

绝密★启用前

2021 年高考湖南四大名校名师团队猜题卷(A)

英 语

座位号

注意事项:

1. 答卷前,考生务必将自己的姓名、考生号、考场号、座位号填写在答题卡上。
2. 回答选择题时,选出每小题答案后,用铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时,将答案写在答题卡上,写在本试卷上无效。
3. 考试结束后,将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

考生号

第一部分 听力(共两节,满分 30 分)

做题时,先将答案标在试卷上。录音部分结束前,你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节 (共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例: How much is the shirt?

- A. £ 19. 15.                      B. £ 9. 18.                      C. £ 9. 15.

答案是 C。

1. What are the speakers mainly talking about ?

- A. A paper                      B. An exam                      C. A hard question

2. Where does the conversation take place?

- A. At a concert                      B. At a shop                      C. At a restaurant

3. When will the program end?

- A. In February                      B. In October                      C. In December

4. How is the man going there?

- A. By bus                      B. By train                      C. By plane

5. How much should the man pay?

- A. Six dollars                      B. Twelve dollars                      C. Ten dollars

姓名

第二节 (共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6、7 题。

6. Why is Kate going to the library?

- A. To borrow some poetry books.  
B. To write poems about America.  
C. To get something for her paper.



7. What did the man do last weekend?  
A. He went out with his mother.  
B. He saw the science fiction film.  
C. He went to the Odeon Cinema.
- 听第 7 段材料,回答第 8、9 题。
8. What is woman's favorite music?  
A. Rock music.                      B. Classical music.                      C. Jazz music
9. What will the woman arrange this Saturday evening?  
A. A course of classical music.  
B. A jazz performance for her husband.  
C. A party for her friends.

听第 8 段材料,回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. What happened when the man was mountain climbing?  
A. He got trapped in a cave.  
B. He got lost in bad weather.  
C. He lost his equipment and food.
11. What caused the loss of the man's legs?  
A. Low temperature  
B. A bad fall in the mountain  
C. An unsuccessful operation.
12. What did he decide to do after losing his legs?  
A. Design new climbing shoes.  
B. Set up a club for the disabled  
C. Use technology to fight his disability.

听第 9 段材料,回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. How does the man feel about Denmark as the happiest country in the world?  
A. Interested                      B. Surprised                      C. Doubtful
14. Which country probably has the smallest income gap?  
A. Denmark                      B. Italy.                      C. .France.
15. How does the Danish government use the taxes it collects?  
A. To develop a fine food culture.  
B. To fund social clubs.  
C. To pay for people's shopping and spending.
16. What matters the most for people in Denmark?  
A. Money.  
B. Natural scenery.  
C. Friends and family.

听第 10 段材料,回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. Who is the speaker talking to?  
A. Students                      B. Parents                      C. Teachers
18. What will the temperature be tomorrow morning?  
A.  $-10^{\circ}\text{C}$                       B.  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$                       C.  $-15^{\circ}\text{C}$
19. What should the listeners have so that they can change into?  
A. A warm jacket                      B. A pair of boots                      C. A pair of pants
20. Where is this announcement from?  
A. A school                      B. A TV station                      C. A radio station

英语试题 第 2 页(共 10 页)

第二部分 阅读(共两节,满分 50 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题;每小题 2.5 分,满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

**Volunteer Opportunities**

Student Representatives should complete a minimum of 8 hours of volunteering per semester, or 16 hours in total. You have a range of different ways you can complete these volunteer hours, and we encourage you to pursue your interests and passions.

As a Student Representative, you have the opportunity to create your own initiative(主动权) or volunteer in initiatives organised by Student Affairs and Engagement.

Examples of volunteer activities you might like to work on include:

**Academic activities:** E. g. giving feedback to staff within your area of study, creating a student survey, undertaking research, attending a conference or creating a study group.

**Health and wellbeing activities:** E. g. volunteering for our Therapaws: Dog therapy program (online), creating a podcast or other resources to enhance the student experience.

**Social activities:** E. g. Creating a trivia night, Zoom catch-up or welcome night in your area of study.

**Communications activities:** E. g. Writing for our Student eNewsletters, creating social media content, designing graphics, producing videos or taking photos.

