

绝密★启用前

张家口市 2023 年高三年级第二次模拟考试 英语试题

班级_____ 姓名_____

注意事项:

1. 答卷前,考生务必将自己的姓名、班级和考号填写在答题卡上。
2. 回答选择题时,选出每小题答案后,用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑,如需改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时,将答案写在答题卡上。写在本试卷上无效。
3. 考试结束后,将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

第一部分 听力(共两节,满分 30 分)

做题时,先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后,你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节(共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例:How much is the shirt?

- A. £19. 15. B. £9. 18. C. £9. 15.

答案是 C。

1. What does the man drink most?
A. Black tea. B. Coffee. C. Green tea.
2. Where does the conversation probably take place?
A. In the office. B. In the library. C. In a music shop.
3. What day is it today?
A. Wednesday. B. Friday. C. Sunday.
4. Why does the woman want to have a Russian name?
A. She'll study in Russia. B. She'll travel to Russia. C. She'll work in Russia.
5. How does the woman feel when she sees *erhu*?
A. Curious. B. Frightened. C. Satisfied.

第二节(共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6、7 题。

6. What gift does the man want to buy?
A. Something local. B. Something practical. C. Something expensive.

高三英语 第 1 页(共 10 页)

7. What does the man get at last?
A. A nice watch. B. Some chocolates. C. A nice shirt.
- 听第7段材料,回答第8至10题。
8. What kind of ticket will the man book?
A. First class. B. Business class. C. Economy class.
9. When will the man's flight take off?
A. At 9:25. B. At 16:45. C. At 18:00.
10. What must the man do two hours before departure?
A. Make a reservation. B. Confirm his reservation. C. Hand in his information.
- 听第8段材料,回答第11至13题。
11. Where might the speakers be?
A. In a forest. B. On a mountain. C. At the city center.
12. What does the woman think of the man?
A. He is strong. B. He is handsome. C. He is a little fat.
13. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?
A. Friends. B. Guide and tourist. C. Coach and player.
- 听第9段材料,回答第14至17题。
14. What is the woman doing?
A. Signing up for a dancing lesson. B. Shopping for dancing shoes. C. Watching a dance performance.
15. Which dance does the woman like most?
A. Ballet. B. Modern dance. C. Tap dance.
16. Who wants to join the dancing class?
A. Shelley. B. Carl. C. Jane.
17. Why does the woman take dance lessons?
A. To improve her dance skill. B. To enjoy the fun of dancing. C. To work as a dance teacher.
- 听第10段材料,回答第18至20题。
18. When did the world's population reach 7 billion?
A. In 2000. B. In 2011. C. In 2022.
19. Which country may have a fast population growth?
A. India. B. Japan. C. Germany.
20. What is the speaker mainly talking about?
A. A link between population and climate. B. A distribution of world population. C. An introduction of world population.

高三英语 第2页(共10页)

第二部分 阅读(共两节,满分50分)

第一节(共15小题;每小题2.5分,满分37.5分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中,选出最佳选项。

A

Volunteer on a Disaster Action Team

Most of the 60,000 emergencies that the Red Cross responds to each year are local, personal disasters like home fires. They may not make the news, but we know they are just as devastating (破坏性) to the families affected. So join us to answer the call when your neighbors need help.

Trained and available, Disaster Action Team volunteers are ready to respond to these emergencies, 24 hours a day, 365 days a year. From offering a shoulder to cry on to meeting any immediate needs for shelter or supplies, to connecting people with long term recovery services, our volunteers ensure that families don't have to face tough times alone.

Many disaster action team volunteers share these life experiences and skills:

- Team-spirited
- Availability and flexibility for at least 4—6 hours per week
- Tender-hearted
- Disaster response experience
- Have a command of two languages
- Can remain calm and patient during stressful situations

Disaster Action Team volunteers help local families cope with emergencies.

Home fires and other disasters can occur any time, any place. As a Disaster Action Team volunteer, you'll provide emotional support, financial assistance, and information to help families begin the process of recovery. After your initial training, your shifts will include responding to emergencies within 2 hours, night or day, rain or shine, either on the scene or acting remotely to provide immediate care. With experience and further training you can take on leadership to have a wider impact.

Note: the volunteer positions available to you will vary depending on your location and the needs of your local community.

21. What is the duty of a Disaster Action Team volunteer?
- A. Train residents on safety awareness.
B. Give permanent support to the victims.
C. Find out safety problems in the community.
D. Help people deal with emergency at any time.
22. What is required of a Disaster Action Team volunteer?
- A. The ability to stay cool.
B. Outdoor survival skills.
C. Oversea learning experience.
D. Serving 4—6 hours monthly.
23. What is the purpose of this text?
- A. To teach people how to keep safe.
B. To call on people to be volunteers.
C. To inform volunteers to take action.
D. To introduce an activity of the Red Cross.

