

郑州市 2022 - 2023 学年下期期末考试

高一英语试题卷

注意事项:

本试卷分四部分,考试时间 120 分钟,满分 150 分。考生应首先阅读答题卡上的文字信息,然后在答题卡上作答,在试题卷上作答无效。

第一部分 听力(共两节,满分 30 分)

做题时,先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后,你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节(共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What does the man like to do on weekends?

- A. Try snacks. B. Visit museums. C. Watch matches.

2. What does the man advise the woman to do?

- A. Call the police. B. Buy a new phone. C. Look for her phone.

3. What will the girl do first?

- A. Return a book. B. Wait for her teacher. C. Hand in her homework.

4. How many languages can Rosa speak now?

- A. Two. B. Three. C. Four.

5. How does the woman feel about Mike's report?

- A. Satisfied. B. Puzzled. C. Angry.

第二节(共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第6段材料,回答第6、7题。

6. What is the man doing now?
- A. Making an interview.
B. Asking for suggestions.
C. Introducing a company.
7. What is the woman always ready to do?
- A. Talk about the basics.
B. Go shopping with the man.
C. Learn more about the company.

听第7段材料,回答第8、9题。

8. What does Jenny want to borrow?
- A. A notebook. B. A chemistry book. C. Some money.
9. Why does Jenny do a part-time job?
- A. To support her family.
B. To improve her study.
C. To earn her tuition fees.

听第8段材料,回答第10至12题。

10. How long has the man been living in this area?
- A. For 10 years. B. For 15 years. C. For 25 years.
11. What can be known about the gas station?
- A. It has a red roof. B. It is small. C. It is on the left side.
12. Where does the conversation probably take place?
- A. In a car. B. On the roadside. C. At a gas station.

听第9段材料,回答第13至16题。

13. What does the woman think of the sports car?
- A. It runs well. B. It is old. C. It starts easily.
14. What happened to the sports car yesterday morning?
- A. It was broken. B. It ran out of gas. C. It didn't start at once.
15. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?
- A. Friends. B. Husband and wife. C. Father and daughter.

16. What is the man likely to do at last?
A. Buy a family car. B. Sell his sports car. C. Keep his sports car.
- 听第 10 段材料, 回答第 17 至 20 题。
17. Why did the lady want the pianist to sing?
A. She knew he could sing well.
B. She wanted to make him famous.
C. She was bored with listening to the piano.
18. When did the pianist know he had a talent for singing?
A. After his first singing that night.
B. After he became a famous pianist.
C. Before he played the piano in the bar.
19. What happened to the pianist later?
A. He had his own piano bar.
B. He became a famous singer in America.
C. He continued to play the piano in the bar.
20. Which of the following will the speaker agree with?
A. Very few people have real talents.
B. People will surely succeed if they have talents.
C. Everyone should make the most of their talents.

第二部分 阅读理解(共两节, 满分 50 分)

第一节(共 15 小题; 每小题 2.5 分, 满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

Want to know how you can win a camera of your choosing – either a Sony A7 III, a Canon EOS R, or a Nikon Z6? Well, come and join in our contest (比赛)!

It's easy! All you have to do is to share your favorite memory from Photoshop World with us on Instagram. Whether you attended last year, 7 years ago, or even 20 years ago, we want to know what made the event special to you.

How do you enter?

※ Go to Instagram.

※ Upload your Photoshop World photo and tell us about your favorite Photoshop World experience.

※ Include the hashtag (题标) #MyPhotoshopWorld in your post.

※ Publish the post.

※ The post must be made after 12:00 p.m. on July 8 and before 11:59 p.m. on July 28, otherwise it will be counted as an invalid (无效的) entry.

That's it! No detailed form to fill out. No email sign-up needed. Simply post and cross your fingers for a chance to win a camera in our My Photoshop World Experience Contest.

Register for Photoshop World.

There's still time to sign up for Photoshop World, so don't miss your chance to experience this fantastic event! We've got 20 world-class instructors coming to each show to tell their best tips and tricks to anyone looking to apply themselves to the photography (摄影) world. With over 100 classes and live shoots, there's a little something for everyone!

21. What should you share to join in the contest?
- A. Your experiences of using cameras.
 - B. Your memories of Photoshop World.
 - C. Your unforgettable travel experiences.
 - D. Your images processed with Photoshop.
22. Which of the following will be considered as an invalid entry?
- A. Posts made on Instagram.
 - B. Posts uploaded at 10 a.m. on July 8.
 - C. Posts with the hashtag #MyPhotoshopWorld.
 - D. Posts of years-old memories of Photoshop World.
23. What is Photoshop World most likely to be?
- A. A photography event.
 - B. A photography program.
 - C. A piece of photography advice.
 - D. A piece of photography software.