**Fundraising and charity initiatives:** E. g. Share the Dignity Charity Drive.

**Student welcome and engagement activities:** E. g. volunteering at Open Day, Info Day or during Welcome Week.

**And much more!** You can work on any activity that benefits the student experience in our community.

21. Whom are the volunteer opportunities offered to?
- A. Volunteers  
B. High School Students  
C. Student Representatives  
D. All the readers
22. Which of the following belong to Social activities?
- A. Attending a conference  
B. Volunteering during Welcome Week.  
C. Writing for our Student eNewsletters.  
D. Creating a welcome night in the area of study.
23. What kind of activity shall be chosen if a student representative enjoys donating and collecting?
- A. Academic activities  
B. Fundraising and charity initiatives  
C. Social activities  
D. Health and wellbeing activities

B

Iraqi women are working as engineers in Iraq's oil industry, an important source of income for the government to help develop their country's economy.

Amjad is a 24-year-old engineer who works on an oil rig for six weeks at a time. She said: "They tell me the field environment only men can withstand, if I gave up, I'd prove them right." Rawthan, also a 24-year-old engineer, is working in another oil rig in Basra where she supervises a team that prepares large drill pipes to collect information about rock

formations. Most women who are petroleum engineers in Iraq work in an office. Instead, Amjad and Rawthan chose to work in the oil fields. These are not usual jobs for women from conservative communities. Petrochemical programs in the country's engineering schools are for students with the best grades. Both women were in the top 5 percent of their graduating class at Basra University in 2018. They are part of a new generation of Iraqi women who are going against tribal traditions.

"Many times my professors laughed, 'Sure, we'll see you out there,' telling me I wouldn't be able to make it." said Rawthan. "But this only pushed me harder." She hopes to help establish a labor rights group for Iraqi female engineers in the future. Rawthan, too, knew she would have to work extra hard to succeed. Once, when her team had to perform a difficult task, she stayed awake all night.

As for Amjad, to gain experience, she once worked for international oil companies, first in China Petroleum Engineering & Construction Corporation and later the U. S. -based Schlumberger company as an engineer. She passed one difficult test after another. Asked if she was sure she could do the job, she said: "Hire me, watch."

Not only have Amjad and Rawthan faced inequality within the industry, they also face ongoing protests by local tribes and violence toward oil workers. But the two women are willing to take on difficulties, such as state corruption, poor services and high unemployment. They have little time to even consider these difficulties, for even at night they're often working.

24. What do you know from paragraph 2?
- A. Amjad and Rawthan are of the same age in the same oil rig.
  - B. Amjad and Rawthan both had excellent academic performance at school.
  - C. No women have worked in the oil rigs before in Iraq.
  - D. women engineers are treated equally as men in Iraq's oil industry.
25. What do professors believe according to the underlined sentence in paragraph 3 ?
- A. Rawthan can't manage to do the tough work in the oil rig.
  - B. Only man can do the work in oil rigs.
  - C. Rawthan should give up the work in the oil rig.
  - D. Rawthan must work extra hard to succeed in the work of the oil field.
26. Which of the following best describes Amjad and Rawthan?
- A kind and enthusiastic.
  - B generous and considerate.
  - C honest and gentle.
  - D Strong-willed and hard working.
27. What is the purpose of the text?
- A. To show the inequality in oil industry in Iraq.
  - B. To Praise the two women engineers contributed to the country.
  - C. To call on more women to work in Iraq's oil fields.
  - D. To criticize the men looking down upon women engineers in the oil industry in Iraq.

C

Japan plans to release into the sea more than a million tonnes of radioactive water from the destroyed Fukushima nuclear station, it said on Tuesday. Plant operator Tepco will

英语试题 第4页(共10页)

begin pumping out water in about two years after treatment in a process that will take decades to complete.

Tepco has been struggling with the build-up of polluted water since bringing three reactors under control after a 2011 earthquake and tsunami knocked out electricity and cooling.

Efforts to tackle the problem have included building an “ice wall” around the damaged reactors and wells to draw groundwater away before it reaches the reactors. These measures have slowed, but not halted(停止) the build-up of polluted water. In 2018, Tepco admitted it had not filtered all dangerous materials out of the water, despite saying for years they had been removed.

Tepco plans to filter the polluted water again, leaving only tritium, a radioactive isotope(同位素) of hydrogen hard to separate from water. When ingested(摄入), it can raise cancer risks, a Scientific American article said in 2014.

Environmental groups, including Greenpeace, say the government should build more tanks to hold the water outside the plant instead of choosing the cheaper option of ocean release.

