

机密★启用前

湖北省部分市州 2023 年 7 月高一年级联合调研考试 英语 试 卷

本试卷共 10 页,67 题。全卷满分 150 分。考试时间 120 分钟。

★祝考试顺利★

注意事项:

1. 答题前,先将自己的姓名、准考证号、考场号、座位号填写在试卷和答题卡上,并将准考证号条形码粘贴在答题卡上的指定位置。
2. 选择题的作答:每小题选出答案后,用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。写在试卷、草稿纸和答题卡上的非答题区域均无效。
3. 非选择题的作答:用黑色签字笔直接答在答题卡上对应的答题区域内。写在试卷、草稿纸和答题卡的非答题区域均无效。
4. 考试结束后,请将本试卷和答题卡一并上交。

第一部分 听力(共两节,满分 30 分)

第一节 (共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例: How much is the shirt?

- A. £19.15. B. £9.18. C. £9.15.

答案是 C。

1. Why does the woman refuse the man's offer?
A. She doesn't like vegetables.
B. She has been to the market.
C. She wants to go to the market herself.
2. What does the woman mean?
A. She likes eating nuts.
B. She likes eating fruits.
C. She likes neither fruits nor nuts.
3. What's the man doing now?
A. Watching TV.
B. Playing computer games.
C. Going on a business trip.
4. What does the woman think of the exam?
A. Not so difficult. B. Very easy. C. Too difficult.
5. What will the speakers do after the baseball game?
A. Eat something. B. See a movie. C. Play a game.

【高一年级联合调研考试·英语 第 1 页(共 10 页)】

第二节 (共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6、7 题。

6. What time does the man want to be called?
A. 9:00. B. 8:30. C. 7:30.
7. How will the man go to the museum?
A. By taxi. B. By bus. C. By car.

听第 7 段材料,回答第 8 至 10 题。

8. What did the man lose?
A. His watch. B. His book. C. His homework.
9. Why is the woman going to the lab?
A. To do an experiment.
B. To meet with her teacher.
C. To hand in her homework.
10. What has not been decided yet?
A. Who is going to study for the test.
B. What the group will do in science class.
C. Where the group is going to meet to study.

听第 8 段材料,回答第 11 至 13 题。

11. What does Mike think of his roommate?
A. Annoying. B. Generous. C. Thoughtful.
12. What does Mike's roommate sometimes do?
A. Cook meals for Mike.
B. Share the grocery bills.
C. Invite Mike to dine out.
13. What does the woman suggest Mike do?
A. Ask his roommate to move out.
B. Talk honestly with his roommate.
C. Borrow money from his roommate.

听第 9 段材料,回答第 14 至 16 题。

14. What are the speakers talking about?
A. A part-time job.
B. A new computer.
C. A gardening business.
15. What does the man usually do on weekends?
A. Make charts.
B. Make some money.
C. Hang out with friends.
16. What is the man most likely to do after the conversation?
A. Finish his homework. B. Take the offer. C. Learn how to garden.

【高一年级联合调研考试·英语 第 2 页(共 10 页)】

听第 10 段材料,回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. How long will the flight take?

- A. Two hours. B. Four hours. C. Six hours.

18. Which place will the tourists go to after breakfast?

- A. Ellis Island. B. Central Park. C. Empire State Building.

19. What will the tourists do in Times Square?

- A. Go jogging. B. Have dinner. C. Have lunch.

20. What is the purpose of the speaker?

- A To attract more people to New York.
B. To introduce famous places in New York.
C. To tell the tourists about the arrangements.

第二部分 阅读(共两节,满分 50 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题;每小题 2.5 分,满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

Many companies allow employees the freedom of working from their own homes. In this article, we explore some companies that let you work from home.

Zoom Video Communications

Zoom Video Communications is a company that provides cloud services for people to use for communication. Zoom's software allows users to conduct video calls, hold conference calls, give presentations and work together online from any location. When you work with Zoom, you can also receive benefits and go through diverse, global workplace culture.

Hopper

Hopper is a mobile application that helps customers book flights and accommodations for travel. They also tell customers about the ideal times to purchase flights in order to get the best price. As Hopper's application promotes easy use and timely customer service, jobs with Hopper often focus on providing the most efficient user experience.

Kaplan

Kaplan is a company that offers education services for colleges, universities and businesses. These can include courses by subject, higher education programs, student support services and training for certifications(认证). Many jobs at Kaplan involve educational services, like teaching or instructing groups of students.

TTEC

TTEC is a financial company that helps customers with actions like care and marketing through digital consultancy. There are two departments at TTEC, TTEC Digital and TTEC Engage, which both focus on helping customers with digital communications in person, online, over the phone and through their mobile application.