B

In the countryside in Fuzhou, Fujian, there is a girl, her little brother, their grandma and a cat named Hua Juan. In the eyes of Hua Juan, the grandma treats the boy and the girl very differently – she saves milk for the boy and feeds him as if he were a baby, not paying much attention to the girl. One day, Hua Juan falls asleep and starts to have a dream. Everything begins to change.

This is the story told in the short film *I'm Hua Juan*, which explores a heavy topic – the traditional preference for sons over daughters. The film helped 18-year-old Zhu Manlin win the best director award at the 2021 International Teen Short Film Festival. The competition aims to encourage middle school students internationally to look at the world around them through images and pay attention to their position within it.

Zhu, a student at Fuzhou Senior High School, said she got the idea of the film from stories she heard. “Gender (性别) preference is still a common thing. Three out of the five members of our filming team have such families with older sisters and younger brothers,” said Zhu. “Many people may take it for granted, but not for a cat. I tell the story from the viewpoint of a cat to encourage the audience to take another look at reality.”

As the director and photographer, Zhu together with her teammates spent about two months writing the script (剧本), shooting the video and editing. She used several key scenes to show the grandma's preference for the boy: more meat in his bowl, gentler words and interesting toys, while the girl is ignored and accompanied only by Hua Juan. The strong comparison can help viewers better emotionally connect with the girl and reflect on the unfavorable situation of other girls in the same situation. Zhu also set a scene in which the girl looks through the crack of a door and sees a part from the film *Sister*, which describes An Ran, a girl who struggles to pursue her own dream while having to raise her younger brother after their parents died in a car crash. “I want fewer girls to have to bear such burdens as An Ran and instead bravely fight for their own rights,” said Zhu.

While the theme is realistic, the visuals are artistic. In the film, real life is in

black and white while dreams are colorful. Zhu also shot the film in a square format to give it an unusual feeling as well as a sense of seriousness. She wants viewers to focus on the main story, using close-up shots to resonate with (引起共鸣) the emotions of the young actors while ignoring other unimportant factors.

Zhu said her favorite director is Lee Chang-dong from South Korea, who cares about reality but also stays poetic. "I wish I could make such films one day," she said.

24. What can be known about the film *I'm Hua Juan*?

- A. It has a theme of gender preference.
- B. It is adapted from a novel of the same name.
- C. It took the team about half a year to make it.
- D. It is based on the director's personal experience.

25. Why is the story told through a cat's eyes?

- A. To make the story more attractive.
- B. To explain what role pets play in our life.
- C. To get people to look at things in a different way.
- D. To connect the story better with a younger audience.

26. What is paragraph 4 mainly about?

- A. The problems Zhu had shooting the film.
- B. The way Zhu directed and made the film.
- C. The inspiration Zhu got from the film *Sister*.
- D. The similarity between Zhu's film and the film *Sister*.

27. How does Zhu attract viewers to the main story?

- A. By focusing on social reality.
- B. By using close-up shots in the film.
- C. By shooting the film in black and white.
- D. By expressing emotions in a poetic way.

C

Wherever we go, we are surrounded by history. Across the globe, cultural heritage is passed down through generations. It is in the buildings and structures around us. It is in the arts and artifacts (手工艺品) we treasure. It lives in the

languages we speak and the stories we tell. But today, it is under attack as never before. Not only is the damage of time intimidating our cultural heritage, but wars, climate change, globalization and tourism are all exacting a heavy price. Technology is now the most important weapon in the battle. Here's how technology is preserving our cultural heritage.

As you can imagine, creating the replicas (复制品) via crowdsourced 2D images is extremely time-consuming. Increasingly, artificial intelligence (AI) is being used to do all the required sourcing, allowing millions of images to be stored in a matter of hours. AI will also make restoration-and-preservation of existing cultural heritage far easier and much better than former methods.

Virtual reality (VR) technology will play a leading role in preserving our cultural heritage in the coming years. Many of the most important sites and architecture are easily damaged. Human interaction with these locations is doing a great deal of harm. Wastes left could be seen everywhere, causing many problems. As more cultural heritage sites and objects are digitally mapped and recorded, VR technology will increasingly become the way that people experience them. We'll all eventually be able to walk through places, look at and touch artifacts and works of art without ever seeing them with our own eyes.

Finally, our cultural heritage will be preserved via technology. Efforts in research, innovation (创新), data sharing and project work will help promote and preserve the cultural heritage of countries all across the world.

28. What does the underlined word "intimidating" in paragraph 1 probably mean?
A. Fading. B. Preserving. C. Recording. D. Threatening.
29. How does VR help to preserve cultural heritage?
A. By recycling huge amounts of waste.
B. By stopping visitors touching artifacts.
C. By reducing human effects on the sites.
D. By educating people about the sites' importance.
30. What is the author's attitude to technology in preserving the cultural heritage?
A. Positive. B. Unclear. C. Doubtful. D. Unsupportive.