Neighbouring countries have also expressed concern. A foreign ministry spokesman in South Korea, which maintains restrictions on Japanese produce, said it “expresses serious concerns that the decision could bring a direct and indirect impact on the safety of our people and surrounding environment.”

In China, a foreign ministry spokesman in October urged Japan to act with a “high sense of responsibility towards its own people, neighbouring countries and the international community”. He adds that, “The radioactive leak caused by the meltdown of the Fukushima nuclear power plant has had profound impact on marine environment, food safety and human health. The Japanese government should conduct thorough assessment of the possible effect of treatment process for tritium-contaminated waste water from the Fukushima nuclear power plant, disclose relevant information in a voluntary, timely, strict, accurate, open and transparent manner, and make cautious decisions after full consultation with neighboring countries.”

28. What has Tepco done to deal with the radioactive water?
- A. Releasing it into the ocean after a 2011 earthquake .
  - B. Building a frozen wall to process contaminated water.
  - C. Digging wells to prevent groundwater from reaching the reactors
  - D. Removing all dangerous materials out of the water
29. What does the underlined word “it” in paragraph 5 refer to?
- A. isotope                      B. tritium                      C. hydrogen                      D. tsunami
30. What should be the best way to solve the problem according to some environmental groups?
- A. Bringing three reactors under control.
  - B. Prolonging the period of release.
  - C. Building more tanks to hold the water.
  - D. Choosing the cheaper option of ocean release.

31. What are the last two paragraphs mainly about?
- A. The attitude of the neighboring countries towards Japan's plan.
  - B. The impact of Japan's decision on the world environment.
  - C. The responsibility of Japanese government towards its people.
  - D. The international cooperation to treat the tritium-contaminated waste water.

D

QR codes, also known as 2D bar codes, are black and white graphs with a specific geometric figure distributed in the plane according to a certain rule to record the symbolic information of data. They have developed into one of the most popular encoding methods on mobile devices in recent years because they can store more information than the traditional bar code.

According to a report from People's Daily Online, China accounts for more than 90 percent of the world's QR code applications, while foreign countries only 10 percent. However, recently they have been stuck across pub bars and restaurant tables seemingly overnight. QR codes have made a triumphant comeback in post-lockdown Britain as businesses attempt to come up with ways to interact with customers at a distance. But why has this decades-old technology become such a vital part of the UK's recovery?

First invented in Japan by Masahiro Hara to track vehicle parts, QR codes evolved in the 2000s to be used alongside smartphones to scan real-world objects. But the codes were slow to take off.

QR codes are now being used as part of many Test and Trace set-ups in pubs and restaurants. Ben Wood, an analyst at CCS Insight, says: "There is little doubt that QR codes are having a renaissance(复兴) as a result of the Covid-19 pandemic. The desire to abate infection risk is making the technology a much more commonplace occurrence.

While they are only just taking off in the West, QR codes have already started seeing success in payments in Asia. In China, QR codes have been hugely popular for years. Amid the coronavirus crisis, QR codes are being used in China as a way to verify people travelling.

It took social media companies, such as Snapchat, to reintroduce QR codes to millennial and Gen Z to promote their popularity in the West. QR codes have been given a further boost as they become easier to use.

"The difference is that now there is a huge motivation to use them," says Prask Sutton, chief executive of Wi5, which provides payments services including QR payments. "Scan this QR code for more information", was a "nice to have". Now, they are even necessary to order a coffee."

32. Why does QR codes return successfully in Britain?
- A. Because Britain was locked down for a long time.
  - B. Because Britain wants to check people traveling.
  - C. Because Britain desires to do business without contacting consumers.
  - D. Because QR codes are used to track components of vehicles.
33. Which was the initial function of QR Code?
- A. Mobile payment
  - B. Trace ability
  - C. Information acquisition
  - D. Advertising push

34. What does the underline word “abate” in Paragraph 4 mean?  
A. minimize      B. fade      C. increase      D. improve
35. Which word best describes the author’s attitude to the future of QR codes in the west?  
A. Confident      B. Worried      C. Skeptical      D. Conservative

第二节 (共 5 小题;每小题 2.5 分,满分 12.5 分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Young people should have everything to be happy about, but as the generation with the least responsibility we actually experience the most stress. Students juggle part time jobs with university, worry about assignments and stress about the future and how to make the next step. Trying to manage all these things at once can leave you feeling overwhelmed. It might not seem like it when you’re feeling down, but living a more stressfree life is possible.

