习惯方面起着非常重要的作用。”下文解释“仅仅强调阅读是不够的。学校必须引





领潮流。”故选 E。

39. A 主题句。下文叙述“每间教室都应备有充足的书籍,并要求学生每周至少阅读三本书。学校图书馆也应该有充足的存货。”根据教室、图书馆信息可知,该段主要表达“必须为阅读分配至少两个空闲时间。”故选 A。

40. D 细节句。根据下文“在没有校方和老师的鼓励下,学生们会尽最大努力提高自己。”可知,该句表达“事实上,学生自己最终会对这门语言产生兴趣。”故选 D。

完形填空 本文是一篇记叙文,讲述约翰经过 20 多年的等待终于买回母亲生前的汽车,表明耐心就有回报。

41. A 考查名词。结合下文 he didn't have many physical 43 to remember her by 可知,母亲去世后,约翰有很多关于母亲的记忆,但没有很多实体的东西。A. memories 记忆; B. collections 收藏; C. sufferings 困苦; D. misunderstandings 误解。故选 A。

42. B 考查副词。上句表达约翰有很多关于母亲的记忆;下文表达母亲去世后约翰没有很多实体的东西来纪念母亲。这是一件令人伤心的事。A. Fortunately 幸运地; B. Sadly 伤心地; C. Obviously 明显地; D. Surprisingly 吃惊地。故选 B。

43. D 考查名词。句意同上。对应上文 memories 记忆,该处 physical possessions 指实物。A. activities 活动; B. examinations 考试; C. strengths 力量; D. possessions 拥有物。故选 D。

44. A 考查动词。根据句意可知,母亲死了几年后,约翰的父亲把母亲的汽车卖给了密歇根一位收藏家。A. sold 卖; B. lent 借出; C. presented 呈现; D. donated 捐赠。故选 A。

45. C 考查名词。下文 John reached out to the car's owner to ask if he could buy it 约翰经常去车主那儿问是否可以买那辆车。A. addition 增加; B. training 训练; C. mind 思想,智力; D. pressure 压力。由此可知,约翰的心思仍然在那辆绿车身上。故选 C。

46. A 考查动词。根据下文 John kept contacting with that gentleman 可知,车主拒绝了约翰的请求。A. refused 拒绝; B. changed 改变; C. disappeared 消失; D. regretted 后悔,遗憾。故选 A。

47. B 考查动词。根据最后一段首句总结 Some things really are worth the wait! 可知,经过多年的等待,车主同意把车卖给约翰。A. struggling 斗争; B. waiting 等待; C. recovering 恢复; D. searching 寻找。故选 B。

48. C 考查形容词。根据下文 I think it is time to let it go 可知,车主写信给约翰说准备把车卖给他。A. happy 高兴的; B. unable 不能; C. ready 准备好的; D. anxious 焦虑的,渴望的。故选 C。

49. D 考查名词。根据上文叙述可知,该句表达车主开始考虑约翰对车的渴望。A. application 申请,应用; B. complaint 抱怨; C. ability 能力; D. desire 渴望,愿望。故选 D。

50. D 考查动词。根据句意可知,收到车时,约翰感觉整个经历就像是一场回忆之旅。A. watched 观看; B. heard 听到; C. knew 知道; D. felt 感觉。故选 D。

51. C 考查形容词。根据句意可知,车仍然是以前的样子,只跑了 42,000 英里。A. terrible 可怕的,糟糕的; B. modern 现代的; C. previous 以前的; D. unique 独一无二的。故选 C。

52. B 考查名词。根据空后 a pair of sunglasses and stamps that she had 53 there 可知,手套箱里也有母亲生活中的具有时代特色的一些东西。A. story 故事; B. life 生活,生命; C. principle 行为准则,原理; D. decision 决定。故选 B。

53. A 考查动词。stamps that she had 53 there 母亲收藏的邮票。A. kept 保存; B. lost 丢失; C. completed 完成; D. found 发现。故选 A。

54. D 考查名词。文章叙述约翰最终买回了母亲的汽车,因此该句表达约翰实现了梦想。A. career 事业; B. chance 机会,可能性; C. fault 错误; D. dream 梦,梦想。故选 D。

55. C 考查名词。文章总结 Some things really are worth the wait! 有些东西值得等待。因此该句表达耐心一定有回报。A. Kindness 仁慈,善意; B. Honesty 诚实; C. Patience 耐心; D. Courage 勇气。故选 C。

语法填空 本文是一篇说明文,主要介绍气球世界杯。

56. with 考查介词。句意:我们都熟悉热气球运动。be familiar with 对……熟悉。故该空填 with。

57. keeping 考查动名词。pastime of 57 (keep) a balloon up in the air without letting it touch the floor 把气球悬浮在空中不使它接触地面的消遣方式。介词 of 后接动名词。故该空填 keeping。

58. that 考查连词。句意:西班牙足球明星 Gerard Pique 如此喜欢这个活动以致于他把它发展成了一个国际赛事。so...that... 如此……以致于……。故该空填 that。