Thus, if you might enjoy a job with work-from-home opportunities and if you like completing your work at your own pace and being able to spend more time with family, why not consider the job we mentioned above?

【高一年级联合调研考试·英语 第 3 页(共 10 页)】

21. What do Zoom Video Communications and TTEC have in common?
A. Workplace culture. B. Employees' benefits.
C. Training experience. D. Online communication.
22. Which company offers a chance for customers to save money?
A. TTEC B. Hopper
C. Kaplan D. Zoom Video Communications
23. Who would be the target readers of this passage most probably?
A. Those who refuse to work recently.
B. Those who seek freedom in the family life.
C. Those who graduate from university just now.
D. Those who like to find a balance between work and family.

B

Life finds me on the Isle of Islay, Queen of the Hebrides. I am the warden(管理员) of The Oa Reserve, a 2,100-hectare nature reserve and working farm owned by the Royal Society for the Protection of Birds.

It was always a dream of mine to live in Scotland. The friendly nature of the island communities, the landscape, beautiful coastlines and above all the wildlife. The amazing wildlife. So, here I am; living and working on the west coast of Scotland in a dream job. But, things weren't always this way.

My school life never really amounted to much. I didn't go on to higher education and my early working life was sloppy(马虎的), at best. Much of this was due to my disinterest in the work I was doing. I worked in factories, shops, warehouses and even a castle. I was always unsettled and uninspired. I never knew how to channel my interest and passion for nature into a paying job. Wildlife and nature had been part of my life since my youth. I remember my childhood with great fondness; I would read bird books, paint fact files for each species and get lost in the natural world.

In 2014, the opportunity I so badly needed finally appeared a paid training with Durham Wildlife Trust. I was given all the basic skills and training for habitat control, wildlife surveys and ground management works. In October 2015, I became the reserve warden for the Wildfowl & Wetlands Trust(WWT), where I stayed for just under half a decade. As happy as I was, new opportunities dared me to dream even bigger. The time had come to take my next step, to continue to grow within my career.

So, this is where I am now; living in the middle of a nature reserve, with golden eagles, red deer and hen harriers as neighbors. I feel as if I'm the luckiest man alive.

24. What does the author like best about Scotland?
A. Its wild species. B. Its beautiful shorelines.
C. Its unique scenery. D. Its friendly communities.
25. Why did the author feel unsettled in his early working life?
A. He was not well-paid. B. He changed jobs too often.
C. He felt not as good as others. D. He showed little interest in the jobs.
26. What can be inferred about the author's childhood?
A. He was fascinated by nature. B. He knew a lot about biology.
C. He was forced to leave school early. D. He dreamed of living in Scotland.

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27. What does the author think of his work at The Oa Reserve?

- A. Tiring. B. Satisfying. C. Uninspiring. D. Challenging.

C

People's first memories are all autobiographical(自传式的), or memories of significant experiences in their lives, and these events typically didn't happen before the age of 2 or 3. In fact, most people can't remember things from the first few years of their lives a phenomenon researchers have called infantile amnesia.

However, research suggests that infants(婴儿) can form other kinds of memories. Within the first few days of life, infants can recall their own mother's face and tell it from the face of a stranger. A few months later, infants can show that they remember lots of familiar faces by smiling most at the ones they see most often.

But if so, why do people experience infantile amnesia? Though it still isn't clear whether it's because we can't form autobiographical memories, or whether we just have no way to retrieve(找回) them, scientists have a few guesses.

One is that autobiographical memories require you to have some sense of self. Researchers have tested this ability using a mirror recognition task called the rouge test. It involves marking a baby's nose with a spot of red lipstick.

Researchers then place the infant in front of a mirror. Infants younger than 18 months just smile at the baby in the reflection, not showing any evidence of recognizing themselves or the red mark on their face. Between 18 and 24 months, infants touch their own nose, even looking embarrassed, suggesting that they connect the red dot in the mirror with their own face and start to form some sense of self.

Another possible explanation is that because infants don't have language until later in the second year of life, they can't form descriptions about their own lives that they can later recall. Finally, the hippocampus, which is the region of the brain that's largely responsible for memory, isn't fully developed in the infancy period.

Scientists will continue to investigate how these factors might contribute to infantile amnesia.

28. What can infants do in their first few months?

- A. Recognize familiar faces.
B. Remember a series of events.
C. Identify their own reflections.
D. Memorize their family members.

29. What does the rouge test show about babies between 18 and 24 months?

- A. They like looking in the mirror.
B. They ignore the marks on their faces.
C. They see their reflections as themselves.
D. They enjoy playing with their reflections.

30. What could be a cause of infantile amnesia according to the text?

- A. Infants' lack of social skills.
B. Infants' undeveloped hippocampus.
C. Infants' inability to recall memories.
D. Infants' unusual autobiographical memories.

