



## 2020—2021 学年度上学期高三年级七调考试 英语试卷

本试卷满分 150 分,考试用时 120 分钟。

### 注意事项:

1. 答题前,先将自己的姓名、考号等填写在试题卷和答题卡上,并将准考证号条形码粘贴在答题卡上的指定位置。
2. 选择题的作答:选出每小题答案后,用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑,写在试题卷、草稿纸和答题卡上的非答题区域均无效。
3. 非选择题的作答:用签字笔直接写在答题卡上对应的答题区域内。写在试题卷、草稿纸和答题卡上的非答题区域均无效。
4. 考试结束一定时间后,通过扫描二维码查看讲解试题的视频。

### 第一部分 听力(共两节,满分 30 分)

#### 第一节 (共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

What happened to the woman?  
A. She lost her way. B. She hurt her head. C. She was attacked.

What are the speakers talking about?

A. Which route to take.

B. Traffic jam.

C. Transportation expenses.

What is the man going to do most probably?

A. Go to work. B. Go on holiday.

C. Go shopping.

What will the boy do first?

A. Watch a film. B. Play football.

C. Do his homework.

Why does the man move to a new city?

A. To take up more challenges.

B. To manage his own company.

C. To apply to a college there.

#### 第二节 (共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各题给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

第一段材料,回答第 6、7 题。

What is the relationship between the speakers?

A. Job adviser and student.

B. Interviewer and guest.

C. Mother and son.

第二段材料,回答第 8、9 题。

What does the man want to do?  
A. Open a restaurant. B. Run a clothing shop. C. Teach skateboarding.

第三段材料,回答第 8、9 题。

What was the boy just doing?

A. Playing computer games.

B. Reading a book.

C. Preparing for a trip.



9. When will the boy get up tomorrow morning?  
A. At 10:30.                      B. At 8:30.                      C. At 6:15.
- 听第8段材料,回答第10至12题。
10. Why hasn't the woman finished the book?  
A. She doesn't like the book.  
B. She is busy with her homework.  
C. She can't focus at night.
11. What day is it today?  
A. Tuesday.                      B. Wednesday.                      C. Thursday.
12. What does the man offer to do for the woman?  
A. Ask his sister for help.  
B. Teach her how to read.  
C. Help her finish the work.
- 听第9段材料,回答第13至16题。
13. On what point do the speakers agree?  
A. The meeting is successful.  
B. They have had a long day.  
C. Food is an interesting subject.
14. Where will the man go for dinner today?  
A. An Italian restaurant.  
B. A French restaurant.  
C. A Swiss restaurant.
15. How long will the man stay here?  
A. One day.                      B. One week.                      C. One month.
16. On which street are there some Asian restaurants?  
A. Lake Street.                      B. Main Street.                      C. Dublin Street.
- 听第10段材料,回答第17至20题。
17. Who are the target audience for the speech?  
A. American tourists.  
B. Bank clerks.  
C. Overseas students.
18. What does the speaker think of the health insurance?  
A. It's expensive.                      B. It's very useful.                      C. It's a waste of money.
19. What is the standard form of medical care in America?  
A. Private doctors.                      B. Private clinics.                      C. Public clinics.
20. What are the audience advised to do?  
A. Travel with their family.  
B. Take their personal health records.  
C. Have a yearly medical examination.

第二部分 阅读理解(共两节,满分40分)

第一节 (共15小题;每小题2分,满分30分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中,选出最佳选项。

A

Laguna Beach Festival of Arts

Festival Store

Plenty of people attend Laguna Beach Festival of Arts just to admire the works of art. However, for serious art buyers, attending early in the season means a lot, since excellent pieces often sell early. Weekdays are less busy but there are fewer artists present. They often meet crowds in the evening that show up for the Pageant (盛会) of the Masters. Some artists may negotiate prices at the end of the season. If you just want souvenirs of your visit, a variety of products are available in the Festival Store.