高三英语 第3页(共10页)

B

As an undergraduate, I was fascinated by a visiting professor's lecture. The second I left the talk, I called my sister and told her I had decided to become a paleoclimate(古气候) scientist—to which she replied, "A what?" No one in my family has a graduate degree. And no one heard of this term. Thus I began my journey through the unwritten expectations and assumed knowledge about applying to graduate school.

I sent that professor an email, asking whether he had time to talk to me. He agreed to meet virtually, explained his graduate research, and shared stories of fieldwork, but he made no mention of how students were supported. I didn't think to ask. I assumed pursuing a graduate degree would mean paying tuition and going without income. That was not an option for me. So, I tried to let go of the idea of continuing my education.

Later I learned from my adviser that many programs not only cover tuition, but also offer scholarship. My dream became a possibility again.

Then came the next problem: figuring out how to apply. I fell into a rabbit hole of Internet advice from self-appointed experts, each with a different opinion on email etiquette(礼仪), interview scheduling, and how to express interest in a project. The suggested timelines contradicted(相矛盾) one another. I felt hopeless again, terrified I would break an unspoken rule.

But I gathered all the advice I could and spent hours crafting emails to professors. Ultimately, I was accepted to work on a master's project in a city where I had always wanted to live.

Standing in the lab that day, I realized that—despite my uncertainty—I had made it exactly where I had hoped to be. When I had started down this path, there was so much I didn't know. But I made it by trying walking into the unknown.

24. What can we infer from the reply of the author's sister?
- A. She had problems with hearing.
B. She became annoyed with the author.
C. She was puzzled about the author's decision.
D. She was too excited to hear the author's words.
25. How did the author feel after talking with that visiting professor?
- A. Discouraged. B. Guilty. C. Optimistic. D. Excited.
26. What problem did the author face?
- A. Lack of the professor's support. B. There being no work experience.
C. The confusion of making a decision. D. Demanding requirements of the professor.
27. What does the text mainly intend to tell us?
- A. Well begun, half done. B. Every man has his price.
C. One tree does not make a forest. D. Something attempted, something done.

高三英语 第4页(共10页)

C

A new study found some primates(灵长类) are leaving their tree homes and spending more time on the ground. Led by Timothy Eppley, Ph. D., scientists studied nearly 50 species of monkeys and lemurs(狐猴) to look at the reason behind these changes.

About 15 years ago, Eppley worked with southern bamboo lemurs, which were known to spend most of their days in the trees, feeding on bamboo leaves. However, he was surprised to find these lemurs were spending most time on the ground and had an incredibly diverse diet. He wondered whether habitat reduction and limited food resource availability were driving them move to the ground. This inspired him to begin this study.

He reached out to every researcher he could find who may have significant data on primates from Madagascar or the Americas, the two places with almost all tree-dwelling primates.

Eppley examined more than 150,000 hours of data observed on 32 monkey species and 15 lemur species at 68 sites. He found that they spent an average of only 2.5% of their time on the ground each month. But the findings showed some interesting differences.

“As habitats are degraded and the climate worsens, primates that are flexible enough to adapt because of their diverse diets or live in larger groups may be more likely to shift to life on the ground,” Eppley says. “However, other species that rely on fruit diets or live in small groups are less adaptable and are less willing to leave the tree. For these species, we will still need to enforce fast and effective conservation strategies to ensure their survival.”

Although moving to the ground has some advantages in certain situations, primates can face problems when they leave the trees. They can become victims of other animals and diseases. Besides, they will be faced with finding appropriate food resources on the ground, thus having a broad or flexible diet is important. Primates are important seed spreaders within their forest habitats. The loss of primates would lead to negative effects on the ecosystem.

28. Why did Timothy Eppley begin his study?
- A. To try to make primates more adaptive.
B. To study how monkeys differ from lemurs.
C. To figure out the reason for the loss of bamboo.
D. To find out why primates are turning to the ground.
29. How did Timothy Eppley carry out his research?
- A. By doing experiments.
B. By observing in the wild.
C. By studying collected data.
D. By interviewing the locals.
30. Which kind of primates are more likely to come down from trees?
- A. Those eating diverse diets.
B. Those with a large size.
C. Those feeding mainly on fruits.
D. Those living in small groups.
31. What will become a concern according to the study?
- A. Animals will become less adaptive.
B. The forest ecosystem will become worse.
C. More natural habitats will be lost.
D. More animal-related diseases will appear.