59. was held 考查动词时态语态。句意:首届气球世界杯于周四在西班牙举行。该空考查谓语动词,hold 与主语 Balloon World Cup 存在被动关系。故该空填 was held。
60. to win 考查不定式。the very first man 60 (win) world champion 第一个赢得世界冠军的人。名词前有序数词、first、last 等修饰时,要用动词不定式作后置定语。故该空填 to win。
61. inspiration 考查词语转化。got his inspiration 获得灵感。形容词性物主代词 his 后接名词。故该空填 inspiration。
62. played 考查过去分词。该句主句为 He loved watching clips of the game 他喜欢看比赛剪辑, the game 与其后 play 存在被动关系,应用过去分词作定语, the game played by... “由……进行的比赛”。故该空填 played。
63. which 考查定语从句关系词。指代先行词 court 且在从句中作主语,因此用 which 引导非限制性定语从句。故该空填 which。
64. obstacles 考查名词。living room furniture as obstacles 起居室的家具作为障碍物。该处 obstacle 为复数意义。故该空填 obstacles。
65. totally 考查副词。修饰形容词 different,应用副词形式。故该空填 totally。

听力原文

Text 1

W: Be quiet! I am doing some reading. I can't focus on the content at all.

M: Oh, sorry. I thought you would love listening to some music when you're reading. I'll turn it off right away.

Text 2

W: Do you have any other questions?

M: Yes, I'd also like to know. If I get the job, how about the working hours?

Text 3

W: Sir, could you please help me transfer to my connecting flight?

M: No problem, madam. Do you see those signs that say "Transfer"? Just follow them and they'll lead you to your connecting flight.

Text 4

W: I see the Students' Union is holding an election next week for a new president. How about putting your name forward, Mathew?

M: I'm really not very interested and I'm kind of busy right now, but thanks for thinking I could do it.

Text 5

W: Will Dr. Black be able to see me at about 9:20 tomorrow?

M: Sorry, but he's fully booked till 11:00 unless there is a cancellation.

W: Would ten to two be convenient?

M: Yes, he's free then.

Text 6

M: Hello, I've got red spots all over my body and I'm feeling terrible now.

W: Oh, what did you have for dinner?

M: I had some steamed fish.

W: In that case, you might be allergic to seafood. I'll give you some medicine to take. Don't eat seafood anymore and don't scratch your body. By the way, are you here for the Youth Olympics?

M: Yes, I'm going to try to make the volleyball team this year.

W: Really? I'm a big fan of volleyball. Good luck!

Text 7

W: Excuse me, could you tell me how I can get to the city church?

M: Are you driving or taking public transportation?

W: I drove here yesterday and spent the day driving to all the sights, but today I have decided to go by bus.

M: Walk with me. I'm heading in the direction where you will be catching the bus you want. The bus conductor will

tell you how to change to the next bus and where to get off.

### Text 8

M: Well, here we are. Number 5 Highcroft Court.

W: Thanks.

M: This is the hall. As you can see, there is a big mirror on the wall, and a telephone over there, too.

W: Is the telephone working?

M: Oh yes. You only need to pay for the calls you make. Now through here to the left, this is the lounge. There's a television and a huge sofa, too. And if you go through that door in front of you, that's the dining room with a nice big table and six chairs.

W: I can invite friends to dinner at home!

M: And finally, this is the bedroom.

W: Oh yes! This is lovely. I like the big wardrobe. OK, how much?

M: All expenses included, £ 550 a month. And you have to pay three months' rent in advance.

W: Hmm, all right.

### Text 9

W: Nana phoned saying that she would be a little late today.

M: What's the matter?

W: The bus she took is stuck in traffic.

M: That's terrible! The traffic is really bad in the morning these days.

W: Yeah. Because it snowed last weekend, motorists are now driving at a lower speed to avoid accidents.

M: Indeed. Many traffic accidents have recently taken place. I have to be more careful when driving.

W: Once there's a car accident, the vehicles involved will stop on the road and block traffic.

M: Yeah. This month I've been caught in two traffic jams caused by car accidents.

W: What do you usually do when stuck in traffic?

M: I listen to the radio to kill time. Sometimes the traffic radio will tell the audience to switch routes to save time.

W: I usually go to work by subway. It takes me another 10 minutes to walk to the office from the station, but at least there's no traffic jam.

M: It's more environmentally friendly to travel by subway.

W: That's true. I plan to go to work by bike when it turns warmer. Bike riding is even greener, and there's no need to worry about traffic jams.

M: That's really crazy.

### Text 10

Although the city of Gilan is not far from the capital of the country, the people here have not enjoyed the economic advantages as those in the capital. Most of the people here are farmers, and their only source of earning money is selling what they grow to markets. The markets want to make a profit when the farmers sell, so the people of the city do not get very good deals. The main crop they sell is tea, although some rice and corn is grown here too. Nowadays, the young generation living in the rural parts of the city is moving to bigger cities. Their parents and grandparents seem to think this is because the kids don't like village life. However, the fact is that there are not many jobs here. Although the soil is good to grow what they need, young people don't want to be farmers like previous generations. Older people here entertain themselves by watching their favorite sport, or meeting in small markets. A festival is held here every 10 years, and is attended by thousands of people. Almost half the city goes there. The last time it was held was in 2017, and the locals say everyone is looking forward to the next one. Some even say it should be held every 5 years, instead of 10.



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自主选拔在线是致力于提供新高考生涯规划、强基计划、综合评价、三位一体、学科竞赛等政策资讯的升学服务平台。总部坐落于北京，旗下拥有网站（[网址: www.zizzs.com](http://www.zizzs.com)）和微信公众平台等媒体矩阵，用户群体涵盖全国90%以上的重点中学师生及家长，在全国新高考、自主选拔领域首屈一指。

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