Fun Activities

Part of the fun of the festival comes from the activities that go on during the event. Tours and art





workshops are available every day. Weekends are full of live music and special events. To get best value for the money you spend during the week, Thursday is the day to go for art talks by participating artists and evening jazz.

**Food & Drinks**

Food and drinks are sold at the snack bar. Tivoli Terrace cafe and restaurants are on site for more formal dining. Picnics are welcome during art talks or music shows, and there are tables set up in the courtyard for you to enjoy your home-made or take-away food. But alcohol is forbidden here. On Thursdays, central tables are reserved for ticket holders.

**Cost of the Tickets**

Entrance admission: \$60 per person (the Pageant of the Masters and live music shows included)

Joint pass: \$120 per person (free of charge for all the performances)

Notes: Since there are many visitors on the weekends, the ticket office may be crowded. For faster service, call free number 24 hours a day.

For more information visit [www.lagunabeachfestivalofarts.com](http://www.lagunabeachfestivalofarts.com).

21. What should one intending to buy some good pieces of art in the festival do? **C**
- A. Go there on weekdays.
  - B. Turn to artists for advice.
  - C. Go there as soon as it starts.
  - D. Show up for the Pageant of the Masters.
22. What can all visitors do in the courtyard? **A**
- A. Drink alcohol.
  - B. Have a formal dinner.
  - C. Appreciate music while eating.
  - D. Eat at central tables as they like.
23. How much should a couple pay at least if they want to see live music shows? **B**
- A. \$60
  - B. \$120
  - C. \$180
  - D. \$240

I'd been asked to go to an editor's office with the old program "We have a story we think you'd be perfect for". Here was the topic: We want you to write about how middle-aged men have no friends. Seeing that, I couldn't help thinking, "Excuse me? I have plenty of friends." Then the editor told me there were all sorts of evidence out there to show how men, as they age, let their close friendships go, and that the fact can cause all sorts of problems and have a terrible impact on their health.

As I walked back to my desk in the newsroom — a distance of maybe 100 yards — I quickly took stock of my friend list. First of all, there was my friend Mark. Wait, how often do we actually hang out? Maybe four or five times a year? And then there was another best friend from high school, Rory, and ... I actually could not remember the last time I'd seen him.

There were all those other good friends who seemed as if they're still in my life because we follow one another via social media, but as I ran down the list of those I considered real, true, lifelong friends, I realized that it had been years since I saw many of them, even decades for a few.

By the time I got back to my desk, I realized that I was indeed perfect for this story, not because I was unusual in any way, but because my story was very, very typical. And as I looked into what that means, I realized that in the long term, I was heading down a path that was very, very dangerous. And I knew I needed a change.

24. What did the author think of the topic at first? **B**
- A. He showed an interest in it.
  - B. He felt surprised and doubtful.
  - C. He knew the editor was joking.
  - D. He thought it was perfect for him.
25. What did the author realize as walking back to the newsroom? **D A**
- A. He had lost some best friends.
  - B. He wasn't popular with others.
  - C. He had close friends in his life.
  - D. He hadn't made any true friends.



26. How did the author keep his friendship?  
A. By letters.  
B. Through the Internet.  
C. By phoning each other.  
D. By getting together regularly.
27. What do we know from the last paragraph?  
A. The author was a good writer.  
B. The author liked making new friends.  
C. Others had more friends than the author.  
D. The author would attach importance to friendship.

As part of a health initiative, Berkeley is getting ready to become the first city in the US to require large grocery stores to stop allowing the sales of junk food and candy in checkout aisles (过道). The new rule is expected to go into effect in March 2021.

The "Healthy Checkout Ordinance (法规)" was approved by Berkeley's City Council. It requires stores over 2,500 square-feet in size to sell at least 25 square-feet of healthy items within a three-foot radius (半径) of checkout registers. So now instead of candy and soda and other high-calorie items, shoppers can expect to see fresh fruit and whole grain alternatives at checkout counters.