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31. Which of the following can be the best title for the text?

- A. How do kids form their memories?
- B. When do babies start remembering?
- C. How can we retrieve lost memories?
- D. Why can't we remember being a baby?

D

People love to hate on pigeons(鸽子) for the way they mess up parked cars or rush to food scraps on the sidewalk. But with more than 300 species of wild pigeon found on Earth many of them amazing it's time to truly understand the animal. "Pigeons are biological wonders," says Rosemary Mosco, author of A Pocket Guide to Pigeon Watching. "They can take off almost vertically(垂直地). They see colors we can't, hear sounds we can't, and find their way across hundreds of miles using ways we don't fully understand," she says. "They're the world's most overlooked birds."

Pigeons are unbelievably complex and intelligent animals. They are one of only a small number of species to pass the "mirror test" a test of self-recognition. They can also recognize each letter of the human alphabet, differentiate between photographs, and even distinguish different humans within a photograph. Besides, pigeons are known for their outstanding navigational abilities. They use a range of skills, such as using the sun as a guide and an internal "magnetic compass(指南针)". A study at Oxford University found that they will also use landmarks as signposts and will travel along man-made roads and motorways, even changing direction at crossroads. Pigeons also have excellent hearing abilities. They can detect sounds at far lower frequencies than humans are able to, and can thus hear distant storms and volcanoes.

Despite the social idea as dirty and disease-ridden, pigeons are actually very clean animals and there is very little evidence to suggest that they are spreading disease. Pigeons and humans have lived in close relationship for thousands of years. Although pigeon droppings are seen by some as a problem in modern society, a few centuries ago they were seen as extremely valuable. They were viewed as the best available fertilizer(肥料) and armed guards would even stand by pigeon houses to stop others taking the droppings.

32. What can we know about pigeons from paragraph 1?

- A. They do great harm to people.
- B. They are still unknown to people.
- C. They are the world's most amazing birds.
- D. They have abilities beyond people's imagination.

33. What do the underlined words "navigational abilities" mean in paragraph 2?

- A. The ability to see colors.
- B. The ability to detect sounds.
- C. The ability to guide directions.
- D. The ability to recognize photographs.

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34. What does paragraph 2 mainly tell us?
- A. Pigeons' hearing. B. Pigeons' differences.
C. Pigeons' qualities. D. Pigeons' intelligence.
35. What does the example of armed guards indicate?
- A. Pigeons are dangerous. B. Pigeons are priceless.
C. Pigeon waste is valuable. D. Pigeon waste is poisonous.

第二节 (共 5 小题;每小题 2.5 分,满分 12.5 分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Everyone knows that early to bed and early to rise is good for your health, but the reality is that getting up late is the norm for many of us. 36. For this, we specially recommend a “painless early rise” guideline.

Seek out as much natural light as possible. 37. Jennifer Martin, president of the board of directors for the American Academy of Sleep Medicine, agrees with it firstly. That's because natural light holds back melatonin, a chemical that plays an important role in our bodies. “The sun is the driver of our internal clock,” she says.

38. For some people like those who need to drive long distances, those first few days of being tired from switching to a new schedule aren't safe. In that case, Martin recommends gradually easing into the early-bird life. “What I'll suggest to people is to shift half an hour, wait a few days, shift another half an hour, wait a few days, and then shift another half an hour,” she says.

Hold on even on weekends. Becoming a morning person is a seven-day-a-week job. Decide what time you're going to wake up every day. 39.

Plan something to look forward to. To force you out of bed, Martin suggests treating yourself to something special you can enjoy first. 40. Now is the time to go buy your favorite coffee or pick up some cakes to have when your alarm goes off at 5 am,” she says.

- A. Ease in gradually
B. And stick to it without exception
C. You're not worrying if you think of that
D. Adjust yourself to the schedule in the evenings
E. The secret to becoming a morning person is exposure to natural light
F. It takes a lot of willpower to get out of bed early on a cold winter's day
G. Experts advise to cut back on how much exposure to bright light you're getting

第三部分 语言运用(共两节,满分 30 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Brad was surprised when his 92-year-old grandmother Joy told him she'd never seen a mountain in person. He knew she was 41 fond of nature. “I wanted to be

able to offer an opportunity for my grandmother to see the 42,” Brad said. So he asked Joy if she would be interested in a road trip. Her 43 was, “What time will you 44 up your grandmother?”

In October, they 45, driving through the night. Once they 46 the national park, “she not only saw mountains, but she 47 mountains with me,” said Brad. “Even when the rain was pouring down, she was 48.” Before their 49, Brad was struggling with his mental health, “I was trying to do something to help her, but she ended up 50 me in the process,” he said.