高三英语 第5页(共10页)

D

A study looked at the various modes of e-mobility in Germany to find e-bikes are all charged up and leading the pack.

The most surprising finding was the number of e-bikes: 18% of the respondents stated they used an e-bike, compared to an also impressive 7% who said they use an e-car. E-bikes were considered practical compared to regular bikes because of the reduced physical exertion and extended range. Another benefit of e-bikes over e-cars is that they are fun. This apparently makes them the most "attractive" form of an electric vehicle.

In North America, we often need a car to go around, but in Germany, just over half of the e-bike users managed to do so. However, 68% of these e-car users did, probably "due to the ability to transport larger items".

Perhaps the most interesting numbers are those for the distance travelled. E-bikes are used for trips with a length of 15 kilometers, significantly less than the 25-kilometer trip length for the e-cars but still a big number for a bike trip.

The study stated, "E-bikes are already the most commonly used means of electric transportation in Germany."

This is good news for North America, which has fallen behind European countries in e-bike uptake. The U. S. Office of Energy Efficiency said, "Data collected on one-way household trips show that 59.4% of vehicle trips were less than six miles. In fact, three-fourths of all trips are ten miles or less."

Others tell us that the infrastructure(设施) is terrible, but cities in Texas are investing in bike infrastructure. For the e-bike revolution to take off, we need good affordable bikes, safe places to ride, and secure places to park. It's also apparent that we need better regulation of e-bikes to ensure they all meet related standard to avoid battery fires like those happening in New York.

But in Germany, the overall success of e-bikes can be expected to continue both in terms of popularity of e-bikes and in terms of total sales.

32. What does the underlined word "exertion" in Paragraph 2 probably mean?

- A. Weight. B. Effort. C. Contact. D. Barrier.

33. What can we infer about North America from Paragraph 6?

- A. It is poorer than Europe. B. Its residents prefer long trips.
C. Its road conditions are terrible. D. It has the conditions to promote e-bikes.

34. What is the author's attitude toward the use of e-bikes?

- A. Favorable. B. Doubtful. C. Uninterested. D. Objective.

35. Which can be the best title for the text?

- A. E-Bikes Still Need Improving B. E-Bikes Are Widely Used for Trips
C. E-Bikes Are Popular in Germany D. E-Bikes Are Coming to North America

高三英语 第6页(共10页)

第二节(共5小题;每小题2.5分,满分12.5分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Want to lower your blood pressure, lose weight and reduce the risk of diseases? Go take a walk.

Walking, as a simple activity most of us do without much thought, offers a host of vital health benefits. 36 It also contributes to improved bone strength, energy and mental health, among other things. Despite these advantages, our busy lives can be roadblocks. But there are simple ways to help you put one foot in front of the other.

Make it a habit. 37 For busy folks who might forget to walk, you'd better put it in your calendar. Literally give yourself an appointment—schedule it as “me time”. Over time, you will make walking one of your habits.

38 To avoid predictability or boredom, get others to join you. Whether it's a co-worker, a family member or a friend, having someone else by your side can be a big encouragement.

Make it work. Office types needn't be confined(限制) to your desks. If circumstances allow, consider a walking meeting. Group discussions can take place during a walk. Or, when you can, walk around the building during phone calls. 39

Make use of technology. There's no shortage of high-tech fitness tools and apps designed to follow your every move. And it's certainly fine to keep score. 40 Instead, use those that count the amount of time you're walking ideally 10 minutes or more in a given stretch.

With these tips to help you, you are sure to benefit a lot from walking.

- A. Make it a group outing.
- B. Make it a family activity.
- C. Repetition is the mother of routine.
- D. Seeing these scores can get you inspired.
- E. And instead of sending email, walk over to talk to them.
- F. But don't choose trackers that simply monitor your step numbers.
- G. For example, walking just 30 minutes a day can lower your risk of cancer.

高三英语 第7页(共10页)

第三部分 语言运用(共两节,满分 30 分)

第一节(共 15 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Matthew began working on the brakes of his truck immediately he got home late on a Monday. For safety, he couldn't 41 repairing his truck any longer. His teenage son, Dalin, came to help. Matthew couldn't get a good 42, so he slid his body under the truck to hit it. But when the rotor(刹车片) bounced off, the truck moved forward and 43 right on top of him.

Matthew couldn't breathe, move or yell. This was definitely a 44 situation. Seeing this, Dalin was scared. 45, he sprung into action despite his fear and was 46 enough to lift the truck a little. Dalin 47 as hard as he could to get the truck up just enough for his father to roll out.