"Placement of unhealthy snacks near a register increases the likelihood that customers will purchase these foods and drinks when willpower is weak at the end of a long shopping trip," City Council member Kate Harrison said. The new rule will affect at least 25 retailers (零售商) in Berkeley. These include Whole Foods, CVS, Walgreens and Safeway.

"It's not a ban; it's a nudge (推动)," Harrison said. "Stores can still sell candy and soda, just not at your child's eye level in the checkout." The council said the shift to selling more healthy products at checkouts will still be profitable for stores because data shows customers are looking for more low-sugar and low-sodium products anyway. They also said retailers in test cases around the country and in California have seen dramatic increases in sales of healthy foods since they changed their checkouts to include more fresh options in displays.

The ordinance will make grocery stores a "more neutral and health-friendly space for consumers," said Ashley Hickson, senior policy associate at the Center for Science in the Public Interest (CSPI). Junk food makers spend a lot to make sure their products are front and center in stores, Hickson said, but some consumers don't like the practice. In a CSPI survey, 76% of shoppers who bought unhealthy food or drink at checkout regretted the purchase, she added.

28. What can we infer from Harrison's words in Paragraph 3?  
A. Customers tend to ignore the price when tired.  
B. Items placed near checkouts are most profitable.  
C. Customers will easily spend a fortune when tired.  
D. Items placed near checkouts are inviting to customers.
29. Why will the rule bring stores no loss in profit according to the council?  
A. Alternatives will make up for sales.  
B. Retailers will get financial support.  
C. Healthy food will attract more customers.  
D. Retail prices of other goods will be raised.
30. What do the underlined words "the practice" in the last paragraph refer to?  
A. Spending a lot to promote sales.  
B. Advertising some unhealthy drinks.  
C. Placing junk food at checkout aisles.  
D. Replacing junk food with healthy ones.
31. What's the best title of the text?  
A. The Negative Influences of Junk Food  
B. How to Maximize the Profits of Stores  
C. Berkeley Will Ban Most Junk Food at Checkouts  
D. Berkeley Pays More Attention to People's Health

Last year, the bushfires in Australia burned more than 12.35 million acres of land. At least 25 people were killed and 2,000 homes destroyed. According to the BBC, that was the most casualties (伤亡) from wildfires in the country since 2009. The University of Sydney estimates that 480 million





animals have died in South Wales alone.

Zeke Hausfather, a climate researcher at Berkeley Earth, said warmer temperatures and extreme weather made Australia more susceptible to fires and increased the length of the fire season. "The drier conditions combined with record high temperatures in 2019 created main conditions for the disastrous fires. Australia's fires were worsened by the combination of those two. 2019 was the perfect storm for being the warmest year on record for Australia and the driest year on record for Australia," Hausfather added on Friday.

Kevin Trenberth, a senior scientist at the US National Center for Atmospheric Research, said warmer ocean temperatures also contributed to more variable weather around the world. Trenberth believes that global warming contributed to energy imbalances and hot spots in the oceans, which can create a wave in the atmosphere that locks weather patterns in places, causing longer rain events in Indonesia, for example, and at the same time contributing to drought in Australia. He said that once an area experiences drought conditions for two months or more, it increases the risk of fires catching and spreading. Those changing weather patterns due to global warming make drought events longer.

Climate experts stress that climate change is not the only factor in the severity (严重) of wildfires. How land is managed can also impact the amount of fuel available for fires. Practices like controlled burns and other factors can impact the risk to people and property, such as warning systems and the type of development in a given area. Changing those policies has great potential to limit future damage from wildfires.

32. What is Paragraph 1 mainly about?

- A. The causes of Australian fires.
- B. The results of Australian fires.
- C. The damaged areas of Australian fires.
- D. The property destruction of Australian fires.

33. Which of the following best explains "susceptible to" underlined in Paragraph 2?

- A. Quick to adapt to.
- B. Serious to focus on.
- C. Likely to be influenced by.
- D. Easy to be protected against.