“We were very 51 throughout my childhood,” he recalled, saying he had 52 memories of catching frogs with her. “I think my love of animals came from her.” Brad said. “What would be a typical grandson-grandparent relationship 53 the closest friendship I could ever imagine.”

“I’m always willing to try something 54,” said Joy. With Brad by her side, she said she feels safe. “He just makes my 55 sing. I wish all Grandmas had Grandsons like him.”

- | | | | |
|------------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|
| 41. A. luckily | B. deeply | C. secretly | D. reasonably |
| 42. A. park | B. rain | C. mountain | D. grandson |
| 43. A. problem | B. doubt | C. confusion | D. response |
| 44. A. pick | B. bring | C. wake | D. dress |
| 45. A. took off | B. gave up | C. set off | D. ran away |
| 46. A. found | B. reached | C. chose | D. checked |
| 47. A. climbed | B. cleaned | C. drew | D. burnt |
| 48. A. smiling | B. shouting | C. dancing | D. falling |
| 49. A. chat | B. performance | C. escape | D. trip |
| 50. A. raising | B. annoying | C. saving | D. forgiving |
| 51. A. dull | B. close | C. poor | D. hungry |
| 52. A. painful | B. clear | C. terrible | D. broken |
| 53. A. ran into | B. came cross | C. held back | D. turned into |
| 54. A. different | B. common | C. expensive | D. dangerous |
| 55. A. voice | B. family | C. friend | D. heart |

第二节 (共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Kunming, the capital of Yunnan province, is the economic and 56 (culture) center of southwest China. It is linked by rail with all of China’s major cities. Its rail link with Hanoi(河内) 57 (establish) in 1901.

Kunming’s mild climate makes it 58 good place to visit any time of the year. 59 it can be hot and humid in summer, it has cool, dry winters. The climate here is great for flowers, with more than 400 varieties 60 (plant) here. The camellia(山茶花) is the city’s official flower. The city is also known for its green parks, such as Cuihu (Green Lake) Park with its waterways and winding paths. Younger 61 (tourist) may

【高一年级联合调研考试·英语 第 8 页(共 10 页)】

enjoy a visit to Daguan Park because of its food stalls.

In addition to its own charms, Kunming serves 62 a base from which people can explore the culture of ethnic groups in the area. The best known 63 (be) the Dai, Bai and Naxi. People can also visit the Yunnan Stone Forest, 64 has been known as “the first wonder of the world” since the Ming Dynasty. The stone forest is located 120 km from Kunming, 65 (feature) impressive rock formations.

第四部分 写作(共两节,满分 40 分)

第一节 (满分 15 分)

假设你是红星中学学生李华,你的美国笔友 Jim 对你校即将在今年暑期举办的“中国文化夏令营”特别感兴趣,来信向你咨询此事,请回信向其介绍文化夏令营的相关事宜。信件内容包括:

1. 夏令营的具体时间、地点;
2. 夏令营的活动安排。

注意:

1. 写作词数应为 80 左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Dear Jim,

Yours,
Li Hua

第二节 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

I looked around the crowded waiting room at the hospital and sighed. Would the doctor be able to see my eight-year-old son next? I tried steadying the ice pack(冰袋) over his forehead, but it was no use. I couldn't stop shaking. The wound in his forehead was deep, but at least blood wasn't pouring from it anymore.

His face was full of tears, he seemed really brave for his age. I handed him the ice pack, and he covered his forehead with it. He was doing a much better job than I had. We were at the hospital because another child had thrown a rock at Luke during class break as he was running around the corner. His teacher called me, and when I arrived, I found him in her lap. His teacher was caring for his wound, trying to keep him calm.

【高一年级联合调研考试·英语 第 9 页(共 10 页)】

She felt terrible about what had happened, but I knew none of it was her fault.

Luke received four stitches (缝针) and didn't cry once throughout the whole treatment. For the next two days, his eye was swollen shut and black and blue. I felt like I'd had a mini nervous breakdown. Every time I tried to sleep or tend to housework, horrible thoughts crept into my mind. Fear had taken over, and then the fear turned to anger. I was angry with the child who'd thrown the rock. I just couldn't shake it. What was she thinking? She should've known better.

Luke's headmaster and teacher called me that evening to see how he was feeling and told me Katie, the girl, felt terrible. I wanted to stand up for my son, do the right thing, protect him.

The next day, Luke's teacher stopped by to see how he was feeling and dropped off a get-well card that Katie had made. Luke and I read it several times, and I couldn't help but feel a little choked up. It was a sincere apology.

注意：

1. 续写词数应为 150 左右；
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

I wanted this to be a teachable moment for Luke.

Later, Luke's teacher told us Katie was relieved after reading our letter.

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