31. Which can be the best title for this passage?
- A. How Technology Changes Arts
 - B. What Cultural Heritage Means to Us
 - C. Prepare for an Innovation in Technology
 - D. Preserve the Ancient with the Advanced

D

The United States space agency, NASA, says its Mars exploration vehicle recently recorded a high level of methane (甲烷) gas on the planet. The discovery is exciting because the presence of methane gas could support the case for life on Mars.

NASA's Curiosity vehicle recently recorded the largest level of methane ever measured during its 7-year Mars mission.

Methane has no color or smell. A special instrument on Curiosity's Mars Science Laboratory recorded the increased gas level. It measures levels of chemical elements and gases in the Martian (火星的) atmosphere. In addition to methane, it can record levels of water and carbon dioxide.

Nearly all the methane gas found in Earth's atmosphere is produced by living things. It usually comes from animal and plant life. But it can also be formed by geological (地质的) processes, such as interactions between rocks and water.

It was not the first time that Curiosity had found methane gas in the Martian atmosphere. About a year ago, NASA announced that Curiosity had discovered sharp seasonal increases in the gas. This time NASA said the measured methane gas level was clearly larger than any others observed in the past. "It's exciting because microbial (微生物的) life is an important source of methane on Earth," NASA said in a statement announcing the discovery.

However, Curiosity's team carried out a follow-up methane experiment that showed a sharp drop in levels of the gas. "That number was close to the background levels Curiosity sees all the time," NASA said. The rise and fall of the methane gas levels left NASA scientists with more questions than answers.

“The methane mystery continues,” said Ashwin Vasavada, Curiosity’s project scientist, “we’re more active in keeping measuring and putting our brains together to figure out how methane behaves in the Martian atmosphere.”

32. What can we know about methane gas?
- A. It is highly necessary for Mars.
 - B. It can easily be found anywhere.
 - C. It is mainly related to biological activity.
 - D. It smells more or less like carbon dioxide.
33. What does the exploration on Mars indicate?
- A. Humans have known much about Mars.
 - B. There will be more methane gas on Mars.
 - C. There is no progress in the 7 years’ research.
 - D. The level of methane gas on Mars is changeable.
34. What does the discovery mean in NASA’s view?
- A. Life may exist on Mars.
 - B. Methane gas on Mars is increasing fast.
 - C. The mystery about Mars will be solved soon.
 - D. They know where methane gas on Mars is from.
35. How do the NASA’s scientists feel about the future exploration?
- A. Worried. B. Stressed. C. Confident. D. Serious.

第二节(共 5 小题;每小题 2.5 分,满分 12.5 分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后的选项选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Whether you want to be a leader, coach or businessman, knowing how to give advice will help you. Here are some useful ways for you to refer to.

Tell a story.

36 Storytelling is how you make your advice human, related and real. Every great speech or piece of advice comes with a story. The story is what people remember and that is how they will remember your advice.

Have a good structure.

Just like a good speech, high-quality advice has a good structure, which makes your advice easier to follow and more likely to be remembered. Be logical (符合逻辑的) with your advice and structure it in a way that makes sense. 37 Or you can think about the timeline in relation to your advice. What events happened first or what steps do you begin with?

Use your own experience.

Many people tell stories but seldom include their own experiences. Your experience is the best advice you can give. No one has exactly the same story or experience as you, so that is what makes your advice truly unique. All of us have experiences worth sharing. 38

Put in emotion.

The best advice contains your own emotion. Link your advice to emotion. It is another useful strategy to get people to take action. We all remember when we got emotional while giving a speech or when we felt the same emotion as the person.

39 We have all felt sadness, laughter or else in our lives. So, put these into your advice if you want to influence your audience to make a real and rapid change.

Giving advice is a privilege (特权) and it should never be taken for granted.

40 Don't forget that.

- A. We have special equipment to help others.
- B. You can begin with the most important point.
- C. Emotion is what can make your advice universal.
- D. One suggestion is to keep your story long enough.
- E. The only purpose of giving advice is to help someone.
- F. Dry information doesn't inspire people to make a change.
- G. Your personal experience is more valuable than you think.

第三部分 语言运用(共两节,满分30分)

第一节(共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

The Pygmalion effect (皮格马利翁效应) means that positive expectations lead to better performance while negative expectations lead to worse performance.

I used to teach maths at a summer school. There I had a student who taught me a lot more than what I could 41 have taught him. Let's call him Joey.

Though he 42 with maths at first, his eagerness and 43 never changed. I quickly 44 him as a star pupil. Joey shared with me one day that his mother passed away when he was young. Neither of his parents finished high school, so his mother's 45 was just to see him graduate. His dad was a cleaner who worked long hours for low pay. Joey said he wanted to get his diploma (文凭) so that he could get a better job because he 46 to see his dad happy.