34. What can we infer from Trenberth's research?

- A. Longer dry weather contributes to global warming.
- B. Global warming is also a main cause of the bushfires.
- C. Warmer ocean temperatures lead to the fires directly.
- D. The imbalanced energy leads to the temperature rising.

35. What does the author intend to do in the last paragraph?

- A. To stress the effects of Australia fires.
- B. To show the methods of land management.
- C. To predict the seriousness of Australia fires.
- D. To provide some advice about reducing fire damage.

第二节 (共5小题;每小题2分,满分10分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

High on the Qinghai-Tibet Plateau lies China's "Water tower" Sanjiangyuan. 30 B The three rivers: the Yellow River, the Yangtze River and Lancang River, provide water for about half the population of China. However, human activities such as overgrazing (过度放牧) are putting this ecosystem at risk.

37 A In 2016, the Chinese government established Sanjiangyuan National Park, which was a pilot (试点) program for China's national park system. 38 E Due to the progress made in the region, Qinghai held the first National Park Forum on August 19.

Sanjiangyuan National Park is a model of eco-protection. 39 F F For example, herdsmen (牧民) have given their grasslands to nature and resettled in urban area. As for wildlife, they are monitored by field conservation stations to keep the environment in good condition.

The idea of a national park system is still new in China, but it must be realized. As President Xi



wrote in the congratulatory letter to the forum, "Building an ecological civilization bears great significance in the development and progress of human civilization." With great efforts, people are one day be able to enjoy themselves in the vast lands of Sanjiangyuan and run freely across the plain alongside nature's animals. 40  D.

~~H~~ However, we have realized the damage.

~~A~~ It's home to the headwater of China's three big rivers.

C. Unfortunately, the situation has got worse and worse.

D. It attracts visitors with its fantastic nature beauty and various wildlife.

~~V~~ The park has increased the area's green coverage and attracted more wildlife.

~~N~~ Hopefully, the success of Sanjiangyuan will mark the start of a greener future.

~~S~~ The local government has different ways of slowing environmental damage.

第三部分 语言知识运用(共两节,满分45分)

第一节 (共20小题;每小题1.5分,满分30分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

I love the movie *Charlie and the Chocolate Factory*, and I've watched it many times. And each time I do, one part of it always makes me 41 and feel good about life itself. 42 it has even been an 43 for me to travel the world.

Do you remember when Charlie is telling Grandpa George that he's 44 a golden ticket to visit the Wonka chocolate factory? He is so 45 but then pauses for a moment to 46 that their family is very poor. He's a good boy and wants to do the 47 thing. But when he suggests selling the ticket to earn some money, Grandpa George 48 it! He tells the boy:

"There's plenty of 49 out there. But this ticket — there are only five of them in the whole world. Only a fool would give this 50 for something as common as money. Are you a fool?" Charlie 51, "No, sir." Grandpa smiles and 52 him.

What great 53 those are. With his years of 54, Grandpa is telling Charlie he's holding a golden 55. This is for him to do something extraordinary. Only a fool would give it up for money, which won't 56 this experience.

And so it is with travel. I quickly 57 the truth in the saying "travel is the only thing you buy that makes you 58". Because wealth is not only defined (定义) by our bank 59. It also means many other aspects of our life such as unique experiences, understanding other cultures, or the 60 of making new friends.