36

●A varied and healthy diet

Eating fresh ingredients and lots of fruit is really important. 37 When you’re busy and tired, it can be tempting just to grab another pizza or ready meal, but cooking from scratch can be therapeutic as well as being healthier.

●Get a pet

38 If you pat a dog for a couple of minutes, your body releases hormones that make you feel happy and can decrease the amount of stress in your system.

● 39

If you missed a deadline, try to appreciate what you learned from this mistake; now you know how to plan ahead. Things might seem bad, but if you try, there is usually something positive to be learned.

●Laugh

They say that laughter is the best medicine, and it’s really true. Laughing out loud increases oxygen and blood flow which automatically reduces stress. Not taking life too seriously can help everyone live a better and easier life. 40. It’s about time that we students accept that we can achieve just as much in life without all the stress.

- A. Stick to a tight schedule  
B. Try to see the positive side  
C. There are some really easy ways to beat stress effectively  
D. Make time for yourself, log out of Twitter and take breaks  
E. It is said that spending time with animals is good for your health  
F. Juices filled with vitamin C are said to be good for your immune system  
G. A survey by the Nightline Association found that 65% of students feel stressed

第三部分 语言运用(共两节,满分 30 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Hector is a UPS driver. He noticed that while he did his normal 41, the kid, Langston, looked sad because he never got a delivery.

Once Hector understood the cause, he 42 into action. Hector wrote a note to

Langston's parents, 43: "This is Hector. I've seen your son many times and he seems very 44 because he doesn't get any 45. So, I've bought something and put it in a 46. Just want to know his name."

After getting all the 47 needed from Langston's mom, Brooke, Hector 48 up the next day and surprised Langston with the delivery. When opening up the box, Langston found a collection of 49 and a bunch of candy. It doesn't get much better than that for a little boy.

After the 50 was made, Langston's mother, Brooke, sent a follow-up text to thank Hector for his kindness. In his reply, Hector 51 he had two daughters himself. He'd kept a bunch of toys over the years in their packaging. 52, when he met Langston, it was the perfect opportunity to put them to good use. He also mentioned Langston helped him remember how many kids had to 53 the Cov-19 pandemic.

Before the Cov-19 pandemic, you probably didn't think too much about the people who delivered your packages. But in times of 54, delivery drivers like Hector have some of the most 55 jobs!

- |                     |               |                |               |
|---------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|
| 41. A. effort       | B. order      | C. message     | D. route      |
| 42. A. jumped       | B. turned     | C. broke       | D. sank       |
| 43. A. showing      | B. writing    | C. reading     | D. meaning    |
| 44. A. tensed       | B. upset      | C. amused      | D. curious    |
| 45. A. friends      | B. package    | C. goods       | D. greetings  |
| 46. A. parcel.      | B. car        | C. bag         | D. box        |
| 47. A. payment      | B. schedule   | C. information | D. budget     |
| 48. A. took         | B. rang       | C. showed      | D. held       |
| 49. A. toys         | B. books      | C. puzzles     | D. clothes    |
| 50. A. delivery     | B. talking    | C. call        | D. meeting    |
| 51. A. realized     | B. predicted  | C. revealed    | D. recognized |
| 52. A. Otherwise    | B. Besides    | C. therefore   | D. Meanwhile  |
| 53. A. live through | B. live on    | C. live by     | D. live for   |
| 54. A. disaster     | B. pandemic   | C. accident    | D. conflict   |
| 55. A. stressed     | B. disturbing | C. awkward     | D. important  |

第二节 (共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

The International Olympic Committee wants to make the games more popular with young people.

To that end, it is introducing new 56. \_\_\_\_\_ (event), such as skateboarding, surfing and climbing. Why not go 57. \_\_\_\_\_ (far) and let national teams compete at video games? Electronic sports such as "Fortnite" are more popular than most mainstream sports. Only 28% of British boys aged 16-19 watch any traditional live sports; 57% play video games.

Critics of e-sports offer moral objections. They are hard for the youth to resist. Prince Harry has called for "Fortnite" 58. \_\_\_\_\_ (ban) for this reason—they are violent. Surely, 59. \_\_\_\_\_ a time of global disharmony, it is a bad idea to make simulated killing an Olympic sport? The Olympics aim to promote peace.