From that day forward, I promised him to ensure he would pass. I taught him how to understand some of the 47 topics in maths. On the last day of the class, Joey 48 the final test. After all the students left, I 49 to help clean up. The head teacher told me that he was amazed at Joey's 50 in the test, for he did a really good job 51 his disabilities (缺陷).

The teacher went on to explain that Joey had learning disabilities and that some experts said he would never be able to do maths. I was 52 to hear this because I had never found it when I worked with him!

If he had learning disabilities, then how was he able to solve the problems related to difficult maths concepts 53 after some lessons? This question has 54 me for some time. After spending 55 hours searching, I have found the best explanation is the concept of the Pygmalion effect.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------------|----------------|
| 41. A. obviously | B. possibly | C. gradually | D. properly |
| 42. A. started | B. helped | C. dealt | D. struggled |
| 43. A. level | B. determination | C. talent | D. promise |
| 44. A. trained | B. elected | C. considered | D. imagined |
| 45. A. desire | B. belief | C. duty | D. option |
| 46. A. managed | B. happened | C. expected | D. failed |
| 47. A. hot | B. inspiring | C. normal | D. challenging |
| 48. A. got through | B. prepared for | C. carried on | D. figured out |

49. A. returned B. stayed C. continued D. remembered
 50. A. performance B. confidence C. attitude D. attention
 51. A. apart from B. in case of C. due to D. in spite of
 52. A. disappointed B. shocked C. satisfied D. excited
 53. A. carefully B. easily C. proudly D. gratefully
 54. A. puzzled B. worried C. interested D. annoyed
 55. A. additional B. sleepless C. countless D. flexible

第二节(共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式,并将答案填写在答题卡相应的位置上。

Thanks to a series of protection 56 (measure), the Dabry's sturgeon (达氏鲟), an endangered species under China's first-class national protection, can now be 57 (spot) again in the Yangtze River.

The Dabry's sturgeon is also known as the Yangtze sturgeon, 58 (name) after its habitat, the upper Yangtze River. Since 2000, it had lost its natural ability to reproduce 59 a result of overfishing and water pollution. The International Union for Conservation of Nature announced the species extinct in the wild in July, 2022.

According to the Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Affairs, underwater cameras have recently shot the natural spawning (产卵) of the Yangtze sturgeon, 60 (indicate) that mature individuals in the artificial Yangtze sturgeon population have the ability to reproduce in the wild.

Overfishing was once a serious challenge, 61 endangered the Yangtze sturgeon and other fish species in the Yangtze River. 62 (recover) the biodiversity along the river, China 63 (carry) out a full fishing ban (禁令) in 332 conservation areas of the Yangtze River basin in January, 2020.

Surprisingly, many fishermen have now become protectors of fish in the Yangtze River. Zhang Song, who had depended on fishing for a living since 2000, volunteered to become 64 member of the fish protection team in Wanzhou District. The Yangtze River Protection Law came into force on March 1, 2021. With this law, Zhang's work became much 65 (easy) than before.

第四部分 写作(共两节,满分 40 分)

第一节(满分 15 分)

假如你校英语报正在举行题为“The Role of Music”的征文活动,请你写一篇短文参赛。内容包括:

1. 你对音乐的认识;
2. 音乐对你的影响。

注意:

1. 词数 80 左右;
2. 可以适当增加细节,以使行文连贯。

The Role of Music

第二节(满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

On March 16, 2020, my left leg was injured. After the operation, I realized I needed additional care, so I had to stay at the Kindness Home near my family. It was a very good experience to live there and discover firsthand what it meant to be in need of such a healing (治愈) space as the Kindness Home. I had never thought that I would need to stay there.

Some of the boys there helped me a lot. They lived with me and cared for me as family. They were so kind and helpful. I liked them so much. I was also very thankful to my family for their unconditional love and care. They helped me a lot in recovery. I was also very thankful to all my friends for their continuous good wishes for my fast recovery.

I developed a healing garden at the Kindness Home during my recovery. Planting flowers and various plants helped me heal. It had a calming effect to water them, care for them and watch them grow. The garden helped heal me. As I

nurtured (培育) the garden, I was nurtured.

Slowly, time passed and my leg recovered. I started again to walk and do my work. I am feeling very calm and relaxed.

At the time of struggle and especially in tough situations, we feel the need of someone who can spend time with us and care for us. Their kind presence gives me so much strength and support, and it is also true that those are people we can't hire from the market or any other places. They just exist in our hearts and in our family and friends. They never come for money or pride. They just need our love and friendship. I decided to do something to show thanks to those who had helped me.

注意:

1. 续写词数应为 150 左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

I immediately sent out invitations to them. _____

I started a website to help those who are hurt like me. _____