- |                         |                        |                              |                           |
|-------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 41. A. smile            | <del>B. upset</del>    | C. envy                      | D. yawn                   |
| 42. A. Luckily          | B. Naturally           | C. Finally                   | D. Actually               |
| 43. A. arrangement      | B. activity            | C. inspiration               | D. imagination            |
| 44. A. collected        | B. won                 | C. bought                    | D. sold                   |
| 45. A. excited          | <del>B. confused</del> | <del>C. disappointed</del>   | D. amazed                 |
| 46. A. know             | B. remind              | C. agree                     | D. remember               |
| 47. A. right            | <del>B. unusual</del>  | C. useful                    | D. special                |
| 48. A. is interested in | B. is tired of         | <del>C. disapproves of</del> | D. attaches importance to |
| 49. A. knowledge        | B. money               | C. possibilities             | D. dreams                 |
| 50. A. off              | B. away                | C. out                       | D. up                     |
| 51. A. replies          | B. declares            | C. comments                  | D. explains               |
| 52. A. puzzles          | <del>B. forgives</del> | C. praises                   | <del>D. punishes</del>    |
| 53. A. lessons          | B. words               | C. speeches                  | D. messages               |
| 54. A. devotion         | B. wisdom              | C. guidance                  | D. encouragement          |
| 55. A. place            | B. rule                | C. theory                    | D. chance                 |
| 56. A. accumulate       | B. have                | C. equal                     | D. change                 |
| 57. A. hid              | B. exposed             | C. recognized                | D. faced                  |
| 58. A. richer           | B. smarter             | C. busier                    | D. happier                |
| 59. A. credit           | B. statement           | C. account                   | D. balance                |
| 60. A. embarrassment    | B. joy                 | C. fear                      | D. worry                  |





第二节 (共10小题;每小题1.5分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Diego Maradona, the Argentine soccer great who scored the "Hand of God" goal in 1986 and 61 (lead) his country to that year's World Cup title, has died. He was 60. Maradona's spokesman, Sebastián Sanchi, said he died Wednesday of a heart attack, two weeks after being released from a hospital in Buenos Aires 62 (follow) brain surgery.

The office of Argentina's president said it will decree (颁布法令) three days of national mourning, and the Argentine soccer association expressed 63 (it) sorrow on Twitter.

Maradona captivated 64 (fan) around the world over a two-decade career with a fascinating style of play. Although his reputation 65 (influence) by an ill-fated spell in charge of the national team, he remained idolized (偶像) in Argentina 66 "Golden Boy".

"You took us to the top of the world," Argentine President Alfredo Fernández said on social media. "You made us 67 (incredibly) happy. You were the greatest of all."

The No. 10 he wore on his shirt became synonymous with (同义) him, as it also had with Pele, the Brazilian great with 68 Maradona was regularly paired as the best of all time.

"What sad news," Pele said Wednesday. "I lost 69 great friend and the world lost a legend. May God give 70 (strong) to family members. One day, I hope we can play ball together in the sky."

第四部分 写作 (共两节,满分35分)

第一节 短文改错 (共10小题;每小题1分,满分10分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文,请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有10处语言错误,每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。增加:在缺词处加一个漏字符号(Λ),并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除:把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉。

修改:在错的词下画一横线,并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意:1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词;

2. 只允许修改10处,多者(从第11处起)不计分。

Today I was glad to participate in an activity, which theme is Chinese weaving art, making me to have a taste of traditional Chinese culture deeply. <sup>was</sup>

This activity held in my school library where I appreciated numerous art works, ranging from chairs to decoration. In addition, I was lucky enough to get a opportunity to learn what to weave Chinese knotting on the spot. During that time I was very enjoyable that I fell in love with the magical work immediate.



As far as I am concerned, not only do such activity make me further feel the beauty of the weaving art, but also it is beneficial to arise people's aware of carrying forward traditional Chinese culture.

第二节 书面表达(满分25分)

假定你是李华,你校学生会暑期将组织“丝绸之路”沿线国家考察活动,留学生也可参加。请你用英语给对此次活动感兴趣的留学生 Jenkins 写封电子邮件,告之相关内容:

1. 活动安排(参观、交流等);
2. 报名条件(年龄、身体状况等);
3. 报名方式。

注意:

1. 词数 100 左右;
2. 可以适当增加细节,以使行文连贯。



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## 参考答案及解析

### 月考卷

#### 第一部分 听力

1~5 CABCA

6~10 CBACB

11~15 AABCB

16~20 ACBAB

#### 第二部分 阅读理解

##### 第一节

##### A

【语篇导读】本文是一篇应用文。文章向我们介绍了拉古纳海滩艺术节的一些情况。

21. C 【解析】细节理解题。根据第一段 However, for serious art buyers, attending early in the season means a lot, since excellent pieces often sell early 可知,如果一个人打算在艺术节上买些好的艺术品的话,要一开始就到场。故选 C。