The 48 left Matthew with a separated shoulder. Matthew was taken to the hospital for his 49. Everything happened so fast, Matthew couldn't remember how he 50. "Later, we looked at our security cameras and realized Dalin 51 the truck enough for me to roll out. My son is my 52. He saved my life," Matthew recalled.

Not only the father but also everyone was 53 for Dalin's bravery and quick thinking. It was a situation that could have easily 54 differently were it not for his quick 55.

- | | | | |
|---------------------|---------------|--------------|------------------|
| 41. A. give up | B. carry on | C. set about | D. put off |
| 42. A. consequence | B. idea | C. angle | D. start |
| 43. A. switched | B. fell | C. covered | D. spread |
| 44. A. shameful | B. scary | C. familiar | D. discouraging |
| 45. A. Thankfully | B. Eventually | C. Obviously | D. Unfortunately |
| 46. A. enthusiastic | B. patient | C. strong | D. willing |
| 47. A. kicked | B. struck | C. thought | D. tried |
| 48. A. accident | B. explosion | C. fight | D. exposure |
| 49. A. madness | B. collapse | C. injury | D. breakdown |
| 50. A. felt | B. escaped | C. separated | D. emerged |
| 51. A. lifted | B. pushed | C. protected | D. detected |
| 52. A. instructor | B. superior | C. guide | D. hero |
| 53. A. responsible | B. qualified | C. grateful | D. eager |
| 54. A. ended | B. changed | C. reacted | D. behaved |
| 55. A. service | B. response | C. recovery | D. change |

高三英语 第 8 页(共 10 页)

第二节(共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

In order to spread the traditional Daur culture to more people, Yire, who considers 56 (she) as a cultural promoter, opened public accounts on Chinese social media platforms 57 posted articles and videos about this unique minority group.

So far her recent videos about the ice fishing in Hulun Buir's first ice and snow sports tourism season 58 (attract)the attention of thousands of viewers.

On the day of the event, the Daur people held a traditional thousand-year-old fishing competition and cooked the fish just out of the water 59 the spot. They sang and danced around a burning fire. Everyone seemed to be 60 (full)emerged into the festivity(节日气氛).

According to Yire, the ice fishing originated from the Qidan people. The place 61 the Daur people lived was surrounded by rivers and mountains, 62 (contribute)to a rich fish resources. Thanks to the fruitful natural environment and resources, the Daur people were able to keep this tradition until today.

Yire's efforts to promote her minority group's culture got people's 63 (recognize)and many comments viewers left under her videos made her greatly 64 (motivate)and even a little moved. She said, " I would like 65 (be) the cultural promoter for my people and will continue doing this as long as I can."

第四部分 写作(共两节,满分 40 分)

第一节(满分 15 分)

假定你是李华,你计划在高考后带着祖父母去国外旅游,请给你的笔友 Aiden 写封邮件,询问他对此的看法和建议。内容包括:

1. 你的计划;
2. 解释理由;
3. 征询建议。

注意:1. 词数 80 左右;

2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Dear Aiden,

Yours,
Li Hua

第二节(满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

One day my mother and I were out having a girls' day, and we decided to go to a seafood restaurant. We got there just as the lunch rush started, so there was a line to get in. I looked over to the side and spied a very thin lady with no coat and a chemo shunt (化疗分流器) in her arm. She was holding a sign that read: "Homeless and hungry. Please help."

I looked around at everyone, and no one looked like they cared in the least. I knew that if I didn't do something, I will be regretful forever. I went over to her and asked if she would like to come out of the cold and get something to eat. She looked for a second like she was unsure I was talking to her. She put her head down and said in the lowest voice, "Yes."

I helped her to her feet and walked her up to my mother, who was in line. We stood there together until we were seated. When the waitress came, she asked what we wanted to eat but completely ignored this woman and acted like she didn't exist.

Then the owner came over and asked if we wanted this woman to sit at our table. I assured her we did. She then asked what her name was, to which I replied that we hadn't gotten to ask that yet.

Then she said something that put me over the top. She said, "Well, you did right by getting her food instead of giving her money."

This was the last straw for my mother and me. I talked loud enough for everyone to hear when I told her, "This woman is sitting right here. She is not invisible, and she is not deaf. She is just as good as anyone in here, and I will not allow her to be treated any differently than any other customer in here."

注意:1. 续写词数应为 150 左右;

2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

I called the waitress back over and told her to take the woman's order.

We promised to give her a ride to the shelter when we had the meal.

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