英语试题 第 8 页(共 10 页)



None of these arguments is very 60. \_\_\_\_\_ (convince). The idea that an activity can be 61. \_\_\_\_\_ (addict) is debatable among doctors. And the concept that warlike sports have no place in the Olympics is hard to consist with history. Javelin-throwing and wrestling 62. \_\_\_\_\_ (introduce) in 708 BC. They are still there. The imaginary harm in “Fortnite” cannot be compared to the real 63. \_\_\_\_\_ caused by boxing.

Put “Fortnite” in the Olympics, and millions 64. \_\_\_\_\_ might otherwise not have bothered will get involved in the Olympics. And if the experiment fails, it doesn't matter. The International Olympic Committee could drop it in 2024, as it has 65. \_\_\_\_\_ (previous) dropped croquet, tug-of-war and solo synchronized (花样) swimming.

#### 第四部分 写作(共两节,满分 40 分)

##### 第一节 (满分 15 分)

假如你是李华,是国际学校学生会主席。暑假即将到来,为了预防新冠病毒的感染,请你以学生会的名义写一份通知,告知同学们一些注意事项。

内容包括:

- 1 通知的目的;
- 2 具体保护措施;
- 3 希望大家坚决执行。

注意:

1. 写作词数应为 80 左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

NOTICE
The Students' Union June 8, 2021

##### 第二节 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

Richard was very spoiled and completely self-centered. His parents gave him everything he wanted, knowing that he would throw a temper tantrum(耍小孩脾气) if they did not, he would scream and kick and lie on the floor drumming his heels. His parents always gave in, and they gave him unlimited allowance to meet his requirements, making him into a little “prince”.

It was a usual day. Richard and his parents went to the beach to spend their holiday. On their way to the seaside, they passed a store where Richard noticed a cool swimsuit, and

he was fond of it, insisting on buying it, regardless of its high price. His parents tried to persuade him not to, but in vain. Finally, they had no choice but to satisfy him.

Later, they were back at the beach-house, recovering from another tantrum Richard had thrown when they told him that it was too dangerous to go diving alone. "Dangerous?" he shouted. "You just don't want me to have fun. Nothing can stop me!" His parents sighed, but they have no more energy to have another argument with him. That was why Richard was alone on the beach, wearing an expensive swimsuit which has taken a massive tantrum to get his parents to buy it.

"What are you doing here, my boy?" a voice asked. Richard was surprised. He did not know that the man was there until he spoke. "I'm going diving." he answered, pointing at his swimsuit, "Haven't you noticed that?" "You shouldn't swim today!" the man advised. "There is a storm coming up. It is dangerous to swim here." "You should mind your own business!" Richard replied and walked into the gentle waves, "Look! The sea is so peaceful now!" "Listen to me, young man. you'll be sorry for your stubbornness!" the man called after him.

注意:

1. 续写词数应为 150 左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

But Richard did not bother to reply. \_\_\_\_\_

"Hold on ! I'm coming." The old man shouted. \_\_\_\_\_

## 关于我们

**自主选拔在线**（原自主招生在线）创办于2014年，历史可追溯至2008年，隶属北京太星网络科技有限公司，是专注于**中国拔尖人才培养**的升学咨询在线服务平台。主营业务涵盖：新高考、学科竞赛、强基计划、综合评价、三位一体、高中生涯规划、志愿填报等。

自主选拔在线旗下拥有网站门户、微信公众平台等全媒体矩阵生态平台。平台活跃用户达百万量级，网站年度流量超1亿量级。用户群体涵盖全国31省市，全国超95%以上的重点中学老师、家长及考生，更有许多重点高校招办老师关注，行业影响力首屈一指。

自主选拔在线平台一直秉承“专业、专注、有态度”的创办公念，不断探索“K12教育+互联网+大数据”的运营模式，尝试基于大数据理论为广大中学和家长提供中学拔尖人才培养咨询服务，为广大高校、中学和教研单位提供“衔接和桥梁纽带”作用。

平台自创办以来，为众多重点大学发现和推荐优秀生源，和全国数百所重点中学达成深度战略合作，累计举办线上线下升学公益讲座千余场，直接或间接帮助数百万考生顺利通过强基计划（自主招生）、综合评价和高考，进入理想大学，在家长、考生、中学和社会各界具有广泛的口碑影响力，2019年荣获央广网“年度口碑影响力在线教育品牌”。

未来，自主选拔在线将立足于全国新高考改革，全面整合高校、中学及教育机构等资源，依托在线教育模式，致力于打造更加全面、专业的**新高考拔尖人才培养**服务平台。



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