22. C 【解析】推理判断题。根据第一段 Picnics are welcome during art talks or music shows, and there are tables set up in the courtyard for you to enjoy your home-made or take-away food 可知,在院子里,你可以边吃边听音乐。故选 C。

23. B 【解析】细节理解题。根据 Cost of the Tickets 部分中 Entrance admission: \$60 per person (the Pageant of the Masters and live music shows included) 可知,每人 60 美元。一对夫妻两个人,通过计算也就是 120 美元。故选 B。

##### B

【语篇导读】本文是一篇记叙文。文章主要讲述了作者被要求写关于中年男人如何没有朋友的话题,一开始作者觉得惊讶,后来觉得自己确实是这样。

24. B 【解析】推理判断题。根据第一段 Seeing that, I couldn't help thinking, "Excuse me? I have plenty of friends." 可知,作者第一次看到话题时感到惊讶,怀疑。故选 B。

25. A 【解析】推理判断题。根据第二段作者很艰难

地回忆起他的两个朋友,第三段作者意识到他已经有很多年没有见到那些真正的朋友了以及最后一段可知,作者走向新闻编辑部后意识到自己失去了一些最好的朋友们。故选 A。

26. B 【解析】细节理解题。根据倒数第二段 There were all those other good friends who seemed as if they're still in my life because we follow one another via social media, ... 可知作者都是通过社交媒体即互联网和朋友们相互联系。故选 B。

27. D 【解析】推理判断题。根据最后一段 I realized that in the long term, I was heading down a path that was very, very dangerous. And I knew I needed a change. 可知,作者觉得需要对自己的近况做出改变,不然会越来越危险,朋友还是很重要的,但作者不会重视友情。故选 D。

##### C

【语篇导读】本文是一篇新闻报道。无论超市大小,收银台总摆有琳琅满目的口香糖等小零食。然而这一司空见惯的现象在美国伯克利市予以撤令。这场官方撤除旨在减少垃圾食品摄入量,提升该市居民的健康水平。

28. D 【解析】推理判断题。根据第三段 Placement of unhealthy snacks near a register increases the likelihood that customers will purchase these foods and drinks 可以推测出答案。

29. A 【解析】细节理解题。根据第四段 The council said the shift to selling more healthy products at checkouts will still be profitable for stores 可知答案。

30. C 【解析】词义指代题。根据第一段 stop allowing the sales of junk food and candy in checkout aisles 和最后一段 to make sure their products are front and center in stores 的提示可知答案。



31. C 【解析】主旨大意题。文章主要讲:伯克利将成为美国第一个禁止垃圾食品和糖果进入杂货店收银台的城市,故选 C。

D

【语篇导读】本文是一篇说明文。文章介绍了澳大利亚森林大火产生的条件和蔓延的原因。

32. B 【解析】推理判断题。根据第一段 burned more than 12.35 million acres of land. At least 25 people were killed and 2,000 homes destroyed 等信息可知,本段是关于森林大火产生的严重后果。故选 B。

33. C 【解析】词义猜测题。气温升高和极端天气更容易发生火灾。故选 C。

34. B 【解析】推理判断题。根据第三段的 He said that once an area experiences drought conditions for two months or more, ... due to global warming make drought events longer 可推断,全球气候变暖是森林火灾的根本原因。故选 B。

35. D 【解析】推理判断题。根据最后一段可知,气候专家强调,气候变化不是野火严重的唯一因素。土地的管理方式也会影响火灾可用燃料的数量。诸如控制性燃烧和其他因素等可能会影响对人和财产的风险,火灾管理资源分配方式改变的同时,改变这些政策有很大的潜力限制未来野火造成的损害。可推断在最后一段作者想要介绍一些关于减少火灾损失的建议。故选 D。

第二节

36~40 BAEGF

第三部分 语言知识运用

第一节

【语篇导读】本文是一篇夹叙夹议文。作者通过观看电影《查理和巧克力工厂》告诉我们一个道理:机会比金钱更重要。

41. A 【解析】电影中的一个场景经常使我微笑,感觉生活的美好。根据后半句 feel good about life 的提示可知答案。

42. D 【解析】实际上,它甚至激励了我周游世界。前后有转折意味,所以选 actually。

43. C 【解析】解析同上。看了电影才喜欢上旅游,所以是 inspiration。

44. B 【解析】你还记得查理告诉乔治爷爷他赢得了参观旺卡巧克力工厂的金票吗?根据后文可知家里穷,所以这个票是赢得的。

45. A 【解析】他很激动,但又停了一下,记起(这个事实):他们家很穷。能参观梦寐以求的工厂,所以很激动。

46. D 【解析】他很激动,但又停了一下,记起(这个事实):他们家很穷。

47. A 【解析】他是个好孩子,想做正确的事情。前后是承接关系,好孩子当然做正确的事情。

48. C 【解析】但是当他建议也许他们可以卖掉门票来赚些钱的时候,乔治爷爷不允许这样做!下文,爷爷所说的话做了提示。

49. B 【解析】世界上有很多钱。根据下文 as common as money 的提示可知答案。

50. D 【解析】只有傻瓜才会为了钱这样普通的东西而放弃这张票(参观巧克力工厂的机会)。根据下文 Only a fool would give it up for money 的提示可知答案。

51. A 【解析】查理回答说,“不会的。”前面是问句,所以此空是回答。

52. C 【解析】爷爷笑了并且表扬了他。爷爷觉得查理明白了事理,所以表扬了他。

53. B 【解析】那是多么伟大的话语。those 指的是爷爷所说的话。

54. B 【解析】凭借多年的智慧,爷爷告诉查理说他抓住了一个千载难逢的机会。

55. D 【解析】解析同上。

56. C 【解析】只有傻瓜才会为了钱而放弃,钱无论如何比不上这次经历。equal 比得上。

57. C 【解析】我很快就认识到“旅游是唯一能让你更富有的东西”这句话的真实性。

58. A 【解析】解析同上。根据第一段 for me to travel the world 和本段 And so it is with travel 的提示可知答案。



59. D 【解析】因为财富不仅是由我们的银行余额定义的。bank credit 银行信贷; bank statement 银行结单; bank account 银行账户; bank balance 账户余额。

60. B 【解析】财富还意味着我们生活的许多其他方面,比如独特的经历,对其他文化有深刻的了解,或者交新朋友的乐趣。

第二节

- |                    |               |
|--------------------|---------------|
| 61. led            | 62. following |
| 63. its            | 64. fans      |
| 65. was influenced | 66. as        |
| 67. incredibly     | 68. whom      |
| 69. a              | 70. strength  |

第四部分 写作

第一节 短文改错

1. theme 前的 which→whose
2. 去掉 have 前的 to
3. held 前加 was
4. decoration→decorations
5. opportunity 前的 a→an
6. learn 后的 what→how
7. very→so
8. immediate→immediately

9. such 前的 do→does

10. aware→awareness

第二节 书面表达

One possible version:

Dear Jenkins,

I'm delighted to tell you about a school activity for the coming summer holiday; it is named Travel along the Silk Road. The details are as follows.

To find out the connections between China and the countries along the Silk Road, the 15-day tour will include two parts. We'll visit the cultural relics and the museums with rich collections. Besides, we will call on some local residents at their homes. For the purpose of safety, all the participants should be at least 18, and at the same time they should be strong enough for the changeable weather and the long journey.

If you want to enter for it, you can contact the Students' Union either by e-mail or telephone.

Best wishes!

Yours,

Li Hua

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